JOINT EXPLANATORY STATEMENT TO ACCOMPANY THE NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2026

Overview

The following consists of the joint explanatory material to accompany the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026.

Section 5 of the Act specifies that this joint explanatory statement shall have the same effect with respect to the implementation of this legislation as if it were a joint explanatory statement of a committee of conference.

In this joint explanatory statement, the provisions of H.R. 3838, the House-passed version of the Streamlining Procurement for Effective Execution and Delivery and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026, are generally referred to as "the House bill." The provisions of S. 2296, the Senate-passed version of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026, are generally referred to as "the Senate bill." The final form of the agreements reached during negotiations between the House and the Senate are referred to as "the agreement."

Disclosure of earmarks and congressionally directed spending items

Although not required by the Rules of the House of Representatives, the joint explanatory statement includes a table that lists the congressional earmarks (as defined in paragraph (e) of clause 9 of rule XXI of the House of Representatives) that are contained in the bill or this joint explanatory statement at the request of a Member of the House of Representatives. The bill or this joint explanatory statement does not contain any congressional earmarks at the request of a Senator. Neither the bill nor the joint explanatory statement contains any limited tax benefits or limited tariff benefits as defined in paragraphs (f) or (g) of clause 9 of rule XXI of the House of Representatives.

Summary of discretionary authorizations and budget authority implication

The budget request for national defense discretionary programs within the jurisdiction of the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives for fiscal year 2026 was $882.6 billion. Of this amount, $848.2 billion was requested for Department of Defense programs, $33.9 billion was requested for national security programs in the Department of Energy and the Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board, and $492 million for defense-related activities.

The agreement would authorize $890.6 billion in fiscal year 2026, including $855.7 billion for Department of Defense programs, $34.3 billion for national security programs in the Department of Energy and the Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board, and $512.4 million for defense-related activities.

The two tables preceding the detailed program adjustments in division D of the accompanying joint explanatory statement summarize the discretionary authorizations in the agreement and the equivalent budget authority levels for fiscal year 2026 defense programs.

Sec. 4 - Budgetary effects of this Act

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 4) that would state the budgetary effects of this Act for the purpose of complying with the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 (Public Law 111-139).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

DIVISION A—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AUTHORIZATIONS

TITLE I—PROCUREMENT

SUBTITLE A—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

Sec. 101 - Authorization of appropriations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 101) that would authorize appropriations for procurement at the levels identified in section 4101 of division D of this Act.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 101).

The agreement includes this provision.

SUBTITLE B—ARMY PROGRAMS

Sec. 111 - Strategy for Army tactical wheeled vehicle program

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 111) that would amend section 112(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) by inserting "2027," after "fiscal years 2025,".

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 112 - Multiyear procurement authority for UH-60 Blackhawk aircraft

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 111) that would provide multiyear procurement authority for UH-60 Blackhawk aircraft.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

We encourage the Secretary of the Army to consider the continued use of the UH-60 Blackhawk aircraft in the future.

Sec. 113 - Authorization to initiate early production of future long-range assault aircraft

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 112) that would authorize the Secretary of the Army to enter into contracts, in advance of full-rate production, for the procurement of future long-range assault aircraft as part of an accelerated low-rate early production effort.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would ensure the program completes a rigorous developmental test flight campaign prior to delivering the platform to the operational forces or entering into full rate production.

Sec. 114 - Limitation on availability of funds for the Next Generation Command and Control portfolio of capabilities of the Army

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 114) that would limit the availability of funds for Next Generation Command and Control until the Secretary of the Army submits a report to the congressional defense committees that ensures the cost, security and integration of the new system.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that requires a rigorous developmental test campaign, as well as a formal operational test and evaluation, prior to fielding to the operational forces for use other than experimentation.

SUBTITLE C—NAVY PROGRAMS

Sec. 121 - Modification to requirements for recapitalization of tactical fighter aircraft of the Navy Reserve

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 130) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to designate at least eight Block II or newer F/A-18E/F Super Hornet tactical fighter aircraft with certain aircraft service-life attributes to the U.S. Navy Reserve.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 122 - Modification to limitations on Navy medium and large unmanned surface vessels

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 124) that would amend section 122 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283) to prevent the Secretary of the Navy from accepting delivery of a medium unmanned surface vessel or large unmanned surface vessel unless a vessel demonstrate not less than 720 continuous hours of operations without preventative maintenance, corrective maintenance, emergent repair, or any other form of repair or maintenance, on any of the following:

(1) The main propulsion system, including the fuel and lube oil systems; and

(2) The electrical generation and distribution system.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 123 - Recapitalization of Navy waterborne security barriers; modification of prohibition on availability of funds for legacy waterborne security barriers

The Senate bill included a provision (sec. 123) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to submit a plan, not later than April 1, 2026, for recapitalizing Navy waterborne security

barriers. The plan would need to include: (1) A statement of requirements; (2) A certification that requirements are not being relaxed; (3) An acquisition strategy; and (4) A certification that the acquisition will include free and open competition.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 124 - Contract authority for Ford-class aircraft carrier program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 121) that would authorize the procurement of two *Ford*-class aircraft carriers and allow for the use of incremental funding to make payments under the contract.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 125 - Contract authority for Columbia-class submarine program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 122) that would allow the Secretary of the Navy to enter into a contract for up to five *Columbia*-class submarines and utilize incremental funding to make payments under the contract.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 121).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 126 - Authority for advance procurement of certain components to support continuous production of Virginia-class submarines

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 123) that would authorize the Secretary of the Navy to utilize continuous production authority for specific components required on *Virginia*-class submarines.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 127 - Procurement authorities for Medium Landing Ships

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 122) that would provide authorities for a block buy of up to 15 Medium Landing Ships to support testing and experimentation of the

Marine Littoral Regiment formation. The Senate Report accompanying S.2296 (S. Rept. 119-39) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026 noted that this authority may include the lead ship and follow on commercial or non-developmental ships as authorized under section 128(b) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (118–159).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would extend the period which the Secretary of the Navy may enter into block buy contracts until the end of fiscal year 2029.

Sec. 128 – Multiyear procurement authority for Yard, Repair, Berthing, and Messing Barges

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 125) that would authorize the Secretary of the Navy to enter into one or more multiyear contracts for the purchase of yard, repair, berthing, and messing barges and associated material.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 129 – Vessel construction managers for the construction of certain Navy vessels

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 126) that would require that, after the construction of the lead ship of the Landing Ship Medium program has commenced, the Secretary of the Navy shall seek to enter into an agreement with an appropriate vessel construction manager pursuant to which the vessel construction manager shall seek to enter into one or more contracts for the construction of not more than 8 additional landing ships under the program. The provision would require that the
additional landing ships authorized to be constructed would be non-developmental items constructed using a design that is:

(1) The same as the design of the lead ship; or

(2) Derived from such design.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1011) that the Secretary of the Navy:

(1) Ensure that Landing Ship Medium and Light Replenishment Oilers procured by the Secretary are, to the maximum extent practical, constructed using commercial design standards and commercial construction practices that are

consistent with the best interests of the Federal Government; and

(2) Use an entity other than the Department of the Navy to contract for the construction of such vessels.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Light Replenishment Oilers be procured using a vessel construction manager and authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to utilize a vessel construction manager for auxiliary vessels and support vessels. We note that such a vessel construction manager must have full contractual and administrative oversight of the construction process, including inspection of the shipyard's work and managing design maturity consistent with commercial best practices.

Sec. 130 - Limitation on construction of Modular Attack Surface Craft

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 127) that would prevent the Secretary of the Navy from entering into a contract or other agreement that includes a scope of work, including priced or unpriced options, for the construction, advance procurement, or long-lead material of the lead ship of the Modular Attack Surface Craft program until the Secretary certifies to the congressional defense committees that such ship will be designed and constructed for the primary purpose of operating autonomously.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that clarifies that such vessels will be purpose-built unmanned vessels engineered to operate without human support systems or operational requirements intended for crewed vessels.

Sec. 131 - Limitation on availability of funds for TAGOS ship program

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 125) the would create a limitation on the availability of funds for the Tactical Auxiliary General Ocean Surveillance (TAGOS) ship program pending the submission of a report by the Secretary of the Navy on the maturity of the design for the TAGOS vessels, among other things.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 132 - Inclusion of information on amphibious warfare ship spares and repair parts in Navy budget justification materials

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 128) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to include separate line items for spare and repair parts specifically for amphibious warships within the budget of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code. This requirement would begin with the budget request for fiscal year 2027.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

We direct the Secretary of the Navy to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the spares and repair parts contained on the budget request for amphibious ships with the submission of the budget request for fiscal year 2027.

SUBTITLE D—AIR FORCE PROGRAMS

Sec. 141 - Modification of minimum inventory requirements for air refueling tanker aircraft

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 141) that would raise the air refueling aircraft floor to 504 by fiscal year 2027. The provision would also prevent the Air Force from reducing the number of KC-135 aircraft designated as primary mission aircraft inventory within the reserve components of the Air Force.

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 139) that would:

(1) Prevent the Secretary of the Air Force from reducing the number of KC-135 tanker aircraft as primary mission aircraft inventory as such aircraft are replaced by KC-46 aircraft in order to meet air refueling requirements of the Air Force and the U.S. Transportation Command; and

(2) Require the Secretary of the Air Force to reassign KC-135 tanker aircraft retained as primary mission aircraft inventory and
replaced by KC-46 aircraft to reassign those KC-135 aircraft to air refueling wings that have the capacity to expand their primary mission aircraft inventory fleet of KC-135, based on the ability of an air refueling wing to man the additional aircraft, and support pilot training requirements.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would mandate the increase in tanker total aircraft inventory to 502 over a three-year period instead of two and would provide more flexibility to the Air Force

regarding where to station aircraft retained under this provision.

Sec. 142 - Modification of prohibition on retirement of F-15E aircraft

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 136) that would amend section 9062(l)(1) of title 10, United States Code, by striking ''September 30, 2029'' and inserting ''September 30, 2027'' and by striking ''68 F-15E aircraft'' and inserting ''34 F-15E aircraft.'' The provision would also repeal certain portions of section 150 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would: (1) Prevent retiring any F-15E aircraft in fiscal year 2026; (2) Allow retirement of up to 21 F-15E aircraft during fiscal year 2027; and (3) Allow retirement of up to 30 F-15E aircraft during fiscal year 2028.

Sec. 143 - Extension of limitations and minimum inventory requirement relating to RQ-4 aircraft

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 138) that would amend section 9062(m)(1) of title 10, United States Code, to extend the mandatory retention of RQ-4 aircraft from September 30, 2029 to September 30, 2030.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 144 - Modification to annual report on Air Force tactical fighter aircraft force structure

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 150) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to develop a plan for the recapitalization and modernization of the fighter fleet of the Air National Guard.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision modified to amend section 9062a of title 10, United Stated Code, that requires an annual report on fighter force structure, to change "consultation" to "coordination," and to extend the sunset date to 2030.

Sec. 145 - Extension of requirements relating to C–130 aircraft

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 142) that would extend the minimum inventory requirement for C–130 aircraft through 2026 and extend prohibition on reduction of the C–130 aircraft assigned to the Air National Guard through 2026.

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 140) that would extend these dates through 2028 and require the Secretary of the Air Force to submit an annual report to the congressional defense committees providing information on the Air Force's C–130 inventory regarding:

(1) The total number and variant types of C–130 aircraft in the inventory of the Air Force;

(2) Any planned retirements, divestments, or reductions to the fleet of such aircraft;

(3) Modernization and recapitalization efforts, including block upgrades and procurement schedules; and

(4) Planned basing actions for fielding C–130J aircraft to recapitalize C–130H aircraft.

The agreement includes the Senate provision, with an amendment that would substitute the year 2026 for year 2028.

Sec. 146 - Extension of prohibition on certain reductions to B–1 bomber aircraft squadrons

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 149) that would amend subsection (d)(1) of section 133 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81), as most recently amended by section 146 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159), is further amended by striking ''September 30, 2026'' and inserting ''September 30, 2030''.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 142).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 147 - Modification to minimum inventory requirement for A–10 aircraft

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 143) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to provide a briefing, not later than March 31, 2026, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the status of A–10 aircraft inventory and the proposed plan for divesting all A–10 aircraft prior to fiscal year 2029. The

provision would also prevent the Air Force from retiring any A-10 aircraft in fiscal year 2026 and require the Air Force to maintain 96 A-10 aircraft in primary mission aircraft inventory.

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 137) that would permit the Air Force to retire 59 A-10 aircraft during fiscal year 2026.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would allow the Air Force to retire 59 A-10 aircraft in fiscal year 2026 and reduce primary mission aircraft inventory to 93 aircraft.

Sec. 148 - Preservation of retired KC-10 aircraft

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 144) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to preserve each KC-10 aircraft that is retired by the Secretary during a period in which the total inventory of air refueling aircraft of the Air Force is less than 504. The Secretary would be required to maintain these KC-10 aircraft such that that aircraft:

(1) Is in flyable condition;

(2) Can be returned to service as an air refueling aircraft (which shall include retaining the air refueling boom on the aircraft); and

(3) Is not used to supply parts to other aircraft unless specifically authorized by the Secretary of Defense upon a request by the Secretary of the Air Force.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require that: (1) The retention of KC-10 aircraft be on a no-extra-cost basis; and (2) KC-10 aircraft so retained could be disposed of in accordance with chapter 5 of title 40, United States Code.

Sec. 149 - Prohibition on certain reductions to inventory of E-3 airborne warning and control system aircraft

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 143) that would prevent retirement of E-3 aircraft unless the Secretary of the Air Force: (1) Submits a plan for maintaining readiness and ensuring there is no lapse in mission capabilities; or (2) Procures enough E-7 Wedgetail aircraft to accomplish the required mission.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 150 - B-21 bomber aircraft program accountability matrices

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 131) that would:

(1) Replace section 238 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114-238) with a new provision to account for advances in the B-21 program as it advances from engineering to manufacturing and production;

(2) Direct the Secretary of the Air Force to submit, beginning with the President's annual budget request for fiscal year 2027 and every 180 days after, information on B-21 program costs, goals, and program execution to the congressional defense committees and the Comptroller General of the United States; and

(3) Direct the Comptroller General, not less frequently than annually, to review the information submitted by the Secretary of the Air Force and submit to the congressional defense committees an assessment of this information.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 151 - Bomber aircraft force structure and transition roadmap

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 132) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to submit to the congressional defense committees a comprehensive roadmap detailing the planned force structure, basing, modernization, and transition strategy for the bomber aircraft fleet of the Air Force through fiscal year 2040.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 152 - Requirement for an intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance roadmap for the Air Force

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 133) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to submit to the congressional defense committees a comprehensive roadmap detailing the strategic plan for the development, acquisition, modernization, and integration of intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance (ISR) capabilities of the Air Force.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would also require the Secretary to provide an individualized justification of the modernization or investment plan for each legacy ISR system.

Sec. 153 - Report on the F-47 advanced fighter aircraft program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 148) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to provide a report on the F-47 aircraft program that includes a description of the program, the acquisition strategy of the program, and a proposed fielding strategy for the program.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to specifically include a strategy for integrating units of the Air National Guard and Air Force Reserve into F-47 fighter aircraft operations, including planned force structure, association, training, and mobilization models.

Sec. 154 - Limitation on availability of funds pending report on acquisition strategy for Airborne Command Post Capability

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 347) that would limit the obligation or expenditure of fiscal year 2026 operation and maintenance funds, Air Force, available to the Office of the Secretary of the Air Force for travel purposes to no more than 80 percent of the total amount appropriated until the Secretary of the Air Force, in consultation with the Commander, U.S. Strategic Command, submits a report on the acquisition strategy of the Air Force to maintain the Airborne Command Post capability.

The House bill had no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

SUBTITLE E—DEFENSE-WIDE, JOINT, AND MULTISERVICE MATTERS

Sec. 161 - Requirements relating to executive airlift aircraft

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 147) that would require that the:

(1) Secretary of the Air Force conduct an analysis of alternatives to identify potential solutions for the recapitalization of the executive airlift aircraft fleet of the Air Force. In conducting such analysis, the Secretary would be required to identify aircraft solutions that have capabilities

comparable to the capabilities of commercial passenger aircraft in terms of range;

(2) Secretary of the Air Force establish standards for prioritizing access to executive airlift aircraft among authorized users of such aircraft within the Federal Government; and

(3) Secretary of Defense assign a career appointee in the Senior Executive Service at the Department of Defense to coordinate:

(a) the efficient tasking of executive airlift aircraft; and

(b) compliance with rules, regulations, policies and guidance relating to such aircraft.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would instead task the Secretary of Defense with: (1) Completing the analysis of alternatives; and (2) Establishing standards for prioritizing access to executive airlift aircraft.

Sec. 162 - Amendments to prohibition on operation, procurement, and contracting related to foreign-made light detection and ranging

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 151) that would amend section 164 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159) to expand prohibitions related to covered Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR) technology to include a prohibition on use of such technology in the performance of a Department of Defense contract.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment that directs the Department of Defense to develop a strategy and implementation plan to mitigate the risks of use of LiDAR technology by Department of Defense contractors.

Sec. 163 - Prohibition on availability of funds for contract termination or production line shutdown for E-7A Wedgetail aircraft

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 145) that would prevent funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for the Department of Defense to be obligated or expended:

(1) To terminate the mid-tier acquisition rapid prototype contract for the E-7A aircraft; or

(2) To terminate the operations of, or to prepare to terminate the operations of, a production line for the E-7A aircraft.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 164 - Limitation on procurement of KC-46 aircraft pending certification on correction of deficiencies

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 146) that section would limit delivery of the KC-46 aircraft until the Secretary of Defense submits to the congressional defense committees certain corrective action plans for all Category 1 deficiencies.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 165 - Plan for open mission systems of F-35 aircraft

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 135) that would require: (1) The Secretary of Defense to develop a plan to establish an open mission systems computing environment that is controlled by the Federal Government on the F-35 aircraft of the Department of Defense; and (2) The Secretary of the Air Force to submit a report on that plan.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision amended to have the Secretary of Defense to submit the required report.

Sec. 166 - Annual GAO reviews of the F-35 aircraft program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 152) that would require the Comptroller General of the United States to: (1) Complete an annual review of the F-35 aircraft program; and (2) Submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the results of the review.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision amended to include a sunset on the reporting requirement after 5 years.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Limitation on reductions to Army Prepositioned Stocks—Afloat program sealift capability

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 113) that would limit reductions to Army Prepositioned Stocks—Afloat program sealift capability.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on fielding of Link 16 military tactical data network

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 115) that would direct the Secretary of the Army to provide a report to the congressional defense committees not later than December 1, 2025, on the Army's plans to require and accelerate the fielding of Link 16 military tactical data networking capabilities, including on UH-60M and CH-47H aircraft.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Army to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, on the Army's plans to require and accelerate the fielding of Link 16 military tactical data networking capabilities throughout the Army, including on UH–60M and CH–47F aircraft:

(1) For command and control and fires;

(2) To ensure maximum interoperability, lethality, and survivability of combat and combat support elements supporting the Joint Force within highly contested airborne combat environments in the area of responsibility of the U.S. Indo-Pacific Command; and

(3) To meet joint all-domain command and control goals worldwide.

Authority to use incremental funding to enter into a contract for the construction of a Guided Missile Destroyer (DDG)

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 124) that would authorize the Secretary of the Navy to enter into an incrementally funded contract for the construction of one guided missile destroyer.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Limitation on availability of funds relating to amphibious warfare ship requirement

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 126) that would limit certain funds for the Secretary of the Navy unless the 30-year shipbuilding plan for fiscal year 2027 meets the requirement to maintain 31 amphibious warfare ships pursuant to section 8062 of title 10, United States Code. The provision would further limit certain funds for the Secretary of Defense unless the defense budget materials for fiscal year 2027 support the same requirement for 31 amphibious warfare ships.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Report on procurement strategy for submarine cable laying and repair ships

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 131) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to submit a report to the congressional defense committees on a strategy for procuring two cable laying and repair ships.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Navy to submit a report to the congressional defense committees, not later than 180 days after the enactment of this Act, on the strategy of the Navy for procuring at least two cable laying and repair ships to replace the United States Naval Ship Zeus as it nears the end of its expected service life. The report shall include: (1) A description of the full scope of the planned capabilities for the next generation of cable laying and repair ships to meet anticipated Navy requirements, including the feasibility of establishing organic capabilities; (2) A projected timeline for the procurement of such ships, including the expected time until such ships will be operational; and (3) An explanation of how the Navy plans to meet service requirements for submarine cable laying and repair during the period before which the Navy is able to field new capabilities.

Information on future large and oversized air cargo transportation services

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 141) that would require the Secretary of Defense to solicit information from industry and provide a report to the congressional defense committees on future large and oversized air cargo transportation services.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to solicit from industry information on acquiring services of an airplane that: (1) Is, as of June 2025, under development as a civilian aircraft; (2) Would be capable of carrying space launch vehicles and other Department of Defense articles not more than 300 feet long that cannot be or, as of June 2025, are not readily transported in an airplane due to cargo dimensions; (3) Could enter service not later than December 31, 2035; (4) Could provide and supplement large and oversized fixed wing air cargo transportation services to support the readiness and logistical needs of the Department by December 31, 2035, and thereafter; and (5) Could provide to the Department at least 2,000 hours and not more than 7,500 hours of airplane time for at least 2 and not more than 5 years beginning when such airplane could enter service. We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to the congressional defense committees on the results of this investigation by April 1, 2026.

Sense of Congress on domestic procurement of defense articles for AUKUS partnership

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 153) that expresses the sense of Congress regarding Pillar 1 of the Australia, United Kingdom, and United States (AUKUS) defense trade partnership.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

The AUKUS defense trade partnership, to include the transfer of conventionally armed nuclear-powered submarines, continues to enjoy strong bipartisan support in Congress. We direct the Department of Defense to move with urgency to comply with the briefing and reporting requirements established in law by the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31).

Prohibition on availability of funds for non-tactical electric vehicles or components produced by child and slave labor

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 154) that would prohibit the use of funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for the Department of Defense for the procurement of non-tactical electric vehicles, advanced-biofuel-powered vehicles, hydrogen-powered vehicles, or any components or spare parts associated with such vehicles that are not in compliance with the prohibition on the acquisition of products produced by forced or indentured child labor under

subpart 22.15 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (or any successor regulations).

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We remain concerned about the use of child and slave labor in non-tactical vehicle manufacturing and encourage the Department of Defense to remain diligent in their efforts to ensure no products or components are purchased from sources utilizing child or slave labor as directed in accordance with the Federal Acquisition Regulation 22.1502.

Report on next-generation fuel cells

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 155) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report on the development and integration of next-generation self-sealing fuel cells.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees a briefing, not later than March 15, 2026, on the development and integration of next-generation self-sealing fuel cells into the rotorcraft fleets of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Air Force. Such briefing shall include:

(1) An assessment of any negative effects on readiness associated with using the fuel cells in use as of the date on the enactment of this Act that are based on legacy technology and manufacturing processes;

(2) An identification of any readiness, fiscal, and other benefits of incorporating next generation fuel cells into the rotorcraft fleets of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Air Force;

(3) Plans or concepts for developing and incorporating next generation fuel cells into the H-60 fleets of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Air Force; and

(4) Such other matters the Secretary determines appropriate.

TITLE II—RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

SUBTITLE A—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

Sec. 201 - Authorization of appropriations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 201) that would authorize appropriations for research, development, test, and evaluation at the levels identified in section 4201 of division D of this Act.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 201).

The agreement includes this provision.

SUBTITLE B—PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS, RESTRICTIONS, AND LIMITATIONS

Sec. 211 - Modification to authority to award prizes for advanced technology achievements

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 211) that would amend the authority to operate prize competitions to enable the Secretary of Defense to delegate the authority and increases the potential value of the prize challenges.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 212 - Modification to mechanisms to provide funds to defense laboratories and other entities for research and development of technologies for military missions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 212) that would amend section 4123 of title 10, United States Code, by including test organizations under that authority.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 213 - Program for the enhancement of the research, development, test, and evaluation centers of the Department of Defense

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 212) that would amend chapter 305 of title 10, United States Code, by adding a new section, 4145, and codify the authority from section 233 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114-328), which allows eligible centers in the Department of Defense research, development, test and evaluation enterprise to waive certain policies or regulations if the waiver is demonstrated to increase the efficiency and effectiveness of such organizations and is approved by the

respective military department's Assistant Secretary or the Deputy Secretary of Defense for organizations within the Department of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 214 - Modification to authority for acquisition, construction, or furnishing of test facilities and equipment

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 213) that would allow the Department of Defense to create jointly funded test facility projects with other agencies or entities.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 215 - Extension of limitation on availability of funds for fundamental research collaboration with certain academic institutions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 214) that would extend the limitation on availability of funds for fundamental research collaboration with certain academic institutions.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 220C).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 216 - Modification of requirement for Department of Defense policies for management and certification of Link 16 military tactical data link network

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 215) that would authorize Link 16 frequency use in all military special use airspaces.

The Senate contained an identical provision (sec. 218).

The agreement includes the provision.

Sec. 217 - Extension of authority for assignment to Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency of private sector personnel with critical research and development expertise

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 217) that would extend the authority for the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency to temporarily assign employees of nontraditional defense contractors to the Agency by 5 years.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 213).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 218 - Alternative test and evaluation pathway for designated defense acquisition programs

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 805) that would establish an alternative pathway for the test and evaluation of software acquisition programs using authorities in section 3603 of title 10, United States Code, and other programs designated by the Secretary of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 219 - Congressionally directed programs for test and evaluation oversight

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 225) that would add three efforts to the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation's oversight requirements in section 139 of title 10, United States Code, and require that any effort identified in this section designated as a software acquisition pathway under section 3603 of title 10, United States Code, by the Department of Defense be evaluated in accordance with the alternative test and evaluation pathway created elsewhere in this Act.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 220 - Application of software innovation to modernize test and evaluation infrastructure

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 224) that would require the Director of the Test Resource Management Center to establish and maintain a digital test and evaluation environment and to create a data management plan as part of the Test and Evaluation Master plan, or similar document such as a test strategy.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 221 - Review and alignment of standards, guidance, and policies relating to digital engineering

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 223) that would require each Secretary of a military department to complete a review of the standards, guidance, and policies relating to

digital engineering within the Armed Forces under the jurisdiction of that Secretary.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 222 - Catalyst Pathfinder Program

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 221) that would direct the Secretary of the Army to establish a soldier-inspired innovation program known as the "Catalyst Pathfinder Program."

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that modified the scope and governance of the requirement.

Sec. 223 - Modifications to defense research capacity building program

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 211) that would require separate funding solicitations focused toward Historically Black Colleges and Universities and Tribal Colleges and Universities and toward other Minority-Serving Institutions.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 224 - National Security and Defense Artificial Intelligence Institute

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 219) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to establish at least one National Security and Defense Artificial Intelligence Institute.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to include military colleges.

Sec. 225 - Advanced robotic automation for munitions manufacturing

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 219) that would direct the Secretary of Army to establish a program to support the maturation and expansion of robotic automation capabilities for munitions manufacturing at government-owned, contractor-operated production facilities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical correction changing the briefing requirement from the Secretary of Defense to the Secretary of the Army.

Sec. 226 - Evaluation of additional test corridors for hypersonic and long-range weapons

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 223, 5221) that would require the Secretary of Defense to evaluate the suitability of a corridor for testing hypersonic and long-range weapons in the continental United States, focusing on special activity airspace, test range requirements, and specific locations. The Senate provision would also require the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than December 1, 2026, describing the evaluation's progress and estimated completion date.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment. We direct the Secretary of Defense to investigate continental test range launch locations including, but not limited to: (1) Bearpaw Air Traffic Control Assigned Airspace, Montana; (2) Mountain Home Range Complex, Idaho; (3) Fallon Range Training Complex,
Nevada; (4) Utah Test and Training Range, Utah; (5) Nevada Test and Training Range, Nevada; (6) Green River Test Complex, Utah; and (7) White Sands Missile Range, New Mexico. Moreover, we direct the Secretary of Defense to investigate continental test range impact locations including, but not limited to, White Sands Missile Range, New Mexico.

Sec. 227 - Western regional range complex demonstration

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 226) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to carry out a demonstration of a joint multidomain kinetic and non-kinetic testing and training environment across the military departments by interconnecting existing ranges and training sites in the western States to improve joint multi-domain training and further testing, research, and development.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 217).

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 228 - Demonstration of near real-time monitoring capabilities to enhance weapon system platforms

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1612) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretaries of each military department and the Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence and Security, to conduct a comprehensive assessment of the feasibility and advisability of establishing a program for implementing real-time monitoring for self-protection capabilities across Department of Defense weapon system platforms.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 225).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 229 - Pilot program on modernized health and usage monitoring systems to address obsolescence in rotary-wing and tiltrotor aircraft

The House bill contained two provisions (sec. 233 and sec. 234) that would allow the Secretary of the Army and Secretary of the Navy to establish and carry out a pilot program to evaluate commercially available, next-generation Health and Usage Monitoring Systems technologies intended to address obsolescence issues of systems currently installed on Army and Marine Corps rotary-wing and tiltrotor aircraft.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provisions with a technical amendment.

Sec. 230 - Prohibition on modification of indirect cost rates for institutions of higher education and nonprofit organizations

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 226) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from changing or modifying indirect cost rates for Department of Defense grants and contracts to institutions of higher education and nonprofit organizations until the Secretary makes certain certifications to the congressional defense committees.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 231 - Limitation on availability of funds pending compliance with requirements relating to the Joint Energetics Transition Office

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 230) that would limit funds made available for fiscal year 2026 for the Office

of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment until the Secretary of Defense establishes the Joint Energetics Transition Office, as required under section 148 of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 906) that would limit funds made available for fiscal year 2026 for the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering until the Secretary of Defense notifies the congressional defense committees that the Department of Defense has established the Joint Energetics Transition Office as required by section 148 of title 10, United States Code, and provides that Office with the staff and resources necessary to carry out its responsibilities.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would extend the funding limitation to include the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, amend the limitation on availability of funds to not more than 80 percent, require the Office to be staffed and resourced at the necessary levels, and remove the waiver authority.

Sec. 232 – Limitation on availability of funds for realignment of research, development, test, and evaluation functions of Joint conventional armaments and ammunition

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 238) that would prohibit the obligation or expenditure of funds to disestablish, or modify, the duties assigned to an organization responsible for research, development, test, and evaluation functions of Joint conventional armaments and ammunition until a period of 180 days after certain reporting requirements are completed.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provisions with an amendment that modifies the reporting requirement.

Sec. 233 – Limitation on use of funds for certain Navy software

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 214) that would limit funding for the Navy's Autonomy Baseline Manager and Common Control System software until the Secretary of the Navy and the Chief of Naval Operations submit program schedule and cost information to the congressional defense committees.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 234 - Limitation on availability of funds for Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering pending report on study results

The Senate bill included a provision (sec. 215) that would limit the obligation or expenditure of fiscal year 2026 Defense-wide operation and maintenance funds available to the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering for travel purposes to no more than 80 percent of the appropriated amount until the date on which the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering submits to the congressional defense committees the report required by section 245(d) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

SUBTITLE C—BIOTECHNOLOGY MATTERS

Sec. 241 - Support for research and development of bioindustrial manufacturing processes

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 216) that would amend section 215 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263) to include the design and construction of facilities as applicable to funds authorized for research, development, test, and evaluation.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 242 - Biotechnology Management Office

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 231) that would require the Secretary of Defense, within 90 days of the date of the enactment of this Act, to designate a senior official in the Department of Defense to serve as the senior official for biotechnology issues. The provision would also require the Secretary of Defense, within 120 days of the date of the enactment of this Act, to establish a Biotechnology Management Office.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 243 - Bioindustrial commercialization program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 877) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to establish a program to expand the domestic capacity for bioindustrial manufacturing through commercial awards.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 244 - Biotechnology supply chain resiliency program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 222) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to establish a program to develop and transition biotechnology research from the military service laboratories to support the defense supply chain.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 245 - Biological data for artificial intelligence

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1521) that would require the Secretary of Defense to implement requirements on the handling and storage of biological data resources for advanced computing methods.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, not later 180 days after the date of implementation of biological data requirements authorized in this provision, to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the progress made in developing and implementing the requirements including the quantity of the biological data generated and stored in accordance with such requirement and accessible through application programming interfaces and user engagement with biological data in accordance with such requirements.

Sec. 246 - Department of Defense biotechnology strategy

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 232) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop a Department of Defense-wide strategy to enhance the use of biotechnology-developed and biotechnology-manufactured products.

The House bill contained similar provisions (sec. 241, sec. 242, sec. 247).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment that incorporates the three House provisions into the underlying Senate provision.

Sec. 247 - Ethical and responsible development and deployment of biotechnology within the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 220) that would require the Secretary of Defense to issue policies and guidelines on the responsible development and deployment of biotechnology in the Department of Defense.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 233).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 248 - Establishing biobased product merit guidance

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 893) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments, to develop and make publicly available guidance for private entities to prove biobased products meet Department of Defense requirements.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

SUBTITLE D—PLANS, REPORTS, AND OTHER MATTERS

Sec. 251 - Modification of energetic materials strategic plan and investment strategy of Joint Energetics Transition Office

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 905) that would amend section 148(c)(1) of title 10, United States Code, to add a new element for the energetic materials strategic plan and investment strategy of the Joint Energetics Transition Office to identify raw material waste produced during the explosives manufacturing process and to develop plans to reduce waste and optimize production.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 252 – Extension of period for annual reports on critical technology areas supportive of the National Defense Strategy

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 222) that would extend the reporting requirement in section 217(c)(1) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283) to December 1, 2030.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 253 – Quarterly briefings on research, development, test, and evaluation laboratories and facilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2854) that would raise the Defense Laboratory Modernization Program fiscal year cap to $300.0 million.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

We note that raising statutory thresholds, on its own, would not meaningfully address the underlying causes of chronic underinvestment in the Department's laboratory and test infrastructure. These challenges stem from longstanding funding practices, lack of prioritization by the Department, and barriers that prevent laboratories from receiving the resourcing required to develop and maintain world-class capabilities. This agreement requires quarterly briefings for 2 years to provide the Congress with the information necessary to pursue comprehensive reforms and better align resources for defense laboratories. We are committed to pursuing meaningful, long-term solutions to strengthen and modernize the Department's laboratories.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Funding for virtual engineering for Army readiness and sustainment

The House contained a provision (sec. 202) that would increase Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Next-Generation Combat Vehicle Advanced Technology, line 052, by $7,000,000 for Virtual Engineering for Army Readiness and Sustainment, and make a corresponding decrease in Operation and Maintenance, Army, for Land Forces Systems Readiness, line 080.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

The specific authorization of appropriations amounts can be found in the funding tables.

Funding for humanitarian airborne mobile infrastructure capability

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 203) that would increase Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Army for Ground Advanced Technology, line 043, by $4,200,000 for Humanitarian Airborne Mobile Infrastructure Capability, and make a corresponding decrease in Operation and Maintenance, Army, for Land Forces Systems Readiness, line 080.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Authorization of specific funding amounts can be found in the funding tables.

Funding for fuel cell multi-modular use utilizing hydrogen

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 204) that would increase Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Army for Ground Advanced Technology, line 043, by $10,000,000 for Fuel Cell Multi-Modular Use Utilizing Hydrogen, and make a corresponding decrease in Operation and Maintenance, Army, for Land Forces Systems Readiness, line 080.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Authorization of specific funding amounts can be found in the funding tables.

Funding for advanced group 1 small unmanned aerial systems for special operations forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 205) that would increase research, development, test, and evaluation, Defense-wide, U.S. Special Operations Command, intelligence systems development, line 290 (program element 1160405BB), by $3,000,000 for ultra-lightweight Group 1 small unmanned aerial systems and advanced Group 1 small unmanned aerial systems, and make a corresponding decrease in Operation and Maintenance, Army, line 010.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Funding for National Defense Education Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 206) that would increase research, development, test, and evaluation, Defense-wide, for basic research, National Defense Education Program, line 6, by $5,000,000 for strengthening and expanding scientific, technical, engineering and mathematics education opportunities and workforce initiatives targeted at military students, and make a corresponding decrease in Operation and Maintenance, Defense-wide, for Washington Headquarters Services, line 530.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision

Authorization of specific funding amounts can be found in the funding tables.

Funding for the development, test, and integration of adaptable radar capabilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 207) that would increase the amount authorized to be appropriated in section 201 for Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation Defense-Wide, line 75, as specified in the corresponding funding table in section 4201, for development, test, and integration of adaptable radar capabilities by $6,000,000, and reduce the amount authorized to be appropriated in section 301 for Operation and Maintenance, Army for Additional Activities, line 140, as specified in the corresponding funding table in section 4301, by $6,000,000.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that authorization of specific funding amounts can be found in the funding tables.

Funding for advanced drone development for special operations and low-intensity conflict

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 208) that would increase research, development, test, and evaluation, Defense-wide, SO/LIC ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT, by $3,000,000 for drone development, and make a corresponding decrease in SERVICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION, ARMY, line 390.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Funding for quantum communications corridor for Navy research, development, test, and evaluation

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 209) that would increase Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation, Navy, for Future Naval Capabilities Applied Research, Line 012, by $50,000,000 for the development of a quantum communications corridor linking certain Department of Defense installations, national laboratories, and universities conducting Department of Defense research, and make a corresponding decrease to Operation and Maintenance, Army, for Force Readiness Operations Support, Line 070.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Authorization of specific funding amounts can be found in the funding tables.

Funding for smart susceptor technology

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 210) that would increase Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Manufacturing Technology Program, line 28, by $5 million for Smart Susceptor Technology, and make a corresponding decrease to Operations and Maintenance, Defense-Wide, for Washington Headquarters Services, line 530.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Authorization of specific funding amounts can be found in the funding tables.

Prohibition on contracts between certain foreign entities and institutions of higher education conducting Department of Defense-funded research

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 216) that would prohibit, beginning on January 1, 2027, any institution of higher education that conducts research funded by the Department of Defense from entering into a contract with a covered nation as defined by section 4872(d) of title 10, United States Code, or a foreign entity of concern as recorded on one of the defined lists in the underlying provision.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Post-employment restrictions for participants in certain defense research

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 218) that would establish post-employment restrictions for participants in certain defense research.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Department of Defense biotechnology workforce training

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 221) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish and carry out a training program on biotechnology and other emerging technologies.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the major role that biotechnology will play in the future of national defense and innovation. Therefore, we believe it is paramount for the Department of Defense's workforce to be well-trained in the field of biotechnology and related technologies—like artificial intelligence and quantum computing—that are leveraged to bring biotechnology to its fullest potential. As guidelines for Department biotechnology workforce training are included in a broader biotechnology strategy elsewhere in this bill, this specific provision is not included.

Technical correction

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 224) that makes a technical correction to chapter 9 of title 10, United States Code, by redesignating the section 222e that was added by section 211 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) as section 222f.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Reimbursement of National Guard for research, development, test, and evaluation expenses

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 227) that would allow National Guard Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation activities to be reimbursed to the National Guard.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Enhance international coordination for advanced manufacturing techniques, technologies, and adoption

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 227) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering to establish a working group to enhance information

sharing and interoperability of advanced manufacturing techniques and technologies with countries that have a reciprocal defense procurement agreement or security of supply arrangement with the United States.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We encourage the Department of Defense to coordinate with allies that have a reciprocal defense procurement agreement or security of supply arrangement on information sharing related to advanced manufacturing techniques and technology.

Prohibition on availability of funds for animal research in collaboration with foreign countries of concern

The House bill included a provision (sec. 228) that would prohibit the obligation or expenditure of funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act to fund animal testing in countries of concern.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense is not currently engaging in animal testing with countries of concern and does not have any planned funding for such activity in fiscal year 2026.

Prohibition on availability of funds for gain of function research

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 229) that would prohibit funding made available for fiscal year 2026 to be expended for conducting gain-of-function research on potential pandemic pathogens.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense is not currently conducting gain-of-function research nor are any funds planned for gain-of-function research in fiscal year 2026.

Prioritization of partnerships with institutions of higher education in certain research areas

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 231) that would require the Secretary of Defense to prioritize partnerships with institutes of higher education conducting research in hypersonics, biotechnology, and artificial intelligence, and provide a report to the Committees on Armed

Services of the House of Representatives and the Senate on such partnerships.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the high quality of hypersonics, biotechnology, and artificial intelligence research coming from institutions of higher education and believe that partnerships between the Department of Defense and such institutions would bolster the research, development, test, and evaluation activities of the Department. Therefore, we support the Department and its ongoing efforts to prioritize research partnerships with institutions of higher education.

Research, development, and implementation of unattended robotic process automation

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 232) that would require the Secretary of Defense to support the research, development, implementation, and oversight of unattended robotic process automation within the Department of Defense.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize the efficiency that unattended robotic process automation can yield when used to optimize essential Department activities like combat, intelligence analysis, and management of defense infrastructure. We continue to show interest in ongoing research, development, and oversight of unattended robotic process automation and encourage the Department to carry out activities to further study and implement this innovative technology.

Initiative on studying advanced artificial intelligence, national security, and strategic competition

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 235) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish an initiative to assess the national security implications of advanced artificial intelligence and analyze strategic competition with artificial intelligence development of the People's Republic of China.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Joint Reserve Detachment of the Defense Innovation Unit

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 236) that would amend Section 1766(a) of title 10, United States Code, by

striking “may establish” and inserting “shall establish and maintain”.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Development of internet access technologies by the Defense Innovation Unit

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 237) that would direct the Defense Innovation Unit to undertake efforts to support the development of low-cost, easily scalable, and rapidly deployable technologies to counter internet shutdowns or limitations on network access abroad, particularly those imposed by adversary countries.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Quarterly reports on termination of critical technology research awards

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 243) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a quarterly report to the congressional defense committees identifying any award for specified research and development that was terminated by the Department of Defense on the basis that the award no longer effectuates the program’s goals or agency priorities, as provided under the Department of Defense Research and Development General Terms and Conditions (dated March 2025), or any related or successor guidance.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on Department of Defense market research of critical technology and capabilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 244) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after the enactment of this Act, to submit to the congressional defense committees a report reviewing the Department of Defense’s ability to conduct effective market research on critical existing and emerging defense technologies and to make recommendations on the improvements of such capabilities.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We understand that staying informed about the available and developing technologies of the defense sector is essential to ensuring the Department can efficiently leverage technologies

that fill existing and future capability gaps. We support efforts by the Department to evaluate and perfect their capabilities regarding market research. Therefore, we direct the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering and the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to submit a report, not later than March 30, 2026, to the congressional defense committees that includes:

(1) An assessment of the strategic market evaluation practices across developmental innovation and acquisition offices;

(2) Recommendations on methods to improve market research and commercial sector due diligence within key Department of Defense innovation and acquisition offices;

(3) An assessment of regulatory, legal, and administrative barriers in testing and evaluation of critical technologies that may delay their maturation and development and how to address them;

(4) Recommendations for enhancing private sector participation, and lowering barriers to entry for commercial sector entities; and

(5) Recommendations for the creation of standardized best practices for market research and commercial sector due diligence within key innovation and acquisition organizations in the Department of Defense.

Report on low-cost undersea effectors

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 245) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to provide a briefing on the Defense Innovation Unit's (DIU) Low Cost Undersea Effectors Commercial Solutions Opening (CSO) program. This is a program which seeks to demonstrate affordable, mission-specific small and medium unmanned underwater vehicles (UUVs) capable of supporting subsea and seabed warfare, intelligence, surveillance, reconnaissance (ISR), and expeditionary warfare, that would offer the potential to deliver kinetic effects, ISR, and expeditionary capabilities at low cost, with reduced training and logistics burdens, and in quantities sufficient to enable distributed maritime operations;

The Senate bill included no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We agree that the Secretary of the Navy shall, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, submit a report, and, in coordination with DIU, provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees on the Low-Cost Undersea Effectors CSO, that includes:

(1) The funding plan and execution status for the Low-Cost Undersea Effectors CSO;

(2) Navy plans to begin limited procurement of successful CSO awardees for operational experimentation and fleet integration;

(3) Pathways for scaling production of low-cost UUVs; and

(4) Steps to ensure small business and non-traditional defense contractors remain central to future acquisition in this domain.

Report on electronic warfare capability for unmanned surface vessels

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 246) that would require the Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Research, Development, and Acquisition to submit to the congressional defense committees within 90 days an unclassified report on planned development on a configurable, low-cost, expendable electronic warfare capability to support unmanned surface vessel survivability.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Research, Development, and Acquisition to submit to the congressional defense committees, within 90 days of the enactment of this Act, an unclassified report on planned development on a configurable, low-cost, expendable electronic warfare capability to support unmanned surface vessel survivability. The report shall include: (1) An assessment of currently available electronic warfare capabilities for unmanned surface vessels and limitations of current technology; (2) A determination of funding availability for fiscal years 2026 through 2030 by program element to support the rapid development of configurable low-cost electronic warfare capabilities for multiclass unmanned surface vessels; (3) A determination of funding availability from Public Law 119–21; (4) An assessment of current and future satellite radar detection capabilities in finding and tracking ocean-going unmanned surface vessels by any country determined by the Secretary of State to be a foreign adversary with such capabilities; (5) A list of possible technical requirements for a multi-class, affordable, low-power, and expendable electronic warfare system; and (6) A rapid acquisition strategy for this capability.

Plan to support advanced manufacturing and materials for hypersonics research and development

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 248) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to develop a plan to support advanced manufacturing and materials for hypersonics research and development.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to provide a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than June 1, 2026 on advanced manufacturing practices and advanced materials for hypersonics research and development. Such report shall include: (1) Assessment of capabilities for intelligence-optimized robotic forming, additive and subtractive manufacturing methods, precision joining (laser, e-beam, friction stir) for dissimilar metals and metal and ceramic matric composite interfaces, and advanced materials and processing; and (2) Definition of qualification artifacts (process allowable, non-destructive inspection procedures, and digital-thread data standards) and pilot lines executed by consortia of primes, startups, and Federal labs, with appropriate Technology Readiness Levels and Manufacturing Readiness Levels, cost, and lead-time objectives.

Strategy for the development of friction stir additive manufacturing technologies

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 249) that would require a report outlining the strategy of the Department of Defense for the research, development, and deployment of friction stir additive manufacturing technologies.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on research relating to the upper atmosphere and near-space environment

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 250) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to submit a report that includes: (1) An assessment of intelligence activities and other competitive activities undertaken by foreign nations with respect to the upper atmosphere and near-space environment; and (2) A comprehensive strategy to address the upper atmosphere and near-space environment, which shall include requirements for high-altitude, long-duration, and heavy-lift propulsion systems and platforms.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We agree that the Secretary of Defense should provide the report directed in the House bill, along with a briefing, to the congressional defense committees not later than March 31, 2026.

Avoiding duplication of hypersonic testing efforts

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 5211 (Div. E)) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to use existing hypersonic testing facilities or hypersonic testing facilities currently undergoing refurbishment, including those owned by other departments and agencies, for testing related to the development of hypersonic systems.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We recognize there are opportunities for the Department of Defense to take better advantage of testing assets in other federal agencies that might benefit the Department's hypersonic efforts. We encourage the Department to do more to reduce duplication in testing assets in order to be a better steward of federal resources.

TITLE III—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

SUBTITLE A—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

Sec. 301 - Authorization of appropriations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 301) that would authorize appropriations for operation and maintenance activities at the levels identified in section 4301 of division D of this Act.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 301).

The agreement includes this provision.

SUBTITLE B—ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENT

Sec. 311 - Inclusion of information about PFAS investigation and remediation in annual report on defense environmental programs

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 312) that would require the Department of Defense to include, in its annual environmental report, detailed per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances cleanup costs and conduct an analysis of cost contributors.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 333).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 312 - Elimination of preference for motor vehicles using electric or hybrid propulsion systems and related requirements of the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 324) that would eliminate preference for motor vehicles using electric or hybrid propulsion systems and related requirements of the Department of Defense, by amending chapter 173 of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment changing the "shall" to "may" in reference to section 2922g chapter 173 of title 10, United States Code.

Sec. 313 - Modification of availability and use of energy cost savings

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 314) that would amend section 2912(e)(1) of title 10, United States Code, by requiring the Secretary of Defense to transfer savings derived from this section, not later than 60 days after being notified of said savings, and make additional technical changes as requested by the Department of the Air Force.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 314 - Requirement to support National Guard training on wildfire prevention and response

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 312) that would amend Section 351 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115-91), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking ''may'' and inserting ''shall''.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 315 - Modification of requirements relating to replacement of fluorinated aqueous film-forming foam

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 313) that would modify requirements relating to replacement of fluorinated aqueous film-forming foam.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 316 - Modification to restriction on procurement or purchasing of personal protective equipment for firefighters containing perfluoroalkyl substances or polyfluoroalkyl substances

The Senate bill contained a provision (S. 316) that would modify the existing restriction on firefighter protective equipment by allowing procurement of gear that meets the National Fire Protection Association's Standard 1970.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 317 - Provision of alternative drinking water to households whose private drinking water is contaminated with perfluorooctanesulfonic acid and perfluorooctanoic acid substances from Department of Defense activities

The House bill contained a provision (H. 314) that would require the Department of Defense (DOD) to provide alternative drinking water to households with private wells contaminated by perfluoroalkyl substances or polyfluoroalkyl substances from DOD activities until permanent safe water solutions are in place or contamination levels are remediated.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 318 - Responsibilities of executive agent for installation and operational nuclear energy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 315) that would require the Secretary of Defense to designate an executive agent of the Department of Defense for installation and operational nuclear energy. The provision would also require the executive agent to provide annual reports to the congressional defense committees on the implementation of this provision and require the Secretary to submit a plan for establishing a program of record for the use of nuclear energy to meet installation energy and operational energy needs.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 319 - Establishment of Advanced Nuclear Transition Working Group

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 316) that would require the Secretary of Defense, within 180 days of enactment, to establish a working group to be known as the ''Advanced Nuclear Technologies Transition Working Group'' composed of senior officials within the Department of Defense to develop and execute a departmental strategy for advancing the use of nuclear energy technologies, require a briefing on efforts to establish such group, and require an annual report to the congressional defense committees on the activities of such group.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 922) that would also direct the Secretary of Defense to establish a pilot program for deploying microreactors at U.S. military installations.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment to eliminate the requirement for the Secretary of Defense to establish a pilot program for deploying microreactors at U.S. military installations.

Sec. 320 - Department of Air Force program of record for commercial weather data

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 317) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to establish the Commercial Weather Data Program as a Program of Record not later than September 30, 2027.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement amends the House provision limiting the program of record to non-space-based commercial weather data.

We note that the Space Force has existing programs of record within the Space Based Environmental Monitoring Program that are developing space-based commercial weather augmentation systems for weather data as a service.

Sec. 321 - Pilot program on Navy installation nuclear energy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 318) that would require the Navy to carry out a 10-year pilot program at one or more naval installations to determine how small modular reactors or mobile reactors could be used to meet coastal installation

energy needs and explore the co-location of small modular reactors or mobile reactors with data centers.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 322 - Strategy to accelerate remediation of contamination from perfluoroalkyl substances and polyfluoroalkyl substances

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 320) that would require the Department of Defense to develop a strategy and public dashboard to accelerate and track per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances cleanup efforts across military installations.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 323 - Notification requirement with respect to nuclear power in Guam

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3124) that would require the Secretary of Defense to notify Congress and the Government of Guam at least 180 days before the placement of a nuclear reactor in Guam.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to require notification at least 1 year prior to the placement of a permanent nuclear reactor in Guam.

Sec. 324 - Authority to use certain technologies to destroy or dispose of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 315) that would authorize the Department of Defense to use any Federal or state-approved methodology to destroy or dispose of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

SUBTITLE C—LOGISTICS AND SUSTAINMENT

Sec. 331 - Modification of readiness report to include summary count of certain mishaps

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 332) that would amend Section 482(b)(8) of title 10, United States Code, to include a summary count of certain mishaps.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 332 - Authority to provide supplies incidental to support and services for eligible non-Department of Defense organizations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 384) that would authorize funds to be appropriated by this Act for fiscal year 2026 for operation and maintenance for the Innovative Readiness Training program established pursuant to section 2012 of title 10, United States Code, that may be obligated or expended to procure supplies and materials necessary for the completion of any training project approved under such section.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 333 - Extension of authorization of depot working capital funds for unspecified minor military construction

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 331) that would extend the authority for depot working capital funds to be used for unspecified minor military construction from September 30, 2025, to September 30, 2027.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2807).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 334 - Designation of senior officials responsible for integration of global contested logistics posture management

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 332) that would require the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff to designate an individual to serve as the official responsible for the integration of global contested logistics posture management.

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 323) that would designate U.S. Transportation Command as the global manager for contested logistics. The provision would also require an interim briefing on progress and a report within 1 year on implementation of this designation.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that in addition to designating senior officials with the task of integrating contested logistics planning and

execution across the Department of Defense, would also codify procedures and oversight requirements related to their duties.

We note that section 2926(d) of title 10, United States Code, established a working group within the Department of Defense whose function is to develop solutions to contested logistics problems within the Department and mitigate contested logistics risk. We encourage the senior officials who have been designated in this provision to make use of the working group in the execution of their duties.

Sec. 335 - Modification of prohibition on contracts for performance of firefighting or security-guard functions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 323) that would amend section 2465 of title 10, United States Code, to revise the prohibition on contracts for performance of firefighting or security-guard functions.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 336 - Responsibilities for oversight of certain defense personal property matters

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 327) that would establish the Defense Personal Property Management Office (DPPMO) under the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness, not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would allow the Secretary of Defense to decide where the DPPMO would be located within the Department of Defense and allow the Secretary 180 days after enactment of the Act to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on his plan for establishing. The amendment would also make other technical changes to the provision.

Sec. 337 - Roles and responsibilities relating to sustainment and readiness of certain naval surface vessels

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 321) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to enhance surface ship maintenance at private shipyards through processes led by the Type Commanders (TYCOMs) that emphasize workforce stability, ship-specific assignments, collaborative planning, and small

business involvement. The provision would authorize the TYCOMs to oversee maintenance and delegate decision-making authority to project managers, port engineers, and ship commanding officers. The requirements under this section would terminate on January 1, 2031.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that retains only the requirement for the TYCOMs to lead conventional surface ship maintenance and align personnel responsibilities that would start not later than 1 year after the enactment of this Act.

Sec. 338 - Strategy to improve infrastructure of certain depots of Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 336) that would amend Section 359 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 339 - Modification of report on improved oversight for implementation of Shipyard Infrastructure Optimization Program of the Navy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 335) that would amend the reporting requirement on the Shipyard Infrastructure Optimization Program to include
reporting on the incorporation of digital infrastructure (including hardware, software, and cloud storage) and platforms into such program.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 331).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 340 - Extension and modification of semiannual briefings on operational status of amphibious warship fleet

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 325) that would amend section 352 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) by extending the sunset date for the reporting requirements on the operational status of the amphibious warship fleet from 2026 to 2028 and by including an additional requirement to report on a plan for maintenance and service life extensions that would retain active amphibious warships until replacement warships enter service in

order to meet the requirement for operationally available amphibious warships set forth in section 8062 of title 10, United States Code.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 341 - Maintenance inspection capabilities and requirements

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 339) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to ensure that when the Department of Defense conducts maintenance of aviation critical safety items and mission critical parts, such maintenance includes the use of a technical data requirement or organic or commercially available diagnostic
tool, if such a requirement or tool is required and available; and is not conducted solely through visual inspection unless no such requirement or tool is available; or only a visual inspection is required under a technical data requirement.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 342 - Joint Strike Fighter sustainment

The House bill included a provision (sec. 340) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force, by September 30, 2028, to ensure that sufficient wartime spares support equipment and depot level capabilities are available for the F–35 Joint Strike Fighter Program to sustain such Fighter for at least 90 days in the most stressing operational plan; and to meet the fleet wide minimum readiness targets established by each such Secretary. Additionally, the provision would require that the Secretary of Defense ensure that the F–35 Joint Strike Fighter contractor has validated all information necessary for the Department of Defense to successfully complete an audit. The provision would allow the Secretary to waive the requirements of this provision if the Secretary determines that such waiver is in the national security interests of the United States. Finally, this section would require a report on various sustainment elements of the F–35 Joint Strike Fighter program.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment clarifying the treatment of global spare pool for F-35 aircraft.

Sec. 343 - Depot-level maintenance coordination in multinational exercises

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 338) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to incorporate depot-level maintenance in at least one multinational exercise conducted in the area of operations of the U.S. Indo-Pacific Command and submit a report to the Congress summarizing the lessons learned.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 344 - Proposed actions with respect to causes and effects of declining aircraft readiness rates

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 363) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to submit a report on the declining rates of aircraft readiness to the Committees on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Senate.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would narrow the focus of the report to providing proposed actions to reverse the declining rates of aircraft readiness, improve the effectiveness of aircraft sustainment, and ensure more accurate readiness reporting, including any recommendations for relevant legislative actions.

Sec. 345 - Technology enhancement for surface ship maintenance

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 322) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to expedite the investigation, qualification, and integration of specified advanced technologies and processes into Navy surface ship maintenance to improve readiness, reduce costs, and address delays. The provision would also require the Secretary to submit a report to the Congress, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, detailing timelines to qualify and approve each additional advanced technology or process specified in the provision.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 346 - Oversight requirements for contracts relating to relocation logistics for household goods

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 343) that would require the Secretary of Defense to include additional oversight mechanisms for any renegotiation of the contract under the Global Household Goods Contract, or negotiation of a new contract under the Global Household Goods Contract. This provision derived from a concern that the original Global Household Goods contract lacked proper oversight mechanisms, leading to an inability of the Department of Defense to safeguard the best interests of servicemembers and their families.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 347 - Integration of commercially available artificial intelligence capabilities into logistics operations

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 328) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to facilitate the integration of commercially available artificial intelligence capabilities specifically designed for logistics tracking, planning, operations, and analytics into two relevant Department of Defense exercises to be conducted during fiscal year 2026.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with clarifying amendments.

Sec. 348 - Pilot program on Army depot and arsenal workload sustainment

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 329) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to establish a pilot program on arsenal workload.

The House bill contained a similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with technical amendments.

Sec. 349 - Limitation on use of funds to establish or expand Space Force Special Operations Component Command

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 342) that would prohibit the obligation or expenditure of funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for Major Force Program 11 for the U.S. Special Operations Command to establish or expand a Space Force Special Operations Component Command until the date that is 30 days after the date on which the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special

Operations and Low-Intensity Conflict and the Commander, U.S. Special Operations Command, in consultation with the Chief of Space Operations, submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report articulating the requirement for such a component command and the resourcing, personnel, and other requirements necessary for reaching initial and full operational capability.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 350 - Pilot program for data-enabled ground vehicle maintenance

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1532) that would require the Secretaries of the military departments to establish a pilot program using commercially available artificial intelligence to improve maintenance of ground vehicles.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

We note the efforts made in the Army to implement condition-based maintenance systems to improve their logistics maintenance processes. We encourage the other services as they establish their own pilot projects to utilize lessons learned from the Army in those endeavors.

Sec. 351 - Modernization of the organic industrial base of the Army

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 849) that would direct the Secretary of the Army to accelerate the modernization of the organic industrial base of the Army to meet the requirements of the Department of Defense by ensuring additional production of materials, or expanded use of capabilities are done across the Organic Industrial Base.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 341).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would expand the scope of acceleration to include all propellant and eliminates the requirement for investing in facilities that have seen lower investments in the past 2 years.

SUBTITLE D—MATTERS RELATING TO MUNITIONS

Sec. 361 - Reporting requirements for Out-Year Unconstrained Total Munitions Requirements and Out-Year inventory numbers

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 872) that would amend section 222c of title 10, United States Code, to require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and the Chiefs of Staff of the Armed Forces, to annually determine the minimum production level for each variant of munitions required to meet the Out-Year Unconstrained Total Munitions Requirement. The provision would also require the Secretary of Defense to incorporate the determined minimum production levels into the planning, programming, budgeting, and execution process of the Department of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Out-Year Unconstrained Total Munitions Requirement and Out-Year inventory numbers to include an estimate of the annual aggregate demand from U.S. allies and partners.

We direct the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the Secretary of Defense to deliver a one-time briefing to the congressional defense committees, not later than January 1, 2026, that includes a roadmap for evolving the Total Munitions Requirement to include portfolios by mission or capability. This roadmap should also include consideration of alternative production lines and developmental weapons to meet capability or mission gaps.

Sec. 362 - Inclusion of air and missile defense in Out-Year Unconstrained Total Munitions Requirement and Out-Year inventory numbers

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1533) that would amend section 222c(c) of title 10, United States Code, to include air and missile defense munitions in the unconstrained total munitions requirement.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 363 - Reports on munitions response projects at sites formerly used by the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 362) that would require the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Energy, Installations, and Environment, to provide quarterly reports to the congressional defense committees on munitions response projects at sites formerly used by the Department of Defense.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 364 - Report on critical munitions required for simultaneous conflicts

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 864) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to the congressional defense committees, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, detailing the stockpiles of critical munitions required to fight simultaneous conflicts in different theaters. Not later than 90 days after the report's submission, the Secretary of Defense would also be required to submit a plan to implement critical munitions requirements to fight simultaneous conflicts in the next budget cycle.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary to include in the report an exploration of the projected munitions requirements of the relevant allies of the United States in each theater for munitions produced in the United States, as well as an analysis of how those requirements impact some of the other elements of the report.

SUBTITLE E—OTHER MATTERS

Sec. 371 - Adjustment and diversification assistance for State and local governments affected by depot reductions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 375) that would allow the Secretary of Defense to provide adjustment and diversification assistance, pursuant to section 2391(b) of title 10, United States Code, to state and local governments affected by the actions taken under the Army Transformation Initiative.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would modify Section 2391(b)(1) of title 10, United States Code, by striking ''or'' after ''military installation resilience'', by inserting ''or (G) by any action of the Department of Defense that negatively affects a covered depot (as such term is defined in section 2476(f) of this title),'' after '' the defense facility,''; and by striking ''(C), or (F)'' and inserting ''(C), (F), or (G)''.

We remain concerned about the impacts of the Army Transformation Initiative and hereby direct the Secretary of the Army to provide quarterly updates during calendar year 2026 on the status of transformation efforts.

Sec. 372 - Authority to evacuate family pets and contract working dogs during noncombatant evacuations of foreign countries

The House bill included a provision (sec. 371) that would allow the Secretary of Defense to enter into agreements with appropriate nonprofit entities under which such entities provide for the evacuation of family pets of citizens of the United States who are evacuated by the Department and contract working dogs located in such country.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment creating a freestanding provision in the appropriate area of the 10 USC Chapter 157 and provides the option for refusal of evacuation of family pet or contract working dog if the evacuation results in safety of flight risk.

Sec. 373 - Manned rotary wing aircraft safety

The House bill contained provision (sec. 372) that would require any manned rotary wing aircraft of the Department of Defense conducting a training mission in a highly trafficked domestic airspace to actively provide warning to nearby commercial aircraft, in a manner compatible with the traffic alert and collision avoidance system of such commercial aircraft.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 324) that would require all aircraft of the Department of Defense operating near commercial airports to be equipped with position broadcast technology. It also required a recurring report on near misses.

The agreement includes the House provisions with an amendment that incorporates the near miss reporting requirement of the Senate provision.

Sec. 374 - Establishment of Army museum system

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 351) that would direct the Secretary of the Army to support a system of official Army museums within the United States Army Center of Military History.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 375 - Establishment of United States Navy Museum System

The House bill included a provision (sec. 354) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to support a system of official Navy museums, that will collectively be known as the United States Navy Museum System.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 376 - Establishment of Air Force and Space Force Museum System

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2878) that would amend Chapter 979 of title 10, United States Code, to establish an Air Force and Space Force Museum system.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment to match other services' museum bill language.

Sec. 377 - Transportation of certain domestic animals by foreign air carrier

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 374) that would allow the Secretary of Defense to pay for the transportation of family pets of Department of Defense personnel by a foreign carrier.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 378 - Minimum standards for military working dog kennels and facilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 377) that would require the Secretary of Defense, through the Executive Agent for the Department of Defense Military Working Dog Program, to establish and implement minimum standards for kennels and other facilities used to house military working dogs. The provision also requires an assessment of the extent to which existing facilities meet the standards within 1 year after enactment, and any necessary modification to meet the standards within 3 years after enactment. All new facilities would also be required to meet these standards.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 379 - Restroom access at military installations for certain transportation service providers

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 378) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide restroom access at military installations for certain transportation service providers.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment to reflect that the name of the Military Surface Deployment and Distribution Command has been changed to the U.S. Army Transportation Command.

Sec. 380 - Use of expeditionary solid waste disposal systems by Department of Defense

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 313) that would allow the Secretary of Defense to use expeditionary solid waste disposal systems for the destruction of illicit contraband, including seized counterfeit materials, unauthorized military gear, and classified materials.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 381 - Pilot program for contracted amphibious air resources for the area of responsibility of the United States Indo-Pacific Command

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 348) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to establish and maintain a 3-year pilot program for the contracted operation of a fleet of commercial amphibious aviation resources for tasking within the area of responsibility of U.S. Indo-Pacific Command.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 382 - Initiative to control spread of greater banded hornet in Guam

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 380) that would enhance efforts to manage, control, and interdict the greater banded hornet on military installations in Guam.

The provision requires the Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Energy, Installations, and Environment to provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on the implementation of this

section, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for each of the next 3 years.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 383 - Reserve mobilization exercise to assess the capability of the Armed Forces to respond to a high-intensity contingency in the Indo-Pacific region

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 370A) that would, not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the Commander, U.S. Indo-Pacific Command, to conduct a comprehensive joint mobilization and sustainment readiness study to assess the capability of the Armed Forces to respond to a high-intensity contingency in the Indo-Pacific region.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 384 - Limitation on transformation by the Army of primary helicopter training program at Fort Rucker, Alabama

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 344) that would limit funding for the Secretary of the Army to transform initial entry rotary wing (IERW) training until the Army completes its proof of concept plan, validates the training pilot, the Office of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation (CAPE) conducts an independent assessment, and the Secretary of the Army submits a report to congressional defense committees.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 381).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would eliminate the external CAPE assessment and clarify required actions prior to IERW transformation.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Department of Defense guidelines regarding implementation of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 311) that would require the Secretary of Defense to rescind all existing Department of Defense directives regarding implementation of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (Public Law 91-190) and replace those directives with a new directive with uniform

guidance that the military departments and other agencies of the Department of Defense must implement.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than April 1, 2026, on any improvements seen with the updated National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 guidance that was promulgated in June 2025. The briefing shall include but not be limited to: (1) Any metrics identified to measure timeline improvements for projects; (2) Any updates on successful implementation of the new directives, to include data from the identified metrics; (3) Any projects in which Environmental Impact Statements from another agency or executive agent was utilized or provided and whether or not that improved timelines of projects; and (4) Any other matters the Secretary determines relevant.

Repeal of prohibition on procurement by Department of Defense of certain items containing perfluorooctane sulfonate or perfluorooctanoic acid

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 318) that would repeal a prohibition on the Department of Defense procuring certain items containing perfluorooctane sulfonate or perfluorooctanoic acid.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Pilot program to install propane-powered generators at a domestic defense industrial base facility

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 319) that would establish a pilot program to install propane powered generators at a qualified domestic organic defense industrial base facility.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 directed the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing on the feasibility and advisability of establishing a pilot program to install propane-powered generators at a domestic organic defense industrial base facility. However, we note that the briefing has yet to be provided and therefore we have been deprived of the opportunity to assess the potential for the program on the merits. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on

Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than April 1, 2026, on what the Department's implementation plan for the pilot program will be if, and only if, a determination is made by the Secretary that such a pilot program would be feasible and advisable.

Repeal of temporary moratorium on incineration by Department of Defense of perfluoroalkyl substances, polyfluoroalkyl substances, and aqueous film forming foam

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 319) that would repeal a temporary moratorium on incineration by the Department of Defense of perfluoroalkyl substances, polyfluoroalkyl substances, and aqueous film forming foam.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Interim responses to address releases or threatened releases of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 320) that would require the Department of Defense to carry out certain interim responses as part of the Department's ongoing efforts to identify and remediate releases or threatened releases of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances caused by Department of Defense activities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Study on small modular nuclear reactors

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 321) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a comprehensive study on the feasibility, costs, and benefits of deploying small modular nuclear reactors to provide secure, resilient, and reliable power for Department of Defense installations and require a report to the congressional defense committees on the results of this study not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize that the Department has provided the Congress with a number of reports and briefings regarding small modular reactor development efforts over the past several years, appreciate the consistent communication on this topic, and

encourage the Department to continue an open and productive dialogue in the future.

Coordinator for engagement with defense communities affected by perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 322) that would require the Secretary of Defense to designate an official of the Department of Defense as the Coordinator for Engagement with Defense Communities Affected by Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS).

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the importance of the Department's continued outreach and engagement with defense communities affected by PFAS, and direct the Department to continue such outreach, including by liaising with state and local governments, advocacy organizations, and individual citizens who are affected by PFAS contamination caused by the Department's activities.

Modification of minimum capital investment for certain depots of Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 333) that would modify Section 2476(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Capital expenditure write-offs for Department of Defense depots and arsenals

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 343) that would allow the Secretary of Defense to write off any depreciated cost or debt associated with capital that does not generate revenue due to Government-directed mission changes.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Authority to establish Advanced Technology Centers to enhance workforce training in certain critical skills

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 344) that would allow the Secretary of Defense to establish advanced technology centers to enhance workforce training in certain critical skills.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the importance of the Department of Defense (DOD) working with community colleges, as these institutions often provide invaluable workforce programs that can advance critical DOD workforce requirements. We encourage the Department to assess the advisability and feasibility of establishing advanced technology centers at community colleges with workforce programs that include a critical national production facility, to provide workforce training on the following:

(1) Advanced composite material layup;

(2) Advanced coatings applications;

(3) Computer numerical control manufacturing;

(4) Aircraft mechanical assembly and integrated circuit development, including with respect to aircraft such as B-21 and F-35; and

(5) Welding, pipefitting, and metal fabrication related to vessel construction, repair and maintenance.

Authorization to maintain a library in the Department of the Navy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 352) that would allow the Secretary of the Navy to maintain a Department of the Navy library.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Authorization to maintain a Navy art gallery

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 353) that would allow the Secretary of the Navy to maintain in a Department of the Navy art gallery.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Establishment of Center for the Study of the National Guard

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 355) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a center, to be known as the "Center for the Study of the National Guard" at an appropriate academic institution

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the importance of the National Guard as well as maintaining its great legacy. We encourage the Department of Defense to explore the option of establishing a center for the

study of the National Guard utilizing a Private-Public Partnership.

Recognition of certain aspects of the National Navy Underwater Demolition Team-SEAL Museum in Fort Pierce, Florida, as a national memorial, national memorial garden, and national K9 memorial

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 356) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to recognize the National Navy SEAL Museum Memorial, the Memorial Garden and Living Beach, and the Naval Special Warfare K9 Memorial of the National Navy Underwater Demolition Team-SEAL Museum, in Fort Pierce, Florida, as a national memorial, national memorial garden, and national K9 memorial, respectively, of the Navy SEALs.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Assessments and plan for increasing access to nutritious food on military installations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 361) that would amend chapter 23 of title 10, United States Code, to require a biennial assessment on nutrition standards across the military departments. This provision would also require the Department to submit a plan to increase access to nutritious food on military installations, consistent with recommendations of the Government Accountability Office (GAO) report published on June 24, 2024, titled "DOD Food Program: Additional Actions Needed to Implement, Oversee, and Evaluate Nutrition Efforts for Service Members" (GAO-24-106155).

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not contain the House provision.

We direct the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than June 1, 2026, on efforts to assess and improve access to nutritious food on military installations. The briefing shall include:

(1) A summary of current nutrition standards and policies within each military department;

(2) An overview of actions taken since the June 2024 GAO report to implement its recommendations;

(3) The extent to which nutrition standards are reflected in food options at both appropriated and nonappropriated fund food venues; and

(4) Any ongoing or planned initiatives by the Department to increase access to nutritious foods for servicemembers and their families.

Driver simulators in military vehicles

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 364) that would direct the Secretary of the Army to submit a report on the Army efforts to develop, procure, field, and sustain driver training simulators as a component of vehicle procurement.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We believe the Army and the Marine Corps should include resourcing for immersive driver training simulators as part of development, procurement, fielding, and sustainment phases of their military vehicle fleets. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of the Navy to independently brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than March 28, 2026, on service efforts related to driving simulators. This briefing shall include:

(1) A summary of the current use of simulators as part of the each service's driver training program;

(2) A description of how each service is incorporating driver training simulators across life cycle management of current and projected fleet of vehicles;

(3) Current and projected availability, across the Future Years Defense Program, by vehicle type, of driver simulators; and

(4) An assessment of current availability of driving simulators for initial entry and sustainment level drivers training.

Department of Defense report on creatine supplements in Meals Ready-to-Eat

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 365) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency, to submit a report evaluating the feasibility, safety, and potential benefits of including creatine supplements in Meals Ready-to-Eat for members of the Armed Forces.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Study and report on effects of Defense Logistics Agency class IX recovery rates on military depots and arsenals

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 366) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency and each Secretary of a military department, to conduct a study on the effects of the Defense Logistics Agency Class IX recovery rates on military depots and arsenals.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency and each Secretary of a military department, to conduct a study on the effects of the Defense Logistics Agency Class IX recovery rates on military depots and arsenals, and brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than September, 30, 2026. The briefing shall include but not be limited to: (1) The methodology used by the Defense Logistics Agency to set recovery rates for class IX items for all customers; (2) How class IX recovery rates affect the cost structures, budgeting, and execution of workload at military depots and arsenals; (3) Any differences between the effects of recovery rates on depot-level maintenance compared to other customers of the Defense Logistics Agency; (4) Any unintended consequences resulting from such cost recovery practices, including delays, cost overruns, or degraded readiness in depot and arsenal operations; (5) Recommendations for improving alignment between Defense Logistics Agency pricing policies and the sustainment, affordability, and readiness goals of military depots and arsenals; and (6) Any other matters the Secretary determines relevant.

Briefing on sustainment and funding of Department of the Army directed energy programs of record

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 367) that would direct the Chief of Staff of the Army to submit a briefing on sustainment and funding of Department of the Army directed energy programs of record.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We believe the Army should continue its effort in directed energy programs of record. Therefore, we direct the Chief of Staff of the Army, in coordination with the head of Army Aviation and Missile Command, to provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, a briefing, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, on the sustainment and funding plan for directed energy programs of record of the Department of the

Army. Such briefing shall include an assessment of comparative cost efficiencies and operational advantages to:

(1) Support readiness;

(2) Reduce dependence on original equipment manufacturers; and

(3) Develop a workforce trained to address the requirements and safety aspects of directed energy technology.

Report on reducing frequency of permanent changes of station and naval vessel to onshore rotations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 368) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments, to submit a report on options to reduce the frequency of permanent changes of station (PCS) and naval sea-shore rotations.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense has already initiated an internal review of PCS practices and potential targeted reductions, as outlined in the May 28, 2025, memorandum titled "Permanent Change of Station Targeted Reductions Review and Personnel Policy Changes." We direct the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on this review not later than March 1, 2026. The briefing shall include:

(1) Current data on the costs associated with PCS moves and sea-shore rotations by service and occupational specialty;

(2) An assessment of potential cost savings and quality-of-life benefits associated with reducing PCS frequency or extending tour lengths;

(3) An overview of any ongoing or planned efforts to pilot extended tour lengths or modified rotation models; and

(4) Any legislative or policy changes the Department believes would be required to implement such adjustments.

Report on encroachment management related to the Nevada Test and Training Range

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 369) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report on ongoing encroachment management efforts and coordination with relevant stakeholders to ensure the long-term viability of the Nevada Test and Training Range.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees not later than June 1, 2026, outlining ongoing encroachment management projects, landscape partnerships, and stakeholder engagements to ensure the long-term viability of the Nevada Test and Training Range. The briefing shall also describe the resources required for such efforts, the specific encroachment issues identified, the coordination process among all relevant stakeholders regarding foreign land acquisitions, and any areas where congressional engagement may be warranted.

Report on local coordination efforts to address contamination caused by activities at former George Air Force Base

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 370) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to submit a report to the congressional defense committees on the efforts of the Department of the Air Force to coordinate with local officials to identify potential solutions for addressing the contamination caused by activities in connection with the former George Air Force Base.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Air Force, to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees, not later than January 31, 2026, on the efforts of the Department of the Air Force to coordinate with local officials to identify potential solutions for addressing the contamination caused by activities in connection with the former George Air Force Base. The briefing shall include the following:

(1) A description of ongoing and planned efforts to address such contamination;

(2) A description of opportunities for partnership with Federal, State, and local entities with respect to such efforts;

(3) Plans to ensure that the responsibilities for the cleanup of such contamination is not shifted to affected communities and that such cleanup does not restrict economic development; and

(4) An assessment of the estimated costs, timelines, and feasibility of each proposed solution for addressing such contamination.

Report on use of ultra-short takeoff and landing aircraft for last mile logistics and disaster response operations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 370B) that would require the Chief of Staff of the Air Force, in coordination with the Commander, U.S. Special Operations Command, to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the integration potential and value of ultra-short takeoff and landing aircraft.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Chief of Staff of the Air Force to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives by June 1, 2026, on the integration potential and value of ultra-short takeoff and landing aircraft. The report shall include: (1) An assessment of the comparative cost efficiencies and operational advantages provided by ultra-short takeoff and landing aircraft in contested logistics and disaster response scenarios; (2) Identification of critical capability gaps in last-mile or last-tactical-mile logistics where such aircraft could serve as a force multiplier; (3) An evaluation of specific mission sets and end users across the Indo-Pacific theater that could benefit from the deployment of such aircraft, especially mission sets related to Homeland disaster response, humanitarian relief, wildfire suppression, or emergency resupply; (4) Options and timelines to accelerate the development, testing, and integration of such aircraft into U.S. Air Force and U.S. Special Operations Command capability portfolios; and (5) An assessment of current testing and development, the development of operational concept development and Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures formulation for ultra-short takeoff and landing aircraft.

Availability of milk at dining facilities on military installations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 376) that would require the Secretary of Defense to ensure milk is available to members of the Armed Forces at dining facilities and prohibit purchasing of milk from an entity owned or controlled by a foreign adversary.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that numerous scientific reports have resolved that milk minerals are crucial building blocks for human health and development. We further note that the Department of

Agriculture recommends three daily servings of dairy as a key source of critical nutrients, including potassium, calcium, and vitamin D. Therefore, we support the Department's continued strict adherence to both Department of Defense Manual 1338.10, which requires milk to be provided at all dining facilities, and section 4862 of title 10, United States Code, which prohibits the procurement of milk from foreign sources.

Prohibition on Department of Defense ban of clean agent fire suppression products

The House bill contained a section (H. 382) that would prohibit the Department of Defense from banning clean agent fire suppression products containing fluorine-carbon bonds when no suitable alternative exists.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees not later than June 1, 2026, outlining Department policies and practices regarding the use of clean agent fire suppression products. The briefing shall describe current applications across the military departments, ongoing efforts to identify and test fluorine-free alternatives, cost and performance considerations, and any mission or safety impacts related to the transition to alternative products.

Inapplicability of recommendations, procedures, and plans of commission relating to assigning, modifying, or removing of names, symbols, displays, monuments, and paraphernalia to assets of the Department of Defense that commemorate the Confederate States

The House bill contained provisions (sec. 383, sec. 2833, sec. 2834, and sec. 2866) that would direct the naming of certain installations of the Department of Defense, and prohibit renaming installations in contravention of the recommendations made by the Commission on the Naming of Items of the Department of Defense that Commemorate the Confederate States of America, established by section 370 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law No. 116-283).

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 349) that would direct the naming of certain Department of Defense installations in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

The agreement does not include the House provisions or the Senate provision.

Funding for flight hours for expeditionary combat aviation brigades

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 385) that would increase funding for flight hours for expeditionary combat aviation brigades.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on adoption of graphite oxide-based firefighting foams

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 5331) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than February 1, 2026, to submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the progress and strategy of the Department of Defense for accelerating adoption of graphite oxide-based firefighting foams.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees a report not later than February 1, 2026, on the progress and strategy of the Department of Defense for accelerating adoption of graphite oxide-based firefighting foams. The report shall include:

(1) A summary of current testing, evaluation, and certification efforts for graphite oxide-based firefighting foams, including performance data and environmental assessments;

(2) An identification of any remaining technical, regulatory, or logistical barriers to full-scale adoption of such foams, along with proposed mitigation strategies;

(3) A timeline for the phased replacement throughout the Department of firefighting foams containing perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances with graphite oxide-based alternatives; and

(4) A description of interagency coordination and partnerships with industry and academia to ensure such foams meet relevant safety, operational, and environmental standards for military use.

TITLE IV—MILITARY PERSONNEL AUTHORIZATIONS

SUBTITLE A—ACTIVE FORCES

Sec. 401 - End strengths for active forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 401) that would authorize Active-Duty end strength as of September 30, 2026 as follows: Army, 454,000; Navy, 344,600; Marine Corps, 172,300; Air Force, 321,500; and Space Force, 10,400.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 401).

The agreement includes this provision.

SUBTITLE B—RESERVE FORCES

Sec. 411 - End strengths for Selected Reserve

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 411) that would authorize end strengths for Selected Reserve personnel, including the end strength for Reserves on active duty in support of the Reserves, as of September 30, 2026 as follows: Army National Guard, 328,000; Army Reserve, 172,000; Navy Reserve, 57,500; Marine Corps Reserve, 33,600; Air National Guard, 106,300; Air Force Reserve, 67,500; and Coast Guard Reserve, 8,500.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 411) that would authorize end strengths for Selected Reserve personnel, including the end strength for Reserves on Active Duty in support of the Reserves, as of September 30, 2026 as follows: Army National Guard, 328,000; Army Reserve, 172,000; Navy Reserve, 57,500; Marine Corps Reserve, 33,600; Air National Guard, 106,300; Air Force Reserve, 67,500; and Coast Guard Reserve, 7,000.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 412 - End strengths for Reserves on active duty in support of the Reserves

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 412) that would authorize end strengths for Reserves on active duty in support of the Reserves as of September 30, 2026 as follows: Army National Guard, 30,845; Army Reserve, 16,511; Navy Reserve, 10,409; Marine Corps Reserve, 2,400; Air National Guard, 25,171; Air Force Reserve, 6,218.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 412) that would authorize full-time support end strengths as of September 30, 2026 as follows: Army National Guard, 30,845; Army Reserve, 16,511; Navy Reserve, 10,132; Marine Corps Reserve, 2,400; Air National Guard, 25,982; Air Force Reserve, 6,311.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 413 - End strengths for military technicians (dual status)

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 413) that would authorize end strengths for military technicians (dual status) as of September 30, 2026 as follows: Army National Guard, 21,294; Army Reserve, 6,258; Air National Guard, 10,405; Air Force Reserve, 6,455.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 413) that would authorize end strengths for military technicians (dual status) as of September 30, 2026 as follows: Army National Guard, 22,294; Army Reserve, 6,492; Air National Guard, 10,744; Air Force Reserve, 6,697. The Senate provision would also limit the number of temporary military technicians (dual status) to 25 percent of the authorized end strength and prohibit a state from coercing military technicians into accepting an offer of realignment or conversion to any other military status—including as a member of the Active, Guard, and Reserve program of a reserve component.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 414 - Maximum number of reserve personnel authorized to be on active duty for operational support

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 414) that would authorize—as required under section 115(b) of title 10, United States Code—the maximum number of Reserve Component personnel who may be on active duty or full-time National Guard duty during fiscal year 2026 for operational support.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 414).

The agreement includes this provision.

SUBTITLE C—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS; REPORTS

Sec. 421 - Military personnel

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 421) that would authorize the appropriation of funds for fiscal year 2026 for military personnel and other uses.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 421).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 422 - Streamlining of total force reporting requirements

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 422) that would amend sections 115a and 129(c) of title 10, United States Code, to streamline total force reporting requirements.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1042).

The agreement includes the House provision.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Excluding members of the National Guard performing certain duty from counting for active-duty end strengths

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 415) that would exclude members of the National Guard performing certain duties from counting against active-duty end strengths.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

TITLE V—MILITARY PERSONNEL POLICY

SUBTITLE A—OFFICER POLICY

Sec. 501 - Space Force general officer management

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 501) that would amend sections 525 and 526 of title 10, United States Code, to address the composition of the Space Force without component as authorized by the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31).

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 506).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 502 - Redistribution of general officers on active duty from the Air Force to the Space Force

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 502) that would amend section 526(a) of title 10, United States Code, to increase the authorized maximum number of Space Force general officers by three and reduce the authorized maximum number of Air Force general officers by three in response to the transfer of responsibilities from the Air Force to the Space Force.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 501).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 503 - Notification of removal of officers from selection board reports and promotion lists

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 505) that would amend sections 618, 629, and 14111 of title 10, United States Code, to require notification to the Congress when officers are removed from selection board reports and lists for reasons other than misconduct.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 504 - Chaplains: career flexibility; detail as students at schools for education required for appointment

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 504) that would amend sections 701 and 101 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the military departments to detail eligible officers and enlisted members to accredited graduate programs required for chaplaincy, inactivate them for a period of practical religious training upon completion of those studies, and appoint them to serve as chaplains.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to extend the allowable career intermission period for chaplain candidates under this program, refine eligibility and service-obligation requirements, and require an annual report on members detailed for chaplaincy education.

Sec. 505 - Temporary increase in fiscal year percentage limitation for reduction or waiver of service-in-grade requirement for general and flag officers to be retired in pay grades O-7 and O-8

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 507) that would temporarily raise from 10 to 15 percent the limit in section 1370(b)(5)(C) of title 10, United States Code, on the number of general and flag officers who may be retired in the grades of O-7 and O-8. This authority would apply through September 30, 2027.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 506 - Notice of removal of Judge Advocates General

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 502) that would amend sections 7037, 8088, and 9037 of title 10, United States Code. The amendment would require that if a Judge Advocate General is removed from office before the end of the term of the Judge Advocate General, the Secretary of Defense

shall, not later than five days before the removal takes effect, submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives notice that the Judge Advocate General is being removed and a statement of the reason for the removal.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would modify the timeline for notice of removal of a Judge Advocate General by striking "before" in several subsections and inserting "after."

Sec. 507 - Authority to waive prohibition on officers serving on successive selection boards for boards to consider officers for promotion to major general or rear admiral

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 503) that would amend section 612(b) of title 10, United States Code, to authorize Service Secretaries to waive the prohibition on officers serving on successive selection boards for boards to consider officers for promotion to major general or rear admiral if the Secretary determines that qualified officers are not available in sufficient number to comprise the selection board.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would add a three-year sunset clause.

Sec. 508 - Establishment of blast safety officer positions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 507) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to establish blast safety officer positions in the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, and Space Force.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that clarifies the duties and assignment criteria for blast safety officer positions.

SUBTITLE B—RESERVE COMPONENT MANAGEMENT

Sec. 511 - Active and inactive transfers of officers of the Army National Guard and Air Force National Guard

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 514) that would amend section 303 of title 32, United States Code, to require the Secretary concerned to promulgate regulations to authorize an officer in the National Guard who fills a vacancy in a federally recognized unit to be transferred from the active

National Guard to the inactive National Guard. The provision would also allow such officers to transfer from the inactive National Guard back into a federally recognized unit of the National Guard.

Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 513).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with technical amendments.

Sec. 512 - National Guard: Active Guard and Reserve duty in response to a State disaster

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 515) that would authorize the chief executive of a state, with consent by the Secretary of Defense, to use Active Guard and Reserve members for up to 14 days for state disaster response duty each year, extendable for an additional 53 days for response to a catastrophic incident, with costs reimbursed by the state.

Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 514).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 513 - Report on effect of equipment shortfalls on ability of National Guard to perform homeland defense activities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 518) that would amend chapter 9 of title 32, United States Code, by adding a section to establish a reporting requirement on the effect of equipment availability to assist in disaster response.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that limits the reporting requirement and aligns it under section 908(b) of title 32, United States Code.

Sec. 514 - Report on National Guard sexual assault prevention and response training

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1043) that would require the Chief of the National Guard Bureau, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the number of National Guard members who have received sexual assault prevention and response training in the preceding calendar year.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would identify the number of members of the National Guard who received sexual assault prevention and

response training in the calendar year preceding the date of the report, disaggregated by State.

Sec. 515 - Study and report on members of the reserve components: consideration of amount of time of service in activation; authority to waive limitation on release from active duty

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 513) that would amend chapter 1209 of title 10, United States Code, to prohibit the consideration of the amount of time of service of a member of a reserve component in evaluating the suitability of the member to be ordered to active duty.

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 511) that would amend section 12686(b) of title 10, United States Code, to authorize a member of a reserve component to waive the limitation on release from active duty within 2 years of retirement eligibility when ordered to active duty (other than for training) for up to 365 days.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a study regarding consideration of time in service or on active duty in decisions to order reserve component members to active duty, and the ability of those members to waive the limitation on release from active duty under section 12686(b) of title 10. The Secretary would be required to submit a report containing the results of this study to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than April 1, 2026.

SUBTITLE C—GENERAL SERVICE AUTHORITIES AND MILITARY RECORDS

Sec. 521 - Individual Longitudinal Exposure Record: codification; expansion

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 522) that would codify and expand the Individual Longitudinal Exposure Record as a centralized database for servicemembers' occupational and environmental exposure data.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1065).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that strikes the term database and replaces it with data system and requires the Secretary of Defense to submit an annual briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the

Senate and the House of Representatives and the Committees on Veterans Affairs of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

Sec. 522 – Women's initiative teams

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 521) that would amend chapter 50 of title 10, United States Code, to require the Secretary of Defense to establish Women's Initiative Teams for each branch of service.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 523 – Honorary promotions on the initiative of the Department of Defense

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 581) that would amend section 1563a of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Secretaries of the military departments to make an honorary promotion, including a posthumous honorary promotion, if the honorary grade given to a servicemember is commensurate with a servicemember's contributions to the Armed Forces or the national defense and if the Secretary of a military department receives a favorable recommendation by a board of at least three independent officers convened specifically to review the proposed honorary promotion. This authority shall not be used to award an honorary promotion solely on the basis that a servicemember was recommended for such promotion prior to separating from service.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 524 – Enhanced efficiency and service discretion for Disability Evaluation System reviews

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 522) that would amend section 524 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81), and section 1214 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Secretaries of the military departments to require a statement of contention in disability evaluation appeals and adjust related procedures.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement contains the Senate provision with an amendment to ensure existing member protections regarding appeals of Physical Evaluation Board determinations under current law remain intact.

Sec. 525 - Requirement of equal opportunity, racial neutrality, and exclusive use of merit in military personnel actions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 524) that would require the exclusive use of merit in military personnel decisions.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to section 529C of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) to require that command selections in the Department of Defense be based on individual merit and demonstrated performance.

Sec. 526 - Report on adequacy of reimbursement for costs of permanent change of station

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 529) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than September 30, 2027, to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the adequacy of reimbursements for expenses incurred by members of the Armed Forces undergoing a permanent change of station.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to refine the reporting period and incorporate claims data to strengthen the analysis.

SUBTITLE D—RECRUITMENT AND ACCESSION

Sec. 531 - Recruiter access to secondary schools.

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 531) that would amend section 503(c)(1)(A) and section 983(b) of title 10, United States Code, to require improved military recruiter access to secondary schools and institutions of higher education by increasing on-campus access, establishing timely response requirements for recruiter requests, and expanding the student information that schools must provide to the Department of Defense for recruiting purposes.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 584).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require secondary schools to facilitate not fewer than one in-person recruiting event each academic year and to provide student contact information to military recruiters within 30 days of a recruiter's request.

Sec. 532 – Alternative service in areas of national interest by individuals denied enlistment

The House bill contained two provisions (sec. 532 and sec. 1107) that would amend section 504 of title 10, United States Code to require the Secretary of Defense to carry out a program to provide individuals denied enlistment with information about opportunities to work in the defense industrial base, and to establish a pathway for medically disqualified entry-level applicants to enter civilian positions in the Department of Defense for which they are qualified.

The Senate bill contained two similar provisions (sec. 1081 Sub G and sec. 1082 Sub G).

The agreement includes the House provision, with an amendment directing the Secretary of Defense to carry out a program to provide individuals denied enlistment with information about opportunities to work in areas of national interest to the United States.

Sec. 533 – Medical accession standards for members of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 533) that would amend chapter 37 of title 10, United States Code, to require uniform medical accession criteria across the Armed Forces, limit disqualifications for medical purposes, and create a review and waiver process for medical disqualifications.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that requires a uniform process for the review of medical disqualifications of individuals seeking to become a member of the Armed Forces, including a process for waiving medical disqualifications in the interests of national security, while maintaining the Secretary of Defense's and the military departments' existing authority to make accession decisions consistent with service needs.

Sec. 534 – Clarifying the calculation of enlistments for persons whose score on the Armed Forces Qualification Test is below a prescribed level for the future servicemember preparatory course

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 583) that would amend section 546 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) to clarify how individuals who improve their Armed Forces Qualification Test scores through the Future Servicemember Preparatory Course are counted under accession limits, and to refine reporting

requirements related to Category IV enlistments and course outcomes.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with technical and conforming amendments.

Sec. 535 - Selective Service System: automatic registration

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 534) that would authorize automatic registration in the Selective Service System.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

SUBTITLE E—MEMBER TRAINING

Sec. 541 - Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps instructor qualifications

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 571) that would prohibit the Secretary concerned from establishing a policy under section 2031(d)(1)(B) of title 10, United States Code, requiring more than 8 years of service for a former officer or noncommissioned officer to be approved to serve as a Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps instructor.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 542 - Number of Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps units

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 573) that would amend section 545(a) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159) to increase the authorized number of Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps units that the Department of Defense is required to support from not fewer than 3,400 and not more than 4,000 units to not fewer than 3,600 and not more than 4,200 units.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment to extend the effective date of the increase by 1 year, to October 1, 2027.

Sec. 543 - Requirements with respect to motorcycle safety training

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549I) that would direct the Secretaries of the military departments to ensure that all beginner motorcycle safety training provided to a member of the Armed Forces meets the training requirements for licensing in the state in which their permanent station is located.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 544 - Repeal of annual certifications related to the Ready, Relevant Learning initiative of the Navy

The House bill contained a provision that would amend section 545 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115-91) to repeal the annual certification requirement related to the Ready, Relevant Learning initiative of the Navy.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 545 - Mandatory training on government ethics and national security law

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 546) that would require annual training for members of the Armed Forces on ethics and standards of conduct and periodic training on the law of armed conflict.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 546 - Temporary authority to provide bonuses to Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps instructors

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 572) that would authorize the Secretary concerned to provide a one-time bonus payment of not more than $10,000 to a member or former member who agrees to be a Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps instructor for not less than 1 academic year.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment clarifying that the authority applies in cases where the Secretary concerned determines the instructor position is difficult to fill.

Sec. 547 - Pilot program for generative artificial intelligence and spatial computing for performance training and proficiency assessment

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to develop and implement a pilot program to optimize the use of generative artificial intelligence and spatial computing for training and assessment.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 548 - Limitation on authority to reorganize the Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps of the Army

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549C) that would limit the Secretary of the Army's authority to reorganize the Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps of the Army.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to require that the briefing include a plan to ensure uninterrupted completion of pre-commissioning training for currently enrolled students.

Sec. 549 - Accreditation of National Guard Marksmanship Training Center

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549h) that would direct the Secretary of the Army to accredit the National Guard Marksmanship Training Center.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment changing from mandatory designation to a discretionary designation and a reporting requirement.

SUBTITLE F—MEMBER EDUCATION

Sec. 551 - Modification to maximum years of service for eligibility detail as a student at a law school

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549E) that would amend Section 2004(b)(1) of title 10, United States Code, to modify the maximum years of service for eligibility detail as a student at a law school.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 552 - Inclusion of Space Force education programs in definitions regarding professional military education

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 542) that would amend section 2151 of title 10, United States Code, to include the Space Force's Senior Level Education and Intermediate Level Education programs in the definitions of senior-level and intermediate-level service schools.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 553 - Asynchronous instruction in distance education option for professional military education

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 542) that would amend section 2154 of title 10, United States Code, to require that virtual learning pathways in distance education programs under such section must be offered asynchronously.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 554 - Center for Strategic Deterrence and Weapons of Mass Destruction Studies

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 543) that would establish the Center for Strategic Deterrence and Weapons of Mass Destruction Studies at the National Defense University.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 555 - Military service academy nominations

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 541) that would amend sections 7442, 8454, and 9442 of title 10, United States Code, to make technical corrections to military service academy appointments related to numbers of ranked or unranked alternates.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 556 - Modifications to alternative obligation for cadets and midshipmen

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 545) that would amend sections 7448, 8459, and 9448 of title 10, United States Code, to increase from three to five the number of cadets and

midshipmen permitted to fulfill their active duty service obligation in the reserve component if they are drafted to be professional athletes.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 549).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 557 - Modification to the designation of Members of the House of Representatives to the Boards of Visitors of Service Academies

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 546) that would amend sections 7455, 8468, and 9455 of title 10, United States Code, to update the number of members of the House of Representatives designated to the boards of visitors of the service academies.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 558 - Director of Admissions of the United States Naval Academy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549F) that would amend chapter 853 of title 10, United States Code, to establish the position of Director of Admissions at the Naval Academy.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to align the position and authorities of the Director of Admissions with those of the United States Military Academy and United States Air Force Academy.

We note that nothing in this section should be interpreted to require the removal or replacement of any comparable or complementary civilian position or currently serving personnel, to include the Dean of Admissions.

Sec. 559 - Detail of members of the Space Force as instructors at Air Force Institute of Technology

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 547) that would require the U.S. Space Force to establish billets for instructors at the Air Force Institute of Technology.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 559A - Prohibition on participation of males in athletic programs or activities at the military service academies that are designated for women or girls

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549K) that would prohibit any cadet or midshipman who is male to participate in athletic programs at the military service academies designated exclusively for cadets or midshipmen who are female.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 548).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 559B - Organization of Army War College

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 543) that would codify the Army University and its constituent schools and integrate all Army professional military education institutions under the leadership of the Army University.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

SUBTITLE G—MILITARY JUSTICE AND OTHER LEGAL MATTERS

Sec. 561 - Qualifications for judge advocates

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 503) that would amend section 806 of title 10, United States Code (Article 6 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), to require judge advocates to be admitted to the practice of law before the highest court of a State, Territory, Commonwealth, or the District of Columbia and to maintain an active license to practice before such court, subject to the jurisdiction's disciplinary requirements and in compliance with such other requirements as the cognizant authority has set to remain eligible to practice law. The provision would also authorize the Judge Advocates General of the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Coast Guard, as well as the Staff Judge Advocate to the Commandant of the Marine Corps, to suspend the authority of judge advocates in their respective services to perform legal duties if such officers become noncompliant with such requirements. The provision would also prohibit any judge advocate or legal officer who is suspended or disbarred from the practice of law within a jurisdiction from performing legal duties.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would make the requirement inclusive of all jurisdictions and their respective licensing constructs.

Sec. 562 - Ensuring the availability of legal advice to commanders

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 551) that would amend section 162(a) of title 10, United States Code, to require that forces assigned to a combatant commander or to the United States element of the North American Aerospace Defense Command include qualified judge advocates in numbers sufficient to provide legal advice to all commanders responsible for planning and organizing military operations and to all commanders authorized to convene courts-martial.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to article 6(a) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) (10 U.S.C. 806(b)) to require that the assignment for duty of judge advocates include qualified judge advocates in numbers sufficient to provide legal advice to all commanders responsible for planning and organizing military operations and all commanders authorized to convene courts-martial under sections 822 through 824 of the UCMJ.

Sec. 563 - Analysis of potential modifications to the offense of wrongful broadcast or distribution of intimate visual images under the Uniform Code of Military Justice

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 552) that would amend Article 117a of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) (10 U.S.C. 917a) to modify the prohibition on wrongful broadcast, distribution, or publication of intimate visual images to include sexually explicit digital forgeries.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would amend section 569F of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159) to require the Secretary of Defense to analyze the feasibility and advisability of, and potential approaches to, modifying the offense of wrongful broadcast or distribution of intimate visual images under Article 117a of the UCMJ (10 U.S.C. 917a) to clarify its applicability to the broadcasting and distribution of digitally manipulated intimate images, and to provide a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the results of this analysis not later than December 31, 2026.

Sec. 564 - Revision to sexual assault prevention and response training guidance

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 557) that would require the Department of Defense to include training on Veterans Affairs resources available to survivors of Military Sexual Trauma.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment to remove several subsections of the underlying provision.

Sec. 565 - Notification of military sex offenders at military installations

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 531) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish and implement a policy to ensure that military-connected registered sex offenders are identified to the military community where they work or live, including through the use of agreements with state and local authorities. The policy would be required not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act. The provision would also require the Secretary to assess the feasibility and desirability of legislation designating the Department of Defense as a jurisdiction under the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (title 1 of Public Law 109-248).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 566 - Analysis of the advisability of modifying the definition of abusive sexual contact under the Uniform Code of Military Justice

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 556) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Joint Service Committee on Military Justice, to analyze the advisability of modifying the definition of abusive sexual contact under Article 120 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (10 U.S.C. 920) to address the full range of harmful behaviors associated with sexual assault and to prevent misapplication of the offense to acts that are not inherently abusive. The provision would also require the Secretary to submit a report detailing the results of the analysis to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 567 - Analysis of the advisability of establishing a punitive article for child pornography-related offenses under the Uniform Code of Military Justice

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 553) that would amend the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) (chapter 47 of title 10, United States Code) to add a punitive article for offenses relating to child pornography.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Joint Service Committee on Military Justice, to analyze the feasibility and advisability of establishing a dedicated punitive article under the UCMJ to address offenses relating to child pornography and, not later than December 31, 2026, to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives detailing the results of the analysis and any associated recommendations.

SUBTITLE H—CAREER TRANSITION

Sec. 571 - Transition Assistance Program: amendments; pilot program; reports

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 567) that would amend subsection (a) of section 1142 of title 10, United States Code, to modify the Transition Assistance Program.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with clarifying amendments to ensure programmatic feasibility and to eliminate duplicative initiatives that are already encompassed within the existing authorities of the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs.

Sec. 572 - Amendments to pathways for counseling in Transition Assistance Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 570A) that would amend section 1142(c)(1) of title 10, United States Code, to add additional considerations to pathways for counseling in the Transition Assistance Program.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 550).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 573 - Improvements to information-sharing to support individuals retiring or separating from the Armed Forces

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 545) that would amend section 570F of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92) to strengthen information sharing with State veterans agencies by establishing an opt-out framework.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

SUBTITLE I—FAMILY PROGRAMS, CHILD CARE, AND DEPENDENT EDUCATION

Sec. 581 - Notification of suspected child abuse that occurs at a military child development center

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 571) that would amend section 1794 of title 10, United States Code, to require covered child and youth programs to notify parents and guardians within 24 hours of alleged or suspected abuse or neglect of a child occurring in such program.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require notification to parents or guardians of a child who is the suspected victim of alleged abuse or neglect occurring at a military child development center (CDC) not later than 24 hours after an employee at a CDC learns of such an incident.

Sec. 582 - Enrollment of children of certain American Red Cross employees in schools operated by the Department of Defense Education Activity

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 553) that would amend section 1404(d)(1) of the Defense Dependents' Education Act of 1978 (Public Law 95-561) to authorize children of employees of the American Red Cross who are performing, on a full-time basis, services for the Armed Forces, enrollment in a Department of Defense Education Activity school.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical and conforming amendment.

Sec. 583 - Ensuring access to DODEA schools for certain members of the reserve components

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 581) that would allow dependents of Reserve Component members on active duty with accompanied permanent change of station orders, regardless of tour length, to enroll in Department of Defense Education Activity schools, on a space-available basis.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

We direct the Director of the Department of Defense Education Activity (DODEA), in consultation with the Secretaries of the military departments, to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than April 1, 2027, on: (1) The number of Reserve members on active duty with accompanied permanent change of station orders at a location with a DODEA school that are projected to be eligible for this authority; (2) The number of Reserve members on active duty with accompanied permanent change of station orders for less than 365 days who utilized this authority in the previous year, to include the number of dependents who attended DODEA schools; (3) Whether DODEA schools have space available to accommodate those Reserve Component members on active duty with accompanied permanent change of station orders, regardless of tour length, to be space-required in DODEA schools; and (4) Any other matters considered relevant.

Sec. 584 - Authorization of dual or concurrent enrollment programs for students of Defense Dependent Schools

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 584) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director of the Department of Defense Education Activity, to conduct dual or concurrent enrollment programs by entering into arrangements with institutions of higher education and to provide financial assistance to cover the associated costs of the program.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would authorize the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director of the Department of Defense Education Activity, to conduct dual or concurrent enrollment programs by entering into arrangements with institutions of higher education and to provide financial assistance to cover the associated costs of the program, up to $1,500 per individual student per school year.

Sec. 585 - Restrictions on certain actions relating to DODEA schools and military child development centers

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 576) that would prohibit authorization for funds used to terminate employees of Military Child Development Programs or the Department of Defense Education Activity unless the employee was documented as not performing or engaging in misconduct.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would authorize a limitation on closing Department of Defense Education Activity (DODEA) schools and authorize a prohibition on the termination of DODEA teachers and childcare employees of the Department of Defense with exceptions for certain circumstances.

Sec. 586 - Extension of pilot program to provide financial assistance to members of the Armed Forces for in-home child care

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 574) that would amend subsection (d) of section 589 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283) to extend the pilot program to provide financial assistance to members of the Armed Forces for in-home childcare to December 31, 2029.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 587 - Military OneSource: information regarding maternal health care

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 575) that would amend section 561 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111-84) to require the Military OneSource website to include information regarding maternal health care.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 588 - Assistance for deployment-related support of members of the Armed Forces undergoing deployment and their families beyond the Yellow Ribbon Reintegration Program

The agreement includes a provision that would amend section 582 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110-181) to authorize the Secretary of Defense to provide funds to States, Territories, and government entities to carry out programs that provide deployment cycle

information, services, and referrals to eligible individuals throughout the deployment cycle.

Sec. 589 - Certain assistance to local educational agencies that benefit dependents of military and civilian personnel

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 582) that would authorize $35.0 million for the purpose of providing assistance to local educational agencies with military dependent students and $10.0 million for local educational agencies eligible to receive a payment for children with severe disabilities.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 551) that would authorize $50.0 million for continuation of the Department of Defense (DOD) assistance program to local educational agencies impacted by enrollment of dependent children of military members and DOD civilian employees and $30.0 million for local educational agencies eligible to receive a payment for children with severe disabilities.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would authorize $50.0 million for continuation of the DOD assistance program to local educational agencies and an additional $20.0 million set aside for children with severe disabilities.

Sec. 589A - Verification of reporting of eligible federally connected children for purposes of Federal impact aid programs

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 583) that would require the commanders of each military installation to annually submit a written certification to their respective military departments verifying whether they have confirmed the information contained in all Impact Aid source check forms. The provision would also require an annual report to the congressional defense committees on the Department's compliance with such certification requirement.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would postpone implementation of this provision until January 1, 2027; and requires the Secretaries of the military departments to deliver an interim briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on any challenges associated with confirming impact aid source check form data.

Sec. 589B - Regulations on the use of portable electronic mobile devices in Department of Defense Education Activity schools

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 554) that would require the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director of the Department of Defense Education Activity (DODEA) to update existing regulations on the student use of portable electronic mobile devices in DODEA schools to prohibit disruption in the learning environment.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 589V - Management of special education in schools operated by Department of Defense Education Activity

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 552) that would require the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director of the Department of Defense Education Activity (DODEA), to implement certain measures to improve the staffing of special education teachers and staff at DODEA schools and clarify guidance and implement certain measures to improve special education offerings. The provision would also require the Secretary to provide an initial briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than April 1, 2026; and subsequent semi-annual briefings thereafter on the progress of implementation.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 589D - Pilot program to increase payments for child care services in high-cost areas

The House bill included a provision (sec. 572) that would establish a 5-year pilot program to increase the maximum amount of childcare financial assistance by 30 percent for children who are 2 years or younger and located in areas with high childcare service costs.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

SUBTITLE J—DECORATIONS AND AWARDS, REPORTS, AND OTHER MATTERS

Sec. 591 - Authorization for award of Medal of Honor to E. Royce Williams for acts of valor during the Korean War

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 597) that would waive the time limitations specified in section 8298 of title 10, United States Code, and authorize the President to award the Medal of Honor to E. Royce Williams for acts of valor during the Korean war.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 592 - Authorization for posthumous award of the distinguished-service cross to Isaac "Ike" Camacho for acts of valor in Vietnam

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 591) that would waive the time limitations specified in section 8298 of title 10, United States Code, and authorize the President to award the Medal of Honor to James Capers, Jr. for the acts of valor during the Vietnam War.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would waive the time limitations specified in section 7274 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the award of the Distinguished Service Cross to Isaac “Ike” Camacho for the acts of valor from November 24, 1963, to July 13, 1965, in Vietnam for which he was previously awarded the Silver Star.

We recognize and honor the heroism and courage of James Capers, Jr., for his service in Vietnam during the period of March 31 through April 3, 1967, for which he was awarded the Silver Star.

Sec. 593 - Compliance with travel charge card deactivation requirements

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 585) that would require the Secretary of Defense to ensure that Department of Defense policies and procedures are consistent with current law regarding the prompt deactivation and closure of government-issued travel charge card accounts upon the separation, retirement, or termination of military or civilian personnel.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with technical amendments to correct and clarify the statutory reference to the requirement governing the deactivation and closure of government-issued travel charge card accounts.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Modification of waiver authority related to joint qualified officer requirement prior to promotion to general or flag grade

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 504) that would amend section 619a(b)(3) of title 10, United States Code, to remove the explicit authority of the Secretary of Defense to waive the requirement that an officer be joint qualified prior to promotion to general or flag officer for officers in medical-related specialties.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than April 1, 2026, on joint qualification opportunities for medical or health related specialties. The briefing shall include: (1) A list of the joint-qualified officer billets for medical-related specialties and the location of those billets; (2) A list of the joint-qualified officer billets at the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA); (3) An analysis and comparison of the joint officer billets at other Combat Support Agencies (CSAs), like DLA, compared to those at the Defense Health Agency (DHA); (4) Recommendations for how to increase, if required, the joint officer billets for medical-related specialties to ensure broad opportunities for joint qualification, similar to other CSAs; (5) An analysis on how the military services can make Defense Health Agency assignments milestones at different grades to include senior enlisted, junior officer, intermediate officer and senior officer levels; (6) An analysis from the Defense Health Agency on a what billets would be coded joint health related; and (7) Any barriers, legislative or policy, to the designation or creation of additional joint officer billets for medical-related specialties.

Ranks of Judge Advocates General

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 505) that would amend sections 7037, 8088, and 9037 of title 10, United States Code, to require that the Judge Advocates General of the Army, Navy, and Air Force serve in the grade of lieutenant general or vice admiral while so serving.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Procedures for selection of Space Force officers for promotion to major general

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 506) that would amend sections 20215, 20216, 20217, 20239, and 20241 of title 10, United States Code, to establish a unique promotion process for promotion of Space Force officers to the grade of major general.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Designation of at least one general officer of the Marine Corps Reserve as a joint qualified officer

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 508) that would require that at least one general officer of the Marine Corps Reserve be designated as a joint qualified officer.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Modification to grade and allowances available to Attending Physician to the Congress

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 509) that would amend section 715 of title 10, United States Code, to require the Attending Physician to the Congress to hold the grade of colonel or Navy captain.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Grades of certain chiefs of reserve components

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 511) that would amend sections 7038, 8083, 8084, and 9038 of title 10, United States Code, to require the chief of each military service reserve component to serve in the grade of lieutenant general or vice admiral.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We urge the service chiefs of staff and the Commandant of the Marine Corps to continue to use their discretionary authority to appoint a lieutenant general or vice admiral as the chief of their respective reserve component.

Pilot authority for extended length of orders to active duty for preplanned missions in support of the combatant commands

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 512) that would amend section 12304b of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Secretary of the Navy to order units of the Marine

Corps Selected Reserve to active duty for up to 545 consecutive days, rather than 365 days, for preplanned missions in support of the combatant commands.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that existing statutory authorities, including sections 12301(d), 12302, and 12304b of title 10, United States Code, already provide the Department with flexible means to activate members of the Reserve Components in support of operational and preplanned requirements, including for periods exceeding 365 days when necessary. We are aware that the Department is reviewing these authorities and may consider legislative changes in the future. To inform any such deliberations, we direct the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than April 1, 2026, outlining the Department's rationale for seeking additional activation authority under section 12304b and identifying any statutory, administrative, or policy barriers that prevent full use of existing mobilization authorities.

Disestablishment of Navy Reserve Center system

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 512) that would direct the Secretary of the Navy to disestablish the Navy Reserve Center system.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not contain the Senate provision.

FireGuard Program: program of record; authorization

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 516) that would authorize the FireGuard Program as a program of record through December 31, 2031.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than June 1, 2026, on the FireGuard Program. The briefing shall include at a minimum:

(1) For the 5 years preceding enactment of this Act, a list of the States, counties, municipalities, and Tribal governments that received information under the FireGuard program, to include a map for each year analyzed that shows the locations of wildfires for which the FireGuard provided information to the above listed entities;

(2) An assessment of the average length of time between initial detection of the fire via satellite until alerts were sent to appropriate authorities and the factors that impact the speed at which data is shared; and

(3) A review of what, if any, efforts are being made to integrate aerial surveillance data from non-Department of Defense sources, and any relevant barriers to that integration.

Treatment of funds received by National Guard Bureau as reimbursement from States

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 515) that would redirect any funds provided by the states as reimbursement from the Department of the Treasury to the National Guard Bureau.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Limitations applicable to the authority to transfer space functions of the Air National Guard to the Space Force

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 516) that would amend section 514 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159) to add a rule of construction restricting Air National Guard transfers and preserving the applicability of title 32.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that section 514 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 188-159) was expressly and intentionally limited in scope. Section 514 only authorized the transfer of 578 personnel billets assigned to nine specified units and Headquarters, Air National Guard, from the Air National Guard to the Space Force as a part of the consolidation of space capabilities into the Space Force. That legal authority did not establish any precedent that would waive or reduce any state governor's authorities under section 104 of title 32, United States Code; or section 18238 of title 10, United States Code, to prevent future transfers of personnel, billets, or units from the National Guard to another component of the Armed Forces without such governor's consent.

Study and report on National Guard capabilities in cyber incident response

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 517) that would authorize a study on National Guard capabilities in cyber incident response.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We are encouraged by the increased integration of the National Guard in cyber incident response operations, but we remain concerned that this critical capability is not being fully leveraged to meet emerging national security needs. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than 180 days after the enactment of this Act, evaluating the capabilities and authorities of the National Guard in responding to cyber incidents affecting national security. Such report shall be developed in consultation with the Chief of the National Guard Bureau, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, and shall address the following: (1) An assessment of the current roles and responsibilities of the National Guard in cyber incident response, including: (a) engagements under Federal authority, such as those pursuant to title 10, United States Code; and (b) deployments under state authority, initiated by Governors pursuant to title 32, United States Code, or state law. (2) An analysis of existing legal authorities governing the National Guard's participation in cyber incident response, including any limitations or gaps in such authorities; (3) An evaluation of resource allocation for National Guard cyber response capabilities, including personnel, equipment, and funding; (4) An assessment of training programs and needs for National Guard personnel to effectively respond to cyber incidents, including joint training with Federal agencies and private sector entities; (5) A review of coordination mechanisms between the National Guard, Federal agencies (including the Department of Defense, the Department of Homeland Security, and the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency), State governments, and private sector partners involved in cyber incident response; and (6) An identification of challenges or barriers to enhancing the National Guard's role in cyber incident response and recommendations to address such challenges.

Assistance for certain youth and charitable organizations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 519) that would amend section 508(d) of title 32, United States Code, to include the Young Marines, the Naval Sea Cadet Corps, and the United

States Coast Guard Auxiliary among the organizations eligible to receive assistance from the National Guard.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that section 508(d) of title 32, United States Code, already provides the Secretary of Defense with flexibility to designate additional youth and charitable organizations for the purposes of National Guard support, rendering additional statutory language unnecessary. The Department of Defense and National Guard Bureau are encouraged to continue applying this authority consistently across the States and territories.

Feasibility study regarding funeral honors duty

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 520) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Under Secretary for Memorial Affairs of the Department of Veterans Affairs, to conduct a feasibility study on the provision of funeral honors under section 1491 of title 10, United States Code, including options to mitigate impacts on the National Guard Bureau and to compensate veterans service organizations for associated expenses.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than October 1, 2026, to conduct a feasibility study to:

(1) Determine how the Secretary can provide funeral honor details under section 1491 of title 10, United States Code, without negatively affecting the ability of the National Guard Bureau to fulfill operational and mission requirement; and

(2) Identify policies and practices that could prevent lapses in such provisions.

Not later than 90 days after completion of this study, the Secretary is directed to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the results.

Codification of additional basic branches of the Army

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 523) that would amend section 7063(a) of title 10, United States Code, to add eleven Army career fields as statutory basic branches of the Army.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Army already recognizes and manages these eleven career fields within its existing organizational

structure. We also acknowledge the importance of maintaining specialized career fields within the Army to ensure technical depth, institutional continuity, and alignment with emerging operational requirements. We are aware of ongoing Army reviews related to the potential elimination or consolidation of certain functional areas.

Accordingly, we direct the Secretary of the Army to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than February 1, 2026, on the status and rationale of any such reviews or changes. The briefing shall include:

(1) A description of any functional areas that have been, or are planned to be, eliminated or consolidated, to include total number authorized and on hand, by functional area, prior to reduction;

(2) The criteria and analysis used to determine which functional areas are retained, merged, or removed;

(3) The anticipated effects on officer career progression, education, assignments, and promotion opportunity;

(4) The impact of these changes on the Army's operational effectiveness, including how the Army will mitigate capability gaps created by the loss or redistribution of specialized personnel, to include planned modification, elimination, or conversion of any authorized billet;

(5) How officers formerly assigned to eliminated functional areas would be reassigned within their basic branches, including an assessment of available authorizations and projected manning levels; and

(6) Any legislative, regulatory, or policy recommendations.

We emphasize that maintaining an appropriate balance between branch generalization and functional specialization is critical to preserving the Army's warfighting and institutional capabilities.

Recognition of remotely piloted aircraft crew

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 524) that would require the Secretaries of the military departments, in consultation with the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, to establish a status identifier or equivalent recognition to denote the combat participation of remotely piloted aircraft crew members who conduct operations in direct support of combat missions.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We recognize the importance of ensuring appropriate recognition of combat participation by remotely piloted aircraft crew members. Accordingly, we direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than June 1, 2026, detailing the Department's plan to establish a status identifier or equivalent recognition for such personnel, including a plan to communicate this information to the Department of Veterans Affairs.

Prohibition on use of Federal funds for diversity, equity, and inclusion

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 525) that would prohibit funds authorized by this Act from being used for diversity, equity, and inclusion purposes.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Prohibition of new COVID-19 vaccine mandate for members of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 526) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from issuing a COVID-19 vaccine mandate as a replacement for the mandate rescinded under section 525 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263).

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than April 1, 2026, on the process for administrative and religious exemptions for all vaccinations, to include COVID-19. The briefing shall include: (1) The application process for vaccine exemptions, administrative and religious, for each military service; (2) The adjudication process for vaccine exemptions, administrative and religious, for each military service; (3) Any relevant policy guidance from the Secretary of Defense to the military services on administering this process; and (4) Any other matters the Secretary determines relevant.

Recommendation with respect to the retired rank of General John D. Lavelle

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 527) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than September 30,

2026, to submit to the President and the Senate a recommendation regarding the restoration of the retired rank of General John D. Lavelle to general.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on missing members found deceased

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 528) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after the enactment of this Act, to submit a report to the Congress on the number of servicemembers found deceased over the preceding 10 years and the duty-status designations applied in those cases.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We remain committed to oversight of the Department's application of absent without leave, unauthorized-absence, and duty-status–whereabouts-unknown designations in cases involving missing servicemembers who are later found deceased. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than 180 days after enactment of this Act, outlining the number of members of the Armed Forces who were found deceased during the 5 years preceding that date and who were designated absent without leave, on unauthorized absence, or in a duty-status–whereabouts-unknown condition. The briefing shall include the following elements with regards to each such member:

(1) Sex;

(2) Age;

(3) Home station;

(4) Whether the member had previously reported sexual assault, sexual abuse, or stalking; and

(5) Reasons for the applicable designation.

Waivers for potential enlistees into the Armed Forces to reapply for enlistment following a positive toxicology test for tetrahydrocannabinol

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 535) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop a waiver program for potential enlistees into the into the Armed Forces who were not permitted to enlist following a positive toxicology test for tetrahydrocannabinol, and submit a report on such waivered recruits to the congressional defense committees, not later than 180 days after the enactment of this Act.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Training requirements for occupational specialties with civilian equivalents

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 541) that would amend chapter 101 of title 10, United States Code, to add a requirement for the Secretaries of the military departments to ensure that training provided for military occupational specialties with comparable civilian occupations includes all necessary training and certifications to allow servicemembers to enter those civilian occupations upon separation without additional requirements.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than July 1, 2026 on existing programs and policies that align military training standards with civilian credentialing and certification requirements. The briefing shall include a summary of current certification programs by service, participation and completion rates, and any identified gaps or barriers preventing servicemembers from earning industry-recognized credentials during their military service.

Service Academies; appointments and additional appointees

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 544) that would amend sections 7442, 7443, 8454, 8456, 9442 and 9443 of title 10, United States Code, to reform the admissions process at the military service academies.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 547).

The agreement does not include either provision.

Integration of the Secretary of Defense Strategic Thinkers Program

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 544) that would require the Secretary of Defense to designate an appropriate office within the Department of Defense to manage the Secretary of Defense Strategic Thinkers Program (STP) and to obtain Military Education Level One (MEL-1) credit for the STP.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct, not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the advisability and feasibility of the Department of Defense obtaining MEL-1 credit for the STP, and of designating an appropriate office within the Department to manage the STP and implement MEL-1 credit for STP completion.

Prohibition on use of Federal funds to endorse critical race theory

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549A) that would prohibit funds authorized by this Act to promote or endorse critical race theory in military academies, servicemember training, or professional military education.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Prohibition on the reduction of funding for foreign language training for members of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (549B) that would prohibit any effort to terminate, replace, reduce, or prepare to terminate, replace, or reduce a program of foreign language training or instruction until the Secretary of Defense submits to the congressional defense committees a report on the impacts of the planned termination, replacement, or reduction.

The Senate bill did not contain a similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We remain concerned that the Department has not adequately planned for and resourced foreign language training and instruction. As a result, in fiscal year 2024 the Language Flagship Program and the Language Training Centers (LTC) program were forced to curtail programs in mission critical languages like Chinese and Russian and in fiscal year 2025 the Department halted LTC programs and the Project Global Officer program altogether.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than April 1, 2026, on the Department’s plan to maintain critical and strategic language proficiency for servicemembers, Reserve Officers' Training Corps students, and programs that partner with colleges and universities to enhance the pool of skilled future Department of Defense personnel. This briefing shall include: (1) A description of all foreign language training and instruction programs that were halted in 2025; (2) An evaluation of the

Department's current readiness as it relates to critical language capabilities; (3) The department's plan to address any readiness shortfalls in obtaining, maintaining, and retaining critical language skills across the force; and (4) The Department's funding plan across the Future Years Defense Program for Language Flagship Program, Project Global Officer, Language Training Centers, and Boren Awards.

Report on interoperability of cyber training of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549D) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report on the interoperability of the cyber training programs of the Armed Forces.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on Air National Guard C-130J Formal Training Unit

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549G) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force in consultation with the Chief of the National Guard Bureau, to submit to the congressional defense committees a report, not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, regarding the Air National Guard C-130J Formal Training Unit.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Air Force to submit a report, not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, regarding the Air National Guard C-130J Formal Training Unit. The report shall include: (1) The determination and reasoning of the Secretary whether such unit is adequate for Air National Guard pilot and loadmaster throughputs; (2) The determination of the Secretary whether there is a backlog of C-130J pilots and loadmasters in the Air Force and Air National Guard; (3) How many pilots and loadmasters are trained through such unit each year; and (4) The determination of the Secretary whether the plan for training through such unit for fiscal years 2027 through 2030 is adequate for the Air National Guard recapitalization to C-130Js.

Pilot program on psychological performance training at the United States Air Force Academy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549J) that would require the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Superintendent of the United States Air Force Academy (USAFA),

to establish a pilot program to integrate psychological performance training into the Academy's curriculum and cadet development model, with evaluation metrics and a post-pilot report to Congress.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We acknowledge that USAFA offers robust education and training program within the academic, military training, and fitness programming that prepares cadets to lead as commissioned officers in the U.S. Air Force and Space Force. Specifically, USAFA provides psychological performance and resilience training through the Peak Performance Center and related mental-skills coaching and supports continued efforts to evaluate and strengthen such programs. Accordingly, we direct the Secretary of the Air Force to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than July 1, 2026, that includes:

(1) A description of current psychological performance and resilience training programs at USAFA, including training provided to cadets, faculty, commanders, and military personnel supporting cadet training;

(2) An assessment of the effectiveness of such programs using available cadet performance, attrition, and well-being data;

(3) A description of cognitive training tools and leadership development components used to improve resilience, focus, decision-making, and recovery under pressure; and

(4) Recommendations for enhancing psychological performance training across the military service academies and other accession programs, as appropriate.

Authorization of death penalty for offense of rape of a child under the Uniform Code of Military Justice

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 554) that would amend Article 120b of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) (10 U.S.C. 920b) to authorize the death penalty for the offense of rape of a child.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that section 539E of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81) required that the President prescribe sentencing parameters and sentencing criteria for offenses under the UCMJ, and that military judges sentence an accused within the applicable sentencing parameters. We additionally note that Kennedy v.

Louisiana, 554 U.S. 407 (2008) held that the death penalty for the rape of a child is unconstitutional.

Increase in maximum sentence for the offense of voluntary manslaughter under the Uniform Code of Military Justice

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 555) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Joint Service Committee on Military Justice, to review and recommend to the President an increase the maximum sentence for voluntary manslaughter under Article 119(a) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) (10 U.S.C. 919).

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that section 539E of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81) required that the President prescribe sentencing parameters and sentencing criteria for offenses under the UCMJ, and that military judges sentence an accused within the applicable sentencing parameters.

Administration of college admissions tests by the Department of Defense Education Activity

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 555) that would require the Director of the Department of Defense Education Activity (DODEA) to direct DODEA schools to offer to administer, and, if such an offer is accepted, administer at least one college admissions test to each student in the eleventh grade of the parent's choice.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that DODEA currently offers and administers college admissions tests, often free of charge, to students.

Support for expanding early childcare options for members of the Armed Forces and their families

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 556) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to direct the Secretaries of the military departments to: (1) Identify gaps between existing early childcare needs and available eligible childcare providers; (2) Use resources of the Department of Defense to support eligible childcare providers in recruitment and retention of employees; (3) Seek to enter into an interagency partnership with a Federal agency with the ability to place national service participants and volunteers at

military child development centers; and (4) Provide training and resources subsidies to eligible childcare providers.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that the Department of Defense has conducted a staffing and compensation model review of Child and Youth Programs and are currently in the process of implementing the results of the review. We encourage the Department to implement the new model swiftly to ensure the existing gaps between early childcare needs and eligible providers are closed.

Improved counseling and access to information relating to foster care for military families

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 557) that would require the Secretary of Defense to: (1) Require that all counselors assigned to a Family Advocacy Program or Military and Family Life program at a military installation be trained in the requirements and resources relating to foster care in the state in which the installation is located; (2) Require the inclusion of foster care information on Military OneSource; and (3) Seek guidance from the Department of Health and Human Services with respect to obtaining resources relating to foster care.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We acknowledge the unique needs of military families related to adoption and foster care. Military OneSource already provides information and services related to adoption and foster care. Specifically, adoption and foster care consultants connect military families with state-specific and centralized adoption and foster care resources throughout the adoption and foster care process.

Reports and briefings on efforts to prevent and respond to sexual assault, sexual harassment, and intimate-partner violence within the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 558) that would require quarterly reports on Department of Defense efforts to prevent and respond to sexual assault, sexual harassment, and intimate-partner violence, and annual briefings to the Congress from the lead special trial counsels of the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 532).

The agreement does not include either provision.

We recognize and support the Department of Defense's ongoing efforts to prevent and address sexual assault, sexual

harassment, and intimate partner violence. We note existing reporting requirements including the Annual Report on Sexual Assault in the Military, as required by section 1631 of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111-383), as amended by section 537 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283), and the Annual Report on Sexual Harassment and Violence at the Military Service Academies, as required by section 532 of the John Warner National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (Public Law 109-364).

Pilot program on recruitment and retention of employees for child development programs

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 558) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to develop and implement a pilot program to assess the effectiveness of increasing compensation or other benefits for employees of child development programs on military installations.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that section 589A of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159) required the Secretary of Defense, in collaboration with the Secretaries of the military departments, to redesign the Department of Defense child development program compensation model and modernize of the child development program staffing model. We encourage the Department to implement the outcomes of the compensation and staffing model to ensure childcare providers are compensated competitively.

Study and recommendations regarding misconduct prevention in Okinawa, Japan

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 559) that would require the Secretary of Defense to seek to enter into a contract with a federally funded research and development center to conduct a study and develop recommendations regarding prevention of misconduct by servicemembers stationed in Okinawa, Japan.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than 1 year after the enactment of

this Act, on misconduct prevention in Okinawa, Japan. The briefing should include: (1) Data on the prevalence and rates of criminal activity and other misconduct of servicemembers in Okinawa, Japan; (2) An overview of current Department policies, programs, and procedures and an assessment of their efficacy in addressing such misconduct; (3) Any identified gaps or challenges of the Department in addressing such misconduct; and (4) Any legislative or policy changes the Department believes would be required to better prevent and address such misconduct.

Report on unmet need for childcare in areas with significant populations of members of the Armed Forces

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 559) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than September 30, 2027, to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the unmet need for childcare in certain areas.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that section 586 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159) already requires annual briefings on unmet childcare needs in certain areas.

Automatic expungement of certain titling and indexing records

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 560) that would require the automatic expungement of certain titling or indexing records pertaining to a covered person in a covered database 10 years after the date on which such person separates from military service.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize the importance of making improvements to the Department of Defense's titling and indexing systems. However, we note that section 545 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283) allows covered servicemembers to request that their personally identifying information be expunged from law enforcement or criminal investigative reports of the Department or index items or entries in the Department of Defense Central Index of Investigations.

Establishment of separation oath for members of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 561) that would amend section 502 of title 10, United States Code, to establish a voluntary separation oath for members of the Armed Forces who are retiring or otherwise separating from service.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Legal assistance for guardianship transfers

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 561) that would require the Secretaries of the military departments to provide members of the Armed Forces serving on active duty access to legal services provided by an attorney specializing in guardianship transfers in each state in which a military installation is located.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the provision.

We note the significant challenges servicemembers face to transfer guardianship during a permanent change of station. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than March 1, 2026, on: (1) The feasibility and advisability of requiring the Secretaries of the military departments to provide servicemembers access to legal services provided by an attorney specializing in guardianship transfers, similar to the education attorneys and legal assistance provided to servicemembers enrolled in the Exceptional Family Member Program; (2) The number of members of the Armed Forces with guardianship of incapacitated adult dependents, or a plan to gather such data; (3) Existing or planned efforts by the Defense-State Liaison Office to work with States or servicemembers to improve the guardianship transfer process; and (4) Any other matters the Secretary determines relevant.

Presentation by a veterans service organization in Transition Assistance Program preseparation counseling

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 562) that would amend section 1142(b) of title 10, United States Code, to require the Department of Defense to include a standardized presentation by a veterans service organization as part of the Transition Assistance Program pre-separation counseling.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Expansion of eligibility of veterans for certain military adaptive sports program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 563) that would amend section 2564a of title 10, United States Code, to remove the 1-year limitation following separation for veterans' participation in the Department of Defense Military Adaptive Sports Program.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Veterans Affairs operates a comprehensive adaptive sports program under its Office of National Veterans Sports Programs and Special Events, designed to support rehabilitation and community reintegration for veterans through athletic and recreational competition. These efforts complement the Department of Defense Military Adaptive Sports Program and provide a natural continuum of care and participation as servicemembers transition to veteran status.

Transition Assistance Program: Department of Labor Employment Navigator and Partnership Pilot Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 564) that would establish a five-year pilot program, led by the Department of Labor in coordination with the Departments of Defense and Veterans Affairs, to provide individualized employment counseling and job placement services to transitioning servicemembers and their spouses.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Skillbridge: apprenticeship programs

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 565) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Department of Labor, to conduct a study identifying private entities participating in SkillBridge that offer registered apprenticeship positions, and to expand such opportunities in areas with limited availability.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense already operates the United Services Military Apprenticeship Program, which provides servicemembers with access to Department of Labor–registered apprenticeship pathways based on their military occupational training and experience. This program facilitates

credential attainment and alignment with civilian apprenticeship standards.

Female members of certain Armed Forces and civilian employees of the Department of Defense in STEM

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 566) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a study on how to increase the participation of women in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) positions in the Armed Forces.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that women are eligible for all military occupational specialties related to STEM, and many women in service work in STEM and STEM-related functions in today's military. Additionally, STEM internship opportunities in the SkillBridge program are already available to members of the Armed Forces transitioning from active duty to civilian life.

Assistance to members with special operations medical training in obtaining credit towards a degree in a medical field

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 568) that would amend Chapter 58 of title 10, United States Code, to require the Secretary of Defense to seek to enter into agreements with institutions of higher education to provide credit towards a degree in a medical field at such institutions for members of the Armed Forces who received special operations medical training.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that there are existing pathways through which servicemembers who complete special operations medical training may receive academic credit through established agreements between the Department of Defense and accredited institutions of higher education.

Improvement of transition of air traffic controllers in the Armed Forces to the civilian workforce in air traffic control occupations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 569) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with each of the States (through the Defense-State Liaison Office of the Department of Defense), the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, the Secretary of Transportation, and the Secretary of Labor, to

develop recommendations to improve the transition of military air traffic controllers under the jurisdiction of the Secretary into the civilian workforce in air traffic control occupations.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretaries of Veterans Affairs, Transportation, and Labor, to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than July 1, 2026, addressing:

(1) Challenges in determining and communicating how military air traffic control training and experience translate to civilian credentials and employment;

(2) Obstacles to standardizing military controller qualifications across the Services and aligning them with civilian certification requirements;

(3) Gaps that prevent servicemembers from earning equivalent civilian credentials prior to separation; and

(4) Recommendations to improve the transition of military air traffic controllers under the jurisdiction of the Secretary into the civilian workforce in air traffic control occupations.

Extension of period of availability of Military OneSource program for retired and discharged members of the Armed Forces and their immediate families

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 570) that would amend section 558(a) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115-232) to extend the period of availability of the Military OneSource program for retired and discharged members of the Armed Forces and their immediate families.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Pilot program to increase payments for child care services in high-cost areas

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 573) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to establish a pilot program to provide grants to eligible childcare providers seeking to expand the capacity of childcare for infants and toddlers.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that another section under this Act includes an authority to improve access to childcare services in high-cost areas.

Report on military child development center staffing and access across the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 577) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of Homeland Security with respect to the Coast Guard, to submit a report on the staffing of, and access to, military child development centers for members of the Armed Forces and their families.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Prohibitions on provision of gender transition services through an Exceptional Family Member Program of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 578) that would prohibit gender transition procedures, including surgery or medication, for a minor dependent child through the Exceptional Family Member Program.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

National Week of Military Recruitment

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 582) that would amend chapter 1 of title 36, United States Code, to designate the last full week of September as the National Week of Military Recruitment.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Authorization to award the Medal of Honor to retired Colonel Philip J. Conran for acts of valor in Laos during the Vietnam war

The House bill included a provision (sec. 592) that would waive the time limitations specified in section 9274 of title 10, United States Code, with respect to awarding the Medal of Honor to (Ret.) Colonel Philip Conran for the acts of valor in Laos during the Vietnam war.

The Senate bill included no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize the efforts and heroism of Colonel Philip J. Conran for his acts in Laos during the Vietnam war, for which he was previously awarded the Air Force Cross.

Authorization of award of medal of honor to Gregory McManus for acts of valor

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 593) that would waive the time limitations specified in section 7274 of title 10, United States Code, and authorize the President to award the Medal of Honor to Gregory McManus for his acts of valor as a member of the Army during the Vietnam War.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize and honor the heroism and courage of Gregory McManus during his service in Vietnam, for which he was awarded the Distinguished Flying Cross.

Briefing on support needed for Joint Task Force-Southern Border

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 594) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on housing and other quality-of-life needs of members of the Armed Forces deployed in support of Joint Task Force-Southern Border.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

While the legislative provision was not adopted, we remain interested in the housing and quality-of-life needs of members of the Armed Forces supporting Joint Task Force–Southern Border. We note that a related briefing requirement is included under a separate provision within this Act.

Report on adequacy of commissaries and dining facilities on military installations that support certain missions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 595) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the adequacy of commissaries and dining facilities on military installations that support certain missions.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of

Representatives, not later than August 1, 2026, a briefing on the adequacy of housing, commissaries, dining facilities, alternatives to dining facilities, and other quality-of-life needs of members of the Armed Forces supporting missions along the southern border of the United States or in the Arctic.

The briefing shall include:

(1) An assessment of the quantity and adequacy of housing available to such members, including any shortfalls or deficiencies;

(2) An assessment of the adequacy of existing commissary and dining facility infrastructure at such military installations, including capacity, hours of operation, and quality of food service;

(3) An evaluation of whether current commissary and dining facilities meet the needs of members and their families on such military installations;

(4) An assessment of any other quality-of-life needs affecting such members, including access to recreation, childcare, medical, and morale, welfare, and recreation services; and

(5) An analysis of how any inadequacies in such facilities impact readiness, morale, and retention.

Operation Midnight Hammer Medal

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 596) that would require the Secretaries of the military departments to authorize the award of an Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal, to be known as the Operation Midnight Hammer Medal, to eligible servicemembers.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the military services retain the authority to recommend the creation of an Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal for certain military operations.

Extension and modification of program to commemorate 50th anniversary of Vietnam War

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 598) that would amend section 598 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110-181) to extend and modify the program to commemorate the 50th anniversary of the Vietnam War.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that The United States of America Vietnam War Commemoration was signed into law in the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 and on May 28, 2012,

President Barack Obama inaugurated a 13-year program to honor and commemorate the 50th Anniversary of the Vietnam War. Since 2012, the Commemoration has thanked and honored over 4.4 million Vietnam veterans and their families and conducted over 29,000 events across the 56 States, commonwealths, and territories. While the Commemoration concluded its work on Veterans Day, November 11, 2025, individual local and organizational events continue to honor Vietnam veterans. We honor the service and sacrifice of servicemembers in the Vietnam War and commemorate the 50th anniversary.

Authorization of award of medal of honor to Thomas Helmut Griffin for acts of valor as a member of the Army during the Vietnam War

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 599) that would waive time limitations specified in section 7274 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the award of the Medal of Honor to Thomas H. Griffin for acts of valor during the period of March 1 through March 3, 1969, while serving as a captain in the Army during the Vietnam War, for which he was previously awarded the Silver Star.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We commend Thomas H. Griffin for his heroic acts of valor while serving as a captain in the Army during the Vietnam War.

Prohibitions relating to questions and answers about sex, gender, and gender identity in forms and surveys of the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 599A) that would prohibit the Department of Defense from gathering gender-identity information or using forms or surveys that include non-binary gender options.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

TITLE VI—COMPENSATION AND OTHER PERSONNEL BENEFITS

SUBTITLE A—BASIC PAY AND RETIRED PAY

Sec. 601 - Codification of applicability to Space Force of certain pay and allowance authorities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 601) that would amend title 37, United States Code, to codify the applicability of existing pay, allowance, and bonus authorities to members of the Space Force.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with technical amendments.

Sec. 602 - Extension of enhanced authority for selective early retirement and early discharges

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 621) that would amend section 638a(a)(2) of title 10, United States Code, to extend the enhanced authority for selective retirement and early discharges through December 31, 2030.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 603 - Extension of temporary early retirement authority

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 622) that would amend section 4403(i) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (Public Law 102-484) to extend the temporary early retirement authority through December 31, 2030.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

SUBTITLE B—BONUS, INCENTIVE, AND SEPARATION PAYS

Sec. 611 - One-year extension of certain expiring bonus and special pay authorities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 611) that would extend, through December 31, 2026, certain expiring bonus and special pay authorities relating to Reserve forces; health care professionals; nuclear officers; consolidated special, incentive, and bonus authorities under title 37, United States Code; and temporary increases in rates of basic allowance for housing.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 5611).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 612 - Extension of authority to provide voluntary separation pay and benefits

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 623) that would amend section 1175a(k)(1) of title 10, United States Code, to extend the authority to provide voluntary separation pay and benefits in accordance with this section until December 31, 2030.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 613 - Implementation of aviation incentive pay for members of reserve components

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 612) that would amend section 602(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81) to require the Department of Defense to complete its evaluation of aviation incentive pay and establish a standardized framework that clarifies what portions of such pay are tied to skills versus retention, ensuring appropriate alignment across components.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 614 - Reviews of designations of imminent danger pay areas

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 611) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a review of each area designated by section 351(a)(3) of title 37, United States Code, as imminent danger pay, and not later than 60 days after each review, submit a report on the review to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, including any changes to designations resulting from the review.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

SUBTITLE C—ALLOWANCES

Sec. 621 - Modifications to calculation of basic allowance for subsistence for enlisted members

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 601) that would amend section 402 of title 37, United States Code, to base the Basic Allowance for Subsistence for enlisted members on the Department of Agriculture’s liberal food plan and to clarify the calculation of the allowance for members receiving meals under Essential Station Messing.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 623) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit annual reports on the budgeting and use of funds for the Basic Allowance for Subsistence and military food service programs.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment requiring the Secretary of Defense to submit an implementation plan and an annual report through 2028 addressing the sources and use of funds for food programs.

Sec. 622 - Family separation allowance: increase

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 622) that would amend section 427(a) of title 37, United States Code, to set the Family Separation Allowance at a fixed rate of $400 per month.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to increase the minimum Family Separation Allowance rate from $250 to $300 per month, thereby adjusting the authorized range to $300 to $400 per month.

Sec. 623 - Extending certain travel allowance for members of the Armed Forces assigned to Alaska

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 614) that would amend section 603(b) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263) to extend certain travel allowances for servicemembers assigned to Alaska through December 31, 2026.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 627) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a program to provide government-funded transportation for unaccompanied members of the Armed Forces from designated overseas locations to their homes of record, or to other locations of comparable or lesser cost.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to make the authority explicitly applicable to unaccompanied members with orders of not less than 12 months and to extend the authority through December 31, 2027.

Sec. 624 - Improvements to basic allowance for housing

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 624) that would require the Department to evaluate alternative methods for calculating the basic allowance for housing, including piloting an artificial-intelligence-generated rate model in selected housing areas. The House bill also contained a provision (sec. 625) that would require the Department to evaluate whether

housing allowance rates should be based on housing market data within a commuting area defined as a 120-minute or less round-trip driving time.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 603) that would require the Department to improve transparency in how housing allowance rates are set and to develop and test an alternative method for calculating those rates using bedroom-based criteria and verified rental market data.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that strengthens transparency requirements for how housing allowance rates are calculated and expands the study to evaluate current rate adequacy while developing improved, data-driven methods that incorporate machine learning and artificial intelligence.

SUBTITLE D—LEAVE

Sec. 631 - Improved parental leave for members of the armed forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 633) that would require the Secretary of Defense to exempt servicemembers from performance evaluations during parental leave lasting more than 31 consecutive days and to allow members to use their parental leave for up to 2 years without a waiver.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement contains the House provision with an amendment to section 701(h)(1)(B) of title 10, United States Code, authorizing servicemembers to use parental leave within a 2-year window with approval from the first general or flag officer in their chain of command, and requiring the Secretary of Defense to issue implementing regulations.

Sec. 632 - Convalescent leave for cadets and midshipmen

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 632) that amend section 702 of title 10, United States Code, to clarify convalescent leave eligibility for service academy cadets and midshipmen.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 523).

The agreement includes the House provision.

SUBTITLE E—FAMILY AND SURVIVOR BENEFITS

Sec. 641 - Annual review of financial assistance limits for child care and youth program services providers

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 641) that would amend section 1798 of title 10, United States Code, to require an annual review of the amount of financial assistance for eligible civilian childcare youth program services providers.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 642 - Waiver of requirements for air transportation of deceased members of the Armed Forces when necessary to meet mission requirements

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 642) that would amend section 562(c) of the John Warner National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (Public Law 109-364) to grant the Secretary of Defense waiver authority for the requirements governing air transportation of deceased servicemembers to meet mission requirements during a time of war, national emergency requiring the use of significant personnel and aircraft, large-scale combat operations, or a contingency operation.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

SUBTITLE F—DEFENSE RESALE MATTERS

Sec. 651 - Use of commissary stores: civilian employees of Military Sealift Command

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 651) that would amend section 1066 of title 10, United States Code, to permit civilian employees of the Military Sealift Command to use commissary stores and Morale, Welfare, and Recreation retail facilities on the same basis as members of the Armed Forces on active duty.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 652 - Defense commissary system and exchange system: patronage; privatization

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 652) that would amend chapter 54 of title 10, United States Code, by adding a new section to authorize civilian employees of the Department of Defense or the department in which the Coast Guard is operating to use Morale, Welfare, and Recreation retail facilities.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with amendments that maintain current commissary and exchange access through January 1, 2027, preserve existing statutory limits on privatization, and direct the Secretary of Defense to propose a consolidated legislative framework that clearly defines recommended patron categories.

Not later than 180 days after the conclusion of the Department of Defense civilian employee access pilot program, we direct the Secretary of Defense to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report evaluating:

(1) The number and categories of civilian participants, including participation rates by installation, grade, and employment type;

(2) The total volume of sales and patronage levels generated by civilian participants, and the proportion of total commissary sales represented by such patronage;

(3) The gross and net revenue generated from civilian sales, including the disposition or use of any additional revenues, fees, or surcharges collected;

(4) The impact of the pilot programs on overall commissary operating costs, including labor, supply chain, and inventory management;

(5) Any observed or projected effects on appropriated funding requirements for the Defense Commissary Agency and the commissary subsidy;

(6) The impact on facility infrastructure, security, parking, and utilities at participating installations;

(7) The effect on military patron access, wait times, and customer satisfaction;

(8) Any operational challenges, staffing adjustments, or system modifications required to accommodate the pilot;

(9) Any adjustments to procurement or contracting requirements associated with increased patronage; and

(10) The Secretary's assessment of the overall feasibility, fiscal sustainability, and advisability of expanded access for Department of Defense civilian employees.

SUBTITLE G—OTHER BENEFITS, ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS, REPORTS, AND BRIEFINGS

Sec. 661 - Inclusion of descriptions of types of pay on pay statements

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 602) that would require the Secretary of Defense to ensure that pay statements for servicemembers include clear, plain-language descriptions for each type of pay, allowance, and deduction. The descriptions would cover the legal authority, purpose, eligibility criteria, and potential changes to each item.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with technical amendments.

Sec. 662 - Provision of information regarding relocation assistance programs for members receiving orders for a change of permanent station

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 661) that would amend section 1056 of title 10, United States Code, to expand the permanent change of station relocation-assistance information the Department must provide servicemembers and their families. The provision would also require the Secretary of Defense to submit to the Congress an annual report for 3 years on the implementation of the relocation assistance requirements.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 663 - Expansion of pilot program to increase access to food on military installations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 662) that would amend section 654 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159) to expand the food-access pilot program to all military departments to improve food access for servicemembers in unaccompanied housing by allowing them to use their Common Access Cards or other approved methods at food and retail locations on military installations.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 664 - Military compensation educational campaign

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 604) that would require the Secretary of Defense to initiate a 12-month educational campaign, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to improve knowledge and understanding of pay and benefits by servicemembers and military families.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment to require the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on its implementation plan and the effectiveness of the educational campaign.

Sec. 665 - Designation of United States Army Garrison Kwajalein Atoll as remote and isolated military installation

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 624) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness and the Secretary of the Army to designate United States Army Garrison - Kwajalein Atoll as a remote and isolated military installation within 30 days of the enactment of this Act and provide a notification to the congressional defense committees that such designation has occurred within 30 days of completion.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment to allow for subsequent Department of Defense Instructions governing remote and isolated military installations to replace the citations referenced in the bill text. As the Department continues its ongoing update to its policies regarding remote and isolated military installations, we strongly encourage the Department to recognize the unique nature of U.S. Army Garrison – Kwajalein Atoll and the challenges its location presents, and ensure any future policy revisions appropriately support operations and personnel on the islands.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Incentive pay: explosive ordnance disposal duty

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 612) that would amend subchapter I of chapter 5 of title 37, United States Code, to establish a new incentive pay for members of the Armed Forces performing explosive ordnance disposal duty.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Standardization of cyber assignment incentive pay for members of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 613) that would amend subchapter III of chapter 5 of title 37, United States

Code, to direct the Secretary of Defense to establish a standardized framework for Cyber Assignment Incentive Pay across the Armed Forces.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Pilot program on improving retention of members with degrees in their fields of specialty

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 615) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a pilot program to assess the feasibility and advisability of paying incentive pay to certain enlisted members of the Armed Forces with degrees in their fields of specialty to improve the retention of such members.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 613).

The agreement does not include the provision.

We note that the military departments possess broad authorities under chapter 5 of title 37, United States Code, to provide special and incentive pays to meet service-specific personnel needs. These authorities enable the military departments to recognize critical skills or qualifications, including academic expertise where appropriate.

Basic needs allowance: exclusion of basic allowance for housing from the calculation of gross household income of an eligible member of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 621) that would amend section 402b(k)(1)(B) of title 37, United States Code, to modify how gross household income is calculated for purposes of determining a servicemember's eligibility for a basic needs allowance.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that quality of life measures, including increases in allowances, are addressed elsewhere in this Act.

Temporary adjustment to a rate of the basic allowance for housing for members of the uniformed services: lower threshold; permanent authority

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 626) that would amend section 403(b)(8) of title 37, United States Code, to make permanent and expand the authority for temporary Basic Allowance for Housing adjustments.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Provision of counseling on housing for members of the Armed Forces

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 626) that would amend section 992 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the military departments to enter into contracts to provide counseling to servicemembers on mortgages and other financial products related to the lease or purchase of residences.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Government Accountability Office study on casualty assistance and long-term care programs

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 629) that would require the Comptroller General of the United States to conduct a study on the structure and execution of the casualty assistance and long-term care programs of the Armed Forces.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Bereavement leave for a member of the Armed Forces in the case of a loss of pregnancy or stillbirth

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 631) that would amend section 701 of title 10, United States Code, to expand bereavement leave eligibility to include cases of pregnancy loss or stillbirth experienced by a member of the Armed Forces or the member's spouse.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense has existing authorities that allow servicemembers to take convalescent, emergency, or compassionate leave in circumstances involving pregnancy loss or stillbirth.

Single-use shopping bags in commissary stores

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 653) that would amend section 2485 of title 10, United States Code, to prohibit the Defense Commissary Agency from banning the use of, or charging a fee for, single-use shopping bags in commissary stores.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Pilot program on nutrition ratings for food sold in commissaries

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 654) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a pilot program to provide a nutrition rating system for food sold in commissaries, including through the Commissary Click2Go mobile application, and submit a report to Congress, not later than September 30, 2028, on the results of the pilot program.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Defense Commissary Agency already employs a dietitian-approved nutrition labeling system, including the Dietitian Approved Thumb program used on Click2Go and in-store shelf tags to identify healthier food options.

Casualty assistance program: review; implementation plan

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 663) that would require the Comptroller General of the United States to conduct a review of operations of the casualty assistance program of the Department of Defense.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that matters related to casualty assistance and survivor support are reviewed through the Gold Star Family Advisory Council established by section 575 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31). This Council provides a continuing mechanism for evaluating and improving the Department of Defense's casualty assistance programs.

Report on military camping and recreational park program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 664) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report describing how each military department administers military camping and recreational parks.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Pilot program to provide coupons to junior enlisted members to purchase food at commissaries

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 5621) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a pilot program to assess the efficacy of providing junior enlisted members of the Armed Forces a monthly coupon for use in procuring food at commissaries.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that the Department maintains multiple, comprehensive food-security initiatives across the enterprise, including the Military Family Readiness Council under section 1781a of title 10, United States Code; the data-collection and reporting requirements mandated by section 645 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263); and the ongoing Department-wide working group convened by the Office of Military Community and Family Policy. These efforts collectively provide a robust framework for assessing and addressing food insecurity among servicemembers and their families, as well as existing annual reporting to Congress. We also note that a separate provision of this Act expands the Congressional-directed food-access pilot program to all military departments to improve access for servicemembers living in unaccompanied housing.

TITLE VII—HEALTH CARE PROVISIONS

SUBTITLE A—TRICARE AND OTHER HEALTH BENEFITS

Sec. 701 - Reimbursement for travel expenses relating to specialty care for certain members of the Armed Forces and dependents

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 722) that would lower the reimbursement for specialty care medical appointment mileage for certain members of the Armed Forces and their dependents to 50 miles.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment that modifies Section 1074i(a) of title 10, United 4 States Code, is amended by striking 100 miles and inserting 75 miles.

Sec. 702 - Authority to provide sexual assault medical forensic examination on a nonreimbursable basis to certain otherwise ineligible individuals

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 730) that would require the Secretary of Defense to ensure that each military medical treatment facility maintains the continuous availability of at least one qualified sexual assault nurse examiner to provide forensic medical examinations and related care to sexual assault survivors. The House bill also contained a provision (sec. 732) that would amend section 1725 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2014 (Public Law 113-66) to require the Secretary to ensure that civilian employees and contractors of the Department of Defense (DOD) are furnished sexual assault forensic examinations at military medical treatment facilities following an allegation of sexual assault.

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 704) that would require the Secretary to authorize medical personnel of the DOD to provide sexual assault medical forensic examinations in a military treatment facility to an individual who is not otherwise eligible for healthcare from the Department and reports a sexual assault offense for which the Defense Criminal Investigative Service may initiate an investigation.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

SUBTITLE B—HEALTH CARE ADMINISTRATION

Sec. 711 - Codification of position of Director of the Defense Health Agency

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 711) that would amend section 1073c of title 10, United States Code, to require the Director of the Defense Health Agency to hold a rank that is the same or greater than the rank of any officer serving as the Surgeon General of any military department. The provision would also require the Director of the Defense Health Agency to be a joint qualified officer.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 712 - Military-civilian medical surge program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 721) that would amend section 1096 of title 10, United States Code, to require the Secretary of Defense to carry out a Military-Civilian Medical Surge Program.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 725).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that requires collaboration with the Secretary of Health and Human Services.

Sec. 713 - Modification of limitation on reduction of military medical manning end strength

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 727) that would amend section 741 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263) to extend from 5 years to 10 years the restriction on reductions to military medical end strength authorizations.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 714 - Inclusion of additional requirements in notifications to modify scope of services provided at military medical treatment facilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 735) that would amend section 703(d)(4)(C) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114-328) to extend the notice and wait period for proposed restructuring, realignment, or modification to military medical treatment facilities from 180 days to 1 year.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 727) that would amend section 1073d(f)(2) of title 10, United States Code, to include additional requirements in the notice that that the Secretary of Defense is required to provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives prior to modifying the scope of services provided by a military medical treatment facility.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

We expect that any proposed restructuring, realignment, or modification to military medical treatment facilities will be conducted in collaboration with the appropriate Department of Defense stakeholders to include, the Director of the Defense Health Agency, the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, and the Surgeons General of the military departments, to ensure that operational readiness is not impacted by any proposed changes.

Sec. 715 - Military medical cooperation arrangements among Five Eyes countries

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 741) that would amend chapter 138 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize

the Secretary of Defense to enter into agreements with Five Eyes countries to enhance military medical cooperation.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the agreements entered into and activities carried out pursuant to this provision. The report is due not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter for 3 years.

Sec. 716 - Licensure requirement for health-care professionals of partner countries

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 726) that would amend section 1094 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Department of Defense to recognize medical licenses from trusted partner countries for health professionals caring for U.S. forces.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 717 - Plan for priority assignment of medical personnel of Department of Defense

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 712) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish policies for the priority assignment of medical personnel of the Department of Defense. The provision would also require the Secretaries of the military departments to assign medical personnel consistent with the Secretary of Defense's priorities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 718 - Plan and report by Defense Health Agency relating to chiropractic clinics at military installations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 764) that would require the Director of the Defense Health Agency to develop a plan to reopen closed chiropractic clinics at military installations, and not later than March 31, 2026, submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Senate a report on the plan.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Director of the Defense Health

Agency to develop a plan to reopen chiropractic clinics at military installations that averaged 400 visits per month prior to closure.

Sec. 719 - Strategic infectious disease medical research plan

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 721) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretaries of the military departments, to submit a comprehensive, strategic infectious disease medical research plan to the congressional defense committees, not later than 90 days after the date on which the President submits a budget for fiscal year 2027. Additionally, the provision would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a detailed budget for carrying out the strategic infectious disease medical research plan in conjunction with the fiscal year 2027 budget request submitted pursuant to section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, and annually thereafter through fiscal year 2032.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 720 - Review of disclosure requirements under processes and forms relating to health care provider credentialing and privileging of Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 724) that would require the Department of Defense to establish a centralized system to verify licensure of military health-care professionals, ensuring that 90 percent of non-adverse credential checks are completed within 7 days, regardless of service branch or facility location.

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 717) that would require the Secretary of Defense to review all processes and forms relating to health care provider credentialing and privileging of health care providers who provide care at a military medical treatment facility or through the civilian network of the TRICARE program and to submit a report to Congress, not later than 1 year after date of enactment of this Act, regarding the findings of the required review and a detailed plan outlining steps related to that review.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would include a requirement for the Secretary to establish a centralized credential system.

SUBTITLE C—STUDIES, REPORTS, AND OTHER MATTERS

Sec. 731 - Improvement of availability of care for veterans from facilities and providers of the Department of Defense

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 713) that would require the Secretary of Defense to seek to establish a demonstration program to expand partnerships between Department of Defense (DOD) and Department of Veterans Affairs medical facilities for the purpose of increasing case volume for DOD graduate medical education programs. The Senate bill also contained a provision (sec. 724) that would require the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to conduct outreach to increase awareness of veterans enrolled in the in the system of annual patient enrollment of the Department of Veterans Affairs established and operated under section 1705(a) of title 38, United States Code, of the ability of those veterans to receive care at military medical treatment facilities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretaries of Defense and Veterans Affairs to develop and implement action plans to improve the availability of care for veterans at DOD facilities and from DOD providers and to provide annual briefings to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives and the Committees on Veterans Affairs of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

Sec. 732 - Prohibition on painful research on domestic cats and dogs

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 728) that would prohibit the Department of Defense from conducting painful research on domestic cats and dogs unless the Secretary of Defense grants a waiver on a case-by-case basis.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 733 - Pilot program on wastewater surveillance system of Department of Defense

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 723) that would establish a pilot program to test wastewater for the prevalence of infectious disease and drugs on military bases.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 734 - Pilot program to assist certain members of the Armed Forces and dependents with additional supplemental coverage relating to cancer

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 708) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to test a pilot program to provide service personnel with a voluntary option to enroll in a low-premium supplemental insurance plan to help protect against uncovered out-of-pocket expenses resulting from a cancer.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 735 - Study on accreditation of military dental treatment facilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 752) that would require the Inspector General of the Department of Defense to conduct a study on the implementation of section 744(b)(4) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283) with respect to military dental treatment facilities.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to require a study on accreditation of military dental treatment facilities.

Sec. 736 - Study on prevalence and mortality of cancer among military rotary-wing pilots and aviation support personnel

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 744) that would require the Directors of the National Institutes of Health and the National Cancer Institute to conduct a cancer incidence study among rotary-wing aviators.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 737 – Study on psychological effects of and mental health effects of combat remotely piloted aircraft operations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 758) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a study on the psychological effects and mental health impacts of remotely piloted aircraft combat operations on members of the Armed Forces and other personnel engaged in such operations.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 703).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment refining the Department's consultation requirements.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Dental readiness

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 701) that would amend Section 1076a of title 10, United States Code, to provide no cost dental coverage under TRICARE for members of the Reserve Component.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Inclusion of certain tests as part of the periodic health assessment provided to members of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 702) that would require the Secretary of Defense to include certain additional tests as part of the periodic health assessments provided to members of the Armed Forces.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than April 1, 2026, on: (1) Current cardiac diagnostic efforts utilized by the Department of Defense for servicemembers; (2) Best practices for screening for coronary heart disease with electrocardiography for asymptomatic adults at low risk of cardiovascular disease events; (3) Benefits and risks associated with including electrocardiography in periodic health assessments; and (4) Any other matters the Secretary determines relevant.

Expansion of eligibility for hearing aids to include children of retired members of the Uniformed Services enrolled in family coverage under TRICARE Select

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 702) that would amend section 1077 of title 10, United States Code, to expand eligibility for hearing aids to include children of retirees enrolled in family coverage under TRICARE Select.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Fertility treatment for certain members of the Armed Forces and dependents

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 703) that would provide TRICARE coverage for fertility treatment to servicemembers and their dependents.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 705).

The agreement does not include either provision.

TRICARE coverage for increased supply for contraception

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 704) that would require TRICARE to allow active-duty servicemembers, and their beneficiaries, to receive up to a full year's supply of contraception.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Pilot program on access to obstetrical and gynecological care under TRICARE Prime program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 705) that would establish a pilot program for covered patients to designate an obstetrical and gynecological care provider under TRICARE and receive care without a referral by the designated provider.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that removing the Department of Defense from the management of referral requirements for active duty servicemembers may impede the oversight of care that is a key component of Readiness of the Force. We also note that when care is not available within a military treatment facility, active duty servicemembers and other TRICARE Prime beneficiaries are referred to the civilian network, this includes obstetric and gynecological care. We also note that if TRICARE network care is not available within access to care standards, TRICARE Prime beneficiaries will be authorized to see a non-network TRICARE authorized provider. Additionally, the managed care support

contractors are required to process 90 percent of all referrals (and 100 percent of all urgent referrals) within one business day of receipt and 100 percent of referrals must be processed within 2 business days.

Pilot program to make midwife services available through TRICARE to certain individuals

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 706) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to carry out a pilot program to provide services from midwives to covered beneficiaries under the TRICARE program

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense has not added certified midwives to provide services due to concerns regarding safety and quality of care. Certified nurse midwives are TRICARE-authorized providers and are advanced practice registered nurses; however, certified midwives and certified professional midwives are not required to have any nursing or other health care experience to ensure a foundational knowledge and practice of medicine prior to practicing independently. The Department will continue to evaluate any potential changes to the benefit to ensure careful consideration of quality of care for servicemembers and their families.

Pilot program to treat pregnancy as a qualifying event for enrollment in TRICARE Select

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 707) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to conduct a 5-year pilot program treating pregnancy as a qualifying life event for the purposes of eligibility to enroll in TRICARE Select.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Medical testing and related services for firefighters of Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 709) that would authorize additional detection and prevention measures for certain cancers for Department of Defense firefighters.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense currently conducts annual Occupational Medical Examinations that provide assessments of individuals, including screening for various types of cancers, based on evidence-based exposure concerns.

Continuous glucose monitoring pilot program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 710) that would require the Secretary of Defense to carry out a pilot program on continuous glucose monitoring, and require the Comptroller General of the United States, not later than 3 years after the date on which the Secretary commences the pilot program, to submit a report on the pilot program to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Tricare coverage for anesthesia for in-office dental procedures for pediatric dentistry

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 711) that would amend section 1077(a)(10) of title 10, United States Code, to require TRICARE coverage for anesthesia for in-office dental procedures for children.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that there are currently no prohibitions on providing anesthesia services in dental treatment facilities. However, dental treatment facilities have limited capacity to treat dependents.

Notification to TRICARE beneficiaries of coverage transition requirements

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 712) that would amend Chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, to require the Secretary of Defense to provide each covered beneficiary with notices of a TRICARE coverage transition requirement that affects the individual.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense already provides sufficient notifications ahead of age-based transitions, to include dependents turning age 21 and age 23, as well as notifications to beneficiaries turning age 65 and requiring enrollment in Medicare Part A and B to continue TRICARE for Life coverage after turning 65. These notifications are sent out

several months prior to enrollment changes. The Department has also expanded active notifications of pending potential loss of coverage and renewal notifications for beneficiaries who pay premiums or enrollment fees on a quarterly or annual basis, beneficiaries paying via credit cards which have an expiration date within 60 days, as well as multiple follow-up notifications for beneficiaries who have failed to pay a required premium or enrollment fee during the 30-day period before they are disenrolled. These outreach requirements include mail, e-mail, text messages, and automated phone calls. For beneficiaries who fail to take action on any of these items after several notifications, there is a requirement for TRICARE contractors to make live phone calls as a final attempt to reach the beneficiary before having to disenroll them.

Prohibition on coverage of gender-related medical treatment under TRICARE

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 713) that would amend chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, to prohibit the use of funds available to the Department of Defense, and the use of military medical treatment facilities, to perform or facilitate sex change surgeries.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 706).

The agreement does not include either provision.

Modification of administration of medical malpractice claims by members of the uniformed services

The Senate bill included a provision (sec. 714) that would amend section 2733a of title 10, United States Code, to establish a third-party review panel to consider Department of Defense medical malpractice appeals filed by servicemembers.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Improvement of transition of medics in the Armed Forces to the civilian workforce in health care occupations

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 715) that would require the Secretary concerned to develop recommendations to improve the transition of medics into the civilian workforce in health care occupations. The provision would also require the Secretary to submit a report to relevant congressional committees on any recommendations developed and an implementation plan.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that the House Report to accompany H.R.3838 (H. Rept. 119-231) of the Streamlining Procurement for Effective Execution and Delivery and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026 includes a similar provision.

Improvement of provider directory accuracy for specialty care providers under the TRICARE program

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 716) that would require the Director of the Defense Health Agency to ensure that the accuracy of the provider directory under the TRICARE program for all specialty care provider types reaches an average accuracy across all specialty care providers of not less than 70 percent within 5 years of the date of the enactment of this Act.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that under existing TRICARE contracts, the Department of Defense will conduct monthly monitoring on achieving increased accuracy of the provider directories.

Provision of health care services at Fort Leonard Wood, Missouri

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 718) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of the Army, to conduct an assessment of the adequacy of health care services available to covered beneficiaries under the TRICARE program located at Fort Leonard Wood, Missouri.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that there is another provision in this Act that addresses staffing at medical treatment facilities, and we expect the Department of Defense to conduct a thorough assessment on the adequacy of healthcare services available to covered beneficiaries if any changes to existing facilities are made.

Payment adjustments for outpatient services for certain children's hospitals

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 723) that would amend section 1079 of title 10, United States Code, to require the Secretary of Defense to pay an annual payment adjustment to a children's hospital for outpatient services if the Secretary determine that the hospital meets certain criteria.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the Senate Report accompanying S.2296 (S. Rept. 119-39) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026 requires the Secretary of Defense to provide a report not later than March 1, 2026, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives to clarify the scope of the children's hospital reimbursement policy and ensure transparency in its implementation.

Expansion of health care license portability for members of the National Guard performing training or duty

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 725) that would amend section 1094 of title 10, United States Code, to expand health care license portability for National Guard health care providers for duty and training purposes from a title 32, United States Code, section 502(f) duty status to all duty statuses under title 32, United States Code.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Senate Report accompanying S.2296 (S. Rept. 119-39) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026, contained a provision that required the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs, in consultation with the Chief of the National Guard Bureau, to provide a briefing on licensure portability for National Guard medical providers and whether existing law presents barriers to generating readiness. We look forward to receiving the briefing not later than March 31, 2026.

Pilot program to test standalone technology to improve efficiencies in supply-chain management, medical readiness, and medical processes

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 729) that would require the Secretary of Defense to carry out a pilot program to test and evaluate existing standalone technologies to improve efficiencies in supply-chain management, medical readiness, and medical processes.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We understand that standalone digital technology, as defined as a single device that is capable of accomplishing multiple functions, has medical and health applications that may be of benefit to the Defense Health Agency. We direct the

Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing not later than May 1, 2026, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the feasibility of using stand-alone digital technology within the Defense Health Agency. The briefing shall include the following elements: (1) Potential applications and clinical processes that would benefit from this technology, including compatibility with the Department's electronic health system Miliary Health System Genesis and other related digital technology if appropriate; (2) How it may improve recordation accuracy; (3) How it may reduce caregiver and staff needlestick injury; and (4) Any other relevant matters the Secretary seems necessary or appropriate.

Uniform protocols on screening for unwanted sexual behavior

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 731) that would require the Department of Defense to implement uniform protocols on screening for experiences with unwanted sexual behavior.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize and support the Department of Defense's efforts to prevent and increase reporting of unwanted sexual behavior. We note that the House Report accompanying H.R. 8070 (H. Rept. 118-529) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 directed the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on medical and behavioral health care screening and response for victims of sexual assault, including an assessment of guidance for behavioral health screening and access to services. The report notes that there is currently no universally accepted behavioral health screening tool for unwanted sexual behavior, and that the Defense Health Agency recently added a screening tool for assessing sexual trauma to the behavioral health intake assessments process in the web-based Behavioral Health Data Portal. We further note that the Department's Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office is charged with developing and implementing prevention and response policies as part of the standard of care for victims of unwanted sexual behavior.

Mandatory training on health effects of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 733) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide to each health care

provider of the Department of Defense mandatory training regarding the potential health effects of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Requirements relating to wellness checks for health and welfare of certain members of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 734) that would require the Secretary of Defense to issue regulations, policies, and procedures for wellness checks on members of the Armed Forces after they sustained a significant injury or illness.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize the importance of conducting wellness checks on members who sustain significant injury or illness. We note that the Department of Defense and the military departments maintain comprehensive policies and programs which require regular follow-up and wellness assessments for such members. Further, we note that the House Report accompanying H.R. 3838 (H. Rept. 119-231) of the Streamlining Procurement for Effective Execution and Delivery and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026 requires the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force to each provide a briefing to the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives, not later than March 31, 2026, regarding leadership's responsibility to monitor the health and welfare of servicemembers.

Annual publication of information relating to the treatment of civilians in military medical treatment facilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 736) that would amend section 1079b of title 10, United States Code, to require annual publication of information relating to the treatment of civilians in military medical treatment facilities.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than March 1, 2026, on: (1) The total amount of fees owed by civilians for medical care disaggregated by military medical treatment facility; (2) The number of civilians who received medical care, disaggregated by military medical treatment facility; (3) The number of civilians who received a fee waiver and the average amount of fees waived, disaggregated by military medical treatment facility; and (4)

The number of civilians who received a reduction of fees and the average amount of fees remaining after such reductions, disaggregated by military medical treatment facility.

Availability of Defense Health Program and other funds for certain medical countermeasures

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 737) that would amend section 1100 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Director of the Defense Health Agency to expend funds appropriated to the Army Operation and Maintenance account for medical readiness to fund certain medical countermeasures.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include this provision.

We are concerned that prepositioned stocks of medical countermeasures may not be adequate to mitigate thermal burns and other trauma that would result from mass casualty events. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than May 31, 2026, to provide a report to the committees on armed service of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the pre-positioning and availability of antimicrobial wound care products to treat thermal burns and other trauma in a prolonged casualty care event. The report shall include an assessment of:

(1) The current availability of antimicrobial wound care products in prepositioned stocks of medical countermeasures to treat thermal burns and other trauma in a prolonged casualty care event;

(2) The costs associated with procurement, logistics, storage, and sustainment activities necessary to ensure the availability of sufficient pre-positioned medical countermeasures to treat thermal burns and other trauma in forward deployed Department of Defense personnel in areas in which the use of tactical nuclear weapons is a substantial threat; and

(3) An assessment of feasibility of including various wound care products, including antimicrobial and barrier-protective dressings such as silver-plated bandages and other innovative wound care treatments in such pre-positioned stocks of medical countermeasures.

Strategy for treating traumatic brain injuries through digital health technologies

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 742) that would amend section 735 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263) to

establish a working group to develop a strategy for treating traumatic brain injuries through digital health technologies.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense is working to implement digital health technologies into treating traumatic brain injuries, through the Warfighter Brain Health Initiative, as required under section 735 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023.

Report on traumatic brain injuries among certain pilots serving on active duty

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 743) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to conduct a study to determine whether pilots suffer traumatic brain injury from the cumulative effects of high performance flying.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than April 1, 2026, on the state of science on the impact of gravitational force on the military aviator. The briefing shall also include how the Department of Defense is taking existing scientific literature on the matter into consideration when implementing safety protocols or medical treatment for military aviators.

Study on effects of service in the special operations forces to health of members of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 745) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to conduct a five-year study on the impacts of special operations service on personnel health.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Senate report accompanying S. 2296 (S. Rept. 119-39) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026 contained a similar provision. We look forward to seeing the results of the study.

Pilot program on use of fish skin regeneration products in treating burn and blast injuries

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 746) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to establish a 3-year pilot

program at Walter Reed National Military Medical Center to evaluate the efficacy of fish skin regeneration products for treating burn and blast injuries.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the House Report accompanying H.R. 8070 (H. Rept. 118-529) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025, included a reporting requirement on improvements to complex wound care. The report speaks favorably about scientific advances in several novel sectors of complex wound care, to include fish skin regeneration. We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than April 1, 2026, on how the Department is implementing the findings discussed in the complex wound care report, to include any relevant cost metrics that can be shared for the novel therapies discussed.

Pilot program on remote blood pressure monitoring for certain pregnant and post-partum TRICARE beneficiaries

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 747) that would require the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Defense Health Agency, to establish a pilot program on remote blood pressure monitoring for certain pregnant and postpartum TRICARE beneficiaries.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Pilot program to help certain members of the Armed Forces stop smoking

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 748) that would authorize a 1-year pilot program to provide servicemembers with alternatives to smoking to promote cessation and overall health.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense already provides comprehensive tobacco cessation resources to servicemembers, including counseling, nicotine replacement therapies, prescription medications, and other evidence-based alternatives through military treatment facilities, TRICARE, and Service health promotion programs. We encourage the Department to continue expanding and promoting these programs to better support servicemembers seeking to stop smoking and improve force health.

Pilot program on secure, mobile personal health record for members of the Armed Forces participating in the Transition Assistance Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 749) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to establish a pilot program to allow servicemembers receiving benefits or services under the Transition Assistance Program to use a covered health record platform to collect their medical records before separating from active duty.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense, through the Defense Health Agency and its partnership with Leidos, is developing an integrated patient portal within its electronic health record system that enables servicemembers to access and compile their personal health information prior to separation. We encourage the Department to continue expanding and integrating this capability to ensure the seamless transfer of health information for separating servicemembers.

Report on transitioning of mail-order pharmacy program of TRICARE program to an in-house mail order service

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 750) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report on the feasibility and advisability of transitioning the contractor-operated, mail-order pharmacy program of the TRICARE program to a service administered directly by the Department of Defense.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We understand the TRICARE Mail Order Pharmacy program is a program managed by Express Scripts Incorporated that allows eligible TRICARE beneficiaries to have maintenance and long-term prescriptions delivered to their homes and that the Defense Health Agency administers the pharmacy program within Military Treatment Facilities of the Department of Defense. We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing not later than March 1, 2026, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the feasibility and advisability of transitioning the contractor-operated mail-order pharmacy program of the TRICARE program to a service provided directly by the Department of Defense. The briefing shall include the following elements:

(1) The process for developing this potential capability;

(2) Costs, including administrative costs, dispensing fees, and administrative overhead;

(3) Structure and staffing;

(4) The effect on beneficiaries under the TRICARE program, including regarding delivery times and quality;

(5) Any potential impact this may have on Department of Defense Federal Ceiling Prices;

(6) Challenges the Department of Defense may have in implementing a mail order pharmacy program;

(7) The feasibility and advisability of combining the mail-order pharmacy functions under the TRICARE program with the mail-order pharmacy functions of the Veterans Health Administration of the Department of Veterans Affairs; and

(8) Any other relevant matters the Secretary seems necessary or appropriate.

Strategic plan to address mental health of members of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 751) that would require the Department of Defense to develop a strategic plan to increase awareness of mental health assistance and resources for servicemembers and to standardize training for leadership.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that significant services and resources exist in the Defense Suicide Prevention Office. Additionally, the Suicide Prevention and Response Independent Review Committee included several recommendations that are being implemented by the Department of Defense.

Assessment and program on use of radiation-shielding personal protective equipment to prevent or reduce the severity of acute radiation syndrome and associated mortality

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 753) that would direct the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to submit to the congressional defense committees to the congressional defense committees an assessment of whether targeted protection of bone marrow using gamma radiation-shielding personal protective equipment is likely to reduce the risk of acute radiation syndrome by reducing the severity of radiation-induced health effects, improving survivability in high-dose radiation environments, or both.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We encourage the Department of Defense to continue to research and explore capabilities to protect military personnel from gamma radiation.

Prescription drop boxes

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 754) that would require the Secretary of Defense to maintain at each military installation a prescription drop box to allow for the safe disposal of unused prescription drugs, including opioids.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense has an existing program that includes drug take-back drop boxes and mail-back envelopes at all military treatment facilities. This program meets the regulatory requirements of the Drug Enforcement Agency and provides an environmentally safe method for disposal of unused and expired medications— including opioids.

Department of Defense medical supply chain risk identification and transparency enhancement

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 755) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct supply chain risk assessments across the Defense Health Agency and relevant acquisition offices of the Department of Defense to determine the origin of covered items and to develop and maintain a prioritized list, which may be classified, of high-risk critical medical products that rely on covered items originating from the People's Republic of China.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We acknowledge the risks associated with reliance on any non-allied country for medical products for servicemembers and their families. We encourage the Department to review supply chains for relevant medical products and ensure that there is minimal risk to disruption.

Assessment and report on health care services available to civilian and military personnel at Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 756) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of the Navy, to develop an assessment of the adequacy of health care services available to the military and civilian

personnel workforce at Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake, and not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the results of the assessment.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of the Navy, to conduct an assessment of the adequacy of healthcare services available to military and civilian personnel, including dependents, assigned to Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake, and to provide a briefing the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, by not later than April 1, 2026, on the results of that assessment. The assessment shall include: (1) The propriety and sustainability of the Emergency and Extraordinary Expenses funding the Navy provided to Ridgecrest Hospital in Fiscal Year 2025, to include the impact of the funding on Ridgecrest Hospital's ability to provide healthcare services, and the return on investment that was provided to the Federal Government; (2) A review of existing offerings at Ridgecrest hospital and other civilian healthcare facilities reasonably available to China Lake personnel; (3) Available civilian personnel authorities that could be leveraged to facilitate access to care, to include additional pay, leave, and reimbursement for travel to retain existing employees; (4) An assessment of challenges faced by Ridgecrest Hospital and other reasonably available civilian healthcare facilities with reimbursement rates; and (5) Any other matters that the Secretary determines relevant.

Review and Update of Online Information Relating to Suicide Prevention and Behavioral Health

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 757) that would require each Secretary of a military department, not later than August 1, 2027, to review and update online information relating to suicide prevention and behavioral health.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense was directed, pursuant to section 736 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-301), to review and update online information related to suicide prevention and behavioral health and to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives upon completion. The Defense Suicide Prevention Office, under the Office of the

Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness, completed this review and provided the required briefing to the Committees in June 2025, noting that Department components identified occurrences of online information needing updates and addressed them accordingly.

Pilot program on pre-programming of suicide prevention resources into smart devices issued to members of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 759) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a pilot program on pre-programming of suicide prevention resources into smart devices issued to members of the Armed Forces.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Study on opioid prescribing practices

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 760) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct an updated study on opioid prescribing practices.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense has conducted several studies on opioid prescribing practices, to include a study on opioid alternatives required by section 722 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31), and improvements to opioid management in the military health system required by the House report accompanying H.R. 8070 (H. Rept. 118-529) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025. The Department of Defense jointly published guidance with the Department of Veterans Affairs on "Clinical Practice Guideline for the Use of Opioids in the Management of Chronic Pain." The Department has robust Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee review processes, working with commercial partners and States to monitor opioid use. We encourage the Department to maintain continuous monitoring and review of opioid prescribing practices.

Timeliness of electronic medical records during transition from the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 761) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to the congressional defense committees on the timeliness of providing

servicemembers separating from active duty with a copy of their electronic health records.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Study on TRICARE program contract transition

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 762) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, to submit to the congressional defense committees a study on the TRICARE contract transition.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Comptroller General of the United States is currently conducting a TRICARE contract transition review as required by section 737 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115-232).

Report on use of oculometric brain health assessment systems for Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 763) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness, in consultation with the Surgeons General of the Armed Services, or other relevant Department of Defense organizations identified by the Secretary of Defense, to conduct an assessment on the use of oculometric biomarker monitoring technologies to support mission sets of the Department of Defense.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Briefing on use of other transaction agreements for development of medical prototypes

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 5721) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to brief the congressional defense committees on the use of other transaction agreements for development of medical prototypes.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We commend the Department of Defense (DOD) for its continued medical research and development efforts to support the health and readiness of servicemembers and appreciate activities to foster partnerships with small businesses,

academic institutions, and industry to facilitate the advancement of medical concepts and prototypes to protect, treat, and optimize servicemember health, performance, and survivability. We note the future operational and logistical challenges the Joint Force will experience in multi-domain and joint all-domain environments and supports the DOD's efforts to mitigate the impacts on medical readiness through military-civilian partnerships and agile contracting methods such as other transaction agreements. We encourage the Department continue to leverage other transaction agreements to develop, test, and field prototype technologies and solutions for the military health system.

Report on integration of lifestyle and performance medicine and behaviors to support health and military readiness

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 5722) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than December 1, 2026, to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives containing recommendations on how to integrate lifestyle and performance medicine and behaviors (such as diet, exercise, and sleep) throughout the Department of Defense to support the health and military readiness of members of the Armed Forces.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Evaluation of certain research related to menopause, perimenopause, or mid-life women's health

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 5723) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, to evaluate certain research related to menopause, perimenopause, or midlife women's health.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that the House Report accompanying H.R. 8070 (H. Rept. 118-529) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025, included a briefing requirement on Department of Defense research related to women's health, which also addressed menopause and perimenopause.

TITLE VIII—ACQUISITION POLICY, ACQUISITION MANAGEMENT, AND RELATED MATTERS

SUBTITLE A—ACQUISITION POLICY AND MANAGEMENT

Sec. 801 - Assumption of uninsurable risk on certain contracts

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 804) that would establish section 3864 in title 10, United States Code, to require the government to assume the risk of loss for work in process on a classified contract. The government's assumption of the risk of loss would be limited to the amount of loss not otherwise compensated by the contractor's insurance whenever the contractor cannot get adequate insurance coverage because of the classified nature of the program, and would not apply if the loss was a result of gross misconduct by the contractor.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 834).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 802 - Changes to certain documents

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 805) that would require that a document referenced in a contract shall identify a specific version or date of the referenced document if the document and any associated performance or compliance requirements of the contractor are subject to change.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 833).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 803 - Pilot program for financing for covered activities

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 822) that would allow financing costs to be allowable and allocable as a cost for federal contracts and subcontracts with certain stipulations.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 808).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to establish a pilot program to evaluate the feasibility, risks, and benefits of expanding contract cost principles and procedures of the Department of Defense to allow for certain financing costs to be considered allowable and allocable as a direct or indirect cost for on certain contracts.

Sec. 804 - Multiyear procurement authority for covered systems and certain munitions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 801) that would require the Secretary of Defense to enter into a multiyear procurement contract for a covered weapon system if the system is projected to maintain full-rate production for a period of 5 or more consecutive years, is estimated to cost over $1.0 billion, and a decision has been made to move to full-rate production.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment and also provides additional authorities and associated requirements related to multiyear procurement of certain munitions.

Sec. 805 - Addressing insufficiencies in technical data

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 863) that would amend chapter 363 of title 10, United States Code, by adding a new section that would prohibit an agency from entering into a contract for the procurement of reparable goods or repair services in support of major weapon systems unless the contractor agrees, in writing, to provide the Department of Defense (DOD) fair and reasonable access to all repair materials, including parts, tools, and information, used to diagnose, analyze, maintain, or repair the good or service. This section would define fair and reasonable access as the provision of such repair materials at prices, terms, and conditions that are equivalent to the most favorable prices, terms, and conditions otherwise offered by the manufacturer, or in cases where the manufacturer does not offer the repair materials, at prices, terms, and conditions determined by the U.S. Government. This section would provide the Secretary with the authority to waive the requirements of this section upon written determination that the application of such requirements would have negative impact on cost, schedule, or technical performance. This section would also require the Comptroller General of the United States to submit a report, not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, to the congressional defense committees on the implementation of this section. The House bill also contained a provision (sec. 892) that would require each Service Acquisition Executive (SAE) to initiate a process to inventory the technical data and computer software required to effectively operate a covered system and maintain it in a cost-effective manner, and to identify any insufficiency in the possession of, or access to, the needed technical data and computer software. Based on an identified insufficiency, this section would require the SAE to work with the relevant contractor to determine the best approach to remedy

the insufficiency in the most cost-effective manner practicable and to develop a cost estimate associated with such remedy. This section would also require the cadre of intellectual property experts established under section 1707 of title 10, United States Code, to provide advice, assistance, and resources to an SAE in conducting an inventory. In addition, this section would require each SAE to provide quarterly updates to the congressional defense committees on progress toward completion of the inventory. The House bill also contained a provision (sec. 1832) that would amend chapter 323 of title 10, United States Code, by adding a new section that would require the Secretary of Defense to ensure that the negotiation of contracts for the acquisition of a weapon system considers, to the maximum extent practicable, the negotiation of data-as-a-service solutions and associated license agreements to facilitate access to certain information necessary for the Department of Defense to maintain a core logistics capability in accordance with section 2464 of such title.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 836).

The agreement includes one of the House provisions (sec. 892) with a clarifying amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop and implement a digital system to track, manage, and enable assessment of covered data related to covered systems, and to verify the compliance of contractors and subcontractors with contract requirements related to technical data for covered systems. The provision also requires the Department to identify programs where there is insufficient data available and details the various mechanisms the Department should use to rectify the insufficiency. Congress has legislated many times over the last two decades to ensure The Department properly plans for sustainment and identifies the technical data necessary to support and enable execution of the planned product support strategy.

We assess that the Department’s challenges related to technical data are not rooted in an insufficiency in the law, but rather insufficiencies in the Department’s planning and resourcing decisions made early in the acquisition phase related to the sustainment of the systems it procures, and in some cases the Department’s insufficient inspection, acceptance, and management of technical data that have been negotiated. We strongly encourage the Department to make every effort to ensure that the maximum amount of competition is maintained throughout development, procurement, and sustainment phases and take necessary planning, resourcing, and contracting actions to ensure that lack of technical data does not impede the effective operation and maintenance of systems acquired by the Department.

SUBTITLE B—AMENDMENTS TO GENERAL CONTRACTING AUTHORITIES, PROCEDURES, AND LIMITATIONS

Sec. 811 - Repeals of existing law to streamline the defense acquisition process

The Senate bill contained provisions (sec. 868 and sec. 5861) that would amend 86 sections of title 10, United States Code, and prior National Defense Authorization Acts to repeal various statutory requirements related to acquisition policies and processes and to reduce administrative complexity related to reporting mandates, expired pilot programs, outdated requirements, limitations, and other matters.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provisions with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 812 - Modifications to current defense acquisition requirements

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 871) that would amend various provisions in title 10, United States Code, and related statutes to enhance defense acquisition efficiency. These changes include shifting acquisition criteria to emphasize best value, simplifying authorities and incentives, adjusting thresholds and approvals, and making certain pilot programs permanent.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 813 - Modification to award amount for program to accelerate the procurement and fielding of innovative technologies

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 812) that would codify the minimum award amount for the Accelerate the Procurement and Fielding of Innovative Technologies program.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 814 - Additional amendments related to undefinitized contractual actions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 811) that would amend section 3804 of title 10, United States Code, to expand the type of payment a contracting officer may utilize in the execution of an undefinitized contract action (UCA). This section would also amend section 3374 of title 10, United States Code, to require the contracting officer to account for increased risks of certain actions undertaken by the contractor on the government's behalf, when calculating profit or fee allowable in performance of a UCA.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 815 - Amendment to procurement of services data analysis and requirements validation

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 814) that would amend section 4506 of title 10, United States Code, to eliminate internal notification requirements related to the use of a bridge contract for needed services in cases where inadequate planning prevented the timely award of a new contract for such services.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 816 - Modification of program and processes relating to foreign acquisition

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1252) that would amend section 873 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) to direct the geographic combatant commands to hire not more than two members of the acquisition workforce to advise the combatant command on the Department of Defense processes for Foreign Military Sales and security cooperation to facilitate effective implementation of those processes. The provision would also make this authority permanent.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 817 - Review of Department of Defense Instruction relating to conventional ammunition management

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 822) that would amend the definition of conventional ammunition management to

include one-way lethal or non-lethal armed/attack unmanned aerial vehicles and systems.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to assess whether certain expendable one-way attack systems merit inclusion in conventional ammunition management and, if so, the Department's plan to implement inclusion.

SUBTITLE C—PROVISIONS RELATING TO WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT

Sec. 821 - Improvements to public-private talent exchange

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 831) that would amend section 1599g of title 10, United States Code, to limit the applicability of the restrictions on former employees of the executive branch in accordance with section 207 of title 18, United States Code, to cases in which a private sector employee participating in the public-private talent exchange has performed inherently governmental work at the direct, written request of the Secretary of Defense.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 822 - Modifications to requirements for the President of the Defense Acquisition University

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1105) that would amend section 1746(e)(3) of title 10, United States Code, to modify requirements related to the President of Defense Acquisition University by striking "term" in both places it appears and inserting "tenure."

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 823 - Hiring authorities for Defense Civilian Training Corps

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1104) that would amend section 2200h of title 10, United States Code, to provide direct hiring authority for up to 60 graduates of the Defense Civilian Training Corps every calendar year. The Senate provision would also require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and

the House of Representatives, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, and the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives, not later than January 31, 2026, and annually thereafter until January 31, 2030, on the use of this hiring authority.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 835).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 824 - Increasing competition in defense contracting

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 836) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to revise the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (Part 242.15) to reform contractor performance information requirements by establishing an objective, fact-based system focused solely on verifiable negative performance events, such as defective products, delinquent deliveries, or cybersecurity breaches, in order to reduce subjectivity and administrative burden while enabling identification of contractors with poor performance histories.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 867).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to issue guidance that would allow entities with little or no Federal Government past performance to provide and have evaluated alternative evidence of past performance.

Sec. 825 - Report on strengthening the Defense Acquisition University

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 841) that would require the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director of the Acquisition Innovation Research Center, to conduct a comprehensive assessment of the Defense Acquisition University (DAU), with a focus on enhancing its operations and performance in training and developing the defense acquisition workforce. The section would also require the Secretary to submit a report to the congressional defense committees, not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, detailing the findings of the assessment and providing recommendations to ensure that the DAU's education, development, and training efforts align with the modern defense acquisition system proposed by this Act.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 862).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 826 - Restructuring of performance evaluation metrics for the acquisition workforce

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 837) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to implement mandatory key performance indicators (KPIs) for evaluating members of the acquisition workforce. The House provision would require integration of the KPIs into annual performance appraisals; promotion, bonus and assignment considerations; and requirements for certification, training and continuing education of the acquisition workforce. The House provision would also require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to provide a semiannual report to the congressional defense committees on the implementation of the requirements of this section.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

SUBTITLE D—PROVISIONS RELATING TO SUPPLY CHAINS AND DOMESTIC SOURCING

Sec. 831 - Applicability of Berry Amendment to procurement of certain seafood

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 860C) that would amend section 4862 of title 10, United States Code, to eliminate existing exceptions to the Berry Amendment for all seafood purchases within the Department of Defense.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 628).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to clarify the prohibition on certain foreign-sourced seafood applies to both dining facilities and commissary resale.

Sec. 832 - Enhancement of defense supply chain resilience and secondary source qualification

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 869) that would amend section 865 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159) by expanding the scope of covered capabilities to include: (1) Critical readiness parts and systems; (2) Parts with sole-source dependencies; (3) Excessive lead times; (4) Unreasonable pricing; or (5) Other supply chain issues. The provision would establish Expedited Qualification

Panels in each military department to standardize and accelerate Source Approval Requests and Parts Manufacturer Approvals within 14 days, utilizing conditional or full approvals based on risk criteria. The provision would also prevent duplicative review processes for aircraft parts already approved by civil aviation authorities, requiring written justification for additional reviews. Finally, the provision would define critical readiness parts and systems, safety critical items or mission-critical items, and non-safety critical items or non-mission-critical items.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 833 - Interim national security waivers for supply chain illumination efforts

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 852) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish minimum qualifying criteria for supply chain illumination for contractors of the Department of Defense, to establish incentives to encourage contractors to use supply chain illumination tools, and authorize the contracting officer to accept delivery of the item or items before the applicable waiver process is completed in cases where a contractor using a qualifying supply chain illumination tool discloses the presence of a non-compliant item.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 863)

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 834 - Strategy to eliminate acquisition of optical glass from certain nations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 854) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop and implement a strategy to eliminate the reliance of the Department of Defense on any covered nation to acquire optical glass or optical systems.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 835 - Strategy to eliminate sourcing of computer displays from certain nations

The House bill contained two provisions (sec. 860E and sec. 870D) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop and implement a strategy to eliminate reliance on computer displays acquired by the Department of Defense from covered nations.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 836 - Voluntary registration of compliance with covered sourcing requirements for covered products

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 855) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish and maintain a publicly available online repository to allow an offeror to submit a self-attestation of compliance with certain covered sourcing requirements.

The House bill contained an additional provision (sec. 878) that would require the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy to establish a common repository of information commonly required for the initial vetting of contractors applying to be qualified suppliers in the defense industrial base.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish and maintain a publicly available online repository to allow an offeror to submit a self-attestation of compliance with certain covered sourcing requirements.

Sec. 837 - Acceleration of qualification of compliant sources

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 856) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after the enactment of this Act, to establish a working group in the Defense Industrial Resilience Consortium, established elsewhere in this Act, to exchange information about how to identify, accelerate the qualification of, and integrate compliant materials into programs at the Department of Defense at scale.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 838 - Assessment of critical infrastructure owned by the Department of Defense dependent on foreign materials or components

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 860D) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop and maintain a classified and prioritized list of high-risk critical infrastructure owned by the Department of Defense that rely on materials or components from foreign entities of concern and conduct a risk assessment of certain components and materials.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

SUBTITLE E—PROHIBITIONS AND LIMITATIONS ON PROCUREMENT

Sec. 841 - Requirements relating to long-term concessions agreements with certain retailers

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 861) that would prohibit the Department of Defense from entering into or renewing long-term concessions agreements with retailers controlled by covered nations on U.S. military installations.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with clarifying amendments.

Sec. 842 - Prohibition on acquisition of advanced batteries from certain foreign sources

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 864) that would prohibit the Department of Defense from acquiring advanced batteries from certain foreign sources beginning on January 1, 2027.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 843 - Application of national security waiver for strategic materials sourcing requirement to sensitive materials

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 843) that would amend section 4872 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Secretary of Defense or his authorized delegate to apply a national security waiver determined under section 4863(k) of title 10, United States Code, to section 4872 of title 10, United States Code, for the same covered material and end item.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 844 - Prohibition of procurement of molybdenum, gallium, or germanium from non-allied foreign nations and authorization for production from recovered material

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 865) that would amend section 4872 of title 10, United States Code, to add molybdenum to the definition of covered material.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 846) that would amend section 4872 of title 10, United States Code, to add molybdenum, gallium, and germanium to the definition of covered material, as well as authorizes an exception to the prohibition for certain recovered material.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 845 - Modifications to certain procurements from certain Chinese entities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 868) that would amend section 805 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) by prohibiting the Secretary of Defense from obligating or expending loan or grant funds to procure or obtain goods and services produced or developed by an entity that is identified in the list published in the Federal Register by the Department of Defense of Chinese military companies operating in the United States pursuant to section 1260H of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283), or any entity for which the Secretary has submitted a related certification to the congressional defense committees. This section would also require the Secretary to include biotechnology entities (including any subsidiary, parent, affiliate, or successor of such an entity) engaged in DNA and RNA assembly, synthesis, and manufacturing in the reporting required by section 1260H.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from obligating or expending loan or grant funds to procure or obtain goods and services produced or developed by an entity that is identified in the list published in the Federal Register by the Department of Defense of Chinese military companies operating in the United States pursuant to section 1260H of the William M.

(Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021.

Sec. 846 - Modifications to prohibition on contracting with persons that have fossil fuel operations with the Government of the Russian Federation or the Russian energy sector

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 830) that would amend section 804 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) by clarifying an exemption to the definition of business operations to include activities related to fulfilling contracts with a fossil fuel company that has fossil fuel business operations in the Russian Federation that were entered into prior to the date of the enactment of the prohibition established in such section.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 847 - Prohibiting the purchase of photovoltaic modules or inverters from foreign entities of concern

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 869) that would prohibit the Department of Defense from acquiring photovoltaic modules or photovoltaic cells manufactured by a foreign entity of concern.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 848) that would prohibit the obligation or expenditure of funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available to be used to enter into a contract for the procurement of photovoltaic modules manufactured by a foreign entity of concern.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 848 - Clarification of procurement prohibition related to acquisition of materials mined, refined, and separated in certain countries

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 873) that would clarify the effective date of prior amendments to section 4872 of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate bill included a similar provision (sec. 861).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 849 - Prohibition on procurement related to certain additive manufacturing machines

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 880) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from operating or procuring covered additive manufacturing machines manufactured in or using software and data storage from the People's Republic of China, Iran, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, or the Russian Federation.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 880).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 850 - Phase-out of computer and printer acquisitions involving entities owned or controlled by China

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 879) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from directly or indirectly acquiring computers or printers manufactured by covered Chinese entities, with a phased implementation beginning at 10 percent of Department of Defense total procurement in fiscal year 2026 and reaching 100 percent by fiscal year 2029. The provision would provide waivers for items used for testing, evaluation, and reverse engineering missions on adversarial products and capabilities.

The House bill contained two similar provisions (sec. 821 and sec. 870).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 851 - Prohibition on contracting with certain biotechnology providers

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 881) that would prohibit contracting with certain biotechnology providers.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

SUBTITLE F—INDUSTRIAL BASE MATTERS

Sec. 861 - Amendments to the procurement technical assistance program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 885) that would authorize APEX Accelerators to assist small business concerns in receiving contracts for the production of and research on defense articles under the partnership among Australia, the United Kingdom, and the United States.

The House bill contained an additional provision (sec. 1841) that would make amendments to chapter 388 of title 10, United States Code, to enhance the purpose of the Procurement Technical Assistance Cooperative Agreement Program.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 851).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 862 - Repeal of limitations on certain Department of Defense Executive Agent authority

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 841) that would repeal section 1792 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115-232) and section 226 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115-91).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 863 - Special Operations Command Urgent Innovative Technologies and Capabilities Initiative

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 891) that would create a pilot program for U.S. Special Operations Command to accelerate the research, development, testing, procurement and initial sustainment of innovative technologies and equipment that enhance operational capabilities of Special Operations Forces to meet emerging mission requirements. This section would also require a report annually on the implementation and effectiveness of the program.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 864 - United States-Israel Defense Industrial Base Working Group

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1217) that would direct the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Under Secretary for Acquisition and Sustainment, to convene the U.S.-Israel Defense Industrial Base Work Group, to study defense industrial base integration between the United States and

Israel, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 865 - Improving the domestic textile and industrial base

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 379) that would require the Secretary of Defense to issue regulations to require that optional combat boots worn by members of the Armed Forces be entirely manufactured in the United States.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would improve the domestic textile industrial base by: (1) Requiring the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director of the Industrial Base Analysis and Sustainment Office, to continue public-private partnerships and investments into technological advancement of the domestic textile and footwear industrial base; (2) Requiring the Secretary of Defense to prioritize resourcing and personnel necessary for the Defense Contract Management Agency to carry out required oversight duties; (3) Requiring the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments, to develop a strategy to maximize the use of annual or multiyear contracts by the Department of Defense (DOD) for acquisitions that involve the domestic textile or footwear industries to promote long-term stability and predictability for industry; (4) Requiring the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency to conduct an assessment of the textile and footwear industrial base to assess supply chain resiliency; and (5) Requiring each Secretary of a military department to establish, if one does not exist already, a combat boot certification program to ensure that boots meet high standards regarding durability and quality. We note the importance of the textile and footwear industrial base to the success and lethality of the warfighter. Maintaining a robust and quality supply chain for textile and footwear items for servicemembers is imperative for national security. We expect the Secretaries of the military departments to prioritize providing clear data to the Defense Logistics Agency to ensure the goals of longer-term contracting can be achieved. The textile and footwear industrial base requires stability and innovation to thrive.

Sec. 866 - Cybersecurity regulatory harmonization

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 898C) that would require the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense to submit a plan to reduce the cybersecurity regulatory burden on the Defense Industrial Base (DIB).

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would direct the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, in coordination with the Chief Information Officers and representatives from the service acquisition executives of each military department, to harmonize and reduce unique cybersecurity regulations levied on the DIB.

Sec. 867 - Modifications to defense industrial base fund

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 880B) that would amend section 4817 of title 10, United States Code, to make modifications to the Industrial Base Fund.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 849A).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

SUBTITLE G—OTHER MATTERS

Sec. 871 - Modification to demonstration and prototyping program to advance international product support capabilities in a contested logistics environment

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 871) that would expand the contested logistics demonstration and prototyping program and require the Secretary of Defense to establish best practices to reduce time needed to return repaired equipment to service by developing additive manufacturing facilities closer to the point of use.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 865).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 872 - Contested logistics exercise requirement

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 807) that would amend section 842 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (P.L. 118-31) and direct the Secretaries of the Navy and the Air Force to conduct contested logistics events as part of certain Navy and Air Force exercises.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 873 - Combatant command experimentation authority

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 807) that would provide the combatant commands the authority to conduct experimentation, prototyping, and technology demonstrations to support the development and testing of innovative technologies and capability solutions to address operational needs identified by the combatant command.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 874 - Annual report on contract cancellations and terminations

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1041) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit an annual report on any cancelled contracts for the preceding fiscal year, and for each of the fiscal years 2027 through 2031, to the congressional defense committees, not later than 10 days after the President's budget submission. In the first report required to be submitted, the Secretary of Defense would also include reporting on any cancellations of contracts during fiscal year 2025.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that specifies the report should cover any contract cancellations or terminations above the simplified acquisition threshold.

Sec. 875 - Ability to withhold contract payments during period of pendency of a bid protest

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 818) that would require the Secretary of Defense not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to revise the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement to establish procedures for a contracting officer to seek disgorgement of certain profits or fees earned by the incumbent contractor if the incumbent filed a bid protest with the Comptroller General of the United States; continued performance on the contract while the protest was pending; and the bid protest was subsequently dismissed because of a lack of reasonable legal or factual basis. This section would also amend section 3553 of title 31, United States Code, to authorize the head of a procuring activity of the Department of Defense to override the

stay in the award of a contract during the period of protest if doing so would facilitate the national defense.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to withhold up to 5 percent of certain payments to an incumbent contractor who files a bid protest which is dismissed by the Comptroller General based on a lack of any reasonable legal or factual basis.

Sec. 876 - Indemnification of contractors against nuclear and unusually hazardous risks

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1626) that would require reviews of requests submitted by a contractor to a Department of Defense contracting officer pursuant to Public Law 85-804 (50 U.S.C. 1431 et seq.) for indemnification against nuclear and unusually hazardous risks include, to the maximum extent practicable, input from the Defense Contract Management Agency; and require the Secretary of Defense to ensure that all such reviews be completed within 90 days.

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 837) that would require reviews of requests submitted by a contractor to a Department of Defense contracting officer pursuant to Public Law 85-804 (50 U.S.C. 1431 et seq.) for indemnification against nuclear and unusually hazardous risks include, to the maximum extent practicable, input from the Defense Contract Management Agency; that all such reviews be completed within 90 days; and that the Secretary of each military department should delegate authority to provide indemnification under Public Law 85-804 (50 U.S.C. 1431 et seq.) for contracts relating to advanced nuclear energy systems or components to such subordinate officials, commands, or agencies as the Secretary determines appropriate to ensure timely and effective program execution.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 877 - Enhanced security strategy for procurement of private fifth-generation wireless technology

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 857) that would require a contractor selected by the Secretary of Defense to procure fifth-generation wireless technology for private networks on military installations that complies with zero trust principles.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Elimination of late cost and pricing data submission defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 802) that would amend section 3706 of title 10, United States Code, to preclude a contractor that submits cost or pricing data that is more than 30 days old in response to applicable requirements under Truthful Cost or Price Data (chapter 271 of title 10, United States Code), from using such submission as a defense against a determination of defective cost or pricing data by a head of an agency.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 838).

The agreement does not include either provision.

We note that the sweeps process under the Truth in Negotiations Act is a post-price agreement review requiring contractors to disclose any updated cost or pricing data in their possession for certification before contract award. We are aware of concerns that contractors may not be providing disclosures of cost or pricing data in their possession prior to a price agreement, opting to disclose such data only after agreement and immediately before contract award. This practice may result in upward adjustments to contract pricing without providing time for sufficient review due to factors such as the expiration of funds or urgent military needs for the products or services.

Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense to require the Acquisition Innovation Research Center to submit a report to the Secretary of Defense by January 30, 2027, assessing whether these practices constitute a systemic problem in the sweeps process and identifying ways to address them. We further direct the Secretary of Defense to submit the report, along with Department of Defense views, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives within 30 days of receiving the report. The report shall include, at a minimum:

(1) An analysis of the sweeps process, including timelines for disclosure and review of cost or pricing data;

(2) An assessment whether prime contractors have withheld data until after the date of agreement on the price of the contract, along with identification of the primary reason a contractor would submit required data after a handshake agreement on the price;

(3) An assessment of the feasibility and advisability of disallowing prime contractor cost or pricing

data from sweeps submissions if it was in their possession for a significant period of time prior to the date of agreement on the price of the contract; and

(4) Recommendations to improve the disclosure of cost or pricing data prior to sweeps.

Capstone requirements

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 802) that would create a new section, 3209, to title 10, United States Code, to establish capstone requirements for three or more portfolio acquisition executives in consultation with the Joint Requirements Oversight Council to enable greater speed, agility, and innovation in fielding military capabilities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Reporting of price increases

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 803) that would amend chapter 271 of title 10, United States Code, to require the offeror to report to the contracting officer certain increases in the price of a product or service under a covered contract.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 835).

The agreement does not include either provision.

Major system cost growth oversight

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 806) that would amend section 4374 of title 10, United States Code, to require a notification to Congress of a breach of a significant cost growth threshold or a critical cost growth threshold to be provided not later than 30 days after the relevant unit cost report was submitted to the service acquisition executive. This section would also amend section 4203 of title 10, United States Code, by requiring the Secretary of Defense to designate an end item as a major subprogram for the purposes of acquisition reporting if the eventual total expenditure for the end item is estimated to exceed $500,000,000. This section would also amend section 4214 of title 10, United States Code, to require the baseline cost estimate to apply to the life cycle of major defense acquisition programs or designated major subprograms. In addition, this section would amend section 4376 of title 10, United States Code, to prevent the Secretary of Defense from delegating authority and responsibility related to termination

of a program, and to add matters to be considered in termination planning for a terminated program.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Prioritization of domestic boron

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 809) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to issue regulations under which the Department of Defense shall prioritize the acquisition of boron for use by the Department, including in goods and services acquired by the Department, from sources in the United States through domestic supply chains.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the importance of ensuring domestic and allied sources of materials and encourage the Department to continue to prioritize finding alternate sources of supply to avoid reliance on non-allied nations, especially for materials like boron.

Establishment of Schedule V for veteran employment and philanthropy reporting by defense contractors and grantees

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 810) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop and implement a standardized disclosure schedule of veteran employment and retention data, to be known as Schedule V, to be included in all applicable contracts, subcontracts, and grant awardees.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Other transaction authority reporting

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 813) that would amend section 4021 of title 10, United States Code, to ensure that reporting on the use of Other Transaction Authorities is done in the same manner as reporting on similar expenditures by the Department of Defense.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 875).

The agreement does not include either provision.

We note that reporting of Other Transaction Authorities is covered elsewhere in this Act.

Acquisition thresholds for certain materials

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 815) that would amend sections 4863 and 4872 of title 10, United States Code, by specifying an exception for purchases of covered materials below an amount of $250,000 (adjusted for inflation every 5 years) rather than by reference to the simplified acquisition threshold. This section would also amend section 4873 of title 10, United States Code, to specify an exception for purchases of covered printed circuit boards below an amount of $10,000 (adjusted for inflation every 5 years) rather than by reference to the micro-purchase threshold.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Additional materials prohibited from non-allied foreign nations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 816) that would amend section 4872 of title 10, United States Code, by authorizing the Secretary of Defense to designate any other mineral, material, substrate, metal, or alloy to be subject to the requirements of section 4872. This section would require the Secretary to submit to the congressional defense committees a notice of designation pursuant to the authority provided, and would establish an effective date of application of the requirements of the section as 1 year after the date on which the Secretary of Defense publishes a notice of designation of an additional mineral, material, substrate, metal, or alloy in the Federal Register.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Extension of authority for pilot program for development of technology-enhanced capabilities with partnership intermediaries

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 817) that would extend for 3 years the authority for development of technology-enhanced capabilities with partnership intermediaries under section 851(e) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92).

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on the use of other transaction authority

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 819) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after

enactment of this Act, to provide to the congressional defense committees a report on the use of follow-on production contracts or transactions under section 4022 of title 10, United States Code, during the period from October 1, 2022, through October 1, 2025.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We appreciate the insight provided into other transactions data in the System for Award Management, including data on awardees within consortium-based awards and follow-on production awards. However, we note that while other transactions are intended to accelerate innovation and attract non-traditional defense contractors, there is insufficient analysis on whether these agreements consistently deliver operational value, reduce timelines, or lead to follow-on production contracts that provide enduring military capability.

Accordingly, we direct the Comptroller General of the United States to conduct a review and submit a report to the congressional defense committees, not later than June 1, 2026, on the use of other transactions under section 4022 of title 10, United States Code, during the period beginning October 1, 2020, and ending October 1, 2025. The review shall include:

(1) The total number and value of prototype other transactions awarded during the period, disaggregated by service, defense agency, and contracting activity;

(2) The number and value of follow-on production agreements executed pursuant to subsection (f) of section 4022;

(3) An assessment of the proportion of prototypes that transitioned into production using other transactions, the proportion that transitioned into production using Federal Acquisition Regulations-based contracts, and the proportion that never transitioned into production;

(4) An assessment of the performance and outcomes of follow-on production efforts;

(5) An analysis of the factors that enable or hinder transition from prototype to production, including contract structure, intellectual property provisions, cost-sharing arrangements, and oversight mechanisms;

(6) Identification of any recurring challenges, barriers, or best practices that affect successful commercialization or adoption of capabilities developed under other transactions; and

(7) Recommendations to improve the Department’s use of other transactions to achieve timely, cost-effective production outcomes and measurable return on investment for prototype activities.

Application of certain documentation and oversight requirements to certain projects performed through other transaction authority

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 820) that would apply the requirements of section 4204(e) of title 10, United States Code, to a project performed using Other Transaction Authorities (sections 4021 and 4022 of title 10, United States Code) if the project meets the definition of a major defense acquisition program (section 4201 of title 10, United States Code).

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Modifications to nontraditional defense contractor definitions

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 821) that would amend section 3014 of title 10, United States Code, to add to the definition of a nontraditional defense contractor those business entities that do not qualify as a covered segment as defined under the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement 231.205-18 or successor regulation.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Prohibitions relating to covered distributed ledger technology and blockchain equipment or services

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 823) that would enact prohibitions on the Secretary of Defense relating to covered distributed ledger technology and blockchain equipment or services.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Amendment to requirement for domestic stainless steel flatware and dinnerware

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 824) that would amend section 842 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159) by striking subsection (c).

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that amendments made by section 842 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense

Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159) do not take effect until January 1, 2026.

Modifications to treatment of certain products and services as commercial products and commercial services

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 824) that would amend section 3457 of title 10, United States Code, to require contracting officers to treat nontraditional defense contractors at any tier of the contract as commercial products and commercial services unless a written determination is approved by the head of the contracting activity, delegable no lower than the senior contracting official.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Modifications to other transactions

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 827) that would amend section 4022 of title 10, United States Code, to allow for follow-on production authorities of other transaction agreements without a competitive prototype if the capability has been demonstrated in a relevant environment and the acquisition executive makes a written determination.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Critical Acquisition Position Tenure and Program Management Stability

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 832) that would modify section 1734 of title 10, United States Code, to require a 6-year minimum assignment period for program executive officers and to ensure that extended tenures do not adversely affect career progression or advancement.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We remain concerned about frequent turnover in key acquisition leadership positions, particularly among program executive officers and other critical acquisition positions as defined in section 1732 of title 10. Stable, milestone aligned tenure is essential to program continuity, accountability, and cost and schedule performance. Short-term assignments can incentivize short-sighted decision-making by officials who will not be present to manage long-term consequences. Longer tenure strengthens accountability by ensuring that the same leaders who initiate major acquisition decisions remain responsible for

their execution and outcomes. Frequent rotations disrupt long-term planning, erode institutional knowledge, and hinder the Department's ability to deliver capabilities to the warfighter on time and within budget.

Accordingly, we direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness, to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees, not later than April 1, 2026, on actions taken to strengthen stability in program management and tenure for critical acquisition positions. The briefing shall include:

(1) An assessment of the average duration of assignment for program executive officers and other critical acquisition positions over the preceding 5 years, disaggregated by service and component;

(2) An evaluation of how turnover and reassignment affect program outcomes, schedule risk, and cost performance;

(3) A description of measures under consideration or in implementation to promote longer tenure and continuity of leadership, including incentives, career development adjustments, and succession planning;

(4) An analysis of any barriers within personnel systems or promotion policies that discourage longer assignments; and

(5) Recommendations on whether legislative action is required to improve the stability and accountability of leadership in critical acquisition positions.

We further encourage the Department to consider longer assignment periods for key acquisition leadership roles where appropriate, coupled with policies that recognize and reward program-management continuity and accountability as a component of effective acquisition outcomes.

Competitive acquisition leadership appointments

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 834) that would require the Secretary of Defense to ensure that eligibility for an acquisition leadership position associated with a joint research and development activity or a joint acquisition program is not limited by an individual's affiliation with a specific Armed Force, or whether the individual is a civilian employee of the Department of Defense or a member of the military.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Ensuring Department of Defense contractor compliance with disability hiring goals

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 838) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct an audit of the compliance of the contractors of the Department of Defense with the 7 percent utilization goal for employment of qualified individuals with disabilities by contractors established by the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs of the Department of Labor under section 503 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C 793).

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Comptroller General review of matters relating to individuals assigned to a critical acquisition position

The House bill contained two provisions (sec. 839 and sec. 840) directing the Comptroller General of the United States to conduct reviews of the training, development, management, and career progression of the acquisition workforce.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provisions.

We direct the Comptroller General to conduct a review of the current composition of acquisition workforce, and an assessment of training, development, and management of the acquisition workforce. The review shall, at a minimum, address:

(1) An assessment of the organization, staffing, and workforce mix of the acquisition workforce, including positions filled by individuals without required skills or experience, and trends in hiring and retention over the preceding 5 years;

(2) A review of the effectiveness of recruiting and retention authorities, including pay scales, career incentives, and opportunities for specialization, job-broadening, and external training;

(3) A review of the education, training, and career development programs offered by the Department of Defense for members of the acquisition workforce, and an assessment of the efficacy of career development policies established under section 1734 of title 10, United States Code;

(4) An assessment of impediments to training and education, including workload demands and funding availability, and recommendations to improve training sufficiency; and

(5) An assessment of the data, productivity tools, and information systems available to support acquisition workloads, including the availability of commercial tools.

We direct the Comptroller General to provide a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the findings of the review along with any recommendations for improvements in recruiting, retention, training, and management, including an assessment of the benefits and drawbacks of minimum assignment periods for critical acquisition positions, not later than June 1, 2026.

Prohibition on acquisition of clothing and fabric from countries of concern under domestic-sourcing waivers

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 844) that would amend section 4862 of title 10, United States Code, to prohibit the Department of Defense from purchasing clothing or textiles from countries of concern when an availability exception is granted due to the nonavailability of domestically-sourced options.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note this provision is covered in another section of this Act.

Mitigation of risks related to foreign ownership, control, or influence of Department of Defense contractors or subcontractors

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 845) that would prohibit the obligation of not more than 90 percent of the travel expenses of the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence and Security until the Secretary of Defense certifies to the congressional defense committees that the requirements under section 847 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92) have been implemented and submits a plan and timeline for continued implementation of such requirements.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that the Department of Defense has begun implementing section 819 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283) and section 847 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92). We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than March 1, 2026, on the progression of the proposed rule considered by the Defense Acquisition Regulations Council, to include: (1) A specific timeline for implementation of the requirements included in the aforementioned sections; (2) Any

obstacles to successful implementation; and (3) Any other matters the Secretary considers relevant.

Sourcing options for certain critical products

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 847) that would require the Secretary of Defense, as soon as practicable, but not later than fiscal year 2031, to ensure the Department of Defense maintains multiple sources for certain critical products.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We believe the Department of Defense should be investing into alternative sources of supply for key industrial sectors, especially those where the Department is reliant on a single supplier of a particular item. We note that elsewhere in this bill we define the term "critical readiness items of supply" to include all parts and systems causing Mission Impaired Capability Awaiting Parts, Not Mission Capable Supply, or Casualty Report Category 3 or 4 status, as defined by the Department of Defense and respective military services, or other parts or systems designated by the Secretary of Defense as impacting readiness. We believe the Department should establish multiple sources of supply for any parts or systems identified as critical items of supply.

Report on United States boot industrial base and Berry Amendment compliance

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 849B) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 90 days after the enactment of this Act, to submit a report to the congressional defense committees on the United States boot industrial base and Berry amendment compliance.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that this is covered elsewhere in this Act.

Repeal of exception for small purchases under the Berry Amendment

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 851) that would amend Section 4862 of title 10, United States Code, to repeal the exception for small purchases under the Berry Amendment.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that this is covered elsewhere in this Act.

Modification to enhanced domestic content requirement for major defense acquisition programs

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 853) that would amend section 835 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) by applying the requirements of such section to a program that meets the definition of a major defense acquisition program based on the threshold amounts that were in effect on January 1, 2025.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Preference for domestic procurement of professional services

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 858) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to revise the Department of Defense Supplement to the Federal Acquisition Regulation to require, to the maximum extent practicable and consistent with the interests of national security, preference for procurement of professional services from offerors that are U.S. companies.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Shipping container supply chain

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 859) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit to Congress an assessment on the national security implications of the reliance of the United States on foreign adversary countries for the production of standard and specialty shipping containers, and to establish domestic production capability of shipping containers.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Assessment of critical defense mineral supply chain vulnerabilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 860) that would require the Comptroller General of the United States to conduct an assessment of the supply chains of critical minerals for use in the defense industrial base and to identify vulnerabilities in such supply chains.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Assessment of military medical supply chains

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 860A) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct an assessment of the vulnerabilities to supply chains for the medical supplies and equipment used by the Department of Defense, including a detailed assessment of the reliance of the Department on sources located in the People's Republic of China for active pharmaceutical ingredients and medical devices, and require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the findings of the assessment.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that section 860(a) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263) included a provision that required in-depth reporting on the pharmaceutical supply chains for the Department of Defense. We note that without specific reporting on source material from pharmaceutical companies, the Department is limited in understanding the exact provenance for all materials, but has conducted impressive analysis where information was available. We encourage the Department to continue existing supply chain efforts to decouple from foreign entities of concern.

Permanent magnet traceability pilot program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 860B) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a pilot program under which the Department of Defense would validate the sources of rare earth elements and critical materials used in permanent magnets used by the Department.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Critical and rare earth mineral supply chain study

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 860F) that would require the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Resilience, in coordination with the Secretary of the Interior, Secretary of Energy, and the Director of the United States Geological Survey, to submit a report on the feasibility of reshoring domestic critical and rare earth mineral mining and production.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Prohibition on contracting with entities with segregated facilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 862) that would require the Secretary of Defense to create a policy requiring contractors to provide a certification that they comply with all federal law, and specifically, do not allow for segregation.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that all defense contractors must comply with all federal laws including title II of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000a et seq.).

Requirement to buy disposable food service products from American sources; exceptions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 866) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to procure disposable food service products that are American-made and do not contain perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Estimate of ally and partner demand for United States-produced munitions and specified expendables

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 866) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish an annual requirement for an estimate of the demand by U.S. allies and partners for U.S.-produced munitions and specified expendables across the future-years defense plan.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to deliver a one-time report to the congressional defense committees, not later than March 30, 2026, of existing relevant Department of Defense information systems of record to determine whether any such system, or combination of such systems, may be used or modified to collect and analyze data necessary to support the production of an estimate of the demand by U.S. allies and partners for U.S.-produced munitions and specified expendables across the future-years defense plan.

The assessment shall take into consideration:

(1) The cost and technical challenges of adopting or adapting a system, or combination of such systems, for the purpose described; and

(2) The estimated cost and technical challenges of establishing a new information system of record for such purpose.

Prohibition on Department of Defense contracts with certain foreign-owned online tutoring services

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 867) that would amend section 854 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159) by expanding the list of countries of concern to include the Russian Federation, Iran, and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that section 854 from the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 prohibited the Department of Defense from contracting for online tutoring services which could result in personal data of citizens of the United States being transferred to the control of the People’s Republic of China. As a result of the increased attention to the data security of servicemembers and their families, there are currently several domestic options to contract with to provide tutoring services to servicemembers and their families.

Prohibition on entering into contracts with a person engaged in a boycott of the State of Israel

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 870A) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from entering into a contract with a person if such person is engaged in an activity that is politically motivated and is intended to penalize or otherwise limit significant commercial relations specifically with Israel or persons doing business in Israel or in Israeli-controlled territories.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Requirements for prime contractors of certain telecommunications contracts

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 870B) that would require the Secretary of Defense to ensure that the principal office of prime contractors relating to the procurement of telecommunications are located in the United States.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on compliance progress with sensitive material acquisition prohibition

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 870C) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report on the progress of the Department of Defense in implementing the amendments to the prohibition on the acquisition of covered materials under section 4872 of title 10, United States Code, made by section 844 of William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283).

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the significant efforts underway by the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy and the Defense Logistics Agency to source, invest in, and stockpile the covered materials in section 4872 of title 10, United States Code.

Modification to procurement requirements relating to rare earth elements and strategic and critical materials

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 872) that would amend section 857 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263) by adding advanced batteries or advanced battery components to the list of products subject to certain required disclosures by contractors of the Department of Defense.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that this issue is addressed by another provision in this Act.

Processes for incentivizing contractor expansion of sources of supply

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 873) that would require the Secretary of Defense to enhance military readiness by incentivizing contractor expansion of supply sources for critical readiness parts and systems. The Senate provision would also mandate contractual requirements for supplier diversification, including Acquisition Method Suffix Code reclassification to reduce sole-source dependency, expedited qualification processes, and the use of simulation-based verification for certification. The Senate provision also

would require the Secretary to enforce data rights and deliverables or initiate reverse engineering to qualify new suppliers if design activities fail to comply within 30 days of notification.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Duty-free entry of supplies procured by Department of Defense

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 874) that would require the Secretary of Defense to issue duty-free entry certificates in certain circumstances and require supply chain tracking.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that it will be increasingly important for the Department of Defense to track the impact of economic fluctuations, including tariffs, supply chain disruptions, and inflation, on all major prime contracts entered into by the Department. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees, not later than March 1, 2026, on the impact of significant economic fluctuations on Defense programs. Such briefing shall include:

(1) An assessment of cost increases to both the Department and contractors as a result of tariffs imposed since February 1, 2025, under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701) and section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 (19 U.S.C 1862);

(2) An assessment of the effects of such tariffs on supply chains and lead times for major defense platforms; and

(3) A summary of agreements entered into under section 4851 of title 10, United States Code, and an assessment of the application of those agreements to the defense supply chain.

Organic small unmanned aircraft system manufacturing capacity

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 875) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to establish, in the Defense Industrial Resilience Consortium, under section 1842, not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, a working group, to be called the "SkyFoundry Working Group."

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 882).

The agreement does not include either the House or Senate provision.

We note that the expansion of small unmanned aircraft systems within the defense industrial base is critical to the

Department of Defense. However, small unmanned aircraft system industrial base analysis, strategies, and reports to Congress, and the Army Sky Foundry initiative, are covered elsewhere in this bill.

Protecting AI and cloud competition in defense contracts

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 876) that would require the Secretary of Defense to promote security, resiliency, and competition when entering into artificial intelligence and cloud contracts.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Evaluation of TP-Link telecommunications equipment for designation as covered telecommunications equipment or services

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 877) that would require the Secretary of Defense to evaluate equipment and services provided by TP-Link Technologies Co. and provide a briefing to the Congress.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We are concerned about the critical threat vector router and modem technologies introduce to networks supporting and integrated within the Department of Defense. The committees note that the Department of Commerce Bureau of Industry and Security is conducting ongoing reviews to evaluate threats posed by certain manufacturers of these technologies. We direct the Department of Defense to closely monitor the outcomes of these reviews and incorporate appropriate prohibitions and security requirements necessary to protect national security, including restrictions on equipment and services that pose unacceptable risks to Department networks and operations.

Country-of-origin disclosure requirements for generic drugs purchased by the Department of Defense

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 878) that would prohibit the Department of Defense from procuring a generic drug for resale unless the seller discloses the country the generic drug was manufactured in and the country of origin for all active pharmaceutical ingredients and key starting materials.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note the challenges the Department faces with receiving disclosures of all active pharmaceutical ingredients and key starting materials. We encourage the Department to continue to conduct supply chain analysis and mitigate risks to ensure that servicemembers and their families can maintain access to necessary pharmaceuticals.

Assessment of industrial base for turbojet pyrotechnic devices

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 880A) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, in consultation with the Secretary of the Army and the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy, to submit a report assessing the industrial base for turbojet pyrotechnic devices to the congressional defense committees.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Department of Defense contracting goals for small business concerns owned and controlled by veterans

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 881) that would amend chapter 387 of title 10, United States Code, by requiring the Secretary of Defense to establish a goal, for each fiscal year, for participation in Department of Defense contracts (including subcontracts) by small business concerns owned and controlled by veterans. This section would also authorize the use of procedures other than competitive procedures in the award of contracts to small business concerns owned and controlled by veterans.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that veteran-owned small businesses are an important part of the defense industrial base and we encourage the Secretary of Defense to continue supporting veteran-owned small businesses.

Permanent extension of phase flexibility and inclusion of small business technology transfer program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 882) that would amend section 638(cc) of title 15, United States Code, to permanently extend the phase flexibility and include the Small Business Technology Transfer Program.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Authority to make additional sequential Phase II awards under the Small Business Innovation Research program or Small Business Technology Transfer program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 883) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to award one additional sequential Phase II Small Business Innovation and Research award or one additional sequential Phase II Small Business Technology Transfer award during each such fiscal year to a small business concern that received an additional Phase II award for continued work on the project for which the small business concern received such award.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Congressional notification requirements for small business concerns for any significant contract termination

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 884) that would establish Congressional notification requirements for small business concerns for any significant contract termination.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

CMMC Certification Assessment support

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 886) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Administrator of the Small Business Administration and the Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Service, to submit a report to the Committees on Ways and Means and on Small Business of the House of Representatives a report identifying each Federal resource and each business or personal tax credit or deduction that may be available to a small business concern.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Study on certain contracts and awards to small business concerns

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 887) that would require the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Office of Small Business Programs, to carry out a study to review contracts awarded with a value at or below the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in section 3015 of title 10, United States Code, to determine if the Department of Defense is ensuring full consideration and application of requirements relating to small business concerns.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Comptroller General assessment of competitive effects of mergers and acquisitions of defense contractors

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 894) that would require the Comptroller General of the United States to conduct an assessment and submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the competitive effects of mergers and acquisitions of defense contractors during the 10-year period preceding the date of the enactment of this Act.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 876).

The agreement does not include either provision.

We note that the Senate report accompanying S. 2296 (S. Rept. 119–39) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026 directs the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy to provide a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than June 1, 2026, on actions to implement the Government Accountability Office's recommendations in its report published on October 17, 2023, titled ''Defense Industrial Base: DOD Needs Better Insight into Risks from Mergers and Acquisitions'' (GAO–24–106129).

Report on limitations relating to the production of clothing and textiles for procurement by the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 895) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees a report on limitations relating to the production of clothing and textiles for procurement by the Department of Defense.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note this provision is covered elsewhere in this Act.

Report by Secretary of Defense on foreign acquisition of dual-use technologies

The House bill contained a provision (sec 896) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report related to the acquisition by entities linked to the Chinese Communist Party of dual-use technologies developed or manufactured in the United States, and recommendations to strengthen protections against foreign acquisition of such dual-use technologies.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the acquisition by the People's Republic of China of certain dual-use technologies developed in the United States may pose a threat to national security. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than June 1, 2026, on the Department of Defense's assessment of the risk to U.S. national security of the People's Republic of China's acquisition of dual-use technologies and recommendations, if any, to strengthen protections against unwanted foreign acquisition of dual-use technologies developed or manufactured in the United States.

Inspector General of the Department of Defense annual report on oversight of fraud, waste, and abuse

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 897) that would require an annual report from the Inspector General of the Department of Defense on oversight of fraud, waste, and abuse.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We are aware of the critical work of the Office of the Inspector General (OIG) in the Department of Defense (DOD). According to the DOD OIG, for each dollar spent on oversight efforts, an average of $4 is returned to the U.S. Government, and in the last 6-month reporting period the OIG noted $3.6 billion in potential monetary benefits and enabled the recovery of more than $3 billion due to criminal investigations.

We note the continuing investments made to modernize enterprise information technology (IT) and DOD processes as part of audit readiness efforts, and believe that such investments could enable more efficient and effective oversight by the OIG. We encourage the Department to prioritize such investments, and to ensure that the OIG has the requisite tools to leverage improvements in enterprise IT for oversight purposes.

Report on supply of rare earth materials and elements

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 898) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of the Interior, to submit to Congress a report on the supply of rare earth materials and elements extracted, processed, and refined from secure sources of supply to develop and produce advanced technologies of the Department of Defense.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense provides information on the supply of rare earth materials in the National Defense Stockpile Requirements Report, as required by section 98b of title 50 of United States Code.

Requirements management tools in Department of Defense acquisition programs

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 898A) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to submit a report to the congressional defense committees on management tools in Department of Defense acquisition programs not later than 180 days after the date of enactment.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on Defense Department's lithium supply chain and applications for future advanced military capabilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 898B) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, not later than March 1, 2026, to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the Department of Defense's current supply and anticipated need for lithium.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Senate report accompanying S. 2296 (S. Rept. 119-39) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026 includes a provision that directs the Department to consider several issues as a part of the Defense-wide battery strategy to identify and address the risks to the defense supply chain and material shortages for legacy system batteries.

Report on waivers of security requirements for certain software contracts

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 898D) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report on contracts awarded to software servicers who were granted a waiver of security requirements.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize the importance of ensuring that waivers of cybersecurity requirements should be used sparingly and only when clearly justified. Therefore, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on contracts for software applications or software services for which the Department of Defense granted a waiver of applicable statutory, regulatory, or Department of Defense security or cybersecurity requirements during the 12-month period preceding the date of enactment. We agree this report shall address the following for each such waiver: (1) The name and description of the software application or service; (2) The specific statutory, regulatory, or Department of Defense policy requirement waived; and (3) A comprehensive justification for granting the waiver instead of awarding the contract to a compliant offeror.

Definitions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 899) that would provide definitions for subtitle I, Robot Security.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Prohibition on procurement of covered unmanned ground vehicle systems from covered foreign entities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 899A) that would prohibit the procurement of covered unmanned ground vehicle systems from covered foreign entities.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Prohibition on operation of covered unmanned ground vehicle systems from covered foreign entities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 899B) that would prohibit the operation of covered unmanned ground vehicle systems from covered foreign entities.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Prohibition on use of Federal funds for procurement and operation of covered unmanned ground vehicle systems manufactured by certain foreign entities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 899C) that would prohibit the use of Federal funds for procurement and operation on covered unmanned ground vehicle systems manufactured by certain foreign entities.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

TITLE IX—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT

SUBTITLE A—OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE AND RELATED MATTERS

Sec. 901 - Prohibition of diversity, equity, and inclusion programs of the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 901) that would amend sections 113, 147, and 656 of title 10, United States Code, to eliminate certain reporting requirements, repeal existing statutes related to diversity, equity, and inclusion (DEI) programs, and prohibit the Secretary of Defense from developing or maintaining any DEI-related practices.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 920).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives an annual report on demographic representation and career progression across the Armed Forces and Department of Defense civilian workforce.

Sec. 902 - Directive authority for matters for which the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering has responsibility

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 904) that would amend section 133a(b) of title 10, United States Code, by granting directive authority for research and development matters to the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 902).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 903 - Assistant Secretary of Defense for International Armaments Cooperation

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 908) that would create a new Assistant Secretary of Defense for International Armaments Cooperation, eliminate the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Readiness, and rename the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Strategy, Plans, and Capabilities as the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Strategy, Plans, Capabilities, and Readiness.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would create a new Assistant Secretary of Defense for International Armaments Cooperation and retain the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Readiness and the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Strategy, Plans, and Capabilities.

Sec. 904 - Modification to authorities of the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 903) that would amend section 139 of title 10, United States Code, by requiring the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation in the Department of Defense to coordinate with operational test and evaluation organizations of the Armed Forces to review their service-approved test and evaluation master plans and to prohibit any limitation that does not allow for sufficient staffing to fulfill the duties and responsibilities assigned by section 139.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 903).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 905 - Modification of covered technology categories for Office of Strategic Capital

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 311) that would add nuclear energy as a covered technology category for the Department of Defense Office of Strategic Capital.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 907).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 906 - Additional authorities for Office of Strategic Capital

The House bill includes a provision (sec. 904) that would allow the Office of Strategic Capital to charge fees on transactions.

The Senate bill includes a similar provision (sec. 902).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 907 - Defense Science Board study on optimal organizational structure for digital solution and software delivery

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 921) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to require the Defense Science Board to conduct a comprehensive study on the optimal organizational structure within the Office of the Secretary of Defense to support digital solution activities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with clarifying amendments.

SUBTITLE B—OTHER DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT MATTERS

Sec. 911 - Removal of members of Joint Chiefs of Staff and combatant commanders

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 916) that would amend section 151 of title 10, United States Code, to require the President to notify the Congress of the removal of a member of the Joint Chiefs of Staff from office or transfer to another position or location before the end of the member's term of office not later than 5 days after the removal or transfer takes place.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would also require congressional notification upon the removal of combatant commanders.

Sec. 912 - Joint Interagency Task Force 401

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 912) that would amend Subchapter I of chapter 8 of title 10, United States Code, to establish the Joint Counter-Small Unmanned Aircraft Systems Office.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 912).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that establishes Joint Interagency Task Force (JIATF) 401 as the entity with primary responsibility for counter-small unmanned aircraft systems in the Department of Defense and clarifies JIATF 401 roles and responsibilities.

Sec. 913 - Authority to establish regional outreach centers for the Defense Innovation Unit

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 913) that would authorize the Defense Innovation Unit to establish regional outreach centers both domestically and internationally.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 914 - Small-UAS Industrial Base Working Group

The Senate bill contains a provision (sec. 842) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop a small unmanned aircraft system (sUAS) industrial base remediation plan.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Deputy Secretary of Defense to establish a Small Unmanned Aircraft System Working Group to assess the capacity of the sUAS industrial base and make recommendations about strategic investments into the industrial base for sUAS technologies to increase domestic production capacity. The Working Group shall also assess whether the Army's Sky Foundry initiative would assist the Army in meeting its sUAS requirements at a competitive cost and materially impact the health of the sUAS industrial base.

Sec. 915 - Temporary prohibition on disestablishment of Navy Expeditionary Combat Command Pacific

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 918) that would prevent the Secretary of the Navy from taking any action to disestablish the Navy Expeditionary Combat Command Pacific. The provision would also require the Secretary to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on: (1) The status of the decision of the Secretary with respect to the disestablishment of the Navy Expeditionary Combat Command Pacific; and (2) The strategic rationale, cost, and benefits of such disestablishment.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 916 - Limitation on availability of funds for modification or consolidation of geographic combatant commands

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 914) that would prohibit the use of funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 to modify

or combine the responsibilities or lower the rank of the Commander, U.S. Africa Command, until 90 days after the date the Secretary of Defense submits specified information to the congressional defense committees. The House bill also contained a provision (sec. 1046) that would prohibit the use of funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 to modify or combine the responsibilities or lower the rank of the Commander, U.S. Southern Command, until 90 days after the date the Secretary of Defense submits specified information to the congressional defense committees.

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 919) that would prohibit funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 to consolidate, disestablish, or otherwise eliminate a geographic combatant command of the Department of Defense until not earlier than 90 days after the Secretary of Defense submits a report to the congressional defense committees.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would prohibit the use of funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 to modify or combine the responsibilities or lower the rank of the Commander of any geographic combatant command or to divest, consolidate, or return to a host country any site included in the real property inventory of a geographic combatant command as of June 1, 2025 until not earlier than 60 days after the Secretary of Defense submits a report to the congressional defense committees.

Sec. 917 - Limitation on availability of funds for the Army pending submittal of plan on the proposed integration of the Joint Munitions Command and the Army Sustainment Command

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 915) that would limit the availability of funds for the Army pending submittal of plan on the proposed integration of the Joint Munitions Command and the Army Sustainment Command.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 346).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Economic Defense Unit

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 901) that would establish an Economic Defense Unit (EDU) to centralize requirements generation, programming, planning coordination, and execution oversight of economic competition activities at the Department of Defense. The EDU would report directly to the Deputy Secretary of Defense and act as the Principal Staff Assistant to the Secretary of Defense on all matters related to economic competition. The provision would amend other authorities to make the EDU co-chair the National Security Capital Forum and chair the National Defense Economic Competition Research Council.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Further modifications to capital assistance program of the Office of Strategic Capital

The House bill includes a provision (sec. 905) that would provide equity investment authority for the Office of Strategic Capital.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Membership of Commandant of the Coast Guard on the Joint Chiefs of Staff

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 911) that would amend Section 151(a) of title 10, United States Code, to include the Commandant of the Coast Guard on the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Briefing on restructuring of Army Futures Command and Training and Doctrine Command

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 914) that would require the Secretary of the Army and the Chief of Staff of the Army to provide to the congressional defense committees a comprehensive briefing not less than 60 days before executing any plan to merge, consolidate, or otherwise reorganize the Army Futures Command and the Training and Doctrine Command of the Army, on the merger, consolidation, or other reorganization.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Army to provide a briefing, not later than February 28, 2026, to the congressional defense

committees, on the establishment of Army Transformation and Training Command. The briefing shall include:

(1) A description of the reorganization, including affected commands, subordinate entities, and organizational structures;

(2) The strategic, operational, and fiscal rationale for the reorganization;

(3) An assessment of impacts of the reorganization on the readiness and mission effectiveness of the Army; and

(4) An identification of resource reallocations, including installation realignment or closures and personnel movements generated by the reorganization.

Designation of senior official for military-to-civilian transition

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 915) that would designate a senior official responsible for overseeing servicemember transition from active duty to civilian life or reserve components.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We recognize the importance of clear leadership over the Department's transition programs in assisting transitioning servicemembers. We note that the Department maintains a comprehensive governance structure for this purpose, centered on the Transition Executive Committee, which is co-chaired by the Departments of Defense (DOD), Veterans Affairs (VA), and Labor. This committee is supported by interagency and Service-level working groups and operates under the broader oversight of the VA–DOD Joint Executive Committee. Given these existing responsibilities and mechanisms, we encourage the Department to continue prioritizing and strengthening support for servicemembers transitioning to civilian life or reserve service.

Limitation on authority to reduce in rank the billets of the commanding officers of certain military installations of the Air Force

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 916) that would prohibit the Secretary of the Air Force from reducing the rank of the billets of the commanding officers of certain military installations of the Air Force.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Determination of lead organization responsible for approval and validation of certain unmanned aircraft systems and components

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 917) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct an analysis of the current resourcing of the Defense Innovation Unit's (DIU) Blue Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) List and Framework. Following the assessment, this section would require the Secretary of Defense to transition the DIU Blue UAS List and Framework to a different Department of Defense component, or increase the resources and personnel at DIU if the determination is made that DIU is the best-suited Department organization to maintain the program.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Secretary of Defense memorandum dated July 10, 2025, and associated implementation guidance, effectively shifted management of Blue Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) List and Framework out of the Defense Innovation Unit.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than March 1, 2026, on how the Department's efforts related to the Secretary's guidance have improved management and resourcing and reduced cost of Blue UAS List platforms.

Longer term and eligibility for appointment to rank of Admiral of Commander of Naval Sea Systems Command

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 917) that would amend section 526 of title 10, United States Code, to establish an 8-year term for the Commander of Naval Sea Systems Command (NAVSEA) and authorize eligibility for appointment to the rank of Admiral during the final 3 years of that term. The provision would also require a report from the Secretary of the Navy on options and incentives to promote private investment in new shipyard capacity on the Pacific Coast.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We urge the Secretary of the Navy to ensure that the Navy continues to mature excellent candidates for the position of NAVSEA Commander.

Department of Defense advisory subcommittee to review technologies, processes, and investment related to combined joint all-domain command and control

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 918) that would allow the Secretary of Defense to establish a subcommittee under the board of advisors, directed under section 233 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283), to review technologies to achieve combined joint all-domain command and control.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize that successful implementation of Combined Joint All-Domain Command and Control depends on sustained collaboration between the Department of Defense and the private sector. We encourage the Department to expand its industry collaboration mechanisms, to include technical exchange meetings, advisory boards, and working groups, to better incorporate commercial capabilities and expertise.

Eligibility of Chief of the National Guard Bureau for appointment as Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 919) that would amend Section 151(b)(1)(B) of title 10, United States Code, to make the Chief of the National Guard Bureau eligible for appointment as Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

TITLE X—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SUBTITLE A—FINANCIAL MATTERS

Sec. 1001 - General transfer authority

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1001) that would allow the Secretary of Defense, with certain limitations, to make transfers between amounts authorized for fiscal year 2026 in division A of this Act. This provision would also limit the total amount transferred under this authority to $6.0 billion.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 1001).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 1002 - Consolidation of reporting requirements relating to Department of Defense financial improvement and audit remediation plan

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1004) that would consolidate reporting requirements related to the Department of Defense Financial Improvement and Audit Remediation Plan.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would add additional elements to sections 240b(a)(2)(A) and 240b(b)(1)(B) of title 10.

Sec. 1003 - Concurrent reporting date for annual update to Defense Business Systems Audit Remediation Plan and Department of Defense annual financial statements

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1005) that would amend chapter 240g(b) of title 10, United States Code, to eliminate the semiannual briefing requirement and to bring the annual reporting date for the Defense Business Systems Audit Remediation Plan in line with the due date of the audited financial statements outlined in section 240a of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1004).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1004 - Amendments and repeals to budgetary display requirements

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1002) that would repeal certain budgetary requirements for Department of Defense acquisition programs. The provision amends requirements for budget displays from the following: section 141 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111-84) for body armor procurement; section 2284 of title 10, United States Code, for the Explosive Ordnance Disposal Defense Program; section 219 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Public Law 113-66) for the Distributed Common Ground System; section 213 of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111-383) for the Joint Light Tactical Vehicle; and sections 111, 214, and 1502 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110-417) for Future Combat Systems, Sky Warrior Unmanned Aerial Systems, and Afghanistan and Iraq operations, respectively.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1005 - Extension of audit requirement for Department of Defense components

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1008) that would reduce the discretionary budget authority available for the Department of Defense, the military department, or the Defense Agency if the respective entity has not submitted a financial statement for the previous fiscal year, or if such financial statement has not received either an unqualified or a qualified audit opinion by an independent external auditor.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that extends by 1 year the existing requirement in section 1004(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-81) that each component of the Department of Defense shall be subject to an independent audit and if any such component fails to be subject to such an audit during any fiscal year through 2034, it shall have 1.5 percent of unobligated amounts available for the component cancelled and returned to the general fund of the Treasury for deficit reduction.

Sec. 1006 - Reporting requirements for amounts made available pursuant to title II of Public Law 119-21

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1007) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Senate proposed allocations and budget justification documents for amounts made available by title II of Public Law 119-21. The section would also require quarterly reports on the status of balances and activities funded using those amounts.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would include all congressional defense committees and would require quarterly briefings following the submission of quarterly reports. It also contains a technical amendment to include military construction budget justification documents.

Sec. 1007 - Use of technology using artificial intelligence to facilitate audit of the financial statements of the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2026

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1010) that would require the Secretary of Defense and the Secretaries of the military departments to encourage, to the greatest extent practicable, the use of artificial intelligence or machine learning for audits of Department of Defense financial statements.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

SUBTITLE B—COUNTERDRUG ACTIVITIES

Sec. 1010 - Support for counterdrug activities and activities to counter transnational organized crime

The Senate bill contained provisions (sec. 1033 and sec. 6011) that would require additional congressional reporting requirements regarding the Department of Defense's support to other Federal agencies conducting counterdrug or counter transnational organized crime activities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with clarifying amendments.

SUBTITLE C—NAVAL VESSELS AND SHIPYARDS

Sec. 1011 - Requirements for amphibious warfare ship force structure

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1013) that would amend section 8062 of title 10, United States Code, to require the Department of the Navy to adjust maintenance schedules and repair actions to maintain the minimum number of available amphibious warships needed to meet operational requirements. The provision would define an "available amphibious warship" as an amphibious assault ship (general purpose), an amphibious assault ship (multipurpose), an amphibious transport dock, or a dock landing ship that does not have a temporary critical limiting restriction, is not in a maintenance phase, is not in post-delivery testing, and is not in the process of decommissioning.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 127) that would amend section 8062 of title 10, United States Code, to define ‘‘temporarily unavailable’’ to be a ship that has not surpassed its planned maintenance availability by certain margins. The provision would deem that ships that exceed those margins could no longer be counted toward filling the requirement to maintain 31 amphibious ships.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that removes the definition of "available amphibious warship."

We are disappointed with the lack of prioritization by the Navy when it comes to amphibious warfare ship maintenance as it

compares to other elements of the surface Navy. This persistent lack of prioritization has resulted in unacceptably low rates of operational availability of amphibious warfare ships, rendering it nearly impossible for the Navy and Marine Corps to fulfill global operational requirements.

We understand that the Navy is committed to improving the operational readiness of amphibious warfare ships so they can operate as part of a three-ship Amphibious Readiness Group. It is imperative that such commitments translate into concrete, measurable actions without further delay.

Accordingly, we direct the Secretary of the Navy to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than 180 days after enactment of this Act, on the following:

(1) Specific steps taken to date to elevate the prioritization of amphibious ship maintenance and repair activities within the Navy's shipyard and industrial base resources;

(2) A detailed assessment of progress achieved in improving operational availability rates for amphibious ships, including quantitative metrics and timelines for future milestones; and

(3) A comprehensive plan to address any identified shortfalls, with particular emphasis on mitigating impacts to Marine Corps force generation and deployment readiness.

Sec. 1012 - Definition of short-term work for purposes of Navy construction of combatant and escort vessels and assignment of vessel projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1014) that would change the definition of short-term work for Navy vessel construction from 12 months to 18 months.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1013 - Navy Senior Technical Authority

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1015) that would amend section 8669b of title 10, United States Code, to require the Senior Technical Authority to report directly to the program executive officer for each vessel class. Further, the Senior Technical Authority would be responsible for determining that all design requirements are directly related to the capability development document for the vessel class and would not be permitted to approve any design requirements that are unnecessary.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with minor technical amendments.

Sec. 1014 – Overhaul, repair, and maintenance of vessels in the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands

The House bill included a provision that would amend section 8680 of title 10, United States Code, to add the Commonwealth of the Northen Mariana Islands to the list of United States and Guam homeports for naval vessels for which overhaul, repair, or maintenance may not be conducted in a shipyard outside the United States, Guam, or the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to make minor technical corrections to the original provision.

Sec. 1015 – Allocation of certain operation and maintenance funds for Navy amphibious ship maintenance

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1017) that would require the Navy to submit a separate line item starting in the fiscal year 2027 operation and maintenance Navy budget request for amphibious ship maintenance. Additionally, the provision would require at least a pro rata share of the fiscal year 2026 ship maintenance budget be provided for amphibious warfare ships.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1016 – Metrics for basic and functional design for ship construction

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1018) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to select a metric to measure the progression of basic and functional design with respect to the construction of ships within 180 days of the enactment of this Act. The provision would also require the Secretary to submit to the congressional defense committees within 45 days a report on the justification for selecting such metric that includes the justification for the selection of the metric.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1017 - Authority for single award indefinite delivery-indefinite quantity contract for destroyer maintenance

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1019) that would direct the Secretary of the Navy to seek to enter into a multiyear, single award indefinite delivery indefinite quantity contract for maintenance of DDG-1000 class destroyers.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1018 - Limitation on availability of funds to retire or decommission oceanographic research vessels of the Navy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1021) that would prevent the Secretary of the Navy from retiring or decommissioning an oceanographic research vessel, or otherwise reduce the number of such vessels maintained by the Navy to fewer than six, before the date on which the Secretary submits to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a plan to provide for the maintenance and recapitalization of the oceanographic research fleet.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1014) that would prevent the Secretary of the Navy from obligating or expending any fiscal year 2026 funds to retire or decommission, prepare to retire or decommission, or place in storage any oceanographic research vessel of the Navy unless the Secretary has identified and acquired a suitable replacement vessel for conducting the research that has been conducted by the vessel selected for retirement or decommissioning.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

We agree with an amendment that the Secretary should develop a plan for modernizing and maintaining the Navy's research vessel fleet.

Sec. 1019 - Strategy for Navy investment in and support for the maritime industrial base

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 129) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to develop and implement a strategy for direct investment in the maritime industrial base to address cost and schedule challenges for shipbuilding programs. Additionally, the strategy would be required to include considerations for data collection as well as the use of artificial intelligence for supply chain monitoring. Not later than 210 days after enactment, the Secretary of the Navy would

also be required to provide a report to the congressional defense committees on relevant details of the required strategy and implementation.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1020 - Exemption of unmanned surface vessels and unmanned underwater vehicles from certain technical authority requirements

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1013) that would amend section 8669b of title 10, United States Code, to exempt unmanned surface vessels and unmanned underwater vehicles from certain requirements for oversight by a senior technical authority within the Navy.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1021 - Pilot program on use of automated shipbuilding technologies and capabilities

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1018) that would direct the Secretary of the Navy to establish a pilot program on the use of automated assembly technologies and capabilities in naval shipbuilding to reduce overall construction times and alleviate workforce constraints.

The House contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1022 - Modification of authority to purchase used vessels under the National Defense Sealift Fund

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1012) that would require that, after the Department purchases 10 used foreign-built cargo vessels by the National Defense Sealift Fund, any purchase of a foreign-built cargo vessel must be matched by the construction of two new cargo vessels built in the United States.

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1012) that would increase the number of number of foreign-built cargo vessels that could be purchased by the National Defense Sealift Fund from by 10 to 12 vessels.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

SUBTITLE D—COUNTERTERRORISM

Sec. 1031 - Extension of authority for joint task forces to support law enforcement agencies conducting counter-terrorism activities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1031) that would codify the Department of Defense authority for joint task forces to support law enforcement agencies or Federal agencies conducting counterterrorism and counter transnational organized crime activities.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to extend the authority until 2032.

Sec. 1032 - Extension of prohibition on use of funds for transfer or release of individuals detained at United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, to the United States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1032) that would prohibit the use of any funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available for the Department of Defense during the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on December 31, 2026, to transfer or release detainees at U.S. Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, to or within the United States, its territories, or possessions.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1021).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1033 - Extension of prohibition on use of funds to construct or modify facilities in the United States to house detainees transferred from United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1033) that would prohibit the use of any funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available for the Department of Defense to be used during the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on December 31, 2026, to construct or modify any facility in the United States, its territories, or possessions to house any detainee transferred from U.S. Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, for the purposes of detention or imprisonment in the custody or under the effective control of the Department of Defense.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1022).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1034 – Extension of prohibition on use of funds for transfer or release of individuals detained at United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, to certain countries

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1034) that would prohibit the use of funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available for the Department of Defense during the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on December 31, 2026, to transfer, release, or assist in the transfer or release of any individual detained at U.S. Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, to Libya, Somalia, Syria, Yemen, and Afghanistan.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1023).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1035 – Extension of prohibition on use of funds to close or relinquish control of United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1035) that would prohibit the use of any funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available to the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2026 for the closure or abandonment of United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, the relinquishment of control of Guantanamo Bay to the Republic of Cuba, or the implementation of a material modification to the Treaty Between the United States of America and Cuba signed in the District of Columbia on May 29, 1934, that constructively closes United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1024).

The agreement includes the House provision.

SUBTITLE E—MISCELLANEOUS AUTHORITIES AND LIMITATIONS

Sec. 1041 – Modification of authority to provide assistance in support of Department of Defense accounting for missing United States Government personnel

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1041) that would amend section 408(a) of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Department of Defense to procure goods and services from foreign nations to assist the Department in its mission to recover and account for missing U.S. Government personnel.

The Senate bill contained two similar provisions (secs. 1051 and sec. 1264).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1042 - Senior leaders of the Department of Defense and other specified persons: authority to provide protection

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1034) that would modify section 714 of title 10, United States Code, regarding the authority to provide protection to senior leaders of the Department of Defense and other specified persons.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1043 - Modification of requirements relating to support of civil authorities by Armed Forces

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1036) that would modify uniform requirements relating to Department of Defense support of civil authorities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1044 - Authority of Secretary of Defense to enter into contracts to provide certain assistance to secure the southern land border of the United States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1043) that would give the Department of Defense the authority to enter into contracts to provide certain assistance to secure the southern land border of the United States.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1045 - Limitation on use of funds to relocate or otherwise remove the Maritime Industrial Base Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1044) that would prevent the Department from spending any funds to relocate or otherwise remove the Maritime Industrial Base Program from under the jurisdiction of the Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Research, Development, and Acquisition.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would further specify that the Navy could not

place the office within the jurisdiction of the Naval Sea Systems Command.

Sec. 1046 - Limitation on retirement of Gray Eagle unmanned aircraft systems

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1045) that would prevent the Department of the Army from retiring; divesting; or otherwise reducing the inventory, configuration, or capability of its MQ-1C Gray Eagle Extended Range unmanned aircraft systems.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1047 - Authority to transfer T–37 aircraft to Arizona Aviation Historical Group

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1047) that would authorize the Secretary of the Air Force to convey to the non-profit Arizona Aviation Historical Group, at no cost or liability to the U.S. taxpayer, five surplus T–37B training aircraft that are currently being stored at the Air Force's Aerospace Maintenance and Regeneration Group ''Boneyard'' in Tucson, AZ.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 345).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1048 - Authorization of Eastern Regional Range Complex for multi-domain operations and robotic autonomous systems training, testing, and experimentation

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1048) that would allow the authorization of eastern regional range complex for multi-domain operations and robotic autonomous systems training, testing, and experimentation.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1049 - Limitation on use of funds for deactivation of Expeditionary Combat Aviation Brigades

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1052) that would limit the use of funds for deactivation of Expeditionary Combat Aviation Brigades.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1050 - Prohibition on use of live animals in Department of Defense live fire trauma training

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1089) that prohibits the use of live animals in trauma training.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1051 - Prohibition on destruction or scrapping of World War II-era aircraft

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1032) that would prohibit the Department of Defense from scrapping or destroying any World War II-era aircraft that remain in the custody of the Air Force.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with minor technical amendments.

Sec. 1052 - Limitation on availability of funds for travel expenses of the Office of the Secretary of Defense

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1055) that would limit the availability of specified funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act for fiscal year 2026 for the Office of the Secretary of Defense for travel expenses until the Secretary undertakes specified actions.

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1050) that would limit the availability of funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act for the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for policy for travel until the Secretary certifies to the congressional defense committees that the Department of Defense is compliant with the requirements of section 1067 of the National Defense Authorization Act for fiscal year 2025 (Public Law 118-159).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would modify the actions required by the Secretary.

We note that section 485 of title 10, United States Code, requires the Secretary of Defense to provide to the congressional defense committees with quarterly briefings on counterterrorism operations and related activities, irregular warfare activities, and other sensitive activities conducted by the Department of Defense. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of

Defense, as part of the required briefings, to provide the congressional defense committees with detailed updates regarding all Department of Defense sensitive military operations, as defined by section 130f of title 10, United States Code, intended to disrupt or deter the trafficking of narcotics.

Sec. 1053 - Congressional notification of support for immigration enforcement operations

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec.1046) that would require Congressional reporting requirements related to the use of Department of Defense facilities to house aliens.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that consolidates and combines all Congressional notification requirements for Department of Defense support for immigration enforcement operations, including reporting on the use and cost of employing Department of Defense aircraft, installations, facilities, or personnel in support of such operations.

SUBTITLE F—STUDIES AND REPORTS

Sec. 1061 - Notification of waivers under Department of Defense Directive 3000.09

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1065) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a notification of waivers under Department of Defense Directive 3000.09.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1062 - Modifications to authority for transfer and sale of certain surplus firearms, ammunition, and parts

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1704) that would amend Section 40728 of title 36, United States Code, to expand the types and numbers of surplus military firearms made available for sale. It would also expand the ability to sell excess military firearms to the Secretary of the Navy, Air Force, and other Federal Departments and Agencies.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would allow the Secretary of Defense to sell

surplus military shotguns that are pump-action and not shortened on a one-time basis.

Sec. 1063 - Extension of mobility capability requirements study

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1061) that would extend the due date for the Mobility Capability Requirements Study (MCRS) to December 23, 2025. The MCRS was required by Section 1068 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159).

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would extend the MCRS due date until January 2027.

Sec. 1064 - Extension of briefing requirement regarding civil authorities at the Southwest border

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1062) that would extend the briefing requirement regarding civil authorities at the Southwest border through December 31, 2026.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1065 - Extension of biennial assessments of Air Force Test Center

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1070G) that would postpone the sunset date for biennial assessments of the Air Force Test Center from 2026 and have the Department make such assessments in 2026, 2028 and 2030.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1066 - Reports on installation of certain collision avoidance systems in military rotary-wing aircraft

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1069) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report on the feasibility of installing certain traffic alert and collision avoidance systems in military rotary-wing aircraft.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would extend the reporting requirement from 90 to 180 days.

Sec. 1067 – Cybersecurity and resilience annex in Strategic Rail Corridor Network assessments

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1070) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of Transportation and the Secretary of Homeland Security, to include an annex containing an evaluation of the cybersecurity and the resilience of the physical infrastructure of the Strategic Rail Corridor in the assessment of the Strategic Rail Corridor Network carried out after the date of the enactment of this section.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1068 – GAO review and report on biological weapons experiments on and in relation to ticks, tick-borne disease

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1070N) that would direct the Comptroller General of the United States to conduct a review of research conducted during the period beginning on January 1, 1945, and ending on December 31, 1972, by the Department of Defense, including by the Department of Defense in consultation with the National Institutes of Health, the Department of Agriculture, or any Federal agency on the use of ticks as hosts or delivery mechanisms for biological warfare agents, including experiments involving Spirochaetales and Rickettsiales; and any efforts to improve the effectiveness and viability of Spirochaetales and Rickettsiales as biological weapons through combination with other diseases or viruses.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1069 – Briefings on expenditures or planned expenditures of funds allocated for exploration and development of existing Arctic infrastructure

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1047) that would require quarterly briefings to the congressional defense committees on expenditures and planned expenditures of funds for the exploration and development of existing Arctic infrastructure, pursuant to Section 20009(12) of Public Law 119-21.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1070 – Semiannual report on Department of Defense operations at the southern land border

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1058) that would expand Congressional reporting requirements related to the Department of Defense activities on the southern land border.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that clarifies reporting requirements.

Sec. 1071 – Assessment on potential establishment of incubator programs for secure facilities and networks at universities

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1059) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a program to develop, operate, and maintain incubator programs for secure facilities and networks at select universities across the United States.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct an assessment of the feasibility, advisability, and potential benefits to the Department of Defense of establishing incubator programs for secure facilities and networks at select universities across the United States, as well as develop objective characteristics and other assessment criteria for universities that could participate in such incubator programs. The amendment would also require the development of an implementation plan which, at a minimum, would identify not fewer than five university partners that meet the objective characteristics and assessment criteria identified by the required assessment.

SUBTITLE G—OTHER MATTERS

Sec. 1081 – Extension of the National Commission on the Future of the Navy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1073) that would extend the deadline for the Navy commission as specified in The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159) to January 1, 2026.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1082 – Federal agency support for Afghanistan War Commission

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1075) that would amend section 1094(f)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81) to provide Federal agency support for the Afghanistan War Commission.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1061).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1083 – Provision of contract authority to Afghanistan War Commission

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1076) that would authorize the co-chairpersons of the Afghanistan War Commission to enter into contracts to enable the Commission to discharge its duties.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1062).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1084 – Reauthorization of Servicewomen's Commemorative Partnership

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1074) that would amend section 362(b) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) by extending the authorization to fiscal year 2026 and expanding the authority to expend $1.0 million for renovations.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1085 – AUKUS Improvement Act of 2025

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6240A) that would make improvements to the Australia, United Kingdom, and United States (AUKUS) defense trade partnership. The Senate bill also contained a provision (sec. 6240B) that would amend Section 38(l) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2778(l)) for the flexibility with respect to certain Arms Export Control Act and other arms transfer requirements. Lastly, the Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6240C) that would create an exemption to the requirement to submit congressional notification for commercial technical assistance or

manufacturing license agreements involving Australia and the United Kingdom.

The House bill contained no similar provisions.

The agreement includes the Senate provisions with clarifying amendments.

Sec. 1086 - Framework for reforming technology transfer and foreign disclosure policies

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1077) that would require the Secretary of Defense to produce and submit to the congressional defense committees a framework to revise and update the technology transfer policies of the military departments and the National Disclosure Policy.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1258).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1087 - Procurement and distribution of sports foods and dietary supplements to members of the Armed Forces assigned to the United States Special Operations Command

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1079) that would authorize the Commander, U.S. Special Operations Command (SOCOM) to procure and distribute to members of the Armed Forces assigned to SOCOM sports foods and dietary supplements.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 341).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1088 - Pilot program on enhanced use of advanced sensor networks to improve Air Force counter-unmanned aircraft system capabilities for base defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1080) that would establish a pilot program at no fewer than two Air Force installations to demonstrate the efficacy of shared situational awareness data from civilian sensor networks to military installation defense systems for the purposes of monitoring and identifying non-compliant small, unmanned aircraft systems at domestic military installations.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision amended to direct the Secretary of the Air Force, in consultation with the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration, to carry out a pilot program known as “Enhancing Cooperation for Counter-Unmanned Aircraft Systems Program” that would incorporate the

use of civilian civil airspace sensor networks into Air Force data processing systems.

Sec. 1089 - Pilot program and other requirements for accelerating protection of certain facilities and assets from unmanned aircraft

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1081) that would require the Department of Defense to better utilize existing counter-unmanned aircraft system (CUAS) authorities already in law. The section would further require that the Department utilize existing authorities, in coordination with the Federal Aviation Administration, to deploy new CUAS at select locations in the United States. The provision would also direct that the Department focus on systems capable of destroying or disabling a small, unmanned aircraft by means of high-powered microwave, laser, or other similar technology.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision to direct the Secretary of Defense to: (1) Develop a plan to train on CUAS equipment and authorities; (2) Ensure covered facilities are prepared to defend themselves; and (3) Establish a pilot program to deploy covered CUAS to four specially selected sites.

Sec. 1090 - Process for complaints and investigations of transportation service providers and transportation officers

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1087) that would require the Commander of the Military Surface Deployment and Distribution Command to develop a process through which a transportation service provider may submit a complaint regarding possible violations of the Military Freight Traffic Unified Rules Publication or the Defense Transportation Regulations.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment to reflect that the name of the Military Surface Deployment and Distribution Command has been changed to the U.S. Army Transportation Command.

Sec. 1091 - Declassification of certain records relating to Tower 22 attack

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1091) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to expeditiously disclose all records relating to the January 28, 2024, attack on Tower 22 in Jordan.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1092 - Updates and preservation of memorials to chaplains at Arlington National Cemetery

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1092) that would require the Secretary of the Army to permit the National Conference on Ministry to the Armed Forces to update the chaplains' memorials at Arlington National Cemetery at no cost to the Federal Government.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to more closely align the requirements with the recommendations of the National Conference on Ministry to the Armed Forces regarding updates to the Protestant and Catholic Chaplains Memorials, and to make clear that the updates are a one-time action for chaplains eligible prior to enactment of this Act.

We note that the Jewish Chaplains Memorial at Arlington National Cemetery has already been updated to include all chaplains who died in active service, and accordingly is not subject to further action under this provision.

Sec. 1093 - Critical infrastructure compatibility tabletop exercise

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1093) that would require the Director of the Office of Local Defense Community Cooperation to conduct a tabletop exercise designed to assess the resiliency of U.S. military installations and their surrounding communal capabilities to collaboratively confront weather disasters or adversarial threats made against the U.S. Homeland.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1094 - Irregular Warfare Exercise Laboratory

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1057) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to establish and maintain an Irregular Warfare Exercise Laboratory.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1095 - Commission on the National Defense Strategy

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1063) that would establish a legislative commission to review the forthcoming National Defense Strategy (NDS).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that specifies that the Commission would be established not later than 15 days after the Secretary of Defense submits the NDS. It would also modify the appointment schedule for the Commission, and the Commission would be required to deliver a report to the President and Congress not later than 1 year after the date of establishment.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Responsibilities of Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller)

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1002) that would add Defense Business Systems that impact financial statement auditability to the list of areas under the purview of the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) in section 135 of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We expect the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) to coordinate with the Department of Defense's Chief Information Officer on Defense Business Systems that impact financial statement auditability, including through existing processes such as the Defense Business Council.

Additional elements for Department of Defense Financial Improvement and Audit Remediation Plan and Report

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1003) that would require additional elements be included in the Department of Defense Financial Improvement and Audit Remediation Plan and Report.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Briefing on beginning balance issues for audit purposes

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1003) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) to deliver a one-time briefing to the congressional defense committees, not later than March 1, 2026, on any anticipated

issues in establishing beginning balances for audits of the financial statements of the Department of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) to deliver a one-time briefing to the congressional defense committees, not later than March 1, 2026, on any anticipated issues in establishing beginning balances for audits of the financial statements of the Department of Defense.

The briefing shall include:

(1) A detailed identification of each budgetary account known to have and anticipated to have unsupported beginning balances;

(2) A description of the specific issues preventing beginning balances from being established for each identified account;

(3) An explanation of whether beginning balances could be established through generally accepted accounting principles and, if not, the other sources or methods that could be used to resolve the issues; and

(4) The projected impact to receiving an unmodified audit opinion of that account without a supported beginning balance.

Limitation on availability of funds for travel expenses of Office of Secretary of Defense until completion of certain audit requirements

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1006) that would limit the availability of funds authorized to be appropriated for the Office of the Secretary of Defense for travel expenses until the date on which at least 11 covered reporting entities receive an unmodified audit opinion, or the date on which a Department of Defense-wide material weakness is closed.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the continued progress made by Department of Defense (DOD) entities in meeting audit goals. In DOD Inspector General Report 2025-112, Understanding the Results of the FY 2024 DOD Financial Statements, released on June 17, 2025, the Inspector General notes that 11 reporting entities received unmodified (clean) opinions, with an additional entity receiving a qualified opinion. We also note progress made towards retiring material weaknesses and other metrics as part of the Department’s audit readiness and remediation efforts.

We strongly support the Department's efforts to achieve an unmodified audit opinion at the earliest possible date and note the importance of continued audit progress in maintaining public faith in the transparency of DOD. We encourage the Department to prioritize audit investments and, in particular, the investments necessary to modernize the Department's enterprise information technology systems to meet modern financial management standards. We are aware that such investments may require significant time to achieve the results needed, and therefore believe that the Department should prioritize and resource such key enabling systems as soon as practicable.

Clean audit for the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1009) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a timeline to achieve a clean financial audit for the Department of Defense, and submit to the Congress an annual report on progress and barriers to compliance with achieving a clean audit.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that section 240b of title 10, United States Code, requires the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) to submit an annual report that includes the dates on which the Department estimates it will obtain an unqualified audit opinion on the full financial statements of the Department, the military departments, the Defense Agencies, and other organizations and elements of the Department for a fiscal year. We expect the Department to continue rigorous annual reporting in compliance with this requirement, including a continued focus on correcting material weaknesses and addressing barriers to financial statement auditability.

Inclusion of certain design information in annual naval vessel construction plans

The House bill included a provision (sec. 1011) that would amend section 231(b) of title 10, United States Code, to include the following information whenever 50 percent or more of the design of a new construction vessel has come from foreign firms:

(1) An identification of each such foreign firm participating in the design; and

(2) A description of the benefit to the U.S. Government of adding such a vessel to the naval forces.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We expect the Secretary of the Navy to report by exception whenever a new naval vessel design has foreign content equal to or greater than 50 percent.

Report accompanying requests for new flights or blocks of major shipbuilding programs

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1015) that would amend Chapter 863 of title 10, United States Code, to require the Secretary of the Navy to submit a detailed report on if the President's budget request includes a new flight or block of ships.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Report on auxiliary vessel co-production

The Senate bill included a provision (sec. 1016) that would require the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Army, in consultation with the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, the Secretary of Transportation, and the Secretary of State, to provide a report on potential co-production of non-nuclear auxiliary vessels suitable for co-production with foreign governments and industry.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Alternative contracting authority for United States Naval Ships

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1016) that would amend chapter 863 of title 10, United States Code, to permit the Secretary of the Navy to employ the services of a vessel construction manager to contract for building a Navy auxiliary to be operated by civilian or commercial mariners.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include House provision.

The agreement, however, includes a provision elsewhere in this Act that would direct the Secretary of the Navy to use one or more vessel construction managers in executing the Medium Landing Ship program.

Report on vessel leasing program

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1017) that would require the Secretary of the Navy, in consultation with the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment,

to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on various aspects of a potential commercial vessel leasing program.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Evaluation of sites for shipbuilding and ship repair

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1020) that would:

(1) Require the Secretary of the Navy to delegate within 60 days to the Direct Reporting Program Manager of the Maritime Industrial Base Program primary responsibility for defining the requirements for evaluating sites to meet the capacity and needs of the Navy for shipbuilding and repair;

(2) Require that, not later than 180 days after the date on which the Secretary delegates this authority to the Direct Reporting Program Manager under paragraph (1), the Program Manager establish evaluation requirements to be applied to sites being considered as sites for private or public shipyards and other defense-production capabilities.;

(3) Establish criteria for selecting sites for expanding capacity; and

(4) Require the Program Manager, within one after establishing the evaluation requirements, to submit to the congressional defense committees a report that includes:

(a) a list of sites that meet the evaluation requirements; or

(b) a certification that no site exists that meets such requirements.

The Senate bill continued no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We agree that the Navy should move quickly to assess potential industrial expansion opportunities and follow the direction contained in the original House provision.

Sense of Congress regarding naming of vessel for Battle of Dai Do

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1022) that would express the sense of Congress that the Secretary of the Navy should name an amphibious or expeditionary class vessel for the Battle of Dai Do.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Maritime redundant and resilient communications

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1024) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to submit a report on the results of advanced computing experiments involving large sensor constellations.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

The Naval Information Warfare Center Atlantic and the United States Fourth Fleet have been conducting experiments for providing maritime operations centers (MOC) with advanced computing power to manage large sensor constellations in achieving maritime domain awareness. If these experiments prove successful, the capability could significantly increase the scale and complexity of operations that a MOC could support.

The Secretary of the Navy, in collaboration with the Commander of U.S. Naval Forces Southern Command, and the Director of the Defense Innovation Unit, should plan for follow-on phases of this experimentation to develop these capabilities further.

In addition, we direct the Secretary of the Navy to submit to the congressional defense committees within 180 days of enactment of this Act a report on the results of these experiments. The report shall:

(1) Summarize the status of such experimentation, including the relationship and potential benefits to Project Overmatch;

(2) Provide a plan for any further development, testing, and production the Secretary deems appropriate for fielding and deployment of edge computing and enterprise network management capability to all United States fleets, focusing first on the U.S. Indo-Pacific and U.S. Central Commands;

(3) Identify funding required to execute such a plan;

(4) Identify a Department of Defense activity that could provide for program management for implementing such a plan; and

(5) Recommend an acquisition strategy, that could yield early fielding of such a capability.

Report on Navy ship repair capabilities in Guam

The House bill included a provision (sec. 1025) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to submit to the congressional defense committees a report on ship repair capabilities in Guam.

The Senate bill included no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Navy to submit a report to the congressional defense committees by April 1, 2026, on ship

repair capabilities in Guam. The report shall include: (1) An assessment of the feasibility of leasing facilities controlled by the Department of the Navy in Guam for the purpose of mooring a drydock; (2) An assessment of the feasibility of conducting increased ship repair for Military Sealift Command in Guam; (3) An identification of the authorities or the Department of the Navy to provide technical assistance to maritime services firms based in Guam seeking Navy Sea Systems Command certifications; and (4) Such other matters as the Secretary determines relevant.

We also believe that the Secretary, in assessing Guam ship repair capacity, should assess the ability of the Guamanian workforce to respond to an increase demand that would be place on them to support ship depot maintenance work. We note that Guam remains a strategic forward base that provides a multitude of contributions in support of our national security. We further note that, as a sovereign territory of the United States, Guam has a unique geographical position that has previously supported U.S. Navy ship repair capability.

Clarification regarding definition of individual detained at Guantanamo

The Sente bill contained a provision (sec. 1025) that would amend section 1034(f)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114-92) to clarify the definition of the term "individual detained at Guantanamo" as defined in that section.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Sense of Congress regarding naming an aircraft carrier after the United States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1026) that would express the sense of Congress that the Secretary of the Navy should name an aircraft carrier USS *United States*.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Notification of the use of military aircraft for immigration enforcement operations

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1035) that would require Congressional notification regarding the use of Department of Defense aircraft to support immigration enforcement operations.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision. Matters pertaining to Congressional notification regarding the use of Department of Defense aircraft, installations, or personnel to support immigration enforcement operations are addressed elsewhere in this Act.

Limitation on authority of Armed Forces to detain citizens of the United States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1036) that would amend section 1021(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2012 (Public Law 112-81) to limit the authority of the Armed Forces to detain citizens of the United States.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Prohibition on operation of connected vehicles designed, developed, manufactured, or supplied by persons owned by, controlled by, or subject to the jurisdiction of a foreign entity of concern on Department of Defense property

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1037) that would prohibit the operation of connected vehicles designed, developed, manufactured, or supplied by persons owned by, controlled by, or subject to the jurisdiction of a foreign entity of concern on Department of Defense property after January 1, 2028.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We are aware of the Department of Commerce's final rule that went into effect in March 2025 addressing security concerns related to connected vehicles manufactured by foreign adversaries. While this rule answers many questions, as these technologies evolve, we believe that there will be additional challenges for the Department of Defense in ensuring that sensitive information and locations are protected from the unacceptable risk posed by these vehicles and technologies. Accordingly, we direct the Department of Defense to develop guidelines for installations in anticipation of this new and evolving risk and provide a briefing on these guidelines to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives by June 1, 2026. The guidelines shall address the following matters: (1) An executable plan for prohibiting connected vehicles and technologies used in vehicles that are designed, developed, manufactured, or supplied by adversaries as

defined in the Department of Commerce's 2025 rule, from accessing sensitive information and locations on domestic military installations; (2) An assessment of how the Department of Defense defines and identifies these locations; (3) A strategy for mitigating both the vulnerabilities caused by these vehicles and vehicle technologies and the challenges of barring non-adversary manufactured vehicles containing these technologies from key sensitive locations on installations; and (4) A strategy for containing the risk associated with connected vehicles and vehicles containing these technologies at overseas locations where these vehicles may be allowed to enter the market.

Expedited access to certain military installations of the Department of Defense for Members of Congress and certain Congressional employees

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1042) that would authorize expedited access to military installations for Members of Congress and certain congressional employees.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Reports to Congress on Department of Defense support for immigration enforcement operations

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1044) that would require additional Congressional reporting requirements related to the to the Department of Defense's support to immigration enforcement operations.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision. Matters pertaining to Congressional notification regarding the provision of Department of Defense support to immigration enforcement operations are addressed elsewhere in this Act.

Military Sealift Command

The Senate bill included a provision (sec. 1045) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to provide the congressional defense committees with an annual report on Military Sealift Command.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy, in coordination with the Commander of the Military Sealift Command,

and in consultation with the Commander, U.S. Transportation Command, the Commander, U.S. Fleet Forces Command, and the Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Research, Development and Acquisition, to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on efforts to improve recruitment and retention of Military Sealift Command Mariners. The report shall include: (1) An assessment of the current status, and additional opportunities, for training on the roles and significance of Military Sealift Command civilian mariner workforce to relevant military commands; (2) Authorities required to improve recruitment and retention of civilian mariners in Military Sealift Command; and (3) The merits of extending the maximum charter durations of commercial and specialty vessels for the Military Sealift Command.

Prohibition on availability of funds for institutions of higher education that allow antisemitic demonstrations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1049) that would prohibit any of the funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for the Department of Defense from being provided to an institution of higher education if an antisemitic demonstration has occurred on the campus of the institution; and the administration of the institution has failed to take action to mitigate and prevent further antisemitic demonstrations.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Use of nonelectric vehicles by employees at Yuma Proving Ground

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1053) that would require the Secretary of Defense to authorize members of the Armed Forces and civilian employees of the Department of Defense at Yuma Proving Ground to use nonelectric vehicles in the performance of their duties.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that such members of the Armed Forces and civilian employees of the Department of Defense may use non-electric vehicles in the performance of their duties.

Prohibiting Secretary of Defense from developing voting technology or methodology

The Senate bill included a provision (sec. 1053) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from developing or

facilitating any voting technology or methodology for voting in Federal and state elections.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note with concern that the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency (DARPA) funded a project to develop end-to-end electronic voting technology that included electronic delivery of a voted ballot. We also note with deep disappointment that DARPA funded and executed this project without consulting or coordinating with the Federal Voting Assistance Program (FVAP). FVAP is the primary voting assistance program within the Department of Defense, and it exists to ensure that individuals covered by the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act (Public Law 99-410), including servicemembers and their eligible family members, are aware of their right to vote and have the tools and resources to successfully do so from anywhere in the world. We encourage the Department to coordinate all efforts to improve military and overseas citizens voting access with FVAP.

Assessment of the feasibility and advisability of using personnel of the Department of Defense to support U.S. Customs and Border Protection

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1054) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to conduct an assessment of the advisability and feasibility of using personnel of the Department of Defense to support U.S. Customs and Border Protection with translation and interpretation services in connection with border security operations.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Process to furnish certain demographic data regarding members of the Armed Forces to State educational agencies

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1054) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of Education, state educational agencies, local educational agencies, and experts in student data and privacy to establish a process allowing states to access and incorporate military-service data on their high-school graduates into state longitudinal data systems.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Joint Explanatory Statement to accompany the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159) required the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Department of Education, to brief the committees on a secure data-sharing process with state education agencies not later than April 1, 2025. That briefing is still outstanding. We continue to view this requirement as important and expect the Department to provide this briefing not later than March 1, 2026.

Revocation of Security Clearances for Certain Persons

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1055) that would require the Secretary of Defense to suspend or revoke a security clearance or eligibility for access to classified information for any retired or separated member of the Armed Forces or civilian employee of the Department of Defense who engages in lobbying activities or lobbying contacts for or on behalf of any entity that is identified in the most recent report submitted under section 1260H of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283) as a Chinese military company; or included in the Non-SDN Chinese Military-Industrial Complex Companies List published by the Department of the Treasury.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the current security clearance forms for initiating a background investigation already include questions on support for foreign entities, and the implementation of continuous vetting procedures allows for updates in between periodic reinvestigations to accommodate dynamic developments in near real time. Any individual holding a security clearance is responsible for being forthcoming and transparent in notifying the government of changes in information that might impact their ability to hold and maintain classified information, so that this continuous vetting process can remain agile and responsive. We believe lobbying for foreign entities requires review and oversight by the Department, and it is appropriate to continue to place focus on these questions during the adjudication process.

Ceremonial horses adoption program of the Army

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1056) that would amend section 2583(c) of title 10, United States Code, to require the Secretary of the Army to prioritize State, local, municipal, or Tribal law enforcement agencies when considering adoption or transfer of a horse used in any military working equids (MWE) program.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We expect the Army to consult with the Congress prior to initiation of any action to adopt or transfer military working equids (MWE) out of the Army Equid Enterprise. As such, we direct the Secretary of the Army to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than March 1, 2026, on: (1) The existing policy and disposition authority for adopting or transferring MWEs from existing Army programs; (2) How the Army will ensure the wellbeing of MWEs being transferred or adopted; and (3) The plan and timeline for adopting or transferring any MWEs from the Army to any other entity or individual.

Elimination of discretion of military chain of command and senior civilian leadership with respect to display of flags

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1057) that would amend section 1052(d)(1)(N) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-31) to eliminate the discretion of military chain of command and senior civilian leadership with respect to the display of flags.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Priority consideration of energy projects that are likely to experience significant temporal impact due to seasonal Arctic climate conditions

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1060) that would direct the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to prioritize, to the maximum extent possible, for purposes of consideration by the Manufacturing Capability Expansion and Investment Prioritization office, the clearance of mining and energy project applications and white papers for projects where the operation or completion of which is likely to experience significant temporal impact due to seasonal Arctic climate conditions.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We encourage the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to continue to prioritize the processing and clearance of mining and energy project applications and white papers where the operation or completion of which is likely to experience significant temporal impact due to seasonal Arctic climate conditions.

Prohibition on lobbying activities with respect to the Department of Defense by certain officers of the Armed Forces and civilian employees of the department following separation from military service or employment with the Department

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1063) that would amend section 1045 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115-91) to extend the prohibition on lobbying activities by certain military officers and civilian employees from 2 years to 5 years and to increase the length of time that former general and flag officers and civilian equivalents are subject to post-Government employment restrictions from 1 year to 3 years.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We are aware that Department of Justice and Department of Defense (DOD) Inspector General records indicate that violations of the post-Government employment laws are rare. Moreover, the violations that have been documented occurred because individuals knowingly and intentionally acted in contravention of the law and/or misrepresented information to ethics officials or others.

We are concerned that extending these post-Government employment restrictions will: (1) Restrict DOD's access to the knowledge and expertise of its former personnel and result in an adverse effect on recruitment and retention; (2) Create a significant risk of reducing government access to the knowledge and expertise of former DOD officials and more generally to private-sector expertise in support of technology development, supply chain security, and other national security matters; (3) Create an acute risk of confusion that could undermine compliance and enforcement by using slightly different terminology that has no direct counterpart in executive branch-wide ethics laws; and (4) Result in inconsistency and overlap with executive branch-wide ethics provisions that address the same issues.

Annual report on Guam civilian-military projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1066) that would require the Commander of Joint Region Marianas, in consultation with the Governor of Guam, to submit an annual report on projects in Guam that support military readiness and public interests.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize the strategic importance of Guam and the vital partnership between the Department of Defense and the people of Guam in advancing regional security and shared prosperity. We also note the people of Guam's enduring hospitality and commitment to security underpin the success of U.S. defense activities in the Indo-Pacific region. Accordingly, we direct the Commander of Joint Region Marianas, in coordination with the Governor of Guam, to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees not later than June 1, 2026, detailing ongoing and planned projects that support military readiness and public interests in Guam. The briefing shall include projects that strengthen local infrastructure and community resilience, improve quality of life, and ensure sustainable defense operations on the island. We further encourage continued consultation with the Government of Guam and community stakeholders to ensure these efforts reflect the priorities of the people of Guam.

Classification of Nevada Test and Training Range as location where contamination occurred and members of the Armed Forces were exposed to toxic substances

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1066) that would require the Secretary of Defense to classify the Nevada Test and Training Range as a location where contamination occurred.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that there are concerns that members of the Armed Forces who were assigned to certain locations have been unable to successfully make claims for healthcare and disability compensation with the Veterans Administration due to classification of their service and medical records. Therefore, not later than January 1, 2027, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on: (1) The process that the Department of Defense, in coordination with the Department of the Air Force, will undertake to identify members of the Armed Forces and former members of the Armed Forces that were stationed at a location that was on the most recent list of

facilities covered under the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C. 7384 et seq.) published in the Federal Register by the Department of Energy, any location that is data masked or classified by the Department of Defense and where there is or was potential exposure to toxic substances, since January 27, 1951; and (2) The policies and procedures that the Secretary of Defense and Secretary of the Air Force could establish to assist members of the Armed Forces and former members of the Armed Forces who were stationed at a covered location in order to provide adequate documentation of their service, and any injuries, exposures, or illnesses related to such service, to the Veterans Administration for the purpose of establishing a claim for benefits to which such members and former members are legally entitled.

Annual report on military power and illicit activities of certain drug cartels

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1067) that would direct the Department of Defense to compile an annual report on military power and illicit activities of certain drug cartels.

The Senate bill contained no such provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Department of Defense briefing on pulsed lasers

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1068) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing within 90 days of the date of the enactment of this Act to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the efficacy and feasibility of pulsed lasers to defend both tactical and strategic facilities and installations against offensive unmanned aerial systems, especially in swarms, in the near term; and pulsed laser defensive capabilities against intermediate to long-range missile threats in the medium term.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than March 1, 2026, to providing a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the efficacy and feasibility of pulsed lasers to defend both tactical and strategic facilities and installations against offensive unmanned aerial systems, especially in swarms, in the

near term and pulsed laser defensive capabilities against intermediate to long-range missile threats in the medium term.

Report on DOD-funded institutions of higher education hosting Confucius Institutes

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1070A) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on U.S. institutions of higher education that host Confucius Institutes and receive Department of Defense funding.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the risk of Confucius Institutes operating in the United States, specifically at academic institutions that receive Department of Defense funding. We further note that, according to the Department of Defense, no academic institutions that receive Department of Defense funding host a Confucius Institute as of the summer of 2023.

Report on aviation fleet maintenance, aircraft availability rates, and plans to reduce downtime

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1070B) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to submit to the congressional defense committees a report on aviation fleet maintenance backlogs, aircraft availability rates, and plans to reduce downtime, with a focus on bases in Florida.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Navy to submit a report to the congressional defense committees, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, on aviation fleet maintenance backlogs, aircraft availability rates, and plans to reduce downtime across the Navy aviation enterprise. The report shall include information on how the Navy has implemented recommendations from the Comptroller General of the United States over the past number of years and detailed information about what the Department of Defense is doing to correct the situation.

Study on improvement of Army contracted sealift assets

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1070C) that would require a report from the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Acquisition, Logistics, and Technology on options for

expanding a reserve contracted wartime sealift capacity in the Indo-Pacific region.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Acquisition, Logistics, and Technology to submit a report to the congressional defense committees, not later than 180 days after enactment of this Act, on options for expanding a reserve contracted wartime sealift capacity in the Indo-Pacific region. The report shall include: (1) An identification of each Army contracted sealift asset available during fiscal year 2025 in the area of operations of the U.S. Indo-Pacific Command; (2) An evaluation of current and projected mission requirements and operational tempo through fiscal year 2028, including an analysis of whether the existing Army contracted sealift assets are sufficient to meet the needs of the U.S. Indo-Pacific Command and United States Army Pacific in both peacetime and conflict scenarios; and (3) Recommendations for improving the contracted sealift capability, capacity, and responsiveness of the sealift capacity of the Army in the area of operations of the U.S. Indo-Pacific Command, including through: (a) Budgeting changes to ensure stable and reliable sources of funding; (b) Improved coordination with the contracted options of other military departments; (c) On-call contracting during quickly escalating crisis and conflict; (d) Posture adjustments; (e) Force structure changes; and (f) Interoperability improvements with allies and partners.

Study on public, private, and allied shipyard capabilities for Indo-Pacific region conflicts

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1070D) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to conduct a study to assess the capacity of each United States public and private shipyard, and each foreign shipyard of an allied or partner country, to support battle damage repair in the event of an armed conflict in the Indo-Pacific region.

The provision would direct the Secretary to include the following:

(1) An assessment of the major infrastructure, facilities, and equipment of United States public and private shipyards in the Indo-Pacific region capable of use by the United States Armed Forces for battle damage repair during an armed conflict with a near-peer competitor in such region;

(2) An evaluation of the workforce of United States public and private shipyards in the Indo-Pacific region,

including the availability, training, and projected needs of such workforce to support such battle damage repair;

(3) An assessment of the public and private personnel, infrastructure, facilities, and equipment of foreign shipyards of allied or partner countries in the Indo-Pacific region capable of supporting the United States Armed Forces with respect to such battle damage repair;

(4) An analysis of supply chain resilience and vulnerabilities relating to such battle damage repair; and

(5) Recommendations for strategic investments or policy changes necessary to expand or modernize public or private shipyard capacity to support such battle damage repair.

The provision would further direct the Secretary to report the results of this study and any recommendations to the congressional defense committees within 90 days of completing the study.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary to conduct the assessment and report on the findings from the assessment by December 1, 2026 as described in the House bill.

Utilization of office space by the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1070E) that would require the Secretary of Defense to annually submit a written report to the Administrator of the General Services Administration (GSA) on the use of office space.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that section 2849 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (P.L. 118-159) required "1 in 1 out" guidance regarding the maintenance of the aggregate square footage of facilities of the Department of Defense. We further note that facility occupancy has increased since telework opportunities have been significantly limited. However, we remain concerned about facilities that the Department retains that have low occupancy. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the congressional defense committees by April 1, 2026 on GSA facilities that the Secretary has retained for which occupancy falls below a 60 percent space utilization rate for 6 months within the last year; and the Secretary’s assessment as to options to return such facilities to the GSA.

Biennial assessment of the Naval Air Warfare Center Weapons Division

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1070F) that would require the Secretary of Navy to conduct biennial assessments of the Naval Air Warfare Center Weapons Division (NAWCWD) in 2026, 2028, and 2030. The provision would direct the Secretary to identify any challenges with respect to completing the mission of the Naval Air Warfare Center Weapons Division and the Secretary's plan to address such challenges.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize the critical role of the NAWCWD in advancing naval weapons research, development, testing, and evaluation capabilities that ensures U.S. maintains maritime superiority. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of the Navy to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees not later than June 1, 2026, on the current and future state of NAWCWD. The briefing shall include:

(1) An overview of the current infrastructure condition and a description of requirements necessary to sustain the mission at China Lake and Point Mugu;

(2) An assessment of the Division’s ability to meet current and emerging weapons development and testing missions;

(3) Any challenges with respect to preserving mission capability of NAWCWD; and

(4) Any recommendations to ensure mission sustainment and long-term readiness.

Report on proposed Western Hemisphere Command

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1070H) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, on the proposed establishment of a Western Hemisphere Command through the consolidation of U.S. Army North and U.S. Army South.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Army to provide a report, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to the congressional defense committees, on the proposed establishment of U.S. Army Western Hemisphere Command through the consolidation of U.S. Army North, U.S. Army South, and U.S. Army Forces Command. The report shall include:

(1) A detailed description of the proposed mission and command structure of the U.S. Army Western Hemisphere Command;

(2) An explanation of how the proposed command would support or enhance Homeland defense, civil support, disaster response, and regional security cooperation operations currently conducted by U.S. Army North and U.S. Army South;

(3) An assessment of the anticipated relationship between the U.S. Army Western Hemisphere Command and the U.S. Northern Command and the U.S. Southern Command;

(4) An evaluation of how the proposed structure would improve coordination with interagency, international, and state partners; and

(5) An assessment of potential headquarters locations for the U.S. Army Western Hemisphere Command, including an analysis of the operational, strategic, and fiscal benefits of retaining the headquarters at each location under consideration.

Report on modernization requirements for the Thunderbirds demonstration team

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1070I) that would require a report on the modernization plan for the United States Air Force Thunderbirds aerial demonstration team.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Air Force to provide a report to the congressional defense committees not later than 180 days after enactment of this Act that evaluates the current and projected aircraft modernization and sustainment needs of the United States Air Force Thunderbirds, including F–16 platform sustainment timelines, readiness rates, and transition considerations for future aircraft platforms.

We acknowledge that the United States Air Force Thunderbirds: (1) Serve a critical role in enhancing military recruitment, national unity, and airpower education; (2) Represent the highest standards of professionalism, precision, and public engagement; and (3) Require sufficient investment in the aircraft, training, and personnel to preserve the global reputation and readiness of the Thunderbirds' mission.

Report on proliferation of Chinese medical device technology in the United States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1070J) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the proliferation of Chinese medical device technology in the Department of Defense.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on establishing communication enclaves between the Department of Defense and Congress

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1070K) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report on establishing classified and unclassified communication enclaves between the Department of Defense and the Congress.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, we direct the Secretary of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees and congressional intelligence committees a report outlining the cost, schedule, and implementation plan to establish, or improve connectivity or access to, classified and unclassified communication enclaves between the Department of Defense and Congress, as annotated in the Commission on Planning, Programming, Budgeting, and Execution Reform's 2024 final report, that:

(1) Enables more robust communication between the Department of Defense and the Congress;

(2) Includes a common set of reports and budget materials that can be readily searched, sorted, and retrieved for analysis across all security classification levels; and

(3) Enables efficient and effective communications between the Department of Defense and the Congress, increasing trust, transparency, and relevancy.

Report on cost of living adjustment

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1070L) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on cost of living adjustment calculations for purposes of pay and benefits for members of the Armed Forces and civilian employees of the Department of Defense whose permanent duty station is located in the 19th Congressional District of California.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense determines cost of living allowances for servicemembers using a price-comparison index that measures the cost of goods and services in a duty location relative to average prices within the continental United States, with adjustments for housing, utilities, transportation, and local market conditions. Department of Defense civilian locality pay is set by the Office of Personnel Management based on labor-market wage data within designated locality pay areas, while overseas civilian cost of living allowance is calculated using a retail price index that compares local living costs to Washington, D.C., benchmarks. We encourage the Department to continue refining these calculations to keep pace with current cost trends and ensure fair compensation for servicemembers and civilian employees.

Responsible use of artificial intelligence for logistics, intelligence, maintenance, cyber defense, and other mission areas

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1070M) that would require the Secretary of Defense to expand pilot programs and fielding of artificial intelligence-enabled systems that enhance decision-making, reduce costs, and improve warfighter effectiveness.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Assessment of integration of Joint Combatant Commander Exercise Team into large scale exercises of United States Indo-Pacific Command

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1070O) that would require the Commander, U.S. Indo-Pacific Command (USINDOPACOM), to submit an assessment of the ways in which a standing joint and combatant command exercise team supported by experienced former members of the Armed Forces could be integrated into concepts of operations in support of coalition, joint, and combatant commander large scale exercises.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize the importance of coalition, joint, and combatant commander large-scale exercises for USINDOPACOM. Therefore, we direct the Commander, USINDOPACOM, to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than March 1, 2026, with an assessment of USINDOPACOM's existing capabilities to plan and execute large-scale exercises, and the extent to which such

capabilities could be enhanced by incorporating a standing exercise team supported by experienced former members of the Armed Forces.

Report on development and deployment of the Naval Autonomous Data Collection System

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1070P) that would require a report by April 15, 2026, on the development and deployment of the Naval Autonomous Data Collection System.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Navy to submit a report to the congressional defense committees by April 15, 2026, on the development and deployment of the Naval Autonomous Data Collection System. The report shall include information about the progress of establishing the program, projected benchmarks for fiscal year 2027, and any impediments to meeting these goals.

Report on options for establishing a digital engagement framework for addressing recruitment, retention, and readiness challenges

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1070Q) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on options for establishing a digital engagement framework for the purpose of addressing recruitment, retention, and readiness challenges facing the Armed Forces.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department operates several digital engagement efforts, including Military OneSource, transition platforms, and the Services' recruiting information systems that provide targeted content, analytics, community support, and broader awareness of existing benefits. The Defense Human Resources Activity and the Joint Advertising, Marketing, Research, and Studies program also conduct enterprise-level surveys and strategic outreach to improve awareness and utilization of benefits. We encourage the Department to continue working toward a more integrated, enterprise-wide digital engagement framework that can strengthen these existing efforts.

Report on red flags missed in fraud scheme perpetrated by Janet Yamanaka Mello

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1070R) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the fraud scheme perpetrated by Janet Yamanaka Mello, a civilian employee of the Department of the Army, who was indicted and pleaded guilty to stealing over $100,000,000 in 4-H Military Partnership Grant program funds.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct a report to be provided to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act. The report shall include each of the following: (1) The identification of any supervisory or oversight failures in this case; (2) The identification of any supervisory or oversight failures with regard to grant funding in the Department of the Army generally; (3) Any remedial actions taken by the Department of the Army to prevent fraud of this nature from occurring again; and (4) Any other information the Secretary deems appropriate.

Air Force Technical Training Center of Excellence

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1071) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to operate a Technical Training Center of Excellence.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The provision is not adopted.

We note that the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159) directed the Secretary of the Air Force to provide a briefing on the feasibility and advisability of establishing a Technical Training Center of Excellence. However, we note that that the briefing has yet to be provided due to the ongoing pause in Great Power Competition re-optimization efforts. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of the Air Force to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than March 1, 2026, on what the Department's implementation plan for a potential Technical Training Center of Excellence would be, if the briefing required by the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 determines that the creation of such Center of Excellence would be feasible and advisable.

National Commission on the Future of the Navy study of maritime industrial base

The House bill included a provision (sec. 1072) that would amend the duties of the National Commission on the Future of the Navy to require a study of the maritime industrial base.

The Senate bill included no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Budgeting and funding requirements for Northern Strike Exercise

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1078) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a budget line and provide adequate funding for the annual National Guard Bureau Northern Strike Exercise.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the annual Northern Strike Exercise is a large, all-domain reserve forces exercise. We believe it provides a realistic, decisive action training environment as well as robust training experiences for units and leaders to strengthen joint all-domain warfighting capabilities. Further, it fills a critical gap in resourced readiness building multi-domain exercises for National Guard combat formations. Resident within the State of Michigan, Northern Strike is conducted twice a year (winter and summer) within the four-season National All-Domain Warfighting Center's contested multi-domain operating environment. Using a combination of integrated live, virtual, and constructive models and simulations, participants increase Mission Essential Task proficiencies and build readiness through repetitive task iterations at echelon by training for combat operations as part of the joint team. We believe that Northern Strike is at the forefront of unmanned aerial systems and counter unmanned aerial systems training that provide individual servicemembers critical exposure to current, real-world threats.

Accordingly, we encourage the Department of Defense to establish recurring funding for this critical exercise series.

Counter-unmanned aircraft system readiness

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1082) that would direct the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director of the Joint Counter Small Unmanned Aircraft Systems Office, to coordinate with the Secretaries of the military departments to identify differences in the interpretation and application of section 130i of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that matters pertaining to the interpretation and application of section 130i of title 10, United States Code, are addressed elsewhere in this Act.

Feasibility study on removal of oil from sunken World War II vessels in waters near the Federated States of Micronesia and the Republic of Palau

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1082 (sub. F)) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to study the feasibility, costs, and risks of removing oil from World War II-era sunken vessels near Micronesia and Palau to prevent environmental damage.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Transportation, to assess the feasibility and advisability of the United States removing oil from three World War II-era sunken Japanese oil tankers located in the waters near the Federated States of Micronesia and the Republic of Palau. We further direct the Secretary to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees, not later than June 1, 2026, on the assessment above.

Pilot program on digital force protection for Special Operations Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1083) that would authorize the Commander, U.S. Special Operations Command (SOCOM) to carry out a pilot program, to be known as the ''Digital Force Protection Pilot Program'', to identify existing vulnerabilities in digital force protection, provide targeted ubiquitous technical surveillance mitigation training, and help identify commercially available secure communication and obfuscation technologies to protect personnel and support overall mission effectiveness.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that adversaries increasingly exploit the commercial digital surveillance capabilities as a low-cost, low-risk method of collecting information on U.S. forces. By reducing U.S. forces' digital signature exposure and adversary tracking, digital force protection strengthens overall force protection, operational security, and strategic deception efforts across all domains of warfare. We believe digital force protection is a critical enabler of multi-domain operations,

ensuring that U.S. forces can operate seamlessly across land, air, sea, space, and cyberspace without adversarial digital exploitation undermining mission success. Effective digital force protection also imposes costs on adversaries by complicating their ability to detect, track, or exploit U.S. personnel and assets through commercial data aggregation, as well as related open-source intelligence, signals intelligence, and adversarial artificial intelligence-powered analytics.

U.S. Special Operations Forces (SOF) are especially vulnerable to adversarial exploitation of the commercial digital surveillance and ubiquitous technical surveillance (UTS) capabilities given the sensitive, multi-domain operations they carry out globally. As such, we believe that SOCOM must aggressively confront this growing threat to SOF personnel through enhanced training and the utilization of technological solutions to enhance digital force protection of SOF. We note that the Commander of SOCOM has the ability and inherent authority to test commercially available technology in operationally relevant scenarios, including through the conduct of pilot programs using commercially available technologies. We strongly encourage the Commander of SOCOM, in coordination with the commanders of SOCOM's military service components, to actively seek out technological capabilities, particularly in the areas of secure communication and obfuscation technologies, that could enhance SOF digital force protection, and conduct operationally relevant testing and evaluation efforts, including through pilot programs using commercially available technologies. We direct the Commander of SOCOM to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act on the Command's efforts to enhance digital force protection of SOF, as well as any ongoing or planned activities to test commercially available technological solutions for such purposes.

Mapping America's Pharmaceutical Supply

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1083) that would require the Secretary of Health and Human Services, in coordination with the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies, to map, or otherwise visualize, the supply chains, from manufacturing of key starting materials through manufacturing of finished dosage forms and distribution, of drugs and biological products, including the active ingredients of those drugs and biological products, and to use data analytics to identify supply chain vulnerabilities that

pose a threat to national security, as determined by the Secretary or the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Provision to Navy personnel of information on career opportunities at Military Sealift Command

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1083 Sub. G) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to provide to Navy personnel information about career opportunities at Military Sealift Command and workforce training programs for shipbuilders.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that a separate provision in this Act directs the Secretary of Defense to carry out a program to provide individuals denied enlistment with information about opportunities to work in areas of national interest to the United States.

Pilot program for blockchain-enabled inventory management

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1084) that would allow the Secretary of Defense to establish a pilot program to improve inventory management within the Department of Defense using commercially available blockchain technology.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on defense workforce integration

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1084) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives describing the Department's implementation of initiatives to connect individuals who are ineligible or medically disqualified from military service with civilian and defense-industrial-base career pathways and to provide related workforce information across the services.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that a separate provision in this Act directs the Secretary of Defense to carry out a program to provide individuals denied enlistment with information about opportunities to work in areas of national interest to the

United States, and requires the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives regarding the implementation of such program.

Acceleration of accreditation and access to sensitive compartmented information facilities for industry

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1085) that would accelerate the accreditation of sensitive compartmented information facilities (SCIFs) for industry.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services for the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than June 1, 2026, on the feasibility of accelerating the construction of SCIFs for industry use. The briefing shall include the following:

(1) A description of the current process and average timelines for approval of SCIF construction in the private sector;

(2) A description of current barriers in policy and statute to the expeditious construction of SCIFs within the private sector;

(3) Recommendations to accelerate accreditation and approval timelines, including options for parallel processing of construction security plans, construction of facilities, and technology deployment;

(4) An evaluation of the efficiency and efficacy of current policies regarding the use of mobile Secret Internet Protocol Router Network and Joint Worldwide Intelligence Communications System, to include an evaluation of Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Instruction 6211.02D; and

(5) An assessment of the feasibility of designating shared commercial classified facilities as authorized work places for Department of Defense personnel.

Standardization of data analysis and visualization across the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1086) that would require the Secretary of Defense to ensure that each of the military departments adopts a set of standard data analysis and data visualization for the collection, management, analysis, visualization, and reporting of data related to harmful behaviors.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than December 1, 2026, on the Department's current processes, systems, and practices for the collection, management, analysis, visualization, and reporting of data related to harmful behaviors. The briefing shall include:

(1) An overview of existing data systems of record used by each military department to collect, track, analyze, and visualize harmful-behavior data, including a description of system workflows, required and optional data fields, and interfaces;

(2) An assessment of the extent to which current systems provide commanders with timely, actionable, and consistently presented information, including a discussion of existing metrics, data visualization formats, dashboards, and reporting tools;

(3) An evaluation of the Department's ability to identify location-based trends, patterns over time, and changes in harmful behavior using existing systems and analytics;

(4) A description of current best practices for data collection, management, analysis, visualization, and reporting used within the military departments, and any opportunities to expand those practices enterprise-wide;

(5) Identification of data elements not currently captured that would improve the Department's ability to identify and respond to harmful behaviors;

(6) An assessment of current challenges, limitations, and redundancies in the Department's harmful-behavior data environment, including any technological, resourcing, or interoperability barriers; and

(7) Recommendations to improve consistency, usability, and effectiveness of harmful-behavior data systems and visualizations across the Department, without requiring the creation of new working groups or pilot programs.

Construction of 9/11 Pentagon Memorial Visitor Education Center

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1088) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to construct a visitor education center near the 9/11 Pentagon Memorial in Arlington National Cemetery, Virginia.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees not later than June 1,

2026, on the feasibility of constructing a 9/11 Pentagon Memorial Visitor Education Center near the 9/11 Pentagon Memorial. The briefing shall include an assessment of potential sites, cost estimates, and partnership opportunities with non-government or non-profit organizations. The briefing shall also include potential funding mechanisms to include grants or cooperative agreements, and any logistical or security challenges associated with this project.

Virtual reality technology pilot program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1086) that would require the military departments to adopt a standard of data analysis and data visualization for data related to harmful behaviors.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Defense critical infrastructure protection interagency review

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1094) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a review of interagency coordination mechanisms for the protection of defense critical infrastructure.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We believe that strengthening interagency coordination, and coordination with the private sector, is critical to securing defense critical infrastructure against emerging threats. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act on an evaluation of and recommendations to improve such coordination. The report shall include the following:

(1) An assessment of how the Department of Defense (DOD) identifies, prioritizes, and protects defense critical infrastructure under existing mission assurance and risk management frameworks;

(2) An assessment of whether the DOD list of critical cyber missions, functions, and supporting assets is comprehensive;

(3) An assessment of whether the Defense Information Assurance Program (10 U.S.C. 2224) requires updates, consolidation, or repeal or whether Department policy requires better integration;

(4) An assessment of the Department's responsibilities for security infrastructure vital to defense and national security pursuant to section 1016 of the USA PATRIOT Act (42 U.S.C. 5195c);

(5) A review of the Department's compliance with information protection standards under the Critical Infrastructure Information Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 671 et seq.) and 6 C.F.R. part 29;

(6) A review of how the DOD oversees cybersecurity requirements for contractors supporting or operating defense critical missions or infrastructure;

(7) An assessment of the Department's organizational structures and guidance related to defense infrastructure sectors, including whether the Defense Infrastructure Sector Lead Agent structure and sector designations require adjustment;

(8) An evaluation of how effectively the Department's work with Federal, state, local, Tribal, and private sector partners on defense critical infrastructure protection, including information sharing, threat response, and risk mitigation, and the identification of barriers that impede such coordination; and

(9) Recommendations for improving DOD policies, governance, and authorities to strengthen interagency coordination and protect defense critical infrastructure.

Reports on food insecurity in Armed Forces

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6025) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit to the Congress a report on food insecurity in the Armed Forces.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that the Department already submits an annual report to the Congress detailing the status of its food security strategy as mandated by section 645 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263).

TITLE XI—CIVILIAN PERSONNEL

Sec. 1101 - Prohibition on the use of funds from carrying out a hiring freeze, reduction in force, or hiring delay without cause at a public shipyard

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1051) that would prohibit the use of funds by the Department of Defense to

carry out a hiring freeze or reduction in force of certain public shipyard workers.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1108).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1102 - Living quarter allowance for Department of Defense civilian employees with permanent duty station in Guam

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1101) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to provide a living quarter allowance for Department of Defense civilian employees with permanent duty station in Guam.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that limits the authority of the Secretary of Defense to provide this living quarter allowance to a 3-year period.

Sec. 1103 - Modification of temporary authority to appoint retired members of the armed forces to positions in the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1102) that would amend the process for appointment of retired members of the Armed Forces to competitive service and excepted service positions in the Department of Defense.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with amendments that provide a 3 year extension of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283) temporary authority to appoint recently retired members of the Armed Forces to positions in the Department of Defense for General Schedule-13 and below positions at defense industrial base facilities and Major Range and Test Facility Bases, provided the Secretary concerned certifies a lack of qualified applicants, and adds licensed medical personnel to such temporary authority.

We appreciate the value that retired members of the Armed Forces bring to the Department of Defense (DOD) and recognize that there can be benefits to reemployment following retirement. Section 3326 of title 5, United States Code, prescribes that a retired member of the Armed Forces may be appointed to a position in the civil service in or under the Department of Defense during the period of 180 days immediately after retirement only under certain circumstances.

We recognize the Department’s need to leverage available authorities to ensure that the best talent is hired into the

civil service. However, we have questions about DOD's implementation of the 180-day rule, the Department's use of waivers, and the impact of the process on merit-based hiring practices.

We direct the Comptroller General of the United States to review the appointment of retired members of the Armed Forces to certain positions within the Department of Defense. Specifically, the review shall include an assessment of: (1) The extent to which DOD collects data on appointment of retired servicemembers, including the positions to which the servicemembers are appointed, the number of appointments made after the 180-day period referenced in section 3326, the number made during the 180-day period, and any authorizations, approvals, or waivers used, and hiring shortages in positions where retiring servicemembers would otherwise be qualified; (2) A description of existing authorities for the Department to hire recent military retirees within 180 days of retirement, notwithstanding section 3326, and the extent to which the Department utilizes these authorities; (3) How DOD and the Office of Personnel Management conduct oversight of the application of section 3326 and associated challenges, including the process for any authorizations, approvals, or waivers; (4) The extent to which DOD has assessed the consistency of the waiver process with merit-based hiring; (5) A review of the impact of the appointment process on the DOD's ability to hire retired members of the Armed Forces into certain positions through a merit-based review, to include positions with critical shortages; (6) Historical review of hiring timelines for retired servicemembers in accordance with section 3326 including additional waivers, authorizations, and approvals required compared to candidates unaffected by 3326, including an assessment of the Department's adherence to merit principles in finding and hiring the most qualified candidates for civil service positions; (7) The associated impact on hiring timelines and staffing from Department of Defense memorandum that waive the requirement to apply section 3326 as it relates to direct hire authority for depot positions in accordance with 5 USC 9905; (8) Review of the impact of 3326 on installations in rural communities and the extent to which a competitive candidate pool with security clearances, technical skills, and training would otherwise be made available to fill positions; and (9) Any other matters the Comptroller General deems relevant.

We further direct the Comptroller General to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than May 15, 2026 on preliminary findings, with the results of the review to follow in a mutually agreed upon format and timeframe.

Sec. 1104 – Revisions to limitations on pay for officers and crews of maritime vessels operated by or for the United States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1103) that would amend section 5348 of title 5, United States Code, to prevent certain administrative payment limitations from applying to the officers and crews of vessels of the Military Sealift Command.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1105 – One-year extension of authority to waive annual limitation on premium pay and aggregate limitation on pay for Federal civilian employees working overseas

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1105) to extend the authority to waive the annual limitation on premium pay for federal civilian employees working overseas.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1102).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1106 – One-year extension of temporary authority to grant allowances, benefits, and gratuities to civilian personnel on official duty in a combat zone

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1103) that would extend for 1 year the discretionary authority of the head of a federal agency to provide allowances, benefits, and gratuities, comparable to those provided to members of the Foreign Service, to the agency's civilian employees on official duty in a combat zone.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1106).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1107 – Modifications to total force management requirements

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1108) that would amend section 129a of title 10, United States Code, to include additional requirements in order for the Department of Defense to carry out a reduction in force of more than 50 people.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1108 – Definition of defense industrial base facility for purposes of direct hire authority

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1114) that would amend Section 1125(c) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114-328) to define "defense industrial base facility" for the purpose of direct hire authority.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 6101 Div. E).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1109 – Payment of retention bonuses to DOD civilian employees in Guam

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1115) that would amend chapter 81 of title 10, United States Code, to pay retention bonuses to civilian employees of the Department of Defense in Guam.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1110 – Amendments to title 5, United States Code

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1122) that would modernize competitive hiring authorities within the Department of Defense.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1111 – Educational travel authority for dependents of certain employees

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1101) that would require the Secretary of Defense, notwithstanding section 1599b of title 10, United States Code, to direct the Director of the Defense Travel Management Office to update the Joint Travel Regulations to authorize educational travel for a dependent of a covered employee without regard to whether the Federal agency responsible for the employment of the covered employee anticipates that the covered employee will be transferred or travel to a location in the United States for home leave. This authority is limited to Department of Defense Education Activity employees assigned to Naval Station Guantanamo Bay.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1112 - Modification of direct hire authority for domestic defense industrial base facilities

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1106) that would amend section 1125 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114-328) to clarify that the direct hire authority provided by that section includes the Navy Supervisor of Shipbuilding, Conversion, and Repair positions.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1113 - Cyber workforce recruitment and retention

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1107) that would provide the Secretary of Defense with additional pay authorities to recruit and retain members of the Cyber Excepted Service.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with amendments relating to basic pay for existing Cyber Excepted Service positions with rates of pay comparable to positions across the Federal Government, subject to pay caps; exceptions for additional cyber positions at Combatant Commands, defense agencies, and field activities supporting U.S. Cyber Command, including other hard to fill positions; and an annual report requirement on implementation of the authorities provided for by this provision. The amended provision does not include additional positions within the Senior Executive Service, new personnel management systems, or additional compensation authorities.

Sec. 1114 - Public shipyard apprentice program

The Senate bill included a provision (sec. 6102 (Div. E)) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to induct a class of not fewer than 100 apprentices at each of the 7 Navy shipyards.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1115 - Personnel management

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 521) that would amend section 8081 of title 10, United States Code, to require the Chief of Naval Personnel to be responsible for the

overall management, oversight, and administration of Navy civilian employees.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Exception to limitation on rate of basic pay for crews of vessels

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1104) that would amend section 5373 of title 5, United States Code, to permit the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of a military department to fix the annual rate of basic pay of officers and crews of vessels.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that another section under this Act includes an authority to address appropriate levels of pay for mariners.

Exemption from civilian hiring freeze for delayed DOD appointments due to active duty

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1109) that would exempt certain active-duty servicemembers in the Department of Defense from a hiring freeze.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Limitation on use of funds to limit collective bargaining

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1110) that would prohibit the Department of Defense from expending funds to implement Executive Order 14251, issued on March 27, 2025, which excluded several Federal agencies, including the Department of Defense, from the Federal Labor-Management Relations Programs.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Personnel actions against DOD SES career appointees

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1111) that would provide additional authorities to the Secretary of Defense to carry out personnel actions with respect to Senior Executive Service career appointees.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Study on locality pay Department of Defense employees

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1112) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a study on locality pay.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Government Accountability Office has conducted a study on locality pay and issued a report of findings on April 30, 2025 which assessed current and potential alternatives for locality pay methodology.

Feasibility study on Department of Defense civilians forward deployed into combat zones and toxic exposure

The House bill included a provision (sec. 1113) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to conduct a study on Department of Defense civilians forward deployed into combat zones that may result in toxic exposure.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to conduct a study regarding the number of Department of Defense civilian employees who are forward deployed to combat zones and who may have been exposed to toxic substances as a result of their deployment. The study shall include: (1) The number of Department of Defense civilian employees currently forward deployed into combat zones, disaggregated by region and occupational specialty; (2) Historical data, to the extent practicable, on the number of such civilians deployed over the past 20 years; and (3) The extent and nature of potential toxic exposures to Department of Defense civilians deployed into combat zones, including exposure to open-air burn pits, contaminated water supplies, airborne particulates, industrial or chemical hazards associated with local environments, and other environmental or occupational toxins.

We further direct, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the findings of the above study with an assessment of the current benefits, entitlements, and protections available to such civilians in cases of toxic exposure including: (1) Health care benefits and eligibility; (2) Hazard pay and deployment allowances; (3) Workers' compensation and other occupational insurance coverages; (4) Eligibility for Department of Labor's

Office of Workers' Compensation Programs; and (5) Eligibility for Department of Veterans Affairs programs if any.

DOD prevailing rate employee pay increase

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1116) that would increase the rate of basic pay for any employee of the Department of Defense who is a prevailing rate employee.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Office of Personnel Management issued a final rule that took effect on October 1, 2025, that would amend 5 CFR 532.211 to change the regulatory criteria used to define federal wage system wage area boundaries and make changes in certain wage areas.

Defense Hiring Modernization Act of 2025

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1121) that would establish a short title for the Defense Hiring Modernization Act of 2025.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

TITLE XII—MATTERS RELATING TO FOREIGN NATIONS

SUBTITLE A—ASSISTANCE AND TRAINING

Sec. 1201 - Modification of authorities

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1201) that would make various modifications to section 321 of title 10, United States Code.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would make various technical modifications to the provision.

Sec. 1202 - Modification of authority to build capacity of foreign security forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1202) that would amend subsection (g)(2) of section 333 of title 10, United

States Code, to make a technical correction related to the availability of funds.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1203 - Modification of payment of costs for Regional Centers for Security Studies

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1202) that would amend section 342(f)(3)(A) of title 10, United States Code, by modifying the waiver authority for reimbursement related to the Regional Centers for Security Studies.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1204 - Modifications to Irregular Warfare Center and Regional Defense Fellowship Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1203) that would amend section 345 of title 10, United States Code, by moving the Irregular Warfare Center from the Defense Security Cooperation Agency to U.S. Special Operations Command.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1205 - Modification of authority for Naval Small Craft Instruction and Technical Training School

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1203) that would modify section 352 of title 10, United States Code, relating to the operation and sustainment of the Naval Small Craft Instruction and Technical Training School.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1206 - State partnership program selection analysis

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1207) that would require the Secretary of Defense to modify Department of Defense Instruction 5111.20, or any successor instruction, to ensure that in performing selection analysis for the State Partnership Program, the Chief of the National Guard Bureau shall consider the number of current partnerships assigned to the National Guard of a state and give preference to states that have only one active assigned country under the program.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would direct the Secretary of Defense to modify Department of Defense Instruction 5111.20, or any successor instruction, to ensure that in performing selection analysis for the State Partnership Program, the Chief of the National Guard Bureau shall consider the capacity of the National Guard of a state and the number of assigned countries.

Sec. 1207 - Enhancement of international biodefense capacity

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 234) that would require the Secretary of Defense to direct the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Nuclear Deterrence, Chemical and Biological Defense Programs, in consultation with the Director of the Defense Threat Reduction Agency, to enter into 12 memoranda of understanding with other departments and agencies of the Federal Government to clarify the roles and responsibilities of those departments and agencies for building biodefense capabilities internationally in execution of national security and other policies of the Federal Government, with the Secretary focused on working with defense counterparts in countries that are allies of the United States.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

SUBTITLE B—FOREIGN MILITARY SALES AND RELATED PROCESSES

Sec. 1211 - Improvements to security cooperation workforce and defense acquisition workforce

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1259) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to issue guidance regarding foreign military sales to the security cooperation workforce and the acquisition workforce and modify the Foreign Military Sales Continuous Process Improvement Board established by section 1210 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159) to specify that up to three members of the board shall be selected from among individuals who are not officers or employees of the Department of Defense, members of the Armed Forces or a registered lobbyist.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1212 - Modifications to foreign military sales processes

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1261) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to develop an acquisition strategy that establishes alternative acquisition paths for the procurement of Foreign Military Sales.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1213 - Periodic review of FMS-only list

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1703) that would require the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, to conduct an annual review of the foreign military sales-only list to identify items that should be eligible for sale through direct commercial sales.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with clarifying amendments.

Sec. 1214 - Assessment and establishment of office to support the acquisition of specified non-program of record systems by foreign allies and partners

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1254) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish and charter, within the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, a Joint Program Office for Non-Programs of Record, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1215 - Guidance for coordination of international arms transfers

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1257) that would direct the Secretary of Defense, in accordance with section 382 of title 10, United States Code, to streamline and align the roles, responsibilities, and authorities, as well as improve transparency, relating to Department of Defense processes for international arms transfers, including Foreign Military Sales.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

SUBTITLE C—MATTERS RELATING TO THE MIDDLE EAST

Sec. 1221 - Extension of authority for reimbursement of certain coalition nations for support provided to United States military operations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1232) that would amend Subsection (a) of section 1233 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110-181).

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1211).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1222 - Extension and modification of annual report on military power of Iran

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1238) that extended and modified the annual report on the military power of Iran.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1223 - Extension and modification of authority to provide assistance to vetted Syrian groups and individuals

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1233) that would modify and extend Section 1209 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. "Buck" McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113-291).

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1213).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1224 - Extension and modification of authority to provide assistance to counter the Islamic State of Iraq and Syria

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1234) that would amend Section 1236 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. "Buck" McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113-291).

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (Sec. 1214).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1225 - Counter-terrorism support

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1235) that would extend and modify the authority to provide support to certain United States partners.

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1215) that would extend and modify the authority to provide support to certain United States partners.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1226 - Enhancing security partnership with Jordan and Lebanon

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1253) directing the Secretary of Defense, pursuant to existing authorities, to seek to provide assistance, including training, equipment, logistics support, supplies, and services, to the Government of Jordan and the Government of Lebanon for the purpose of supporting and enhancing efforts of the military forces of Jordan and the military forces of Lebanon to ensure the territorial security of Jordan and Lebanon.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1227 - Prohibition on funding to the Badr Organization

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1236) prohibiting funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available to the Secretary of Defense for fiscal year 2026 from being made available to the Badr Organization.

The Senate bill did not contain a similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

We commend the Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency for the timely delivery of the report that was directed in the Fiscal Year 2025 National Defense Authorization Act's explanatory statement on Badr Organization offshoots.

We direct the Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency to provide an update of this assessment not later than June 1, 2026.

Sec. 1228 – Limitation on availability of funds for the Iraqi security forces

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1218) conditioning at least 50 percent of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for the Office of Security Cooperation in Iraq on the Secretary of Defense submitting to the congressional defense committees a certification that the Government of Iraq has taken credible steps to reduce the operational capacity of Iran-aligned militia groups not integrated into the Iraqi Security Forces; strengthen the authority and operational control of the Prime Minister of Iraq as Commander-in-Chief over the Iraqi Security Forces; and investigate and hold accountable members of militias or members of security forces operating outside the formal chain of command of the Iraqi Security Forces who engage in attacks on United States or Iraqi personnel or otherwise act in an illegal or destabilizing manner.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1229 – Report on strategy for increasing membership in the Comprehensive Security Integration and Prosperity Agreement

The House bill included a provision (sec. 1245) directing the Secretary of Defense to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report describing the strategic importance of the Comprehensive Security Integration and Prosperity Agreement and the benefits of its potential expansion.

The Senate bill did not contain a similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1229A – Report on ISIS detention facilities in Syria

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1216) that directs the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State and pursuant to authorities available to the Secretary of Defense, to take appropriate measures to support the defenses of al-Hol and Roj camps and security for detainees within such camps, including through support for vetted foreign partner security forces, so as to prevent escape and radicalization efforts that could contribute to a resurgence of the Islamic State of Iraq and Syria, and include an annual reporting requirement.

The House bill did not contain a similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1229B - Report on United States force posture and activities in Syria

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1217) that would limit the use of funds to reduce the number of, or consolidate, bases of the U.S. Armed Forces in Syria.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment, directing the Secretary of Defense to report on changes, as well as planned changes, to U.S. posture in Syria.

SUBTITLE D—MATTERS RELATING TO ISRAEL

Sec. 1231 - Extension and modification of United States-Israel anti-tunnel cooperation

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1212) that extends the authority for United States-Israel anti-tunnel cooperation through December 31, 2028.

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1255) that extends the authority for United States-Israel anti-tunnel cooperation through December 31, 2028 and increases the authorized funding from $50.0 million to $80.0 million.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1232 - Extension and modification of United States-Israel cooperation to counter unmanned systems in all warfighting domains

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1213) that would extend and modify the authority for United States-Israel Cooperation to Counter Unmanned Systems in all Warfighting Domains.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1256).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1233 - Modification of certain temporary authorizations related to munitions replacement

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6241) that would amend section 1244 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense

Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 to modify certain temporary authorizations related to munitions replacement.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1234 - Research, development, test, and evaluation of emerging technologies to further the warfighting capabilities of the United States and certain partner countries

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1205) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense, upon request by the Ministry of Defense of a covered partner country and in consultation with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Director of National Intelligence, to carry out, jointly with the covered partner country, research, development, test, and evaluation of emerging technologies to further the warfare capabilities of the United States and the covered partner country to meet emerging defense challenges, including in the areas of artificial intelligence, cybersecurity, robotics, quantum, and automation.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

We maintain that it should be the policy of the United States to support and encourage further defense collaboration with Israel in areas of emerging technologies capable of enabling the warfighting capabilities of both the United States and Israel to meet emerging defense challenges, including in the areas of artificial intelligence, cybersecurity, robotics, quantum, and automation.

Sec. 1235 - Report on United States-Israel military exercises

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1218) that would direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for a period not to exceed 3 years, to submit a written, unclassified report, on United States-Israel military relations, which may contain a classified annex, to the congressional defense committees.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

We maintain that conducting regular military exercises of increasing complexity with the State of Israel that involve air, sea, ground, space, and cyberspace forces supports the national security interests of the United States; these military

exercises should include other regional partners as well when feasible; and these military exercises strengthen the readiness of U.S. forces and those of our partners, bolster their ability to operate together, reinforce deterrence, and support regional security.

SUBTITLE E—MATTERS RELATING TO EUROPE, UKRAINE, AND THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Sec. 1241 - Modification and extension of annual report on military and security developments involving the Russian Federation

The House bill contained provisions (sec. 1241 and sec. 1618) that would extend and modify the reporting requirement mandated in section 1234 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283) regarding the military and security developments involving the Russian Federation through January 31, 2030, and require a report on Russian active measures to be submitted by the Director of National Intelligence.

The Senate bill contained similar provisions (sec. 1222 and 6222) that would extend section 1234 through January 31, 2031, and modify the reporting elements to include an assessment of the Russian Federation's use of chemical weapons.

The agreement includes the House provision (sec. 1241) with additional reporting requirements to include assessments of Russian chemical weapons use, the threat posed by Russian hybrid attacks to North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) industrial and military targets, Russian incursions into NATO airspace, and Russia’s military-to-military cooperation with the People's Republic of China, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Iran.

Sec. 1242 - Extension of prohibition on availability of funds relating to sovereignty of the Russian Federation over internationally recognized territory of Ukraine

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1221) that would amend section 1245(a) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-236) to extend the prohibition of funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for fiscal year 2026 from being obligated or expended to implement any activity that recognizes the sovereignty of the Russian Federation over the internationally recognized territory of Ukraine.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1243 - Extension and modification of Ukraine Security Assistance Initiative

The Senate bill contained provisions (sec. 1223, sec. 1226, and sec. 1227) that would amend section 1250 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114-92) to extend the Ukraine Security Assistance Initiative (USAI) through December 31, 2028, and authorize $500.0 million for fiscal year 2026. The provisions would also modify USAI to provide an additional 2 years for the period of performance across fiscal years. The provisions would waive section 2571 of title 10, United States Code, with respect to the use of reimbursable support from one component of the Department of Defense (DOD) to perform work on behalf of another component in support of USAI. The provisions would also modify section 1250 to specify the conditions that must be met for the Department to treat USAI-procured materials as DOD stocks and require additional reporting to Congress in advance of such actions.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1302) that would extend the USAI authority in section 1250 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 through December 31, 2028, and authorize $400.0 million for fiscal year 2026 and $300.0 million for fiscal year 2027.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with amendments that would extend section 1250 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 through December 31, 2029, authorize $400.0 million for fiscal year 2026 and $400.0 million for fiscal year 2027, and further clarify the conditions for treatment of USAI equipment as DOD stocks.

Sec. 1244 - Military intelligence support for Ukraine

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1228) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide intelligence support, including information, intelligence, and imagery collection authorized under title 10, United States Code, to the Government of Ukraine for the purpose of supporting military operations that are specifically intended or reasonably expected to defend and retake the territory of Ukraine.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment to require a notification to Congress not later than 48 hours after a decision to pause, terminate, or otherwise

restrict or materially downgrade intelligence support to the Government of Ukraine.

We reaffirm the vital importance of providing intelligence support to the Government of Ukraine to enable it to defend itself against Russian aggression and express concern about any termination, pause, or delay in the provision of intelligence to the Government Ukraine. Any such termination, pause, or delay should be promptly notified to the appropriate congressional committees.

Sec. 1245 – Report relating to allied and partner support to Ukraine

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1303) that would extend the requirement for the Secretary of Defense to submit regular oversight reports relating to allied and partner support to Ukraine.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1230).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would add additional reporting requirements on the implementation of the Joint Ukraine Multinational Program - Services, Training, and Articles Rapid Timeline (JUMPSTART) initiative and the Prioritized Ukraine Requirements List (PURL) initiative as well as a plan for the use of allied contributions to the Ukraine Security Assistance Initiative (USAI) account to support Ukraine's capacity to defend itself and strengthen its deterrence against future Russian aggression.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, a report on the JUMPSTART initiative. The report shall include:

(1) A detailed description of the purpose, scope, and objectives of the JUMPSTART initiative;

(2) A description of the statutory authorities used by the Department of Defense, including the Defense Security Cooperation Agency, to establish and execute the JUMPSTART initiative;

(3) The date and manner in which Congress was notified of the establishment of the JUMPSTART initiative; and

(4) A description of the acquisition and contracting authorities leveraged under JUMPSTART to procure major defense equipment.

Sec. 1246 – Allied contributions to United States force posture on NATO's eastern flank

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1301) that would amend section 2350(j) of title 10, United States Code, to enable an ally of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) to contribute to the reasonable and proper costs of the United States Armed Forces in a deployed or rotational status in another NATO country in the European theater.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment.

We reaffirm that the United States remains steadfast in its ironclad commitment to NATO as the foundation of transatlantic security and committed to upholding its obligations under the North Atlantic Treaty, including its commitment to collective defense under Article 5 of the Treaty. We also reaffirm that United States Armed Forces in a deployed or rotational status on NATO's eastern flank remain critical to conventional deterrence and defense on the European continent.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Commander, U.S. European Command, to provide a report to the congressional defense committees, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, on the Department's plan for the use of these authorities as modified. The report shall include:

(1) A description of how the Department plans to use the modified section 2350(j) authorities for contributions from NATO allies for the reasonable and proper costs of United States Armed Forces in a deployed or rotational status in a NATO member country in Europe, with a particular focus on NATO's eastern flank;

(2) A comprehensive analysis of the monetary and non-monetary costs already borne by NATO allies in support of the U.S. presence in the European theater, including payment-in-kind, access, basing, infrastructure, and host-nation support arrangements;

(3) A discussion of how the Department intends to work with allies to balance the potential for greater allied burden sharing using contributions under section 2350(j) with the requirement that allies meet their obligations under Article 3 of the North Atlantic Treaty to maintain and develop individual and collective defense capabilities; and

(4) A description of allied consultation undertaken in the preparation of this report.

Sec. 1247 - Baltic Security Initiative

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1230C) that would require the establishment of a Baltic Security Initiative

(BSI). It would also require the Secretary of Defense to provide a strategy to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives to achieve the objectives of BSI.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1306).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with clarifying amendments.

Sec. 1248 - Modification of United States basing and training, and exercises in North Atlantic Treaty Organization member countries

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1230A) that would amend section 1250 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) to direct the Secretary of Defense, when considering decisions related to U.S. military basing and training in North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) countries, to consider among the factors whether a country has submitted its annual plan to meet, and has made progress toward, the NATO pledge to spend 5 percent of gross domestic product on defense by 2035.

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1305) that would urge every NATO member to meet the new defense spending commitment adopted at the June 2025 NATO summit at The Hague.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

We urge every NATO member to meet the new defense spending commitment adopted at the June 2025 NATO Summit at The Hague to invest 5 percent of gross domestic product annually in defense by 2035 in order to ensure that Allied armed forces possess the capabilities necessary to maintain credible deterrence and collective defense.

Sec. 1249 - Oversight of United States military posture in Europe

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1225) that would prohibit the obligation or expenditure of funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for the United States to reduce the total number of members of the Armed Forces permanently stationed in or deployed to the U.S. European Command area of responsibility below 76,000; divest of property; permanently withdraw or redeploy major equipment; or relinquish the role of Supreme Allied Commander Europe until 90 days after the Secretary of Defense and the Commander, U.S. European Command,

submit independent assessments and certifications to the congressional defense committees regarding such action.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1304).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with amendments, including changing the waiting period from 90 days to 60 days. The agreement also includes a nondelegable briefing requirement for the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy to brief the House and Senate Committees on Armed Services on the implementation of the National Defense Strategy, including the policy and overall guidance for the governance of the global defense posture.

Sec. 1250 - Report on United States deterrence and defense posture in the European region

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1242) that would require an independent assessment from the Commander, U.S. European Command, on the capabilities and resources required for the U.S. deterrence and defense posture in the European region.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

SUBTITLE F—MATTERS RELATING TO THE INDO-PACIFIC REGION

Sec. 1251 - Extension of Pacific Deterrence Initiative

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1231) that would amend section 1251 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283) to extend the Pacific Deterrence Initiative (PDI) through fiscal year 2026.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1311).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

We reaffirm our support for the PDI as a mechanism to strengthen U.S. posture in the Indo-Pacific and to enhance transparency into the Department of Defense's activities that support deterrence, reassure allies and partners, and build readiness and operational capability in the region--primarily west of the International Date Line. However, we note that the U.S. Government Accountability Office released a report on November 25, 2025, titled “Clearer Guidance Is Needed to Improve Visibility into Resourcing of Pacific Deterrence Efforts” (GAO-26-107698) highlighting that the Department's approach to identifying programmatic investments for PDI lacks consistency,

alignment with strategic priorities, and internal accountability. Consequently, we are concerned that the PDI budget exhibits reflect incomplete or inaccurate information that could result in misleading conclusions regarding resource investments in the Indo-Pacific. We note that the Department concurred with the recommendations in the GAO-26-107698 report to revise and update PDI guidance.

To improve the transparency and utility of the PDI budget exhibit, we direct the Department to annually include operation and maintenance budget estimates for all operational forces and supporting enablers west of the International Date Line, along with any enhancements to those forces. While the focus of PDI should be on enhancements, these cannot be properly evaluated without visibility of the baseline they are intended to enhance. Enhancements may include operation and maintenance, procurement, and military construction programs. In all cases, however, enhancements should be primarily west of the International Date Line or necessary for missions west of the International Date Line. We further direct the Department to include budget estimates related to deployments or rotations of units west of the International Date Line. We also direct the Department to include routine costs west of the International Date Line if such costs are directly supporting a PDI category and selected consistently across the Department's components. We note this direction is intended to supplement, not replace, existing statutory requirements for the PDI budget exhibit.

We believe the PDI could be used more effectively to incentivize additional investments by the military services in joint enabling capabilities needed in the Indo-Pacific theater and urge the Department to utilize a total obligation authority withhold technique for a significant portion of the PDI. We note that the Department still has not complied with the requirement to provide the congressional defense committees with a plan for utilizing a total obligation authority withhold technique, as appropriate, for future PDI budget requests across the Future Years Defense Plan and direct the Secretary of Defense to do so, not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

We also direct the Secretary of Defense, with input from the military services, U.S. Indo-Pacific Command, and other relevant stakeholders, to revise the Department's guidance for PDI program selection. This revised guidance should reflect the direction above and establish consistent processes for component-level review of PDI selections. We further direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the congressional defense committees on this revised PDI guidance, not later than June 30, 2026.

Sec. 1252 - Extension of Indo-Pacific extended deterrence education pilot program

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1244) that would amend section 1314(c) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159) by changing the sunset date of the program from December 31, 2027, to December 31, 2030.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1314).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1253 - Partnership for Indo-Pacific Industrial Resilience

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1235) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, to establish and maintain a security cooperation initiative to strengthen cooperation among the defense industrial bases of the United States and allied and partner countries in the Indo-Pacific region. In addition, the Secretary of Defense would be required to provide the congressional defense committees with a report outlining progress in establishing the initiative on a recurring basis beginning on January 1, 2027 and annually thereafter until 2031. The Senate provision would also require the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than December 1, 2026 and annually thereafter until 2030.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1254 - Strategy to strengthen multilateral defense in the Indo-Pacific

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1315) that would require the Secretary of Defense to implement a strategy to strengthen multilateral deterrence against regional aggression in the Indo-Pacific region by expanding multilateral coordination with United States allies and partners in the region.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 6233).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1255 - Sense of Congress on defense alliances and partnerships in the Indo-Pacific region

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1247) that would express the sense of Congress on the importance of defense alliances and partnerships in the Indo-Pacific region.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1316).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

SUBTITLE G—MATTERS RELATING TO ASIA

Sec. 1261 - Extension of pilot program to improve cyber cooperation with foreign military partners in Southeast Asia

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1209) that would extend the pilot program to improve cyber cooperation with covered foreign military partners in southeast Asia authorized by section 1256 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283) through 2029 and expand the pilot program to include each member of the Pacific Islands Forum.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would extend the pilot project through 2028.

We support expanded cyber cooperation with partners in the Indo-Pacific region to address shared threats. Therefore, not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, we direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives regarding the feasibility and advisability of expanding the pilot program to improve cyber cooperation with foreign military partners in the Pacific Island Countries.

Sec. 1262 - Preventing circumvention by Chinese military companies in third-party countries

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1204) amend section 1260H(g)(2)(B)(i)(I) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283) by revising the definition of a "Chinese military company" to include such companies operating inside or outside of the People's Republic of China.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1246).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1263 - Inclusion on list of Chinese military companies of entities added to certain other lists

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1245) that would amend section 1260H(b)(3) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283) to require the review of each entity added to any other list of Chinese entities subject to restrictions or scrutiny maintained by the U.S. Government during the annual revision in which such entity was added.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1264 - Prohibition on use of funds to support entertainment projects with ties to the Government of the People's Republic of China

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1031) that would prohibit funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act to be made available for providing active and direct support to any film, television, or other entertainment project if the Secretary of Defense has demonstrable evidence that the project has complied, or is likely to comply, with a demand from the Government of the People's Republic of China or the Chinese Communist Party to censor content of the project in a material manner to advance the national interest of the People's Republic of China.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1265 - Modification of Taiwan security cooperation initiative

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1236) that would modify the Taiwan Security Cooperation Initiative authorized by section 1323 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159) by adding medical equipment, supplies, and related combat casualty care capabilities as a category of authorized assistance under the initiative.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1313).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1266 - Joint program with Taiwan to enable fielding of uncrewed systems and counter-uncrewed systems capabilities

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1237) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than March 1,

2026, to seek to engage with appropriate officials of Taiwan in a joint program for the purpose of enabling the fielding of uncrewed systems and counter-uncrewed systems capabilities, including co-development and co-production of such capabilities, for the Armed Forces of the United States and the military forces of Taiwan, consistent with the Taiwan Relations Act (Public Law 96-8).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1267 - Extension of authority to transfer funds for Bien Hoa dioxin cleanup

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1312) that would extend the authority to transfer funds to the Department of State for dioxin remediation at Bien Hoa Airbase in Vietnam pursuant to section 1253 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283), as amended.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 1232).

The agreement includes the provision.

Sec. 1268 - Oversight of United States military posture on the Korean Peninsula

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1233) that would prohibit the obligation or expenditure of funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act to reduce the total number of members of the Armed Forces permanently stationed in or deployed to the Republic of Korea below 28,500 or to complete the transition of wartime operational control of the United States-Republic of Korea Combined Forces Command from United States-led command to Republic of Korea-led command until 90 days after the Secretary of Defense submits an assessment and certification to the appropriate committees of the Congress regarding such action.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1269 - Report on enhanced defense relations with the Philippines

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1240) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than June 1, 2026, to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of

the Senate and the House of Representatives, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives on enhancing United States security cooperation with the Philippines.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1270 - Modernizing the defense capabilities of the Philippines

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6231) that would direct the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, to develop and implement a multiyear plan to provide for the acquisition of appropriate defensive capabilities by the Philippines and to engage with the Philippines in a series of combined training, exercises, and planning activities to enhance the United States-Philippines defense relationship.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

SUBTITLE H—OTHER MATTERS

Sec. 1271 - Limitation on availability of funds for travel expenses of the Office of the Secretary of Defense

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1234) that would prohibit the obligation or expenditure of 25 percent of the funding authorized for travel expenses for the Office of the Secretary of Defense until various overdue reports related to the Indo-Pacific are submitted to the congressional defense committees.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1272 - Repeal of war-related reporting requirements for concluded operations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1231) that would repeal Section 1221 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109-163).

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1273 – Defending international security by restricting unacceptable partnerships and tactics

The Senate bill contained the provisions (sec. 1271 through sec. 1274 (Sub. H)) that would require the executive branch to develop a whole-of-government strategy to disrupt growing cooperation among the People's Republic of China, the Russian Federation, the Islamic Republic of Iran, and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and mitigate the risks posed to the United States.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1274 – Report regarding joint training with Mexico to counter transnational criminal organizations

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1205) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a plan for a pilot program under which the armed forces of Mexico and the United States Armed Forces will train jointly in the United States on tactics, techniques, and procedures for countering the threat posed by transnational criminal organizations.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Government of Mexico, to submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report detailing current counter-transnational criminal organization training between the Department of Defense and the armed forces of Mexico and include recommendations for future additional activities with respect to joint training that will improve the counter-transnational criminal organization capabilities of the armed forces of Mexico and deepen Mexico's counter-transnational criminal organization cooperation with the United States.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Authority to build capacity for space domain awareness

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1201) that would modify section 333 of title 10, United States Code, by adding the authority to build capacity for space domain awareness.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1208).

The agreement does not include either provision.

Permanent extension of acceptance and expenditure of contributions for multilateral security cooperation programs and activities

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1204) that would modify section 1208 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159) related to the acceptance and expenditure of specified contributions.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Cybersecurity integration

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1206) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to cooperate with the Government of Panama to seek to integrate cybersecurity into current and future joint training exercises.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1206).

The agreement does not include either provision.

We are aware of the seriousness of cyber-related threats to the Panama Canal and the importance of the Canal to the commercial and security interests of the United States. Therefore, we strongly support cybersecurity cooperation between the United States and the Government of Panama and the Panama Canal Authority and urge the Department of Defense to use existing authorities and programs to enhance the cybersecurity capabilities of the national security forces of Panama and Panama Canal Authority.

Modification of Department of Defense State Partnership Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1207) that would amend section 341 of title 10, United States Code, regarding the availability of funds.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

War Reserve Stockpile authority for Israel

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1211) that would amend section 12001(d) of the Department of Defense

Appropriations Act, 2005 (Public Law 108–287) by striking ''January 1, 2027'' and inserting ''January 1, 2029''.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Extension and modification of authority to support operations and activities of the Office of Security Cooperation in Iraq

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1212) that extended and modified the authority to support the operations and activities of the Office of Security Cooperation in Iraq.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Sense of Congress on international defense exhibitions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1214) that would affirm that it is the sense of Congress that the Department of Defense and its agencies should not participate in international defense exhibitions in any way until the Secretary of Defense certifies that such exhibitions and the jurisdictions in which they are located allow Israeli companies to fully participate in the exhibition and are not using restrictions or the threat of restrictions on any party's participation in the exposition as a means of deterring Israel from defending itself.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The provision was not included.

We direct the Department and its agencies to avoid participation in international exhibitions that exclude Israeli companies from participating.

Study and report on international security measures on the border between Gaza and Egypt

The House bill contained a provision directing the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, to conduct a study on steps that Israel, Egypt, and the United States can take to enhance international security measures on the border between Gaza and Egypt to ensure Hamas and other actors do not use tunnels or methods via the Mediterranean Sea to smuggle weapons and illicit goods.

The Senate bill did not contain a similar provision.

The provision is not adopted.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State, to conduct a study on steps that Israel, Egypt, and the United States can take to enhance international

security measures on the border between Gaza and Egypt to ensure Hamas and other actors do not use tunnels, unmanned aerial systems, or methods via the Mediterranean Sea to smuggle weapons and illicit goods. The report should include a description and map indicating any existing tunnels on the border between Gaza and Egypt. The report should be submitted to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, the Foreign Affairs Committee of the House, and the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate, not later than June 1, 2026, and may include a classified annex if necessary.

Establishment of defense innovation unit office in Israel

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1216) that would establish a Defense Innovation Unit in Israel.

The Senate bill did not contain a similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We are aware of ongoing efforts to expand the geographic presence of the Defense Innovation Unit (DIU) within and outside the United States. We believe geographic expansion of DIU could help expand the defense industrial base and ensure new entrants to the defense technology ecosystem represent companies from across the United States and world. Accordingly, we include a provision elsewhere in this Act [Log 0586] authorizing DIU to establish regional outreach centers to enable more streamlined interactions between DIU, the private sector, and other mission partners across the world. As DIU develops a strategy and criteria for the selections of locations for such centers, we encourage DIU to explore adding a regional outreach center in Israel. Such a center could help foster increased partnership across the region and help improve DIU's own technological edge.

Ukraine's maintenance and sustainment capacity

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1224) that would require the Secretary of Defense to partner with the Minister of Defense of Ukraine to develop a weapons depot maintenance strategic plan and report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We remain concerned about Ukraine's long-term ability to maintain and sustain critical weapons systems provided by the United States and allied nations. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Commander, U.S. European Command (EUCOM), to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not

later than June 30, 2026, a report on efforts to develop and enhance Ukraine's organic maintenance and sustainment capacity. The report shall include:

(1) An assessment of the current state of Ukraine's organic capacity to maintain and sustain critical weapons systems in its inventory, including F-16 aircraft, High Mobility Artillery Rocket Systems, 155-millimeter howitzers, National Advanced Surface-to-Air Missile Systems, Advanced Medium-Range Air-to-Air Missiles, Patriot air defense batteries, Abrams tanks, Bradley Infantry Fighting Vehicles, Stryker and M113 Armored Personnel Carriers, and other systems identified by the Commander, EUCOM, as critical to Ukraine's ability to defend itself against aggression by the Russian Federation;

(2) An identification of key gaps in Ukraine's organic capacity to maintain and sustain these systems;

(3) An identification of which of Ukraine's partners has primary responsibility for monitoring the maintenance and sustainment of each of the critical weapons systems in Ukraine's inventory;

(4) An identification of any critical weapons systems experiencing maintenance or sustainment issues that could result in mission failure; and

(5) A summary of existing and planned United States and allied efforts to partner with Ukraine to address these gaps and develop greater organic capabilities for maintenance and sustainment, including for depot-level maintenance of critical systems.

International Security Cooperation Program funding for United States European Command

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1229) that would require the Secretary of Defense to ensure that not less than 15 percent of the funds authorized to be appropriated for International Security Cooperation Programs would be made available for use by the U.S. European Command (EUCOM).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision. The authorization of additional security cooperation funding for EUCOM is dealt with elsewhere in this Act.

Modification of requirements for transfers of United States defense articles and defense services among Baltic states

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1230B) that would modify the requirements for transfers of United States defense articles and defense services among Baltic states.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than July 1, 2026 on efforts to enable the seamless sharing of High Mobility Artillery Rockets Systems (HIMARS) and munitions between Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania.

The briefing shall include the following:

(1) An assessment of current legal, regulatory, and technical barriers impeding the interoperability and integration of HIMARS platforms and munitions among the three Baltic countries;

(2) Recommendations for specific policy, technical, or programmatic changes needed to enable the sharing of HIMARS assets and munitions between Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania during a crisis;

(3) A description of ongoing or planned initiatives to facilitate the interoperability and sharing of HIMARS, including modifications to systems, standardization of munitions, development of joint or multilateral operational protocols, or other measures; and

(4) Any other information the Secretary considers relevant.

We also direct the Secretary of Defense to include the Senate Armed Services Committee in the briefing on the Baltic High Mobility Artillery Rocket System Deployment directed in the House Report accompanying H.R. 3838 (H. Rept. 119-231) of the Streamlining Procurement for Effective Execution and Delivery and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026.

Intelligence sharing with resistance units in Afghanistan

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1237) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to provide such intelligence sharing as the Secretary determines appropriate with units of the former Afghan Army and police forces, as well as other units the Secretary determines are resistance units, for purposes of countering the Taliban.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on critical digital infrastructure of Taiwan

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1238) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to the congressional defense committees, not later than 180 days after

the date of enactment of this Act, analyzing the critical digital infrastructure capabilities of Taiwan and identifying potential Department of Defense actions that could help to enable the protection of such infrastructure, consistent with the Taiwan Relations Act (Public Law 96-8).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, to submit to the congressional defense committees a report that:

(1) analyzes the critical digital infrastructure of Taiwan in the event of a military invasion or blockade by the People's Republic of China; and

(2) identifies potential Department of Defense actions that could help enable the protection of such infrastructure, consistent with the Taiwan Relations Act.

At a minimum, the required report shall include:

(1) A description of threats to the critical digital infrastructure of Taiwan in the event of a military invasion or blockade by the People's Republic of China.

(2) A description of the critical digital infrastructure capabilities of Taiwan, including:

(a) the type and amount of physical hardware available to support the transfer of large quantities of electronic data from Taiwan to a cloud-based system or a geographic location outside Taiwan; and

(b) the availability of resilient satellite communications from low-Earth orbit constellations and any other necessary activity relating to such a transfer.

(3) An identification of potential Department of Defense actions that could help enable the protection of the critical digital infrastructure of Taiwan in the event of a contingency, including:

(a) the pre-positioning of digital hardware capabilities; and

(b) acquisition of cloud-based services and radio frequency satellite communications.

(4) Recommendations for any resources or authorities required to support the Department of Defense actions identified under paragraph (3).

We expect the required report will take into account lessons learned from ongoing conflicts, especially the war in Ukraine, and the risks associated with making assumptions about the availability of commercial vendors in the event of a military invasion or blockade of Taiwan by the People's Republic of China. We also encourage the Secretary of Defense to seek input from civilian executives from commercial technology

companies that provided support to Ukraine in its fight against the Russian Federation's war of aggression.

Report on U.S. support for Japanese counterstrike capabilities

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1239) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide the congressional defense committees with a report, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, outlining Department of Defense efforts to support Japan in the fielding of an operational counterstrike capability.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to the congressional defense committees, not later than July 1, 2026, on United States efforts to enable Japan's effort to field a conventional counterstrike capability that includes:

(1) a description of the activities and objectives of the United States-Japan Roles, Missions, and Capabilities Working Group with respect to the fielding of a conventional counterstrike capability by Japan;

(2) a description of the operations, activities, and investments the Department is undertaking in collaboration with the Government of Japan;

(3) a description of progress made by the United States to aid Japan in the fielding of conventional counterstrike capabilities, including in and across the First Island Chain;

(4) a description of the counterstrike capabilities of Japan and a characterization of the potential for enhancement of such capabilities; and

(5) a description of the impediments to fielding a strengthened alliance strike posture, including—

(a) domestic legal constraints;

(b) regulatory restrictions, including technology and foreign disclosure constraints; and

(c) industrial base-driven capacity limitations;

(6) a description of the modalities that the United States and Japan will use to coordinate and to deconflict conventional counterstrike operations;

(7) an assessment of potential alliance posture changes that would support an enhanced alliance counterstrike capability, including in the First Island Chain; and

(8) a description of the command and control mechanisms and information-sharing requirements needed to enable

coordination and deconfliction of allied counterstrike operations.

Extension and modification of annual report on military and security developments involving the People's Republic of China

The House bill contains a provision (sec. 1243) that would modify a reporting requirement mandated in section 1202 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000 (Public Law 106-65) regarding the Military and Security Developments Involving the People's Republic of China.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1241).

The agreement does not include either provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to ensure that future iterations of the Department of Defense's annual report on Military and Security Developments Involving the People's Republic of China include an assessment of the People's Republic of China's military strategy with respect to the Tibetan Plateau, biotechnology and other emerging technologies, and cyber enabled economic warfare aimed at Taiwan.

Report relating to AUKUS Pillar 1

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1244) that would require, not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State shall submit a comprehensive report on the impact and potential of Pillar 1 of the Australia, the United Kingdom, and the United States (AUKUS) partnership.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the importance of the AUKUS partnership and direct the Secretary of Defense to comply with the statutory reporting and briefing requirements for AUKUS contained in the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31).

Inclusion of special operations forces in planning and strategy relating to the Arctic region

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1246) that would direct, not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commander, U.S. Special Operations Command, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense and the Commander, U.S. Northern Command, to develop and submit to the

Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a Special Operations Forces Arctic Security Strategy.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Strategy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1247) directing the Department of Defense to submit a strategy to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives relating to raising the issue of political prisoners in Pakistan, including former Prime Minister Imran Khan, in all military-to-military engagements with the military of Pakistan.

The Senate bill did not contain a similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Expansion of country prioritization

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1260) that would clarify that the Secretary of Defense may assign a Defense Priorities Allocation System rating for foreign military sales.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that the Department of Defense (DOD) may already assign a Defense Priorities Allocation System rating for all DOD contracts to include foreign military sales. We encourage the Department of Defense to utilize this authority.

Redesignation of the Africa Center for Strategic Studies as the James M. Inhofe Center for Africa Security Studies

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1262) that would amend section 342 of title 10, United States Code, to designate the Africa Center for Strategic Studies as the James M. Inhofe Center for Africa Security Studies.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the provision.

Establishment of program to promote participation of foreign students in the Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1263) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a program using the authority provided under section 2103(b) of title 10,

United States Code, to promote the participation of foreign students in the Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps (SROTC).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than 180 days after enactment, on the current status of efforts to promote participation of foreign students in SROTC programs under existing authorities. The briefing shall describe:

(1) The Department's present organizational structure, processes, and coordination mechanisms for identifying and engaging partner countries and institutions;

(2) The number of participating students, participating countries, and SROTC programs;

(3) The criteria used to recommend foreign students for participation;

(4) Current Department efforts to expand participation, including outreach to additional partner countries and academic institutions; and

(5) Any recommendations for improving program administration or expanding participation within existing authorities.

Report on civilian-military relations in the Freely Associated States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1317) that would assign the Commander, U.S. Indo-Pacific Command (USINDOPACOM) responsibility for assessing and coordinating military efforts to strengthen community relationships between the United States Armed Forces and individuals living in the Freely Associated States (FAS). The provision would also require the Commander, USINDOPACOM, to provide the congressional defense committees a report, not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, regarding the relationship between civilians living in the FAS and United States military presence in the FAS.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that USINDOPACOM's Joint Task Force-Micronesia is responsible for synchronizing military operations and activities throughout its assigned area of responsibility, which includes the FAS. We believe maintaining positive civilian-military relations are critical to enabling U.S. military presence in the FAS and elsewhere in the Indo-Pacific region. Therefore, we direct the Commander, USINDOPACOM, not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, to provide the congressional

defense committees with a report on relations involving the United States Armed Forces present in the FAS. At a minimum, the required report shall include:

(1) An assessment of the relationships between civilians living in the FAS and elements of the United States Armed Forces operating, training, or otherwise present in the FAS;

(2) A summary of efforts by USINDOPACOM to improve such relationships to the extent affected by United States military activities in the FAS;

(3) An identification of legally available, civilian-military community engagement programs, activities, and authorities with respect to the FAS;

(4) An identification of any new authorities needed to implement or improve existing DOD civilian-military community engagement programs, activities, and authorities in the FAS;

(5) An identification of any other component of a Federal department or agency required to implement any whole-of-government, civilian-military community engagement program, activity, or authority in the FAS; and

(6) A plan and estimated cost for improving such community engagement efforts with respect to the impact of the United States Armed Forces' activities in the FAS.

Annual report on presence and activities of European Union and NATO militaries in the Indo-Pacific Region

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1318) that would require, not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Commander, U.S. Indo-Pacific Command (USINDOPACOM), in coordination with the Commander, U.S. European Command (USEUCOM), to submit to the congressional defense committees a comprehensive report on the military presence and activities of European Union and North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) member countries in the Indo-Pacific region.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Commander, USINDOPACOM, in coordination with the Commander, USEUCOM, to submit to the congressional defense committees, not later than June 1, 2026, a report on the military presence and activities of European Union and NATO member countries in the Indo-Pacific region, that includes the following:

(1) The best available estimate, over the course of the preceding year, of the sum of the reported number of

personnel from the European Union and NATO-member militaries operating in or deployed to the Indo-Pacific region; and

(2) An analysis of how the presence of the militaries of such countries in the Indo-Pacific region contributes to stability and U.S. security interests, including a discussion of posture, capability, readiness, multilateral operations, and strategic signaling effects.

(3) With respect to each military of a member country of the European Union or NATO with a presence in the Indo-Pacific region, the following:

(a) An estimate of the percentage of each military's total forces, disaggregated by service branch (land, maritime, air), that are typically deployed, stationed, or otherwise present in the Indo-Pacific region on an annual basis;

(b) Types and frequency of military activities, such as maritime patrols, joint training exercises, port visits, freedom of navigation operations, and other relevant operations conducted in the Indo-Pacific region; and

(c) Identification and assessment of the specific offensive, defensive, and logistics capabilities deployed or maintained by each military in the region, including platforms, systems, and infrastructure; and

(4) An analysis of how the military presence and capabilities of NATO and European member militaries in the Indo-Pacific region impacts U.S. military readiness and capabilities in the USEUCOM region.

Strategy to enhance Indo-Pacific defense industrial cooperation

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1319) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop and implement a strategy to enhance defense industrial cooperation between the United States and allies and partners of the United States in the Indo-Pacific region.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than April 1, 2026, on ongoing efforts to enhance defense industrial cooperation between the United States and allies and partners of the United States in the Indo-Pacific region. This briefing shall:

(1) Describe current activities and identify future actions to be taken over the next 5 years by the Department of Defense to enhance defense industrial cooperation between the United States and allies and partners of the United States in the Indo-Pacific region, including efforts under the existing Partnership for Indo-Pacific Industrial Resilience;

(2) Identify lessons the Department has learned from defense industrial cooperation initiatives with European allies, including through meetings among National Armament Directors of the Ukraine Defense Contact Group, the European Union, and the North American Treaty Organization, for efforts to enhance defense industrial cooperation in the Indo-Pacific region; and

(3) Identify priority armaments for joint development, production, or sustainment with Indo-Pacific allies and partners, including priority weapons systems for joint acquisition and sustainment with Taiwan.

Annual report on Taiwan capabilities and intelligence support

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1320) that would amend section 1248 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81) relating to the conventional and irregular military threats faced by Taiwan and the military capabilities of Taiwan to defend against such threats.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the sections 5501 through 5512 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263), known as the Taiwan Enhanced Resilience Act, include comprehensive reporting requirements related to the conventional and irregular military threats faced by Taiwan and the military capabilities of Taiwan to defend against such threats. We expect the reports required by the Taiwan Enhanced Resilience Act will address the topics included in the House provision, as appropriate.

Strategic partnership on defense industrial priorities between the United States and Taiwan

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1241) that would establish a strategic partnership on defense industrial priorities between the United States and Taiwan.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1321).

The agreement does not include either provision.

We are aware of ongoing efforts to expand the geographic presence of the Defense Innovation Unit (DIU) within and outside the United States. We believe geographic expansion of DIU could help expand the defense industrial base and ensure new entrants to the defense technology ecosystem represent companies from across the United States and world. Accordingly, we include a provision elsewhere in this Act authorizing DIU to establish regional outreach centers to enable more streamlined

interactions between DIU, the private sector, and other mission partners across the world. As DIU develops a strategy and criteria for the selections of locations for such centers, we encourage DIU to explore adding a regional outreach center in Taiwan. Such a center could help foster increased partnership across the region and help improve DIU's own technological edge.

Reporting Requirement on Obstacles to Taiwanese Procurement

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1322) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report identifying obstacles to United States assistance in strengthening Taiwan's self-defense capabilities as well as any policy recommendations to address those obstacles.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the multiyear plan to fulfill defensive requirements of military forces of Taiwan required by the Taiwan Enhanced Resilience Act in section 3355 of title 22, United States Code, addresses matters related to the acquisition of appropriate defensive capabilities by Taiwan, including an assessment of any challenges in providing military assistance to Taiwan in the event of a crisis or conflict and recommendations for addressing such challenges.

Invitation to Taiwan to the Rim of the Pacific exercise

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1323) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to invite the naval forces of Taiwan to any Rim of the Pacific exercise that is to take place following the date of enactment of this Act.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1243).

The agreement does not contain either provision.

We note that the Commander, U.S. Indo-Pacific Command, has the authority to invite the naval forces of Taiwan to participate in the Rim of the Pacific exercise, as appropriate.

Support for Taiwan to improve the resilience and security of its energy infrastructure

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1324) that would state the President should take such actions as may be necessary to support efforts to strengthen Taiwan's ability to withstand any potential blockade or embargo and ensure Taiwan is eligible for certain energy security and diversification efforts.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We believe that the United States should support efforts by Taiwan to strengthen its ability to withstand any potential blockade or embargo, in a manner consistent with the Taiwan Relations Act (22 U.S.C. 3301 et seq.), including by exploring opportunities for training and support to the naval forces of Taiwan and energy security and diversification efforts, as appropriate.

TITLE XIV—OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS

SUBTITLE A—MILITARY PROGRAMS

Sec. 1401 - Working capital funds

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1401) that would authorize appropriations for the defense working capital funds at the levels identified in section 4501 of division D of this Act.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 1401).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 1402 - Chemical agents and munitions destruction, defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1402) that would authorize appropriations for Chemical Agents and Munitions Destruction, Defense at the levels identified in section 4501 of division D of this Act.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1402).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1403 - Drug interdiction and counter-drug activities, defense-wide

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1403) that would authorize appropriations for Drug Interdiction and Counter-Drug Activities, Defense-wide at the levels identified in section 4501 of division D of this Act.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 1403).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 1404 - Defense Inspector General

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1404) that would authorize appropriations for the Office of the Inspector General of the Department of Defense at the levels identified in section 4501 of division D of this Act.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 1404).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 1405 - Defense Health Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1405) that would authorize appropriations for the Defense Health Program at the levels identified in section 4501 of division D of this Act.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 1405).

The agreement includes this provision.

SUBTITLE B—NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE

Sec. 1411 - Modifications to Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1412) that would amend the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98h-5(f)(2)) to require additional information in the briefing to the congressional defense committees and require a separate briefing on the progress of implementing certain Government Accountability Office recommendations.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1411).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would: (1) Require additional information in the briefing to the congressional defense committees; (2) Amend section 98d(b) of title 50, United States Code, to authorize disposal of materials from the National Defense Stockpile if such disposal was included in the annual materials plan submitted to congressional defense committees and if the Stockpile Manager notifies congressional defense committees not later than 15 days after disposing of the material; and (3) Amend sections 98d(a)(2), 98e(d)(1), and 98e(d)(2) of title 50, United States Code, to standardize existing wait periods to all be 30 days.

Sec. 1412 - Recycling for critical minerals

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 874) that would amend section 848 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National

Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283) and seeks to expand the recycling of optical-grade germanium used in weapons systems and night vision equipment.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Department of Defense to expand the existing recycling programs of the Department of Defense.

SUBTITLE C—OTHER MATTERS

Sec. 1421- Extension of authorities for funding and management of joint Department of Defense-Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Facility Demonstration Fund for Captain James A. Lovell Health Care Center, Illinois

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1411) that would extend the authorities for funding and management of joint Department of Defense-Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Facility demonstration fund for Captain James A. Lovell Health Care Center, Illinois until September 30, 2027.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 722).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to transfer $165 million to the demonstration fund.

Sec. 1422 - Beginning balances of the Defense Logistics Agency Working Capital Fund for audit purposes

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1413) that would establish an official opening balance for the Defense Logistics Agency Working Capital Fund for audit purposes.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1423 - Authorization of appropriations for Armed Forces Retirement Home

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1414) that would authorize an appropriation of $77.0 million from the Armed Forces Retirement Home Trust Fund for fiscal year 2026 for the operation of the Armed Forces Retirement Home.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 1421).

The agreement includes the provision.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Report on prioritization of recovery of rare earth elements from end-of-life equipment

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1415) that would require the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on prioritization of recovery of rare earth elements from end-of-life equipment.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note this provision is covered elsewhere in this Act.

TITLE XV—CYBERSPACE-RELATED MATTERS

SUBTITLE A—CYBER OPERATIONS

Sec. 1501 - Planning, programming, and budget coordination for operations of cyber mission force

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1608) that would amend section 167b of title 10, United States Code, to codify enhanced budget authority for Cyber Mission Force operations of the Commander, U.S. Cyber Command that had previously been established in section 1507 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment that strikes authorization for review of service budget proposals concerning funding for reserve component units supporting the cyber mission force, and repeals section 1507 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81).

Sec. 1502 - Modification to reporting requirements for Senior Military Advisor for Cyber Policy

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1607) that amends section 392a(b) of title 10, United States Code, by modifying the reporting requirements for the Senior Military Advisor for Cyber Policy and Deputy Principal Cyber Advisor.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with technical amendments.

Sec. 1503 – Framework for integration of information technology technical debt assessment into annual budget process

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1614) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to develop and implement a framework for integrating technical debt assessment into existing Department of Defense processes, not later than September 1, 2026, to support the fiscal year 2027 planning, programming, budgeting, and execution processes.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1504 – Department of Defense Data Ontology Governance Working Group

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1624) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a Department of Defense Ontology Governance Working Group to develop and implement a common data ontology and governance structure to improve data interoperability and enable more effective decision-making.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1505 – Future force employment concepts development tabletop exercises

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1610) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to conduct a review of future force employment concepts for cyber forces, including all elements of the Cyber Operations Force, to assess where additional personnel policy changes may be warranted.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that directs the Secretary of Defense to conduct one or more tabletop exercises to develop and examine future force employment concepts for cyber forces under development beyond the timeframe for the future years defense plan and the implementation of the CYBERCOM 2.0 force generation model.

Sec. 1506 – Occupational resiliency of the Cyber Mission Force

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1542) that would ensure behavioral health providers have the requisite

security clearances to treat the Cyber Mission Force where they are co-located.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that adjusts the reporting requirement from quarterly briefings for 1 year to annual briefings for 3 years.

Sec. 1507 - Prohibition on the elimination of certain cyber assessment capabilities for test and evaluation

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1620A) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from taking any action to divest, consolidate, or curtail any current cyber assessment capabilities or National Security Agency-certified red teams supporting operational test and evaluation for Department of Defense programs until the Secretary provides the necessary certification.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1508 - Prohibition on availability of funds to modify authorities of the Commander of United States Cyber Command

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1610B) that would prohibit appropriated funds from being available for modifying, reorganizing, or otherwise changing the responsibilities, authorities, or command structure of the Commander, U.S. Cyber Command, from those in effect on June 1, 2025.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1509 - Limitation on availability of funds for the Combined Joint All-Domain Command and Control initiative

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1619) that would limit research, development, test, and evaluation, Defense-wide funds for the Joint Staff and Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer for the Combined Joint All-Domain Command and Control (CJADC2) initiative until the Secretary of Defense provides a congressional briefing that includes a framework for guiding investments.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

We express serious concern that despite nearly 3 years of quarterly briefings on the CJADC2 initiative, fundamental questions remain unanswered regarding CJADC2's operational value to Department planning and its role in guiding program investments for service command and control efforts. The committees observe that CJADC2 has been characterized by overly technical terminology and aspirational concepts that appear disconnected from service program planning. Of particular concern is the committees' inability to understand how hundreds of millions of dollars in investments across dozens of programs align with CJADC2 milestones and objectives, or whether these investments are contributing to a coherent joint capability. Until the Department can articulate what CJADC2 actually means in terms that enable the services to align and justify their investments, it risks becoming another ambiguous strategy that provides top cover for disconnected service programs pursued in the name of jointness without delivering meaningful integration. The committees expect the required briefing to address these fundamental concerns with transparency, providing concrete frameworks, clear investment criteria, measurable milestones, and demonstrable linkages between service programs and CJADC2 objectives.

SUBTITLE B—CYBERSECURITY

Sec. 1511 - Secure mobile phones for senior officials and personnel performing sensitive functions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1513) that would require the Department of the Navy to implement regulations requiring that certain telecommunication contracts include updated cyber security requirements.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would direct the Secretary of Defense to ensure that all wireless mobile phones and related telecommunications services provided to senior officials of the Department of Defense and other personnel, as determined by the Secretary, who perform sensitive national security functions are procured through contract vehicles that include enhanced cybersecurity protections.

We reaffirm the critical importance of cybersecurity for mobile devices across the Department of Defense and encourage the Department to expeditiously complete the evaluation directed in section 1515, Protective Measures for Mobile Devices Within the Department of Defense, of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal

Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159) and deliver the corresponding report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

Sec. 1512 - Artificial intelligence and machine learning security in the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1531) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop a Department-wide policy for the cybersecurity and governance of artificial intelligence and machine learning systems, addressing threats such as model tampering, adversarial attacks, and supply chain vulnerabilities.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

We believe that any policy, regulation, guidance, or requirement issued by the Department of Defense relating to the use, submission, or maintenance of a software bill of materials should also apply, to the extent practicable, to artificial intelligence systems, models, and software used, developed, or procured by the Department. We recognize that existing documentation practices, such as model cards and similar transparency mechanisms, provide valuable frameworks for implementing these requirements, and encourage the Department of Defense to consider such mechanisms. We also note that additional model oversight and governance requirements are addressed elsewhere in this Act.

Sec. 1513 - Physical and cybersecurity procurement requirements for artificial intelligence systems

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1627) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop a comprehensive cybersecurity and physical security framework for artificial intelligence and machine learning technologies procured by the Department of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that directs integration of industry and academic collaboration into the security framework outlined in the original provision.

Sec. 1514 - Collaborative cybersecurity educational program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1502) that would require the Director of Cyber Academic Engagement Office

to manage the National Centers of Academic Excellence in Cyber program.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1515 - Incorporation of artificial intelligence considerations into cybersecurity training

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1512) that would require the Secretary of Defense to revise the mandatory annual training on cybersecurity for members of the Armed Forces and civilian employees of the Department of Defense to incorporate content related to artificial intelligence.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

We direct the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the implementation of revised training on cybersecurity not later than 30 days following the completion of such revisions.

SUBTITLE C—INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AND DATA MANAGEMENT

Sec. 1521 - Accountability of the Authorization to Operate processes

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1501) that would amend Section 1522 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159) and require the establishment of an expedited appeals board for authority to operate submissions pending more than 180 days.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would remove the designation of a board and replace it with an expedited review process available under specified criteria.

Sec. 1522 - Annual report on Department of Defense unified datalink strategy

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 134) that would amend section 1527 of the National Defense Authorization

Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) to require annual reports through 2032 on the Department of Defense's datalink strategy. These reports are to include updated implementation timelines for each element of the strategy outlined in subsection (a)(2) of section 1527, as well as detailed accounts of both funding and execution efforts planned or undertaken during the current fiscal year.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

SUBTITLE D—ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Sec. 1531 - Modification of high-performance computing roadmap

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1625) that would amend section 1532(c) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 and direct the Secretary of Defense to expand the high-performance computing roadmap to include both Department of Defense-owned computing assets and commercially procured cloud services or infrastructure-as-a-service contracts.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1532 - Guidance and prohibition on use of certain artificial intelligence

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1628) that would require the Secretary of Defense to consider issuing guidance on excluding or removing artificial intelligence developed by a foreign adversary.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1533 - Artificial intelligence model assessment and oversight

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1623) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a cross-functional team for artificial intelligence model assessment and oversight not later than June 1, 2026.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1534 - Digital sandbox environments for artificial intelligence

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1622) that would require the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer and the Department of Defense Chief Information Officer, to establish a task force on artificial intelligence sandbox environments, not later than April 1, 2026.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1535 - Artificial Intelligence Futures Steering Committee

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1626) that would establish an Artificial General Intelligence Steering Committee within the Department of Defense (DOD) to analyze artificial intelligence trajectories and develop DOD adoption strategies.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment expanding the focus to advanced artificial intelligence capabilities.

SUBTITLE E—REPORTS AND OTHER MATTERS

Sec. 1541 - Modification to certification requirement regarding contracting for military recruiting

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1541) that would amend section 1555 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) to prohibit the Secretary of Defense from contracting with any entity that rates or ranks news or information sources for misinformation or bias in connection with military recruiting advertising, and to strike the existing sunset clause.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 1620B).

The agreement includes the provision with a clarifying amendment and a sunset clause of December 31, 2030.

Sec. 1542 – Amendment to annual assessments and reports on assignment of certain budget control responsibility to Commander of the United States Cyber Command

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1604) that would amend section 1558 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263) to include a requirement for a review of investments in artificial intelligence as compared to roadmap milestones and identified use cases previously established by the Department of Defense, as well as to extend the reporting requirement until fiscal year 2030.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with clarifying amendments.

Sec. 1543 – Study on reducing incentives for cyber attacks on defense critical infrastructure of the United States

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1603) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy, the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Commander, U.S. Cyber Command, and the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense for Defense Continuity and Mission Assurance, develop a strategy and a list of various courses of action across the spectrum of military capabilities to create a credible deterrence against cyberspace attacks and posturing for future such attacks against United States defense critical infrastructure.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1544 – Integration of reserve component into cyber mission force

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1605) that would require the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy and the Commander, U.S. Cyber Command to produce and submit a joint report on the integration of reserve components into the cyber mission force not later than August 1, 2026.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that removes the requirement for an implementation plan and extends the deadline for the completion of the study to October 1, 2026.

Sec. 1545 – Annual report on Mission Assurance Coordination Board activities

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1615) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a task force to support the assessment of vulnerabilities to defense critical infrastructure necessary for the execution of existing defense operational and contingency plans.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that directs the Mission Assurance Coordination Board to provide annual reports on key activities and findings identified by such board.

Sec. 1546 – Limitation on the divestment, consolidation, and curtailment of certain electronic warfare test and evaluation activities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1504) that would prohibit the divestment, consolidation, and curtailment of certain electronic warfare test and evaluation activities.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 1562).

The agreement includes this provision.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Assessment of Cyber Operational Support to geographic combatant commands

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1503) that would require a report from commanders of unified combatant commands to assess the sufficiency of support provided by the Commander, U.S. Cyber Command.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that section 1506 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) similarly required the development of cyber support mechanisms for geographic combatant commands. The committees remain supportive of improved integration of cyber operations into the plans and operations developed by combatant commands, and the enhancement of operational command and control integrated specifically within the Indo-Pacific. We look forward to understanding how this progress is replicated across all geographic combatant commands. The committees await the execution of the U.S. Cyber Command (CYBERCOM) 2.0 force

generation plan and recognize its implementation could impact the integration of cyber effects into combatant command operations.

To ensure incorporation of the impact of the changes resulting from CYBERCOM 2.0 implementation, we direct that not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff submit to the congressional defense committees a report assessing the sufficiency of support provided by the Commander, U.S. Cyber Command in carrying out the mission of each unified geographic combatant command. The report shall address the following: (1) The integration of cyber capabilities across the competition continuum, including competition, crisis, and conflict; (2) The ability to support both dynamic and deliberate planning and execution processes; (3) Capabilities that support planning and operations to include the joint integrated prioritized target list of each geographic combatant command as well as theater security cooperation plans; (4) An assessment of current and planned command and control arrangements, and whether these arrangements sufficiently resolve challenges in unity of effort across components of the Cyber Mission Force and redundancies, gaps, or ambiguity across roles, authorities, and relationships; (5) Evaluation of physical proximity to and integration of forces through forward positioning and locations; (6) Recommendations for additional organizational or procedural adjustments beyond those already planned or underway to improve alignment, responsiveness, and synchronization of cyberspace operations between U.S. Cyber Command, the geographic combatant commands, and the service cyber components; and (7) Such other matters as determined appropriate.

Incentivization plan for critical skills for members of the Armed Forces to carry out Department of Defense cyber operations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1505) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Commander, U.S. Cyber Command, to develop and implement a plan to incentivize critical skills for members of the Armed Forces.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that elements of this plan are included elsewhere in this Act.

Evaluation of Joint Task Force-Cyber for the Indo-Pacific Area of responsibility

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1506) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide recommendations on establishing a Joint Task Force-Cyber for the Indo-Pacific area of responsibility.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1610A).

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that integration of cyber capabilities in support of geographic combatant commands are addressed in a provision located elsewhere in this Act.

Annual report on weapon systems data accessibility and security

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1511) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report on weapons systems that lack real-time cybersecurity capabilities.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that elements of the House provision are addressed elsewhere in this Act.

Federal contractor vulnerability disclosure policy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1514) that would require the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, in consultation with the Director of the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency, the National Cyber Director, the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology, and any other appropriate head of an Executive department to recommend updates to the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) designed to ensure that covered contractors implement a vulnerability disclosure policy consistent with National Institute of Standards and Technology guidelines for contractors. This section would also require the Federal Acquisition Regulation Council to review the recommendations and update the FAR as necessary to incorporate requirements for covered contractors to receive information about a potential security vulnerability relating to an information system owned or controlled by a contractor in performance of the contract.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Strategy to defend against risks posed by the use of artificial intelligence

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1515) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report on

cybersecurity capabilities in regards to the risks posed by the use of artificial intelligence in espionage and cyberattacks.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Procurement of best-in-class cyber data products and services

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1522) that would require the Chief Information Officer to provide a briefing on and develop an open and competitive process to provide best-in-class cybersecurity solutions.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1617).

The agreement does not include the House or the Senate provisions.

We commend the Department of Defense's Enterprise Software Initiative for enhancing purchasing power through consolidated enterprise licenses. We recognize the complexity of identifying and negotiating user agreements that optimize purchasing power and look forward to collaborating with the Department to address these challenges. However, we remain particularly focused on how the program can better serve cybersecurity-unique data and service license needs. The evaluation processes for such data and services, as well as the engagement mechanisms for determining the most appropriate solutions for Department components based on their specific requirements and workforce needs, warrant further examination. Therefore, we direct the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than June 1, 2026, on the processes and metrics used to evaluate cybersecurity data and service licenses, the organizational responsibilities for conducting such evaluations, and the specific challenges encountered regarding vendor terms and conditions.

Generative artificial intelligence for national defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1533) that would require the Secretary of Defense to carry out not less than two but no more than 12 generative artificial intelligence (AI) efforts to enhance the national security of the United States.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense (DOD) has yet to articulate a clear plan for evaluation, adoption, and training of generative artificial intelligence capabilities to support

military missions. We also note that many countries, including potential adversaries, are making significant investments into this area. We, therefore, are concerned that without a plan to align disparate Department entities and ensure proper usage of such tools, the DOD risks ceding leadership in this area. We believe the DOD must focus on harnessing the United States' competitive advantages in private sector innovation; responsible artificial intelligence; safe and rights-respecting AI deployments; and the development and implementation of effective, globally interoperable policies for AI safety, security, and trust. We encourage the Department to coordinate and leverage investments and available resources across the Department to accelerate adoption and training of generative artificial intelligence capabilities.

Reports on AI use for business processes

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1534) that would require the Chief Information Officer to submit a report on the use of artificial intelligence tools across the business process of the Department of Defense.

The Senate contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize the growing role of artificial intelligence in modernizing Department of Defense (DOD) business processes and want to encourage responsible, well-governed, and market-informed adoption of commercial and emerging artificial intelligence capabilities. We underscore the importance of the Department grounding its use of artificial intelligence in market research, guidelines for appropriate use, and proactive engagement with industry to ensure Department business systems are modernized, efficient, and secure. Therefore, not later than 180 days after the enactment of this Act, we direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the Department's use of artificial intelligence tools and capabilities across its business processes, including ongoing market research, opportunities for modernization, and associated resource implications.

Assessment of cyber-physical ranges as potential National Cyber Range complexes

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1543) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering to submit a report on the benefits and costs of

designating the cyber-physical ranges of the Department of Defense as National Cyber Range Complexes (NCRC).

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering to provide a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than July 1, 2026, that assesses the benefits and costs of integrating the cyber-physical ranges of the Department of Defense into the Test Resource Management Center's NCRC, or treating such ranges in a manner similar to the treatment of range facilities or distributed infrastructure integrated into the NCRC.

Report on replacement of Time Division Multiplexing lines at armories of the Air National Guard and the Army National Guard

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1544) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force and the Secretary of the Army to jointly submit a report to the congressional defense committees not later than 180 days after the enactment of this Act, detailing the costs and timelines for replacing Time Division Multiplexing lines with modern communication technologies in armories of the Air National Guard and the Army National Guard.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We believe the Army and Air Force should continue their efforts replacing Time Division Multiplexing lines with modern communication technologies in armories of the Air National Guard and the Army National Guard. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of the Air Force and the Secretary of the Army to jointly submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report including:

(1) An identification of the Time Division Multiplexing lines technologies to be replaced and the replacement modern communication technologies, including the current deployment of such technologies across the Department of Defense;

(2) An explanation of the costs associated with replacing Time Division Multiplexing lines technologies identified under paragraph (1), including any changes to sustainment costs, and the sources of funding to pay for such costs;

(3) An assessment of the operational effects associated with the replacement technologies identified under paragraph (1); and

(4) The current timelines and resources allocated for such replacement.

Comprehensive cyber workforce strategy

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1601) that would require the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Department of Defense (DOD) Chief Information Officer (CIO) and the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy, to develop a comprehensive cyber workforce strategy and submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than January 31, 2027.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on progress in implementing and, as needed, updating the 2023-2027 Department of Defense Cyber Workforce Strategy to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than October 1, 2026. To the extent practicable in drafting this report, we believe that the Secretary of Defense should strive to solicit or coordinate views from external organizations with relevant expertise in human resources planning or human capital strategy, higher education or training, or cyber professional industry associations. Such report shall include:

(1) An assessment of progress achieved and remaining gaps in implementation of the 2023-2027 Department of Defense Cyber Workforce Strategy, including identification of elements that should be continued, modified, or discontinued;

(2) An assessment of the scope of the affected workforce for the Defense Cyber Workforce Framework, including specific workforce numbers, vacancy numbers, work roles, or other statistical data relating to personnel system metrics, including:

(a) An identification of critical skills and proficiencies required by covered members of the Armed Forces to carry out Department of Defense cyber operations; and

(b) Estimated personnel levels required for each skill set and proficiency related to such operations.

(3) An evaluation of existing incentive pay opportunities for personnel within the Defense Cyber Workforce Framework to determine if there are major gaps in the availability of such opportunities, including:

(a) A process for providing continuation or certification pay for each skill set needed for such operations; and

(b) An anticipated budget for incentives to be used with personnel within the Defense Cyber Workforce Framework.

(4) Identification of any issues, problems, or roadblocks identified by the Department in implementing the Framework, as well as any adjustments required to measurements of progress or inclusions of new goals, activities, milestones, key performance indicators, or work roles since publication of such framework, and any steps taken by the Department to overcome issues or lack of authority to address roadblocks;

(5) Opportunities to leverage support from non-Department entities, or of any workforce or talent management authorities that exist within other Federal agencies in which inclusion in the Framework might benefit the Department;

(6) The availability of commercial tools that support Framework talent management processes and might enhance performance or effectiveness, including for workforce qualification and certification tracking, talent identification and tracking, tagging for additional skill identifiers in existing personnel management systems, or enhancing skill development for specific work roles;

(7) Opportunities to leverage supplementary personnel models that might be adapted from other domains, such as cyber civilian reserves or cyber auxiliary forces;

(8) Integration of existing academic centers of excellence or other university partnerships to help improve workforce development, talent acquisition, and skills development; and

(9) A review of Framework work roles for artificial intelligence, data science, and data engineering to assess alignment with corresponding work roles in industry and recommendations for modifications to enable more effective recruiting of industry talent.

United States Cyber Command artificial intelligence industry collaboration roadmap

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1602) that would direct the Commander, U.S. Cyber Command (CYBERCOM), in coordination with senior Department of Defense artificial intelligence and research officials, to develop a roadmap for industry and academic collaboration on artificial intelligence-enabled cyber capabilities for cyberspace operations.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We acknowledge the progress CYBERCOM has made in developing an artificial intelligence roadmap pursuant to

section 1554 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263). However, we believe that to effectively counter the evolving threat environment, significantly enhanced engagement with industry is essential to fully leverage state-of-the-art technology capabilities. Strengthening partnerships between the Command and the commercial technology sector is critical to maintaining operational advantage in cyberspace. We note that the Congress has provided the Command with numerous authorities to facilitate collaborative efforts with industry, including other transaction authorities and cooperative research and development agreements.

We direct the Commander of CYBERCOM to provide a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than August 1, 2026, on a comprehensive roadmap for industry collaboration on artificial intelligence-enabled cyber capabilities for cyberspace operations. The report shall address: (1) Alternatives for managing and executing collaborative research and development partnerships with industry; (2) Development lines of effort for artificial intelligence-enabled cyber capabilities and associated near-term use cases; (3) Strategy and methodology for industry engagement, including contractual mechanisms, Security clearance requirements and resource needs, and evaluation of existing authorities with identification of required policy changes or new authorities; (4) Implementation objectives, milestones, and status of relevant pilot programs; (5) Technology transition mechanisms from development to operational use; (6) Infrastructure requirements and associated costs; and (7) Assessment of organizational structure options, including establishment of a new center or integration within existing organizations.

Evaluation of cyber range management and funding

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1606) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to complete a comprehensive evaluation of Department of Defense cyber range oversight, not later than January 15, 2027, examining the separate executive agent designations for cyber test and training ranges.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy, the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, and the

principal cyber advisors of the military departments, to conduct a comprehensive evaluation of the current structure of oversight for the cyber ranges of the Department of Defense, including an assessment of the separate executive agent designations for cyber test ranges and cyber training ranges, and provide a briefing of the results to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than January 1, 2027. The evaluation shall include the following: (1) A thorough assessment of the effectiveness of the current organizational structure under which separate executive agents exist for cyber test ranges and cyber training ranges; (2) A detailed analysis of funding mechanisms and budgetary authority challenges and benefits associated with the current structure, potential alternative structures, and unified oversight options; (3) A comprehensive evaluation of the potential integration of physical and logical ranges under various organizational structures; (4) An assessment of how different organizational structures would affect the speed and ease of transferring systems or tools from test environments into operational use, including the incorporation of tactics, techniques, and procedures; (5) A recommendation to the Secretary regarding whether the current separate executive agent structure should be maintained, or an alternative structure, including a unified executive agent structure, should be implemented; and (6) In the event the recommendation under paragraph (5) supports maintaining separate executive agents, the specific criteria that would need to be satisfied for the two functions to be managed under a singular organization in the future.

Expansion of scope of affirmation of authority for cyber operations to include defense of critical infrastructure of the Department of Defense

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1609) that would expand the scope of affirmation of authority for cyber operations under section 394 of title 10, United States Code, to include defense of critical infrastructure of the Department of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Program for talent management of cyber personnel through active and reserve transitioning

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1610C) that would require the Department of Defense to build a program to

manage Cyber Mission Force (CMF) personnel transitioning to the reserve cyber force.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, as part of the Defense Cyber Workforce Framework, to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than June 1, 2026, on the feasibility and advisability of establishing a program to support active management of cyber talent transitioning to the reserve cyber force. The briefing shall assess, at a minimum:

(1) The Department's ability to track, reskill, and upskill transitioning active-duty Cyber Mission Force personnel and critical enablers for potential retention in the reserve component to meet emerging cyber mission demands;

(2) The feasibility of implementing transparent and time-efficient processes to recruit transitioning, fully qualified, and in-good-standing CMF and other cyber personnel as deemed necessary by U.S. Cyber Command and its subordinate commands;

(3) Options for a centralized resource within the Department that could:

(a) provide incentive-related services to assist transitioning CMF personnel in navigating active-to-reserve personnel systems across the military services; and

(b) identify and advertise vacancies in reserve cyber units.

(4) The potential to expand such services to related areas, such as cyber auxiliary forces or direct commissioning programs for cyber forces.

The briefing shall also include:

(1) An assessment of potential resourcing requirements across the Future Years Defense Program; and

(2) Identification of metrics or other assessment tools that could be used to evaluate the impact of such a program on CMF and cyber-enabling force retention as part of a total force strategy.

Designation of Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy as principal staff assistant

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1610D) that would amend section 138(b)(8) of title 10, United States Code, to designate the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy as a principal staff assistant that reports directly to the Secretary of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that the position of Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy was established in March 2024. When Congress directed the creation of this position in Section 901 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263), we requested insight into the authorities needed for effective cyber oversight. Now that the position has existed for over a year, we believe it is timely for the Department of Defense to reevaluate those fundamental questions based on lessons learned in execution to determine what additional authorities, resources, or structural changes may be necessary and work with Congress to implement any required statutory changes or investments. In conducting this assessment, the Department should draw not just upon the last year but also upon the over 10 years of operational experience with the Principal Cyber Advisor role to inform its conclusions.

Therefore, we encourage the Secretary of Defense to issue a charter through a Department of Defense Directive that defines the responsibilities, functions, relationships, and authorities of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy. We believe such a directive would provide essential clarity and strengthen the Department's civilian oversight of cyber activities. The directive should include: (1) A comprehensive description of the Assistant Secretary's authorities, responsibilities, and functions; (2) The organizational structure; (3) Oversight authorities for cyber operations, policy development, and workforce matters; (4) Formal relationships and communication procedures consistent with the Assistant Secretary's statutory roles under sections 138 and 392a of title 10, United States Code; and (5) Defined relationships and protocols with the military departments, combatant commands, defense agencies, and other Department components.

Modernization program for full content inspection

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1611) that would modify section 1515 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) and require the addition of a new implementation phase to integrate artificial intelligence (AI) capabilities into the pilot program.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We acknowledge and commend the Department of Defense on the progress made under section 1515 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) for cross-boundary and network domain defense under the full content

inspection program managed by the Defense Information Systems Agency (DISA). We recognize that this program should expand both in scale across the military services and in capability through the incorporation of AI technologies, which will enable the Department to more rapidly identify and remediate network threats. However, we are concerned with the current contracting approach and pace at which DISA is pursuing this expansion, particularly regarding AI integration. Therefore, we direct the Director of DISA to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than July 1, 2026 on efforts to accelerate integration of AI into the full content inspection program, including contracting strategies, assessment of integration with other Department capabilities, performance metrics for evaluating AI effectiveness, scaling plans, and fielding timelines.

Assessment of feasibility and advisability of establishing an operational technology cybersecurity training center of excellence

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1613) that would require the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, to determine the feasibility and advisability of establishing a center of excellence for operational technology cybersecurity training not later than December 1, 2026.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We recognize the growing importance of operational technology and industrial control systems cybersecurity across the Department's critical infrastructure. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense and in coordination with the Commander, U.S. Cyber Command, to provide a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than July 1, 2026, on the feasibility and advisability of establishing a center of excellence for operational technology cybersecurity training. The report shall include: (1) An identification of available curricula and training programs, including those provided by private sector entities; (2) An assessment of anticipated training throughput demands for military and civilian personnel; (3) An evaluation of resources needed and a cost-benefit analysis; and (4) An assessment of potential locations with existing physical and logical cyber training ranges that enable enhanced operational technology training capabilities and maintain a cadre or workforce of engineering and infrastructure expertise, with

consideration of existing multiservice training facilities and centers of excellence. If determined feasible and advisable, the report shall also include a phased implementation approach with milestones, integration with existing cybersecurity certification requirements, proposed effectiveness metrics, funding requirements, an analysis of potential challenges, and proposed metrics for assessing effectiveness in improving operational technology and industrial control systems security outcomes across the Department.

Limitation of funds for travel expenses for the Office of the Chief Information Officer

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1618) that would limit the obligation or expenditure of funds authorized to be appropriated for travel for the Department of Defense (DOD) Office of the Chief Information Officer (CIO) until the DOD CIO, in coordination with the military departments' CIOs, submits to the congressional defense committees a comprehensive circuit transport transition plan for updating legacy circuits to more modern Internet Protocol-based circuits.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the DOD Chief Information Officer, in coordination with the Chief Information Officers of the military departments, to develop a comprehensive plan to transition from legacy circuits to Internet Protocol-based circuits that comply with Department of Defense security requirements, and provide a briefing on that plan to the congressional defense committees not later than August 1, 2026. This briefing shall include: (1) Identification of all legacy circuits currently in use across the Department of Defense and the military departments; (2) Establishment of timelines for the transition of each identified legacy circuit; (3) Detail of resource requirements necessary to execute the transition; (4) Identification of any technical, operational, or security challenges that may impact the transition and proposed solutions to address such challenges; (5) Specification of associated funding lines for each military department and defense agency participating in the transition; and (6) Identification of investments over the Future Years Defense Program required to complete the transition.

Review of Joint Fires Network program transition

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1620) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to provide a briefing on the plans and progress of transitioning the Joint

Fires Network initiative to a program of record within the Air Force.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note the recent decision to transition the Joint Fires Network initiative to Air Force management as a program of record. We recognize that service management for a significant acquisition effort makes sense, but remain concerned that critical linkages and potentially funding control may be loosened in that process. In particular, we are concerned with how the voice of the operational user may be lessened or lost in that process. We recognize that the military services have a spotty track record of sustaining priority for joint projects, especially in tight fiscal environments where joint modernization efforts may compete with service priorities.

Therefore, we direct the Secretary of the Air Force, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, and the Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation, to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees not later than June 1, 2026 on the plans and progress of transitioning the Joint Fires Network initiative to a program of record within the Air Force. Such briefing shall include: (1) An update on the charter for the program, including organizational relationships between the Air Force program manager, relevant stakeholders supporting developmental efforts, and operational customers of the Joint Fires Network; (2) Details on the funding profile and milestones for the program across the future-years defense program, highlighting any potential challenges or delays, and recommendations for how to advance the Joint Fires Network program; (3) A description of processes and guardrails related to the management of requirements and funding to ensure military department-specific requirements or funding pressures are not prioritized over joint requirements or needs of operational customers; and (4) A description and timeline of transition planning for providing specific capabilities to operational customers, including processes for balancing needs and requirements across multiple operational customers.

Additionally, we direct the Commander, U.S. Indo-Pacific Command, to provide a briefing on an independent assessment of this plan to the congressional defense committees not later than August 1, 2026. Such briefing shall include an assessment of: (1) The charter for the program and organizational relationships for facilitating coordination with the Combatant Command; and (2) Mechanisms to include feedback from operational customers in

the program and continue the rapid delivery of the Joint Fires Network capability at the point of need.

Department of Defense working group, strategy, and report on ensuring the security, resiliency, and integrity of undersea cables

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1620C) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to convene a working group, not later than March 1, 2026, to develop a strategy and report on ensuring the security, resiliency, and integrity of undersea cables.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a report to the congressional defense committees not later than November 1, 2026 on the strategy, challenges and capability gaps facing the Department of Defense in protecting undersea cables from physical and cybersecurity threats. Such report shall include: (1) Assessing the unique challenges of protecting covered undersea cables and covered cable landing stations from threats posed by the People's Republic of China, the Russian Federation, the Islamic Republic of Iran, naval and shadow fleets of adversaries of the United States, and subsea cable destruction mechanisms and any foreign entity of concern; (2) Assessing he implications posed by relevant treaties and customary international law; (3) Examining the roles, responsibilities, and limits of the Department of Defense in ensuring the security, resiliency, and integrity of covered undersea cables; (4) Identifying gaps in current mechanisms for detection of, prevention of, and response to threats against covered undersea cables and covered cable landing stations; (5) Recommended areas for enhanced collaboration with industry stakeholders, including establishing standards, guidelines, and public-private reporting mechanisms; (6) Assessment of training needs, including the development of a dedicated cadre of covered undersea cable security experts; (7) Identification of resources required for expanded operations and enhanced interagency and international coordination; (8) Recommendations for enhanced collaboration with allied and partner nations, including current best practices and lessons learned; (9) Assessment of the maximum disruption to covered undersea cables and landing stations tolerable for the continuity of critical Department of Defense operations; (10) Consideration for incorporating undersea cable security into mission sets and operational planning of relevant combatant commands; (11) The practicability of repairing any covered undersea cable within 100 hours, including through the

development and use of aerial-deliverable, submersible, splicing robots; (12) The utility and practicability of developing 72-hour deployable portable cable landing stations; and (13) Identification of the costs associated with the deployment of anti-tamper sensors.

Public-private cybersecurity partnership for highly capable artificial intelligence systems

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1621) that would require the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy to establish a public-private partnership body not later than 180 days after the enactment of this Act to address cybersecurity and physical security threats to highly capable artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning (ML) systems.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We encourage the Department to use existing mechanisms and security coordination bodies to do outreach with private sector and academic entities involved with AI/ML systems, and find ways to broaden and strengthen such public-private partnerships. Furthermore, we note that elements of this provision are addressed elsewhere in this Act.

Roadmap for advancing digital content provenance standards

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1629) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop a roadmap to guide adoption and integration of digital content capabilities across the Department of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to develop a roadmap to guide potential future adoption and integration of digital content provenance capabilities across the Department of Defense and provide a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than June 1, 2026. Such report shall include: (1) Identification and assessment of current and proposed open technical standards for digital content provenance that could be applied to publicly released digital media assets produced by the Department of Defense, the military components, and field activities of the Department; (2) Identification of strategic objectives relating to securing and authenticating public-facing digital content; (3) Description of relevant roles and responsibilities across military departments and components of the Department; (4) Consideration for the establishment of standardized processes to

enable embedding and verification of content credentials in appropriate public-facing Department media; (5) Assessment of potential acquisition approaches for supporting technologies and solutions; (6) Development of metrics, as appropriate, to assess the effectiveness, reliability, and scalability of digital content provenance technologies; (7) Establishment of an engagement mechanism for coordination with relevant stakeholders, including federally funded research and development centers, industry, and academia, to align efforts with evolving best practices and technical capabilities; and (8) Establishment of notional milestones and resource needs, disaggregated by fiscal year, to inform longer-term planning.

Enhanced protection of data affecting operational security of Department of Defense personnel

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1630) that would require the Secretary of Defense to identify and prioritize the protection of personal data related to operational security of members of the Armed Forces and civilian employees of the Department of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on risks to Department of Defense personnel and their dependents in the digital environment not later than August 1, 2026. This report shall be unclassified but may include a classified annex, and shall include the following: (1) An assessment of the risks related to the storage of personal data of Department of Defense personnel and their dependents on non-Department servers or cloud services; (2) An assessment of the applicable security training as it relates to personal data of Department of Defense personnel stored outside the Department of Defense; (3) Potential for improvements related to the protection of personal data of Department of Defense personnel, including any identified potential negative effects of those recommendations; (4) Assessment of recent legislation related to this issue, whether directed solely at Department of Defense personnel and their dependents or to broader populations, including any identified potential negative effects of that legislation; and (5) Any other items the Secretary deems appropriate.

Secure and interoperable defense collaboration technology

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6612) that would require the Department of Defense to identify interoperability standards for collaboration technology and mandate that, after 4 years, the Department may only procure collaboration technology compatible with those standards and utilizing end-to-end encryption.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We recognize the critical importance of secure communications capabilities across the Department and encourage the Secretary to evaluate encrypted communications technologies that preserve necessary oversight and accountability functions, while engaging with industry to explore interoperability standards for communications and collaboration applications. Establishing such interoperability would provide the Department with operational flexibility and enable seamless transition between platforms to maintain continuity when required.

Comptroller General of the United States review of Department of Defense governance processes for adoption of artificial intelligence tools

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6621) that would require the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer to produce a briefing on the need for artificial intelligence tools within the Department of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Comptroller General of the United States to conduct a review of the Department of Defense policies and governance relating to adoption of artificial intelligence (AI) tools for military needs, including: (1) An analysis of DOD organization structures for overseeing, tracking and responding to risks and opportunities arising from military uses of AI, including the responsibilities, functions and authorities of the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officers of the Department of Defense and for the military services; (2) Processes for development of lessons learned, adoption of best practices, and information sharing and consultation with other government agencies, industry, academia, and foreign allies and partners; (3) Development of metrics, policy guardrails, oversight mechanisms, and risk mitigation procedures for DOD use of AI tools; (4) Steps to ensure all DOD engagement with external parties incorporate appropriate recusal requirements, safeguards and oversight mechanisms to prevent conflicts of interest and biased decision-making processes, including for any new contracting mechanisms specific to AI; and (5)

Recommendations for improvements to standards, processes, procedures and policy related to the use of AI. We further direct the Comptroller General to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than July 1, 2026, with a report to follow at a mutually agreed upon date.

TITLE XVI—SPACE ACTIVITIES, STRATEGIC PROGRAMS, AND INTELLIGENCE MATTERS

SUBTITLE A—SPACE ACTIVITIES

Sec. 1601 - Acquisition career path in the Space Force

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1601) that would amend chapter 908 of title 10, United States Code, to create new sections establishing Space Force officer career-path requirements, to include setting minimum manning requirements for new Space Force officers, requiring that each Integrated Mission Delta (IMD) have a commander or deputy commander whose primary specialty is in acquisition, and establishing the criteria and grade for the Program Executive Officer for Assured Access to Space. This provision would also amend chapter 951 of title 10, United States Code to add a new section prescribing curriculum requirements for the initial Space Force officer training course and amend section 20233 of title 10, United States Code to add additional prerequisites for appointment to the grade of brigadier general in the Space Force.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with amendments that would: replace the assignment quotas for new Space Force officers with a broader manning requirement that maintains acquisition billets at levels comparable to operational billets; strike the mandate that commanders or deputy commanders of integrated mission deltas hold acquisition-focused occupational specialties; shift the Space Force officer training course curriculum from equal subject-area quotas to foundational instruction in acquisition management, space mission integration, and related disciplines; and require the Secretary of the Air Force to establish and implement regulations governing eligibility for consideration for promotion to brigadier general.

Further, we direct the Secretary of the Air Force to submit a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than November 1, 2026, on the career-field composition of commander and

deputy-commander billets within IMDs and an assessment of the feasibility and advisability of requiring that an acquisition officer occupy one of those billets. At a minimum, the briefing shall include:

(1) The total number of IMDs across the Space Force and the number of commander and deputy-commander billets associated with each IMD;

(2) The career field or military occupational specialty of each officer currently filling such billets;

(3) An analysis of the feasibility and advisability of requiring each IMD to have a commander or deputy commander whose primary specialty is in acquisition; and

(4) An assessment of whether the Space Force's acquisition career field has sufficient inventory to support such a requirement without pulling officers from other critical acquisition billets, and how current billet structure or dual-hatting affects unity of command.

The briefing shall also address the overall effectiveness of the IMD construct, including:

(1) How IMDs are integrating operations and acquisition functions in practice;

(2) Any measurable improvements or degradations in program execution since IMDs were implemented; and

(3) Whether the IMD construct is achieving its intended outcomes with respect to program execution, cost control, and mission integration.

Sec. 1602 – Noise mitigation regarding space launches

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1603) that would amend section 2276a(c)(1) of title 10, United States Code, to include in the definition of space launch activities the study and mitigation of noise caused by space launches.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1603 – Acquisition and operation of space systems for space warfighting and control

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1503) stipulating any weapon systems intended to produce space control effects to adversary satellite systems be acquired and operated by the U.S. Space Force, with commercial augmentation as required. The provision would further allow for a national security waiver to be granted, with the stipulation that the Secretary of Defense would be required to provide notice to the

congressional defense committees within 10 days of exercising any such waiver.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1604 - Use of middle tier acquisition program for proliferated warfighter space architecture of Space Development Agency

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1606) that would amend Section 1608(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 to extend the use of middle tier acquisition authority for tranches four, five, and six of the Space Development Agency.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1506).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1605 - Rocket cargo test and demonstration

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1501) that would delay the implementation of the Environmental Assessment for Rocket Cargo Test and Demonstration at Johnston Atoll, United States (EAXX-007-57-USF-1728497279, March 3, 2025) until the notice of intent is further modified to include the consideration of the Ronald Reagan Ballistic Missile Defense Test Site, U.S. Army Garrison-Kwajalein Atoll, Republic of the Marshall Islands.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment requiring the Secretary of the Air Force to use existing test ranges and infrastructure to support the Rocket Cargo program.

Sec. 1606 - Continuation of operation of Defense Meteorological Satellite Program

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1507) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to continue to operate the Defense Meteorological Satellite Program until the end of the functional life of the satellites in orbit as of the date of the enactment of this Act, and a provision (sec. 6502) that would direct the Secretary to brief the congressional defense committees on the status of the program, its requirements and capabilities, its projected annual and lifecycle costs, and the projected costs to replace the program's functions.

The House bill contained no similar provisions.

The agreement includes the Senate provisions with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1607 - Study on establishing a tactical surveillance, reconnaissance, and tracking program of record

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1604) that would require the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff to establish a requirement for a tactical surveillance, reconnaissance and tracking (TacSRT) program to provide capabilities to the commanders of the combatant commands. The House provision would also require the Secretary of the Air Force to establish the TacSRT program as a program of record.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1605).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment directing the Secretary of the Air Force, in coordination with the Undersecretary of Defense for Intelligence and Security, to conduct a study on the feasibility and advisability of establishing TacSRT as a program of record. This study must include, at a minimum, an assessment of operational and technical requirements, recommended organizational placement within the Department of Defense, potential acquisition approaches, and applicable intelligence oversight laws and regulations. The Secretary of the Air Force is authorized to establish such a program based on determination of feasibility and advisability of the study.

Sec. 1608 - Spaceport of the Future initiative and study on future space launch capacity

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1605 and sec. 2858) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force, in coordination with the Chief of Space Operations and the Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Space Acquisition and Integration, to submit an annual report to the congressional defense committees on the status of efforts being executed under the Spaceport of the Future initiative.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1502).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that also requires the study and report directed in the Senate bill to be delivered by March 31, 2026.

Sec. 1609 - Auxiliary payload for Next Generation Polar Overhead Persistent Infrared satellites

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1607) that would require the Secretary of the Defense to direct the

milestone decision authority for the Next Generation Polar Overhead Persistent Infrared satellite program to revise the acquisition strategy to include the auxiliary payload (commonly referred to ''APS-A'') in the program of record.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1610 - Blast damage assessment guide for space vehicles at Air Force launch complexes

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1504) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to publish a liquid oxygen and methane blast damage assessment guide for space launch vehicles using U.S. Air Force launch range complexes within 1 year of the date of the enactment of this Act, with a notice and one-time briefing to the congressional defense committees within 30 days of publication.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

SUBTITLE B—DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE AND INTELLIGENCE-RELATED ACTIVITIES

Sec. 1621 - Vendor support to clandestine activities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1611) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish, maintain, and continuously update a secure, centralized database containing a list of all commercial vendors that perform work for the Department of Defense in support of a clandestine activity.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

We expect the required centralized, technical capability will be utilized by the Department of Defense (DOD) as the primary means for facilitating oversight, deconfliction, and risk assessments of applicable vendor support to DOD clandestine activities and be used to assist the Department of Defense with facilitating coordination and deconfliction of vendor support with other departments and agencies of the Federal Government, as appropriate. Furthermore, we expect that any decision to exclude vendor information from the centralized, technical capability will be communicated to the congressional defense and

intelligence committees along with a detailed explanation of how the Department will conduct oversight, deconfliction, and risk assessments of such vendor support.

Sec. 1622 - Sensitive activities of the Department of Defense

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1056) that would require the Secretary of Defense to keep the congressional defense committees fully and currently informed of Department of Defense sensitive activities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

We believe oversight of Department of Defense (DOD) sensitive activities by the congressional defense committees is a critical endeavor. The complexity and risk associated with DOD sensitive activities requires that the congressional defense committees remain fully and currently informed of such activities. We direct the Secretary of Defense to prioritize keeping the committees currently informed of DOD sensitive activities, including any suspected compromise or failure of such activities, rather than waiting until the full circumstances or facts become known. Additionally, we believe the congressional intelligence committees should also be notified of a suspected compromise or failure of a DOD sensitive activity when it is supporting an intelligence or intelligence-related activity or the suspected compromise or failure could be reasonably be expected to negatively impact an ongoing activity of the intelligence community. We expect procedures for notifying the congressional intelligence committees of a suspected compromise or failure of a DOD sensitive activity will be developed in consultation with the congressional defense committees.

Sec. 1623 - Codification of Department of Defense insider threat program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1613) that would amend section 131 of title 10, United States Code, by inserting a new section 2225 to codify the Department of Defense Insider Threat Program and modify such program to include all networks and enclaves used by civilian Department of Defense personnel, privileged users, members of the Armed Forces, and Department of Defense contractors who have access to classified, controlled unclassified, or personally identifiable information in furtherance of their work on behalf of the Department of Defense. This section would require the Department of Defense to

ensure this program achieves initial operating capability by October 1, 2027, and full operating capability by October 1, 2028. Finally, this section would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a plan for implementing such section, including the resources required and legal or technical concerns that may need to be addressed, among other requirements.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1557).

The agreement includes the House provision with amendment.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees a plan for increasing the use of user activity monitoring capabilities on Department of Defense unclassified networks and systems not later than June 1, 2026. The plan shall include the following: (1) Identification of additional networks or systems to be covered by user activity monitoring; (2) Opportunities to integrate user activity monitoring into other cybersecurity or personnel vetting information systems to enhance the availability of data, as well as increase performance for such systems; (3) Proposed timelines, milestones, and anticipated costs for expansion to the additional networks; (4) Identification of resources to continue expansion or integration with other cybersecurity or personnel vetting information systems; (5) An assessment of commercially available tools that could be integrated to improve performance of user activity monitoring capabilities; (6) A description of what data is needed to determine measures of performance and effectiveness; and (7) An assessment of the feasibility of integrating a dashboard capability for user activity monitoring performance data through the Advancing Analytics tool.

Sec. 1624 – Provision by Air Force of meteorological services for intelligence community

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1064) that that would direct the Secretary of the Air Force to provide meteorological and environmental services to the intelligence community.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1625 – Annual report on requests of combatant commands for remote sensing data

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1064) that would require the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, in

consultation with the commanders of the combatant commands, to submit an annual report on the fulfillment of requests for certain remote sensing data.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1626 - Review and evaluation of extension of inactive security clearances

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1552) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to update the Department of Defense Manual 5200.02, or any successor manual, to ensure that an individual who has been retired or otherwise separated from service in the Armed Forces or employment with the Department of Defense for a period of not more than 5 years and who was eligible to access classified information on the day before the individual retired or otherwise separated will be granted eligibility by the Secretary to access classified information under specified circumstances. The provision would also require the Secretary to conduct an assessment of the feasibility and advisability of subjecting inactive security clearances to continuous vetting and due diligence and to provide a briefing, not later than June 30, 2026, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the findings of the required assessment.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would direct the Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence and Security, in coordination with the Director of National Intelligence, to conduct a review and evaluation of the feasibility and advisability of extending the period of inactive security clearances for specified individuals to a period of not more than 5 years.

SUBTITLE C—NUCLEAR FORCES

Sec. 1631 - Adjustment to responsibilities of Nuclear Weapons Council

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1515) that would make a series of technical adjustments to section 179 of title 10, United States Code, to further clarify the responsibilities of the Nuclear Weapons Council.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1632 – Prohibition on reduction of intercontinental ballistic missiles of the United States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1623) that would prohibit the use of funds authorized for fiscal year 2026 to reduce the number of intercontinental ballistic missiles (ICBMs) of the United States below 400 or reduce the alert level of the ICBM force; but provide an exception to this prohibition for activities related to maintenance, sustainment, and replacement, or activities to ensure safety, security, or reliability.

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1511(c)) that would prohibit the use of funds authorized for fiscal year 2026 to reduce the number of ICBMs of the United States below the number less than that specified by subsection (n) of section 9062 of title 10, United States Code, or reduce the alert level of the ICBM force; but provide an exception to this prohibition for activities related to maintenance, sustainment, and replacement, or activities to ensure safety, security, or reliability.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would amend section 9062 of title 10, United States Code, to establish a minimum inventory requirement for Air Force ICBMs and a minimum number of ICBM launchers distributed equally across Francis E. Warren, Malmstrom, and Minot Air Force Bases.

Sec. 1633 – Matters relating to the nuclear-armed, sea-launched cruise missile

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1622) that would amend Section 1640(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31), as amended by section 1627 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159), to eliminate the statutory requirement for the nuclear sea-launched cruise missile (SLCM-N) to be a Major Defense Acquisition Program.

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1517) that would amend Section 1640 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) to establish a rapid fielding parallel path for the SLCM-N program and accelerate the required timeline for reaching initial operational capability (IOC) from 2034 to 2032.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense and the Administrator for Nuclear Security to provide a limited number

of assets prior to IOC being achieved to enable limited operational deployment of the SLCM-N weapon system, in a quantity to be determined by the Nuclear Weapons Council, to meet combatant command requirements not later than September 30, 2032, and require the Secretary of the Navy, in coordination with the Nuclear Weapons Council, to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees on details regarding the development of the SLCM-N capability.

Sec. 1634 - Adjustment to bomber aircraft nuclear certification requirement

The Senate bill included a provision (sec. 1513) that would amend section 211 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Public Law 112-239) to require the Secretary of the Air Force to ensure that the B-21 bomber is operationally certified to employ nuclear gravity bombs not later than 180 days after the date on which the B-21 achieves initial operational capability and employ the AGM-181 Long Range Standoff Weapon not later than 2 years after the date on which either the B-21 bomber or the AGM-181 Long Range Standoff Weapon achieves initial operational capability, whichever is later.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1635 - Organizational realignment with respect to Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Nuclear Deterrence, Chemical and Biological Defense Policy and Programs; limitation on availability of certain funds

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1625) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to the congressional defense committees within 60 days on continued implementation of section 1621 of the Servicemember Quality of Life National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159).

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1514) that would limit the obligation or expenditure of 50 percent of fiscal year 2026 Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide funding for the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy and the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment until the Department of Defense fully implements section 1621 of the Servicemember Quality of Life National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would direct the Secretary of Defense to enact

specific organizational adjustments to the Office of the Secretary of Defense to implement section 1621 of the Servicemember Quality of Life National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159) be completed within 45 days of enactment, limit the obligation or expenditure of 50 percent of fiscal year 2026 Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide travel funding for the Office of the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Acquisition until such adjustments are completed, and require a report from the Secretary.

Sec. 1636 – Matters relating to intercontinental ballistic missiles of the United States

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1511) that would establish a target date of initial operational capability for the LGM-35A Sentinel Intercontinental Ballistic Missile (ICBM) weapon system and minimum inventory requirements for ICBMs and ICBM launch facilities. The provision would also prohibit the use of fiscal year 2026 funds to reduce the quantity of deployed ICBMs to a number less than 400, with exceptions for maintenance, sustainment, or replacement.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would authorize the Secretary of the Air Force to enter into contracts for the life-of-program procurement of solid rocket motor nozzle material and related processing activities for the LGM–35A Sentinel intercontinental ballistic missile.

Sec. 1637 – Deep cleaning of launch control centers of the Air Force Global Strike Command

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1520) that would require the deep cleaning of the underground crew capsules at the three intercontinental ballistic missile wings every 5 years.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1638 – Limitation on availability of funds pending notification of tasking authority delegation

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1516) that would limit the obligation or expenditure of 50 percent of the

funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for Operation and Maintenance, Air Force, and available to the Office of the Secretary of the Air Force for travel purposes, until the date on which the Secretary of Defense notifies the congressional defense committees that the delegation of authority described in section 1638(e) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263) has been completed.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment to adjust the percentage of funds limited.

Sec. 1639 - Limitation on availability of funds pending commencement of annual briefings on implementation of recommendations by the Congressional Commission on the Strategic Posture of the United States

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1519) that would limit the obligation or expenditure of 10 percent of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide, to the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, until the date on which the Under Secretary completes the first annual briefing to the congressional defense committees required by section 1637 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1640 - Limitation on availability of funds for compensation caps

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1521) that would prohibit any actions to establish or implement a requirement to establish a cap on reimbursement of compensation and benefits for non-Federal employees under contract with the National Nuclear Security Administration or employees of any Federally-funded research and development center supporting any atomic energy defense activity; the sustainment and modernization of nuclear weapons delivery systems and platforms of the Department of Defense, nuclear command, control, and communications systems of the Department, any associated infrastructure; or the development, testing, or

fielding of technologies supporting the Golden Dome missile defense system.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would limit the prohibition to fiscal year 2026.

We direct the Administrator for Nuclear Security, in coordination with the Chair of the Nuclear Weapons Council, to submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the non-Federal employee workforce of the National Nuclear Security Administration not later than April 15, 2025. Such report shall address, at a minimum:

(1) An overview of size, role and adequacy of the non-Federal employee workforce to meet mission needs, including identification of recruitment and retention challenges;

(2) A description of any targeted exceptions consistent with 10 USC 4304(a) or 41 USC 4304(a) currently utilized by and/or available to the Administrator with respect to the non-Federal employee workforce;

(3) A summary of the impact a substantial change related to limitations on reimbursable compensation for non-Federal employees would have on mission performance, recruitment, and retention, including the identification of any specialist or other category of employee that would be acutely impacted by such a change, if any;

(4) A sufficiency assessment of the National Nuclear Administration's ability to use the authority for narrowly targeted exceptions under 10 USC 4304(a) or 41 USC 4304(a) to manage potential negative mission impacts of a change described in (3);

(5) A description of the tools and mechanisms available to the Administrator through which potential changes related to limitations on reimbursable compensation for non-Federal employees are assessed prior to their implementation; and

(6) Any other matters that the Administrator and the Chair determine to be relevant.

Sec. 1641 - Strategy to sustain Minuteman III intercontinental ballistic missile and maximize end-of-life margin

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1624) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to annually submit to the congressional defense committees a strategy on the sustainment of the LGM-30G Minuteman III intercontinental ballistic missile capability and associated supporting systems.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1642 - Matters relating to Air Force Global Strike Command

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1621) that would amend chapter 907 of title 10, United States Code, to add a new section 9068, "Global Strike Command" to codify the structure and functions of Air Force Global Strike Command (AFGSC).

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1512) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to reverse any changes made to the manpower, composition, roles, or responsibilities of AFGSC related to efforts to establish an Integrated Capabilities Office or an Integrated Capabilities Command since October 1, 2023; establish limitations on potential future changes to AFGSC composition, roles, or responsibilities that could affect the command's support to U.S. Strategic Command; make a series of adjustments to section 9040(b) of title 10, United States Code, to clarify Air Force requirements for oversight of the nuclear deterrence mission; codify Air Force Mission Directive 63, dated July 12, 2018; and require Air Force to update Air Force Program Action Directive D16-01, dated August 2, 2016, to reflect the requirements of this section within 90 days of enactment.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would make a series of adjustments to section 9040(b) of title 10, United States Code, to clarify Air Force requirements for oversight of the nuclear deterrence mission.

SUBTITLE D—MISSILE DEFENSE PROGRAMS

Sec. 1651 - Modification to national missile defense policy to reflect Golden Dome for America policy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1641) that would revise section 5501 of title 10, United States Code, to modify the policy of the United States regarding the national missile defense policy to reflect the establishment of the Golden Dome for America integrated air and missile defense initiative.

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1531(a)) that would revise section 5501 of title 10, United States Code, to modify the policy of the United States regarding the national missile defense policy to account for growing threats, clarify that missile defense helps guarantee the viability of an effective nuclear response capability for the United States, and

support the cooperative development of missile defense technologies with allies and partners.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to include references to growing threats and the need for missile defense to maintain an effective United States nuclear response capability to support continued deterrence of strategic attacks against the Homeland.

Sec. 1652 – Golden Dome missile defense system

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1642) that would require annual reports and consolidated budget exhibits for activities related to the next-generation missile defense architecture.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1531(b)) and additional provisions (sec. 1532, sec. 1542, sec. 1543, sec. 1544) related to the scope of, testing plan for, and opportunities to accelerate capabilities for such architecture.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require both annual reports and quarterly briefings on the development of the next-generation missile defense architecture.

We also note the Department's current plans for air and missile defense improvements include both Hawaii and Alaska, as well as Guam. We continue to support these efforts and believe they are essential components of the nation's future air and missile defense posture. Additionally, we direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a report to the congressional defense committees, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, assessing the feasibility of, and funding necessary to accelerate the development and deployment of the major elements and programs comprising the next-generation air and missile defense architecture.

Sec. 1653 – Amendments to technical authority of Director of Missile Defense Agency regarding integrated air and missile defense activities and programs

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1536) that would amend section 5531 of title 10, United States Code, by adding "system-level architectures" to the technical authority of the Missile Defense Agency and make other technical corrections.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1654 - Prohibition on privatized or subscription-based missile defense intercept capabilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1643) that would amend 23 Subchapter II of chapter 551 of title 10, United States Code, by adding a new section 5516 to prohibit the Secretary of Defense from developing, deploying, testing, or operating a missile defense system with kinetic missile defense capabilities if such system is: (1) Not owned and operated by the Armed Forces; and (2) Provided via a subscription-based service, pay-for-service, or recurring fee model.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1655 - Matters related to integrated air and missile defense capabilities to defend Guam

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1645) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees an unclassified summary of the report required by section 1660 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263) not later than April 1, 2026.

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1535) that would require that any removal of the Aegis Guam Combat System from the U.S. Indo-Pacific Command area of responsibility be consistent with section 162(a) of title 10, United States Code, using procedures outlined under Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Manual 3130.06D, or successor document, and require a notification to the congressional defense committees within 10 days of the commencement of any such removal.

The Senate bill also contained a provision (sec. 1539) that would limit the obligation or expenditure of 10 percent of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for Operation and Maintenance, Air Force, and available to the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, until the date on which the Under Secretary completes the first annual briefing to the congressional defense committees required by section 1648 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159).

The agreement includes Senate provision section 1539 with an amendment that would prohibit the use of fiscal year 2026 funding to remove an integrated air and missile defense system

or capability from Guam unless the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff provides a 10-day advance notification of such removal and require the Secretary of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees an unclassified summary of the report required by section 1660 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263) not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Sec. 1656 - Design and construction of missile instrumentation range safety vessels

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1531(c)) that would require the Director of the Missile Defense Agency to initiate such actions as are necessary to establish and ensure the validation of requirements for two replacement missile instrumentation range safety vessels for the National Defense Reserve Fleet to allow for the construction of such vessels to begin not later than September 30, 2026. The Senate bill also contained a provision (sec. 1531(d)) that would require the provisions of the Secretary of Defense memorandum titled ''Direct Reporting Program Manager Appointment for Golden Dome for America'' and dated May 27, 2025, shall remain in force until changed by law.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 3534).

The agreement includes the Senate provisions with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1657 - Iron Dome short-range rocket defense system and Israeli cooperative missile defense program co-development and co-production

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1534) that would authorize funding for the procurement of the Iron Dome short-range rocket defense system, David's Sling Weapon System, and Arrow 3 Upper Tier Interceptor Program as outlined under the Memorandum of Agreement between the United States and the Government of Israel for cooperative missile defense programs.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1658 - Limitation on authority to reduce sustainment for or halt operation of the AN/FPS-108 COBRA DANE radar

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1652) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from reducing sustainment efforts for, halt operation of, or prepare to reduce

sustainment efforts for or halt operation of, the AN/FPS-108 COBRA DANE radar located at Eareckson Air Station on Shemya Island, Alaska; and require the Secretary to sustain the AN/FPS-108 COBRA DANE radar in a manner that preserves the operational availability of the system, and ensure that the radar continues to meet the operational requirements of the combatant commands.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1541).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1659 - Limitation on availability of funds pending independent analysis of space-based missile defense capability

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1540) that would limit the obligation and expenditure of fiscal year 2026 funds for operation and maintenance of the Missile Defense Agency until it enters into an arrangement in accordance with section 1671(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) and notifies the congressional defense committees of such arrangement.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1660 - Assessment of the Ronald Reagan Ballistic Missile Defense Test Site

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1537) that would require the Director of the Test Resource Management Center (TRMC) to visit the Ronald Reagan Ballistic Missile Test Site each year until March 31, 2030, and assess the site and the state of infrastructure supporting test and evaluation facilities. Further, the provision would require the director to brief the congressional defense committees on the findings of the visit not later than 30 days after the visit. The provision would provide a waiver to delegate the visit to a senior official within the TRMC.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1661 - Biennial assessments of the Ronald Reagan Ballistic Missile Defense Test Site

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1538) that would require biennial assessments of the capability of the Ronald Reagan Ballistic Missile Defense Test Site on U.S. Army Garrison Kwajalein Atoll.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment to assign responsibility for conducting the assessment to the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff rather than the Commander, U.S. Strategic Command (STRATCOM), and other technical corrections.

SUBTITLE E—MATTERS RELATING TO UNIDENTIFIED ANOMALOUS PHENOMENA

Sec. 1671 - Briefings on intercepts of unidentified anomalous phenomena by North American Aerospace Defense Command and United States Northern Command

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1555) that would amend section 1683(l) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81) to include a new element for the semi-annual briefing requirement to include details on any unidentified anomalous phenomena intercepts conducted by the North American Aerospace Defense Command or U.S. Northern Command.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1672 - Elimination of duplicative reporting requirements relating to unidentified anomalous phenomena

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1561) that would modify the reporting requirements applicable to the All-Domain Anomaly Resolution Office.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate bill with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1673 - Accounting of security classification guides relating to unidentified anomalous phenomena

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1556) that would direct the Director of the All-Domain Anomaly Resolution Office not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act to issue a consolidated security classification guidance matrix for programs relating to unidentified anomalous phenomena.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

SUBTITLE F—MATTERS RELATING TO ELECTROMAGNETIC WARFARE

Sec. 1681 - Modification of functions of Electromagnetic Spectrum Enterprise Operational Lead for Joint Electromagnetic Spectrum Operations to include dynamic spectrum sharing technologies

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1563) that modifies the functions of the Electromagnetic Spectrum Enterprise Operational Lead for Joint Electromagnetic Spectrum Operations under section 500e of title 10, United States Code, to include evaluation of tactics, techniques, and procedures for dynamic spectrum sharing technologies.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment that removes assignment of the test and evaluation functions.

Sec. 1682 - Integration of electronic warfare into Tier 1 and Tier 2 joint training exercises

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1554) that would move section 1091 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263) to chapter 25 of title 10, United States Code, as a new section 500(g) and extend the termination date from fiscal year 2026 to fiscal year 2030. The Senate provision would also require the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff to annually brief the congressional defense committees on the results of the exercises in this provision as it applies to electronic warfare.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1683 - Annual review of the Joint Electromagnetic Battle Management Software Program

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1553) that would require the Chief Information Officer (CIO) of the Department of Defense to enter into a contract with a federally funded research and development center to review, on an annual basis, the development of the Joint Electromagnetic Battle

Management Software Program, ending October 1, 2031. The Senate provision would also require the CIO to brief the congressional defense committees annually, not later than September 30 of each year through 2031, on the results of the review.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment placing this responsibility with the Commander, U.S. Strategic Command.

Sec. 1684 - Support by the 350th Spectrum Warfare Wing to EA-37B Compass Call aircraft

The Senate bill included a provision (sec. 1558) that requires the U.S. Air Force's 350th Spectrum Warfare Wing to support the EA-37B Compass Call Aircraft.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

SUBTITLE G—OTHER MATTERS

Sec. 1691 - Cooperative threat reduction funds

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1301) that would authorize $282.8 million for the Cooperative Threat Reduction (CTR) Program, define the funds as authorized to be appropriated in section 301 of this Act, and authorize CTR funds to be available for obligation for fiscal years 2026, 2027, and 2028.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1651).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1692 - Prohibition on access to Department of Defense cloud-based resources by certain individuals

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1616) that would prohibit individuals from foreign countries from accessing any Department of Defense (DOD) cloud computing system.

The Senate bill contained similar provisions (sec. 6613 and 1620D).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that establishes an immediate prohibition of access by individuals located in covered nations and a prohibition, to be established not later than January 1, 2028, of any citizens of a covered nation.

We note that in addition to changes needed to implement this provision, the DOD should review the revisions made to the Cloud Computing Security Requirements Guide this past summer in response to incidents involving the use of technical support engineers and work with industry to identify and remediate areas of confusion or ambiguity. Key areas requiring clarification include: the definition of access; screening requirements for cloud service provider personnel who lack standing access to U.S. Government data; the authoritative source and change process for country classifications; the role of component authorizing officials in oversight; and harmonization of country designations with this provision, including potential exception processes consistent with existing export control regimes. The Department should actively engage with industry to identify additional areas requiring clarification or refinement.

Furthermore, we direct the Inspector General of the Department of Defense to conduct an audit of cloud computing contracts for the Department of Defense to assess the risk of exposure of sensitive information, including data, systems architecture details, procedures, or other controlled unclassified information, as a result of policies that may have allowed computer scientists or engineers from foreign countries of concern to access proposed software updates to underlying cloud computing infrastructure or operating systems, and provide a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than September 20, 2026. The report on this audit shall include the following: (1) Determination of how many cloud computing contracts the Department has that may be or have been supported by employees located in foreign countries of concern or are citizens of foreign countries of concern; (2) Identification of policies or clauses in such cloud computing contracts that allow for the use of so-called "digital escorts'', computer scientists, or engineers from foreign countries of concern; (3) Assessment of agreements in place that use "digital escorts'' to provide oversight to employees from foreign countries of concern, including identification of instances in which such authorities were used during the period beginning on January 1, 2022, and ending on the date of the enactment of this Act; (4) Assessment of the national security risks that stem from cloud computing contracts that use labor from foreign countries of concern; and (5) Recommendations on ways to reduce, mitigate, or eliminate risk from initiatives such as "digital escorting'', or the use of computer scientists or engineers from foreign countries of concern, including proposed changes to Department guidance to reduce, mitigate, or eliminate risk to Department data or cloud computing infrastructure from foreign countries of concern, such

as by restricting the use of personnel from foreign countries of concern to support Department information technology systems; or requiring disclosure to the congressional defense committees if the Secretary finds a Department information technology system is maintained by personnel from a foreign country of concern.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Pilot program for unmanned aerial vehicle resupply to launch control facilities

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1518) that would authorize the Secretary of the Air Force to carry out a pilot program over a period of up to 3 years to assess the feasibility and effectiveness of resupplying intercontinental ballistic missile facilities using unmanned aircraft systems.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Independent assessment of the Department of Defense National Industrial Security Program

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1551) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to enter into an agreement with the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine to conduct an independent assessment of the National Industrial Security Program.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We are aware that the Department of Defense has initiated an effort known as the Fast-tracking Acquisition Security Transformation (FAST) study, which is intended to identify and resolve security bottlenecks that hinder the rapid delivery of critical technology to our warfighters and make recommendations to modernize security policies and processes. The FAST study has focused on several key challenges, including foreign ownership, control and influence, cybersecurity, information systems authorizations, classified facility accreditation, facility clearances, personnel, and subcontracting. We applaud the Department for proactively engaging in this effort, and with the broad industry outreach, they have started to gain better understanding of the impacts of the challenges for industry and the ensuing impact on the government's ability to be responsive to industry needs. We expect this study will also inform the government on any potential personnel shortfalls that may exist in the evolution of processes that have not had commensurate staffing increases to accommodate those changes. We look forward

to the final report, and to discussions about how that report will inform future budgeting and resourcing decisions for the Department.

Report on the technical collection capabilities of the People's Republic of China and the Russian Federation in the Republic of Cuba

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1559) that would require a report on the technical collection capabilities of the People's Republic of China and the Russian Federation in the Republic of Cuba.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence, to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives and the congressional intelligence committees within 180 days of enactment of this Act on the technical collection capabilities of the People's Republic of China and the Russian Federation in the Republic of Cuba. The report shall include an assessment of the current technical capabilities and potential expansion of such capabilities, the counterintelligence risks associated with such capabilities, and the capabilities and resources of the Department of Defense to counter any technical collection capabilities of the People's Republic of China and the Russian Federation in the Republic of Cuba.

Extension of protection of certain facilities and assets from unmanned aircraft

The Senate bill included a provision (sec. 1560) that would extend the sunset date on section 130i of the United States Code, from December 31, 2026, to December 31, 2027, and the date by which the President must ask for an extension of this provision to extend coverage of the provision for another 180 days from November 15, 2026, to November 15, 2027.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision. Extension of the sunset date for section 130i in treated elsewhere in this Act.

Limitation on modification of certain electromagnetic spectrum relied on by Department of Defense

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1564) that would amend section 488 of title 10, United States Code, to limit the Secretary of Defense's authority to modify certain electromagnetic spectrum relied on by the Department of Defense until September 30, 2034, or when dynamic spectrum sharing is certified as fully operational.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Advance payments for commercial satellite communication services

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1602) that would allow advance payments to be made for commercial satellite communication services.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision, as the issue is addressed elsewhere in the bill.

Assistance by United States Space Command to track fentanyl trafficking

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1608) that would amend chapter 135 of title 10, United States Code, by adding a new section on a provision of assistance to track fentanyl trafficking.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We believe that the Secretary of Defense should support the interagency, as appropriate, by sharing information that is delivered to the U.S. Space Command with regards to monitoring fentanyl trafficking, including precursor chemicals and supplies.

Modification of authority of Army counterintelligence agents to execute warrants and make arrests

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1612) that would amend section 7377 of title 10, United States Code, to strike the sunset for the authority of Army counterintelligence agents to execute warrants and make arrests.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We continue to support the work of Army Counterintelligence Command to fully implement the new authorities authorized by the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159) and understand final guidance on

the use of the enhanced authority under section 7377 of title 10, United States Code, is imminent. We look forward to receiving regular updates from the Army on efforts to enhance the Army's counterintelligence efforts.

Requirement to authorize additional security clearances for certain contractors

The House bill included a provision (sec. 1615) that would authorize an entity that enters into a covered contract or agreement with a component of the Department of Defense to designate additional covered persons who may submit an application for a security clearance in specified circumstances.

The Senate bill included no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize that personnel who support certain covered contracts may require security clearances to perform key management and oversight functions of those contracts. However, we remain concerned about delays in the issuance of regulations and policies to further expand clearance access, as required by section 6605 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263). Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence, to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than March 31, 2026, on the status of regulations and policies to support additional security clearances for personnel supporting covered contracts. The briefing shall include the following information:

(1) Anticipated implementation timelines and resource requirements;

(2) A list of specific officers and offices responsible for developing and implementing the policies; and

(3) Any barriers to issuing the policies.

National Security Agency support for defense industrial base and critical infrastructure cybersecurity operations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1617) that would amend subchapter I of chapter 21 of title 10, United States Code, to add a new section which would allow the Director of the National Security Agency to carry out activities to support the cybersecurity of the defense industrial base, the telecommunications sector, and cybersecurity service providers.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on delays in accreditation of sensitive compartmented information facilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1619) that would require the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency, to submit to the congressional defense committees a report on delays in the accreditation of sensitive compartmented information facilities.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the House Report accompanying H.R. 3838 (H. Rept. 119-231) of the Streamlining Procurement for Effective Execution and Delivery and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026 included a requirement for a report on complying with Intelligence Community Directive 705, which aligns significantly with the requirements in section 1619. We believe that if the Department includes in that report an element to also provide recommendations to ensure timely accreditation of the facilities covered by that report, that reporting requirement should address this request.

Review of the occupational health and safety conditions of operational facilities associated with the LGM–30G Minuteman III intercontinental ballistic missile system

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1627) that would require the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs to enter into an agreement with the Executive Officer of the National Academy of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine for a review of the occupational health and safety conditions of specified LGM-30G Minuteman III intercontinental ballistic missile facilities and submit a report to the congressional defense committees not later than 18 months from the date of the enactment.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We encourage the Department of the Air Force to continue to closely monitor facilities and take appropriate steps to limit servicemember exposure to toxic or hazardous substances should such substances be detected.

Funding for sea-based launch for missile defense targets

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1644) that would adjust the amounts authorized to be appropriated in section 201 for research, development, test, and evaluation, Defense-wide, to increase the amount of funding to be made

available for sea-based launch for missile defense targets, with an offsetting reduction in the amount authorized to be appropriated in section 301 for Operations and Maintenance, Army, Other Service Support.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Middle East integrated air and missile defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1646) that would amend Section 1658 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263) to require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, to submit a report to the congressional defense committees containing an update on progress made toward implementing an integrated air and missile defense architecture with U.S. allies and partners in the Middle East.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1251) that would also require the Secretary of Defense to continue to seek to cooperate with allies and partners in the Middle East area of responsibility on integrated air and missile defense capabilities.

The agreement does not include either provision.

We believe that the Secretary of Defense should continue to seek to cooperate with allies and partners in the Middle East with respect to implementing an integrated air and missile defense architecture to protect U.S. deployed forces in the region and the people, infrastructure, and territory of such allies and partners from cruise and ballistic missiles, manned and unmanned aerial systems, and rocket attacks from Iran and groups linked to Iran. Further, we direct the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State, to submit to the congressional defense committees, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, a report, not later than May 31, 2026, on further implementation of the integrated air and missile defense architecture in the area of responsibility of the U.S. Central Command as required by Section 1658 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023. The report shall include the following:

(1) Any changes to the initial assessment of the threat to allies and partners within the area of responsibility of the U.S. Central Command posed by ballistic and cruise missiles, manned and unmanned aerial systems, and rocket attacks launched from Iran and by groups linked to Iran;

(2) A description of:

(a) the missile defense priorities and capability needs of the U.S. Central Command with respect to defense against the threats described in subparagraph (1); and

(b) the planned regional missile defense architectures derived from such priorities and capability needs.

(3) An analysis of current integrated air and missile defense systems within the area of responsibility of the U.S. Central Command to defend against threats described in subparagraph (1) and to meet the priorities identified under subparagraph (2);

(4) A description of the progress made toward addressing challenges identified in implementing the strategy required by section 1658(b) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023;

(5) An identification of elements of the multinational integrated air and missile defense architecture that have been acquired by specified foreign partners in the area of responsibility since October 7, 2023;

(6) With respect to the defensive operations against aerial threats since October 7, 2023, namely the ballistic missile and drone attacks against Israel that occurred on April 13, 2024, and October 1, 2024, the following:

(a) lessons learned with respect to the adequacy of data-sharing agreements in facilitating effective joint responses, and recommendations for further improvements to such agreements, if needed;

(b) an evaluation of the extent to which the strategy required by section 1658(b) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 contributed to the defensive operations described in this clause;

(c) lessons learned with respect to countering projectiles launched by the Houthis in Yemen against maritime targets in the area of responsibility of the U.S. Central Command; and

(d) total costs, including deployment of systems and interceptor inventory expended, of U.S. integrated air and missile defense systems located in the U.S. Central Command area of responsibility since October 7. 2023; and

(7) Any other matter the Secretary of Defense considers appropriate.

The report submitted should be submitted in unclassified form but may include a classified annex. Any activity carried out in writing this report shall be conducted in a manner that is consistent with protection of intelligence sources and methods and appropriately protects sensitive information and the national security interests of the United States.

Sense of Congress with respect to Arrow interceptor production capacity and inventory

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1653) that would express the sense of Congress it is in the national security interest of the United States to help allies and partners, including Israel, strengthen their air and missile defense capability and capacity, and require a report on cooperative U.S. and Israeli efforts on expanding Arrow missile defense system production.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Director of the Missile Defense Agency to brief the congressional defense committees, not later than March 1, 2026, on: (1) An assessment of Israel's Arrow missile defense system capacity as of the date of the enactment of this section, including launchers and interceptors; (2) An assessment of the current supply base for such system and how such supply base can be strengthened; (3) A summary of the steps the Department of Defense is taking in cooperation with industry and the Government of Israel to increase Arrow missile defense production capacity and inventory; (4) An identification of any challenges or obstacles encountered and current plans to address such challenges or obstacles; (5) Specific authorities or appropriations that Congress could provide to expedite and expand efforts to increase Arrow missile defense system production capacity and the number of deployed systems and interceptors; and (6) An assessment of what additional steps would be required to establish a fully redundant Arrow production capacity in the United States.

Enhancement of space domain awareness through ground based sensor development

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6501) that would, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, direct the Secretary of the Air Force to submit to the congressional defense committees a report on efforts by the Space Force to expand space domain awareness infrastructure.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We agree that the Secretary of the Air Force should provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees, not later than March 31, 2026. The briefing shall include:

(1) A description of current and planned infrastructure, equipment, and capability expansions;

(2) A summary of current and planned engagement with institutions of higher education that possess demonstrated expertise in space domain awareness, including electro-optical sensor development, tasking algorithms, and automation frameworks; and

(3) An assessment of the ability to integrate research and development from academic partners into operational testing and training environments in support of space domain awareness objectives.

Transfer of Foreign Languages Program to Department of Defense

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6551) that would direct the Director of National Intelligence and the Secretary of Defense to transfer the execution of the Foreign Languages Program, including personnel, assets, and facilities from the Director to the Secretary.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence, not later than February 15, 2026, to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on a strategy to transfer any programs pertaining to foreign language training currently in title 50, United States Code, for which members of the armed services or Department of Defense civilians are beneficiaries, to title 10, United States Code, in order to fall under the jurisdiction the Department of Defense. The briefing shall include technical drafting assistance to execute such a transfer in fiscal year 2027, any budgetary resourcing considerations that would result from such a transfer, recommendations to address such concerns, and any other matters the Secretary deems appropriate.

Strategy on quantum readiness

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6611) that would, not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense (DOD), to submit to the congressional defense committees a strategy on quantum readiness.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, to submit to the congressional defense committees not later than

July 1, 2026 a report on the readiness of DOD cryptographic systems to adopt quantum-resistant cryptographic algorithms and practices. Such report shall include:

(1) An assessment of the risks that quantum computing poses to DOD systems and data;

(2) A determination of which DOD systems and data are most vulnerable to quantum threats and critical to protect, and timelines for the transition of such systems to quantum-resilient capabilities;

(3) An identification of the progress made by components of the DOD in inventorying and migrating all cryptographic systems to post-quantum cryptography by 2035;

(4) A plan to adopt and deploy automated quantum readiness platform tools that provide continuous visibility into DOD systems, automate the prioritization of cryptographic risks, and facilitate remediation of insecure systems;

(5) An identification of the methodology used for evaluating and validating DOD cryptographic systems;

(6) An estimate of resources needed to achieve quantum readiness by 2035;

(7) Identification of reconciliation funds that will be allocated and obligated for this purpose across specific programs; and

(8) Any other matters as the Secretary of Defense considers appropriate.

TITLE XVII—OTHER DEFENSE MATTERS

Sec. 1701 - Technical and conforming amendments

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1721) that would make technical and conforming amendments to existing law.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with technical and conforming amendments.

Sec. 1702 - Copyright to a literary work produced by a civilian faculty member of the Uniformed Services University of Health Sciences in the course of such employment: free use by the Federal Government

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1701) that would add copyright protection for certain literary works at the Uniformed Services University of Health Sciences.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1703 – Temporary authority for nonimmigrant construction workers on Wake Island

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1052) that would amend section 6(b)(1)(B) of the Joint Resolution titled "A Joint Resolution to approve the 'Covenant to Establish a Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands in Political Union with the United States of America', and for other purposes" (48 U.S.C. 1806(b)(1)(B)), approved March 24, 1976, by extending the deadline for certain nonimmigrant H-2B workers to 2031.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1704 - Mapping and report on strategic ports

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1705) that would require the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, to complete a study and report on the value of key port infrastructure and the People's Republic of China's efforts to acquire or otherwise gain controlling access of them.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1705 – Authorization of United States Coast Guard rotary aircraft work at Department of Defense depots

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1731) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to conduct rotary aircraft work for the Department of Homeland Security and the United States Coast Guard at any Department of Defense depot.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the work to be performed on a reimbursable basis and a certification that Coast Guard repair facilities are at or above capacity prior to the use of this authority.

Sec. 1706 – Continual assessment of impact of international state arms embargoes on Israel and actions to address defense capability gaps

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1706) that would direct the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Director of National Intelligence, to

conduct a continual assessment on the effect of international state arms embargoes on Israel and the resulting gaps or vulnerabilities in Israel's security posture.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1707 - Protection of certain facilities and assets from unmanned aircraft

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 350) that would extend, expand, and modify Department of Defense authorities to counter unmanned aircraft systems.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement contains the Senate provision with amendments.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Combating illicit tobacco products

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1702) that would establish a process for approving the sale of certain Electronic Nicotine Delivery System products or oral nicotine products at military commissaries and exchanges.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the only military entities in which non-Department of Defense (DOD) retail establishments sell tobacco products are the Marine Corps and the Washington Headquarters Services (WHS). We further note that, previously, certain non-DOD retail establishments selling tobacco products have offered items that violate applicable Federal tobacco regulations.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Commandant of the Marine Corps, to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than March 1, 2026, on steps the WHS and Marine Corps are taking to ensure that all tobacco and nicotine-containing products sold at establishments under contract with or on installations operated by the WHS or the Marine Corps are compliant with Federal tobacco regulations, including the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.). The briefing shall include a description of the oversight process the Office of the Director of Administration and Management and installation commanders use to verify that non-DOD retail establishments are in compliance with Federal tobacco

regulations as well as any recent changes that have been implemented to ensure the aforementioned compliance.

Transfer or possession of defense items for national defense purposes

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1722) that would amend section 922 of title 18, United States Code, to authorize the controlled transfer of defense articles for government end users to, from, and between appropriately licensed government contractors for national security purposes.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Evaluation of risks posed by communications equipment and services produced by foreign adversary entities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1723) that creates a national security review process for unmanned aircraft systems and related communications and video equipment, including software.

The Senate bill contained no such provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Sense of Congress with respect to execution of warrants of the International Criminal Court

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1724) that would encourage the Secretary of Defense and Secretary of State to use international forums to engage the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) and Major Non-NATO allies to ensure they do not enforce warrants issued by the International Criminal Court against members of the armed forces of the United States or its other allies.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Briefing on expediting arms transfers to Israel

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1725) that would require a briefing on expediting arms transfers to Israel.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We support the transfer of arms to Israel to assist its defense against shared regional adversaries, including Iran and Iranian-backed terrorist groups such as Hamas, Palestinian Islamic Jihad, and Hezbollah. Therefore, we direct that, not

later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees, the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representative, and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, on the status of deliveries to the Government of Israel of any military aircraft or air-launched munitions approved for transfer that are undelivered or partially delivered.

The briefing shall include:

(1) The estimated delivery timetable and any ongoing or potential measures associated with the items, including advance training and integration challenges;

(2) Specific reasons for any delay related to the United States Government, defense suppliers, or a foreign government;

(3) The feasibility and advisability of providing the State of Israel an interim capability;

(4) What measures are being taken or could be taken to address barriers to deliveries to Israel, including recommended changes to authorities or appropriations that Congress could provide.

Feasibility study on extending critical minerals procurement authorities to other Federal agencies

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1726) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Commerce, the Administrator of General Services Administration, and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, to conduct a study on the feasibility of providing to other Federal agencies authorities similar to Department of Defense critical mineral procurement authorities.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on plan to increase exportation of defense-related components and materials

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1727) that would require the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Under Secretary of Commerce for International Trade and in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, to submit to the Congress a strategy to increase the exportation of domestically manufactured, defense-related components and materials.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

GAO study on Department of Defense reliance on Chinese-sourced materials

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1728) that would require the Comptroller General of the United States to conduct a component-level assessment on the reliance of the Department of Defense on Chinese-sourced materials in munitions, microelectronics, and energy storage systems, including recommendations for alternative sourcing strategies.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the importance of supply chain stability for critical munitions, microelectronics, and energy storage systems and commend the Department of Defense for their efforts to shore up and diversify the supply chain.

Report on interagency coordination targeting fentanyl and precursor chemicals

The House contained a provision (sec. 1729) requiring a report on interagency coordination to counter fentanyl trafficking and production.

The Senate contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to the congressional defense committees, not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, on coordination between the Department of Defense, the Department of Health and Human Services, and the Department of Homeland Security to counter fentanyl trafficking and develop or implement policies to disrupt or discourage supplies of precursor chemicals for fentanyl production. The report should identify current coordination between the Departments in detection, monitoring, and interdiction activities; health information operations; healthcare services; and any plans for expanding such coordination.

Government Accountability Office audit of national security foreign exchange programs

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1730) that would require the Comptroller General of the United States to provide a briefing and submit a report to the congressional defense committees containing the results of an audit with respect to the international defense personnel exchange programs of the Department of Defense, to assess the extent to which such

programs are coordinated across the Armed Forces, combatant commands, and defense agencies.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize the value of improved oversight and coordination of international defense personnel exchange programs, and therefore direct the Comptroller General to provide a briefing, not later than September 1, 2026, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, containing information on the international defense personnel exchange programs of the Department of Defense, to assess the extent to which such programs are coordinated across the Armed Forces, combatant commands, and defense agencies. The briefing should include the following programs:

(1) Military Reserve Exchange Program;

(2) Engineer and Scientist Exchange Program;

(3) Foreign Academy Exchange Program;

(4) Personnel Exchange Program; and

(5) All other Department of Defense funded exchange programs that enhance international cooperation and military interoperability.

The briefing should also include the following:

(1) An assessment of whether a centralized entity within the Department of Defense oversees or coordinates international defense personnel exchange programs;

(2) An assessment of whether any policies, regulations, or directives mandate administration of such programs across military services and defense agencies;

(3) An assessment of whether the lack of coordination has resulted in gaps in strategy, inefficiencies, or duplicative efforts; and

(4) An assessment of any key factors that limit the ability of the Department to host foreign personnel in an exchange program.

Briefing on supply chain exposure

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1732) that would, not later than August 1, 2024, require the Secretary of Defense to brief the congressional defense committees on the North American Treaty Organization Procurement and Supply Agency procurement exposure and supply chain risks with respect to China, including dependency risk, security risk, and resilience risk.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees, not later than April 1, 2026, on North American Treaty Organization Procurement and Supply Agency acquisition and supply chain risks with respect to China.

Recognition and honoring of service of individuals who served in the United States Cadet Nurse Corps during World War II

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1733) that would amend section 106 of title 38, United States Code, to recognize and honor the service of individuals who served in the United States Cadet Nurse Corps during World War II.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize and honor the service of the individuals that served in the United States Cadet Nurse Corps during World War II.

Interest on funds provided to Federal Communications Commission

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1733A) that would prohibit the Secretary of the Treasury from charging interest on funds borrowed by the Federal Communications Commission under section 5404(c) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159).

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on Henry E. Rohlsen Airport in St. Croix

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1733B) that would require the Secretary of Defense to study and report on the readiness of Henry E. Rohlsen Airport in St. Croix for use by the U.S. Air Force.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the importance of enhancing regional readiness and security cooperation capabilities within the U.S. Southern Command area of responsibility, including through the potential use of civilian airports for contingency and emergency operations. Accordingly, we direct the Secretary of the Air Force to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees not later than June 1, 2026, on the feasibility of using Henry E. Rohlsen Airport in St. Croix for U.S. Air Force operations. The briefing shall include an assessment of the

infrastructure, facilities, and requirements necessary to support such use, along with recommendations to enable or improve its feasibility.

Strategy to counter Iranian and Hezbollah influence operations in Latin America

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1733D) directing the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Director of National Intelligence, to submit to the appropriate congressional committees a comprehensive strategy to counter Iran's and Hezbollah's propaganda, religious networks, and influence operations in Latin America.

The Senate bill did not contain a similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Strategy to encourage defections from the Government of Iran

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1733E) that would direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to develop and submit to Congress a strategy aimed at encouraging defections by Senior Iranian security officials and members of the armed forces.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Penalties for unlawful entry and violation of security regulations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1733G) that would amend section 1382 of title 18, United States Code, and section 21 of the Internal Security Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 797) to make a violation of unlawful entry into a national defense area a general intent crime and increase the penalty for such violation to imprisonment for up to 2 years.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on arms sales of the People’s Republic of China

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1734) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, to submit a report on arms sales facilitated by entities in the People's Republic of China.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense's annual report on Military and Security Developments Involving the People's Republic of China required by section 1202 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000 (Public Law 106-65) is intended to provide a comprehensive overview of China's military strength and security relationships with other countries. We expect that future iterations of the Department of Defense's annual report on Military and Security Developments Involving the People's Republic of China will include an analysis of arms sales facilitated by entities in the People's Republic of China, as appropriate. Additionally, not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, we direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, to provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, a briefing on arms sales facilitated by entities in the People's Republic of China. At a minimum, the briefing shall include an analysis of:

(1) The weapons systems and defense equipment originating from the People's Republic of China available for purchase;

(2) The technical aspects and capabilities of such weapons systems and defense equipment;

(3) How such weapons systems and defense equipment may impact the balance of power in the area of responsibility of each United States combatant command, when applicable;

(4) The weapons systems and defense equipment originating from the People's Republic of China that are considered direct alternatives to weapons systems and defense equipment originating from the United States;

(5) The weapons systems and defense equipment originating from the People's Republic of China that present the greatest security risks regarding the potential to collect intelligence on or compromise assets, weapons, or platforms of the United States;

(6) The countries mostly likely to procure weapons systems and defense equipment originating from the People's Republic of China, including the specific type, quantity, and estimated value in United States dollars of weapons;

(7) The weapons systems and defense equipment in development as of the date of the submission of the report by entities in the People's Republic of China that could be available on the global market not later than 5 years after such date;

(8) The factors that incentivize countries to procure such weapons systems and defense equipment, including costs, flexible payment conditions and financing, a lack of end-user agreements, and speed of sale and delivery; and

(9) The strategy of the People's Republic of China regarding arms sales and variables that could influence such strategy.

Strategy to combat arms sales of the People's Republic of China

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1735) that would, not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, require the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, to develop a strategy to dissuade purchases of new weapons systems and defense equipment, excluding spare parts or parts for maintenance of previously procured weapons, originating from the People's Republic of China.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Securing American Funding and Expertise from Adversarial Research Exploitation Act of 2025

The House bill contained multiple provisions (sec. 1736, sec. 1737, sec. 1738, sec. 1739, and sec. 1740) on the Securing American Funding and Expertise from Adversarial Research Exploitation Act of 2025.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provisions.

TITLE XVIII—ACQUISITION REFORM

SUBTITLE A—ALIGNMENT OF THE DEFENSE ACQUISITION SYSTEM

Sec. 1801 - Alignment of the defense acquisition system with the needs of members of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1801) that would amend chapter 205 of title 10, United States Code, to establish that the defense acquisition system exists to expeditiously provide the United States Armed Forces with the capabilities necessary to operate effectively, address evolving threats, and maintain the military advantage of the United

States in the most cost-effective manner practicable. This section would also make conforming amendments to sections 139 and 139a of title 10, related to the responsibilities of the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation and the Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation to align with the aforementioned stated objectives of the acquisition system. In addition, this section would require the Secretary of Defense to revise Department of Defense Directive 5000.01 and any other relevant instructions, policies, or guidance to carry out the requirements of this section not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1802 - Establishment of the role of portfolio acquisition executive

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1802) that would insert a new section in chapter 87 of title 10, United States Code, to formally establish the role of a Program Executive Officer (PEO) as the senior official responsible for the oversight of the plans, budgets, and execution of the programs assigned to the portfolio of such senior official. The provision would also establish the objectives and specific responsibilities for a PEO.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 801).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

We believe transitioning Program Executive Officers to Portfolio Acquisition Executives (PAEs) will enable the Department of Defense to transition from managing acquisitions on a program by program basis to managing portfolios of programs to better deliver capabilities to end-users. We believe that in order for portfolio management to work, PAEs must be provided with functional support from the disparate stakeholders of the acquisition system including contracting, budgeting, engineering, and related disciplines, and be empowered to make decisions across all of these areas. We intend PAEs to reduce bureaucracy, not to add an additional layer of bureaucracy. To accomplish this, we intend for PAEs to report directly to the service acquisition executives and program managers to report directly to the PAE. Functional support for the portfolio should, to the maximum extent practicable, be under the operational control of the PAE with administrative control of personnel and certain clearances retained outside of PAE authority as needed.

Sec. 1803 - Amendments to life-cycle management and product support

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1803) that would establish a new section in chapter 87 of title 10, United States Code, to elevate and strengthen the role of a product support manager as the individual responsible for managing the support functions required to field and maintain the readiness and operational capability of major weapon systems in support of the program manager's life cycle management responsibilities. The section would also make further amendments to chapter 87 to establish the product support manager as a critical acquisition position and enact minimum education, training, and experience requirements. The House bill also contained two provisions (sec. 1804 and sec. 1805) that would make amendments chapter 323 of title 10, United States Code, to strengthen and clarify the requirements of the Secretary of Defense related to life-cycle sustainment planning and product support to ensure the systems acquired by the Department of Defense are operationally relevant, reliable, and cost-effective to operate and maintain. The House bill would also make clarifying amendments to section 118 of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 870) that would modify product support manager responsibilities in section 4324 of title 10, United States Code.

The agreement includes the House provisions with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1804 - Adjustments to certain acquisition thresholds

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1821) that would make revisions to several contracting thresholds established in title 10 and title 41, United States Code.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 839).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would make revisions to several contracting thresholds established in title 10.

Sec. 1805 - Modification to acquisition strategy

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 803) that would amend section 4211 of title 10, United States Code, by modifying specific requirements for acquisition strategies.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1806 - Matters related to cost accounting standards

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1824) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to identify and implement actions necessary to reduce or eliminate requirements for compliance with Cost Accounting Standards in cases where Generally Accepted Accounting Principles would serve as a viable commercial accounting standard and system.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 806).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, conduct a review to identify actions to streamline the Department of Defense implementation of compliance with requirements associated with the cost accounting standards established under section 1502 of title 41, United States Code. We direct the Secretary to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than March 15, 2026, on the findings of the review and progress made in updating associated policies and regulations.

We also direct the Comptroller General of the United States to, not later than March 15, 2026, provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, the Committee on Homeland Security and Government Affairs of the Senate, and the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives on the progress made in implementing the requirements of this section.

Sec. 1807 - Establishment of Project Spectrum

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1807) that would amend chapter 19 of title 10, United States Code, to codify Project Spectrum, the purpose of which is to provide to covered entities, through an online platform, digital resources and services that increase awareness about cybersecurity risks and help such covered entities to comply with the cybersecurity requirements of the defense acquisition system.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

SUBTITLE B—REQUIREMENTS PROCESS REFORM

Sec. 1811 - Modifications to Joint Requirements Oversight Council

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 911) that would amend section 181 of title 10, United States Code, by modifying the responsibilities of the Joint Requirements Oversight Council and make conforming amendments.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1811).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1812 - Ensuring successful implementation of requirements reform

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1812) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish the Requirements, Acquisition and Programming Integration Directorate.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 913).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide biannual updates, not later than 180 days after enactment of this Act and every 180 days thereafter until September 30, 2027, on the implementation of amendments to section 181 of title 10, United States Code, made by this Act, and actions directed in the Secretary's memorandum dated August 20, 2025, related to establishing a modern requirements process. These updates shall include: (1) Progress in terminating the Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System and implementing a replacement requirements process; (2) Establishment of the Requirements and Resourcing Alignment Board; (3) Implementation of the Joint Acceleration Reserve; (4) Establishment of a Mission Engineering and Integration Activity; and (5) The status of each military service in reforming their requirements processes, in accordance with the Secretary's guidance.

SUBTITLE C—MATTERS RELATING TO COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS AND COMMERCIAL SERVICES

Sec. 1821 - Modifications to relationship of other provisions of law to procurement of commercial products and commercial services

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 831) that would amend section 3452 of title 10, United States Code, to require identification of defense-unique contract clause requirements for the procurement of commercial products and commercial services that are based on statute, Executive Orders, or acquisition policies.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1822 - Modifications to commercial products and commercial services

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 825) that would amend sections 3453 and 3456 of title 10, United States Code, to establish a formal process for determining the non-availability of commercial products or commercial services and require the contracting officer and program manager of the Department of Defense to submit written memoranda before using non-commercial solicitation procedures explaining the decision based on market research and requirements analyses. The provision would also add consultants, researchers, and advisors as acquisition officials to ensure their compliance with rules prioritizing the preference for commercial products and commercial services when supporting the Department market research and requirements drafting.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1823 - Modifications to commercial solutions openings

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 826) that would amend section 3458 of title 10, United States Code, by expanding the purposes for which the commercial solutions openings solicitation procedure may be used and creating an authority for sole-source follow-on procurements provided the procedures of sections 4022 or 3204 of title 10, United States Code, are followed.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1824 - Limitation on required flowdown of contract clauses to subcontractors providing commercial products or commercial services

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 832) that would amend chapter 247 of title 10, United States Code, by creating a new section, that would limit the required flowdown of contract clauses for subcontracts and supply agreements providing commercial products or commercial services.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1825 - Consumption-based solutions

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 829) that would amend chapter 253 of title 10, United States Code that would make permanent the procedures for consumption-based solutions that can be metered and billed based on actual usage and have predetermined pricing based on fixed price units.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1826 - Exemptions for nontraditional defense contractors

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 823) that would exempt nontraditional defense contractors as defined by section 3014 of title 10, United States Code, from certain business requirements.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1827 - Clarification of conditions for payments for commercial products and commercial services

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1822) that would amend section 3805 of title 10, United States Code, to clarify that a payment under a contract for the acquisition of services provided in accordance with a commercially utilized acquisition strategy shall not be considered an advance payment and shall not be subject to the conditions of section 3803 of title 10, United States Code. Nothing in this section would relieve the head of the agency of the responsibility to determine that the terms and conditions for payment are in the best interests of the United States or prevent the head of the agency from obtaining adequate security for the payments. This section would also amend section 3324 of title 31, United States Code, by authorizing the head of an agency to pay in advance from appropriations available for commercially available content, and certain charges for information and communication technologies subscriptions, reservations, or tenancy (including cloud environments) for which the procuring agency defines appropriate access and security standards.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would amend section 3805 of title 10, United States Code, to clarify that a payment under a contract for the acquisition of services provided in accordance with a commercially utilized acquisition strategy shall not be considered an advance payment and shall not be subject to the conditions of section 3803 of title 10, United States Code.

Sec. 1828 - Review of commercial products and commercial services acquisition approach

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1825) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to conduct a comprehensive review of the Department's approach to commercial buying and the implementation of the Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act of 1994 (FASA, Public Law 103-355). This House section would also require the Secretary, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to provide the congressional defense committees with a report that describes the findings from the review and corrective actions taken by the Secretary to address the matters identified during the review that are not in compliance with FASA or other statutory or regulatory requirements intended to advance and enable the procurement of commercial products and services.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

SUBTITLE D—IMPROVEMENTS TO ACQUISITION PROGRAMS

Sec. 1831 - Modifications to procurement for experimental purposes

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 828) that would amend section 4023 of title 10, United States Code, by expanding the purposes for which procurement is allowed for experimentation purposes.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1832 - Modifications to requirements for modular open system approach

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1833) that would amend chapter 327 of title 10, United States Code, to streamline and simplify the requirements for a modular open system approach to the design and development of a major weapon system. This section would also make conforming amendments to section 3771 of title 10, United States Code, related to intellectual property and data rights in modular system interfaces.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 804).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would align the requirements for modular open systems approach in sections 4402 and 4403 of title 10, United States Code, with the definition of modular system interfaces in section 4401 of title 10, United States Code.

Sec. 1833 - Bridging Operational Objectives and Support for Transition program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1834) that would require the Director of the Defense Innovation Unit to establish the Bridging Operational Objectives and Support for Transition program to support the transition of technologies into established capability development and procurement activities of the military services.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

SUBTITLE E—MODIFICATIONS TO STRENGTHEN THE INDUSTRIAL BASE

Sec. 1841 - Civil Reserve Manufacturing Network

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 879) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a working group in the Defense Industrial Resilience Consortium (established elsewhere in that Act) to support the establishment of a Civil Reserve Manufacturing Network (CRMN). The section would also require the Secretary not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of that Act, to submit to the congressional defense committees a plan to establish the CRMN. The section would also require an interim progress report on the CRMN.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 220).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1842 - Transition to advanced manufacturing for certain critical readiness items of supply

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1835) that would require the Program Executive Officer for each major weapon system to conduct an assessment of critical items that could be produced with advanced manufacturing processes and to submit a plan to the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to transition production of such critical items to advanced manufacturing, to the maximum extent practicable.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 220A).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would direct the Secretary of Defense to conduct an assessment of critical readiness items of supply which could be produced via advanced manufacturing to address readiness and availability issues and begin transitioning such items to advanced manufacturing.

Sec. 1843 - Working group on the advanced manufacturing workforce

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 833) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a working group in the Defense Industrial Resilience Consortium, established elsewhere in that Act, to address workforce shortages in advanced manufacturing in the defense industrial base. This section would also require the Secretary, not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of that Act, to submit a report to the Congress on the recommendations developed by the working group, including recommendations on the establishment of public-private partnerships to develop the advanced manufacturing workforce and identification of incentives for both government and industry to enable such partnerships to be successful in the recruiting, training, and retaining of individuals in the advanced manufacturing workforce.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment that the working group shall be established as part of an existing forum for Department of Defense and industry collaboration.

Sec. 1844 - Collaborative forum to address challenges to and limitations of the defense industrial base

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1842) that would establish a Defense Industrial Resilience Consortium under the authority of the Secretary of Defense to enhance the

resilience, innovation, and competitiveness of the U.S. defense industrial base.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that clarifies that the Department of Defense shall use an existing consortium, forum, or working group to enhance collaboration between the Department and industry to address and improve policies, rules, and regulations relating to acquisition and industrial base matters.

Sec. 1845 - Facility clearance acceleration for members of defense industrial consortiums

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1614) that would require the Secretary of Defense to ensure that each entity that is a member of the consortium established by section 1842 of this Act or a member of the Defense Industrial Base Consortium with which the Department of Defense has entered an other transaction authority agreement is sponsored for a facility clearance, provided access to classified work areas and networks where the member can perform classified work, and is invited in person to meetings with relevant Department of Defense personnel to discuss classified information.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1846 - Improvements relating to advanced manufacturing

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 220B) that would amend Section 4842(b)(1) of title 10, United States Code, to make the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment a co-chair of key manufacturing panels and consortia and adds requirements for updating guidance, instructions, and manuals for advanced manufacturing.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1843).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1847 - Report on surge capacity in the defense industrial base

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1844) that would require the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy and the Director of Defense Pricing, Contracting, and Acquisition Policy not later than March 1, 2026, to jointly

submit a report to the congressional defense committees on the regulations or policies that disincentivize contractors of the Department of Defense from maintaining or investing in surge capacity.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Major capability activity areas and pathfinder programs

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1806) that would direct the Department of Defense to develop and implement a phased plan for reorganizing the structure of relevant defense budget materials around major capability activity areas, with the goal of increasing agility, fostering innovation, and providing a clearer line of sight between strategic objectives and allocated resources. Furthermore, this section would also provide modified transfer authority within each designated pathfinder, limited to not more than 40 percent of the total amount authorized for programs, projects, or activities included in the pathfinder. Additionally, this section would require the Secretary, not later than 540 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to provide a report to the congressional defense committees assessing the effectiveness of the use of a capability-oriented structure in budget preparation and execution, the extent to which the use of transfer authority for the pathfinders affected the speed of addressing emerging threats and adopting new technologies, and any recommendations regarding statutory or regulatory changes.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees, not later than April 1, 2026, recommendations for reorganizing the structure of the relevant defense budget materials so that, to the maximum extent practicable, such materials are organized around major capability activity areas (MCAAs) that are aligned to capability portfolios and portfolio acquisition executives or equivalent portfolio leads in support of capability portfolio management and improved execution against the most impactful spending opportunities within portfolios. The report shall include:

(1) A description of the Department's progress in implementing portfolio acquisition transformation in accordance with the Secretary's "Transforming the Defense Acquisition System into the Warfighting Acquisition System to Accelerate

Fielding of Urgently Needed Capabilities to Our Warriors" memorandum released November 7, 2025, including the establishment, authorities, and resourcing of capability portfolio governance structures such as portfolio acquisition executives or equivalent portfolio leads, how such structures are integrated with the Department's capability portfolio management processes established pursuant to the Secretary of Defense's memorandum "Reforming the Joint Requirements Process to Accelerate Fielding of Warfighting Capabilities," and the role of MCAAs in enabling effective portfolio level decision-making on cost, schedule, performance, and execution trades;

(2) A description of any modifications recommended to reporting, budget justification, or data systems required for defense budget materials to be primarily organized around MCAAs and associated capability portfolios, including modifications necessary to maintain transparency and enable effective oversight by the congressional defense committees;

(3) A detailed mapping of the existing budget structure to the proposed portfolio budget structure at the lowest project or activity level;

(4) An assessment of how the proposed use of portfolio acquisition structures and portfolio budgeting could achieve the following:

(a) improve the ability to measure and manage the overall performance in the delivery of capabilities within a portfolio;

(b) quickly transition to new technology as it becomes mature and available;

(c) inform and improve budget planning for future activities assigned to a capability portfolio;

(d) achieve the objectives of the defense acquisition system established pursuant to section 3102 of title 10, United States Code, including the objective of accelerating fielding of capabilities through the Department's warfighting acquisition reforms;

(e) provide mechanisms for directing resources to the most impactful areas within a capability portfolio, including options to delegate such authority to portfolio acquisition executives and program managers, including through consolidation of budget line items, below-threshold realignments, and other within-portfolio execution tools that permit timely adjustments of resources within established portfolio boundaries, consistent with applicable appropriations law, reprogramming procedures, and oversight requirements;

(5) Recommendations for statutory or regulatory changes needed to facilitate the reorganization of defense budget materials so that, to the maximum extent practicable,

such materials are organized around MCAAs and to identify options for providing appropriate execution tools within capability portfolios, including consolidation of reporting materials and management systems, delegation of relevant authorities to portfolio acquisition executives or equivalent officials, while maintaining transparency and control for Congress; and

(6) Any other recommendations the Secretary may have related to a transition to a portfolio acquisition model, including identification of candidate pathfinder capability portfolios and associated MCAAs, proposed timelines for implementing portfolio-based budget structures in those areas, and any additional legislative proposals the Secretary considers necessary to fully implement capability portfolio management and the objectives of the Department's acquisition transformation efforts.

Establishment of the Mission Engineering and Integration Activity

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1813) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 120 days after the enactment of this Act, to establish a Mission Engineering and Integration Activity.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that this is covered elsewhere in this Act.

Alternative capability-based pricing

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1823) that would provide the head of an agency (as that term is defined in section 3004 of title 10, United States Code) the authority to use alternative capability-based analysis to determine whether the proposed price or fee for a commercial solution is fair and reasonable.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Amendment to other transaction authority

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1831) that would amend section 4022 of title 10, United States Code, to remove limitations on use of Other Transaction Authority on the basis of how a firm is categorized. With these limitations removed, a covered official would assess demonstrated performance and the alignment of capability with needs of the

Department as the primary determinants of the financial structure of an award. The amendments would retain existing flexibilities provided to the covered official to negotiate voluntary cost shares where market opportunities and commercial returns justify such arrangements. This section would further amend section 4022 by prohibiting the use of such authority for contracts exceeding the production of 500 units of a manufactured or developed product.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include this provision.

DIVISION B—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION AUTHORIZATIONS

Sec. 2001 - Short title

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2001) that would require the division be cited as the ''Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026''.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2001).

The agreement includes the provision.

Sec. 2002 - Expiration of authorizations and amounts required to be specified by law

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2002) that would ensure that the authorizations provided in titles XXI through XXVII of this Act expire on October 1, 2028, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2029, whichever is later.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2002).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2003 - Effective date

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2003) that would require titles XXI through XXVII to take effect on the later of— (1) October 1, 2025; or (2) The date of the enactment of this Act.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2003).

The agreement includes this provision.

TITLE XXI—ARMY MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

Sec. 2101 - Authorized Army construction and land acquisition projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2101) that would authorize a list of Army construction projects for fiscal year 2026. The authorized amounts are listed on an installation-by-installation basis. The State list contained in this Act is intended to be the binding list of the specific projects authorized at each location.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2101).

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2102 - Family Housing

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2102) that would authorize new construction and planning and design of family housing units for the Army for fiscal year 2026.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec 2102).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2103 - Authorization of appropriations, Army

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2103) that would authorize appropriations for Army military construction levels identified in section 4601 of division D of this Act.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec 2103).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2104 - Extension of authority to carry out fiscal year 2021 project at Fort Gillem, Georgia

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2104) that would extend the authorization of a certain fiscal year 2021 project until October 1, 2026, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec 2104).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2105 - Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2022 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2105) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2022 projects until October 1, 2026, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2105).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2106 - Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2023 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2106) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2023 projects until October 1, 2026, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2106).

The agreement includes the provision.

Sec. 2107 - Modification of authority to carry out fiscal year 2025 project at Smith Barracks, Germany

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2107) that would modify the authorization for a fiscal year 2025 project.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2107).

The agreement includes the House provision.

TITLE XXII—NAVY MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

Sec. 2201 - Authorized Navy construction and land acquisition projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2201) that would authorize a list of Department of the Navy construction projects for fiscal year 2026. The authorized amounts are listed on an installation-by-installation basis. The State list contained in this Act is intended to be the binding list of the specific projects authorized at each location.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2201).

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2202 - Family Housing

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2202) that would authorize construction improvements and planning and design of family housing units for the Department of the Navy for fiscal year 2026.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2202).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2203 - Authorization of appropriations, Navy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2203) that would authorize appropriations for Department of Navy military construction levels identified in section 4601 of division D of this Act.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2203).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2204 - Extension of authority to carry out fiscal year 2022 project at Marine Corps Air Station Cherry Point, North Carolina

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2204) that would extend the authorization of a certain fiscal year 2022 project until October 1, 2026, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2205 - Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2022 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2205) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2022 projects until October 1, 2026, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2204).

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2206 - Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2023 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2206) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2023 projects until October 1, 2026, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2205).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

TITLE XXIII—AIR FORCE MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

Sec. 2301 - Authorized Air Force construction and land acquisition projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2301) that would authorize a list of Air Force construction projects for fiscal year 2026. The authorized amounts are listed on an installation-by-installation basis. The State list contained in this Act is intended to be the binding list of the specific projects authorized at each location.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2301).

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2302 - Family Housing

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2302) that would authorize new construction, improvements, and planning and design of family housing units for the Department of the Air Force for fiscal year 2026.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2302).

The agreement includes the provision.

Sec. 2303 - Authorization of appropriations, Air Force

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2303) that would authorize appropriations for Air Force military construction levels identified in section 4601 of division D of this Act.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2303).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2304 - Extension of authority to carry out fiscal year 2017 project at Spangdahlem Air Base, Germany

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2304) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2017 project until October 1, 2026, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

The Senate bill contained am identical provision (sec. 2304).

The agreement includes the provision.

Sec. 2305 - Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2019 projects

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2806) that would amend section 2811(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act, Division B of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159), by striking ''150 days'' and inserting ''one year."

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2306 - Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2020 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2306) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2020 projects until October 1, 2026, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2306).

The agreement includes the provision.

Sec. 2307 - Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2022 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2307) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2022 projects until October 1, 2026, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2307).

The agreement includes the provision.

Sec. 2308 - Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2023 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2308) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2023 projects until October 1, 2026, or the date of enactment of an

Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2308).

The agreement includes the provision.

Sec. 2309 - Modification of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2025 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2309) that would modify the authorization for fiscal year 2025 projects.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2309).

The agreement includes the provision.

TITLE XXIV—DEFENSE AGENCIES MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

Sec. 2401 - Authorized defense agencies construction and land acquisition projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2401) that would authorize a list of defense agency construction projects for fiscal year 2026. The authorized amounts are listed on an installation-by-installation basis. The State list contained in this Act is intended to be the binding list of the specific projects authorized at each location.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2401).

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2402 - Authorized energy resilience and conservation investment program projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2402) that would contain a list of authorized energy resilience and conservation investment projects for fiscal year 2026. The authorized amounts are listed on an installation-by-installation basis. The State list contained in this Act is intended to be the binding list of the specific projects authorized at each location.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2402).

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2403 - Authorization of appropriations, Defense Agencies

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2403) that would authorize appropriations for defense agencies' military construction at the levels identified in section 4601 of division D of this Act.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2403).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2404 - Extension of authority to carry out fiscal year 2019 project at Iwakuni, Japan

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2404) that would extend the authorization of a certain fiscal year 2019 project until October 1, 2026, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2404).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2405 - Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2022 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2405) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2022 projects until October 1, 2026, or the date of enactment of an act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2405).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2406 - Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2023 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2406) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2023 projects until October 1, 2026, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2406).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2407 - Modification of authority to carry out fiscal year 2024 project at Redstone Arsenal, Alabama

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2407) that would modify the authorization for a fiscal year 2024 project.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2407).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2408 - Modification of authority to carry out fiscal year 2024 project at Lake City Army Ammunition Plant, Missouri

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2408) that would modify the authorization for a fiscal year 2024 project.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2409 - Modification of authority to carry out fiscal year 2025 project at Joint Base Andrews, Maryland

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2409) that would modify the authorization for a fiscal year 2025 project.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2408).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2410 - Modification of authority to carry out fiscal year 2025 project at Joint Base McGuire-Dix-Lakehurst, New Jersey

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2410) that would modify the authorization for a fiscal year 2025 project.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

TITLE XXV—INTERNATIONAL PROGRAMS

SUBTITLE A—NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION SECURITY INVESTMENT

Sec. 2501 - Authorized NATO construction and land acquisition projects

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2501) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to make contributions to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program in an amount equal to the sum of the amount specifically authorized in section 2502 of this title and the amount of recoupment due to the United States for construction previously financed by the United States.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec 2501).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2502 - Authorization of appropriations, NATO

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2502) that would authorize appropriations of $481.8 million for the U.S. contribution to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program for fiscal year 2026.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate with a technical amendment.

SUBTITLE B—HOST COUNTRY IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS

Sec. 2511 - Republic of Korea funded construction projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2511) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to accept seven military construction projects totaling $457.0 million pursuant to agreement with the Republic of Korea for required in-kind contributions.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2511).

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2512 - Republic of Poland funded construction projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2512) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to accept eight military construction projects totaling $504.2 million pursuant to agreement with the Republic of Poland for required in-kind contributions.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2512).

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

TITLE XXVI—GUARD AND RESERVE FORCES FACILITIES

Sec. 2601 - Authorized Army National Guard construction and land acquisition projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2601) that would authorize a list of Army National Guard construction projects for fiscal year 2026. The authorized amounts are listed on an installation-by-installation basis. The State list contained in this Act is intended to be the binding list of the specific projects authorized at each location.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2601).

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2602 - Authorized Army Reserve construction and land acquisition projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2602) that would authorize a list of Army Reserve construction projects for fiscal year 2026. The authorized amounts are listed on an installation-by-installation basis. The State list contained in this Act is intended to be the binding list of the specific projects authorized at each location.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2602).

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2603 - Authorized Navy Reserve and Marine Corps Reserve construction and land acquisition projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2603) that would authorize a list of Navy Reserve and Marine Corps Reserve construction projects for fiscal year 2026. The authorized amounts are listed on an installation-by-installation basis. The State list contained in this Act is intended to be the binding list of the specific projects authorized at each location.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2603).

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2604 - Authorized Air National Guard construction and land acquisition projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2604) that would authorize a list of Air National Guard construction projects for fiscal year 2026. The authorized amounts are listed on an installation-by-installation basis. The State list contained in this Act is intended to be the binding list of the specific projects authorized at each location.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2604).

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2605 - Authorized Air Force Reserve construction and land acquisition projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2605) that would authorize a list of Air Force Reserve construction projects for fiscal year 2026. The authorized amounts are listed on an installation-by-installation basis. The State list contained in this Act is intended to be the binding list of the specific projects authorized at each location.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2605).

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2606 - Authorization of appropriations, National Guard and Reserve

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2606) that would authorize appropriations for National Guard and Reserve military construction at the levels identified in section 4601 of division D of this Act.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2606).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 2607 - Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2023 projects

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2607) that would extend certain authorizations contained in sections 2601, 2602, 2603, and 2604 in the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263) until October 1, 2026, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

The House bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2607).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 2608 - Modification of authority to carry out fiscal year 2023 project at Tucson International Airport, Arizona

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2608) that would modify the authorization contained in the James M. Inhofe

National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263) for Tucson International Airport, Arizona.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2608).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Authority to carry out fiscal year 2026 project at Army Reserve Center Conroe, Texas

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2609) that would provide the authority to carry out a fiscal year 2026 project.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

TITLE XXVII—BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE ACTIVITIES

Sec. 2701 - Authorization of appropriations for base realignment and closure activities funded through Department of Defense base closure account

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2701) that would authorize appropriations for ongoing activities that are required to implement the Base Realignment and Closure activities authorized by the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101-510), at the levels identified in section 4601 of division D of this Act.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2701).

The agreement includes the House provision.

TITLE XXVIII—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PROVISIONS

SUBTITLE A—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROGRAMS

Sec. 2801 - Modification to definition of military installation resilience

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2861) that would expand the definition of military installation resilience

to include energy and water disruptions and human-induced environmental hazards.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2802 - Facility construction or repair: transactions other than contracts and grants

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2801) that would extend a certain authority to the Secretary of Defense and each Secretary of a military department to enter into transactions (other than contracts, cooperative agreements, or grants) to carry out repair and construction.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2803 - Requirement for the military departments to develop and update a 20-year infrastructure improvement plan

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2801) that would require each of the military departments to develop and annually update a 20-year infrastructure improvement plan. The committee intends for this provision to ensure that the departments' senior leaders strategically and realistically budget for the sustainment of their installations and facilities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2804 - Improvements to water management and security on military installations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2803) that would require the Department of Defense to establish a risk-based framework to assess and improve water security at military installations.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2805 - Modification to assistance for public infrastructure projects and services

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2821) that would amend section 2391 of title 10, United States Code, and clarify that such section supports military installations.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2806 - Modifications to Defense Community Infrastructure Program

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2841) that would amend section 2391(d)(1)(B) of title 10, United States Code, to modify the priority list and definitions for Defense Community Infrastructure Program projects.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2807 - Inclusion of demolition projects in Defense Community Infrastructure Program

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 7801) that would include demolition projects in defense community infrastructure programs.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2808 - Supervision of military construction projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2802) that would clarify that supervision of military construction projects may be carried out by any military department or Government agency approved by the Secretary of Defense.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2809 - Authority to use accelerated design-build and progressive design-build procedures for military construction projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2804) that would allow the Department of Defense to use the progressive design-build contracting method.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2803).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2810 - Extension of authority for temporary expanded land acquisition for equine welfare

The Senate bill contained provision (sec. 2808) that would amend section 2804(c) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159) by striking "February 1, 2026" and inserting "August 1, 2026."

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2811 - Extension of requirement for contract for obligation and execution of design funds for military construction projects

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2806) that would extend the requirement for obligation and execution of congressionally-directed design funds for military construction projects from 150 days to 1 year.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2812 - Modification of pilot program on increased use of sustainable building materials in military construction to include sustainable building technologies identified by the Comptroller General of the United States

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2804) that would amend section 2861 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 118-81) to extend the pilot program and include building materials identified by the Government Accountability Office.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2813 - Increase of maximum amount for certain restoration or replacement of damaged or destroyed facilities

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2802) that would amend section 2854(c)(3) of title 10, United States Code, to increase the cost cap to restore or replace a damaged or destroyed facility from $100.0 million to $150.0 million.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2814 - Multiyear contracting authority for certain military construction projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2807) that would authorize military departments to use multiyear contracting authority for unaccompanied housing and child development center construction projects, provided they validate cost savings and use standardized designs.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2815 - Guidance for military construction projects for innovation, research, development, test, and evaluation

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2808) that would require the Department of Defense to issue guidance for implementing military construction projects under section 2810 of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2816 - Authorization for cost-plus-incentive-fee contracts for certain Shipyard Infrastructure Optimization Program military construction projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2809) that would allow the Secretary of Defense to authorize the use of contracts using cost-plus incentive-fee contracting for military construction projects associated with the Shipyard Infrastructure Optimization Program of the Department of Defense.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2817 - Implementation of Comptroller General recommendations relating to information sharing to improve oversight of military construction

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2805) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to implement the recommendations of the Government Accountability Office report, published September 16, 2024, titled, "Military Construction: Better Information Sharing Would Improve DOD's Oversight" (GAO-2024-106499), not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, or to report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives explaining why the Secretary has not implemented those recommendations.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

SUBTITLE B—MILITARY HOUSING REFORMS

Sec. 2821 - Improvements to Department of Defense Housing Requirements and Market Analysis

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2811) that would allow Department of Defense housing assessments to consider civilian and contractor needs.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2822).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2822 - Improvements to annual reports on certain waivers for covered military unaccompanied housing

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2821) that would amend section 2856a of title 10, United States Code, by adding elements to be included in future iterations of the barracks waiver reports submitted by the Department of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2823 - Continuation and modification of certain reporting requirements with respect to privatized military housing

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2815) that would preserve ongoing reporting requirements related to privatized military housing.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 7813).

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2824 - Modification of certain requirements with respect to closure of maintenance work orders for privatized military housing

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2813) that would revise section 2891(f)(3) of title 10, United States Code, to require at least three documented contact attempts before closing a maintenance ticket, with tenant notification through multiple channels and final notice to the housing office, if the tenant does not respond.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2825 - Inclusion of additional landlord financial information in certain annual report on privatized military housing

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2814) that would require landlords of privatized military housing to include additional financial information in annual reports, specifically detailing insurance policy terms and remedial payments made to tenants following dispute resolutions.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2825).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2826 - Application of certain authorities and standards to historic military housing and associated historic properties of the Department of Defense

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2849) that would amend title 54, United States Code, to apply certain authorities and standards to historic military housing and associated historic properties of the Department of the Navy and the Department of the Air Force.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

We direct the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force, in consultation with the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate, and the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives, not later than March 1, 2027, on any revisions to the authorities and standards of existing Program Comments of the Army: (1) 'Department of the Army Program Comment for the Preservation of Pre-1919 Historic Army Housing, Associated Buildings and Structures, and Landscape Features' (published on June 13, 2024) (89 Fed. Reg. 50350); (2) 'Department of the Army Program Comment for Inter-War Era Historic Housing, Associated Buildings and Structures, and Landscape Features (1919–1940)' (published on October 13, 2020) (85 Fed. Reg. 64491); and (3) 'Department of the Army Program Comment for Vietnam War Era Historic Housing, Associated Buildings and Structures, and Landscape Features (1963–1975)' (published on May 4, 2023) (88 Fed. Reg. 28573); that were made to provide the Secretary of the Navy and

the Secretary of the Air Force authority and standards for the treatment of military housing under the jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned.

Sec. 2827 - Improvement of administration of military unaccompanied housing

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 7814) that would update guidance to the Secretaries of the military departments to ensure members of the Armed Forces living in military unaccompanied housing are surveyed in a consistent and comparable manner.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2828 - Authority for unaccompanied housing project under pilot authority for use of other transactions for installation or facility prototyping

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2823) that would grant certain permissive authority to the Secretary of Defense to conduct an unaccompanied housing project under section 4022(i) of title 10, United States Code.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2829 - Pilot program for emerging technologies for moisture control and mitigation

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2816) that would establish a pilot program to test and evaluate new mold monitoring and remediation technologies in military family housing.

The Senate bill contained similar provisions (sec. 2824, sec. 7811).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2830 - Standardization of mold remediation guidelines across military departments

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2817) that would require the military departments to adopt uniform mold remediation guidelines.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2831 - Inspections by qualified home inspector of privatized and Government-owned military housing

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2818) that would require annual independent inspections of privatized military housing by qualified home inspectors.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2832 - Plan to improve accuracy, integration, and interoperability of Department of Defense data with respect to real property, infrastructure, and military unaccompanied housing

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2819) that would require the Department of Defense to develop and implement a plan to improve data accuracy, integration, and tracking for real property, infrastructure, and unaccompanied housing across all military departments.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

SUBTITLE C—REAL PROPERTY AND FACILITIES ADMINISTRATION

Sec. 2841 - Modification of requirement with respect to minimum capital investment for facilities sustainment, restoration, and modernization for military departments

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2822) that would allow military departments to count up to 20 percent of military construction funds used for facility recapitalization toward their required investment in facilities sustainment, restoration, and modernization, and updates the definition of covered facilities to exclude those not fully owned or funded through non-appropriated or family housing accounts.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2842 - Authorization for monetary contributions to the conveyees of utility systems for infrastructure improvements

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2847) that would amend section 2688(k) of title 10, United States Code, to

authorize the Department of Defense to pair utilities privatization with the Energy Resilience and Conservation Investment Program.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2825).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2843 - Extension of authority to carry out Department of Defense pilot program for use of cost savings realized

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2823) that would extend the authority for the Department of Defense pilot program on use of cost savings realized from 2025 to 2030.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2844 - Department of Defense intergovernmental support agreements for ordnance disposal

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2824) that would allow the Department of Defense to enter into intergovernmental support agreements for the purpose of ordnance disposal.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2845 - Inclusion of territories in certain intergovernmental support agreements for installation-support services

The House bill contained a provision (Sec. 373) that would expand eligibility for intergovernmental support agreements to include the State of Yap of the Federated States of Micronesia and the Republic of Palau.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2846 - Requirements relating to military installation closures and report on Army organic industrial base sites

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 326) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from taking any action to close, mothball, divest, deactivate, or otherwise render inoperable any facility that is part of the organic industrial base of the Army.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 342).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment to modify section 2687 of title 10, United States Code, to include the actions listed in the Senate provision.

Sec. 2847 - Department of Defense procedures with respect to planning coordination for grid resiliency on military installations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2828) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish internal processes to support coordination with external regulatory and planning entities involved in grid reliability, transmission infrastructure, and long-term energy planning to comply with section 2920 of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2848 - Repeal of construction requirements related to antiterrorism and force protection or urban-training operations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2826) that would repeal section 2859 of title 10, United States Code, relating to antiterrorism and force protection standards for construction.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

We note that many antiterrorism and force protection construction requirements established in section 2859 of title 10, United States Code, have become outdated or redundant with modern Department of Defense (DOD) building standards, contributing to unnecessary cost premiums in military construction projects. The repeal of section 2859 is intended to streamline military construction requirements and reduce costs without compromising safety and security standards for our servicemembers across all DOD facilities. We note that the Department continues to maintain robust antiterrorism, physical security, and building protection measures through DOD directives, installation master planning, and ongoing coordination within the Department, and express strong support for these ongoing efforts.

Sec. 2849 - Repeal of pilot program authorizing overhead cost reimbursements from major range and test facility base users at certain Department of the Air Force installations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2827) that would repeal section 2862 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81).

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2850 – Master plans for Service Academies

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2829) that would require the secretaries concerned to complete an installation master plan for the service academies under their respective jurisdictions.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2851 – Annual report on cost premium for construction of certain facilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2831) that would require an annual report assessing the factors contributing to the cost premium associated with construction of military facilities and recommendations to reduce costs without compromising mission needs.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2852 – Implementation of Comptroller General recommendations relating to critical military housing supply and affordability

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2820B) that would require the Secretary of Defense to implement each recommendation of the Comptroller General of the United States contained in the report dated October 30, 24 2024, and entitled, ''Military Housing: DOD Should Address Critical Supply and Affordability Challenges for Service Members." (GAO–25–106208).

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2853 – Plan for deploying private fifth generation and future generation Open Radio Access Network architecture on Department of Defense military installations

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1616) that would require the Secretaries of the military departments to develop prioritized lists of bases that merit investment in

private fifth-generation (5G) Open Radio Access Networks, pursuant to section 1526 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) and the Department of Defense Private 5G Deployment Strategy, dated October 2024.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

SUBTITLE D—LAND CONVEYANCES

Sec. 2861 - Historical marker commemorating effects of radiation exposure at Holloman Air Force Base and White Sands Missile Range

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2832) that would require the placement of historical markers at Holloman Air Force Base and White Sands Missile Range to commemorate the effects of radiation exposure on communities downwind from the Manhattan Project and the Trinity Site nuclear test.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2862 - Prohibition on development of a golf course at Greenbury Point Conservation Area At Naval Support Activity Annapolis, Maryland

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2848) that would prohibit the use of funds for development of Greenbury Point Conservation Area at Naval Support Activity Annapolis, Maryland.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2863 - Extension of prohibition on joint use of Homestead Air Reserve Base with civil aviation

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2845) that would amend section 2874 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023, Division B of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-253), by striking "September 30, 2028," and inserting "September 30, 2034."

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2864 – Extension of sunset for land conveyance, Sharpe Army Depot, Lathrop, California

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2841) that would amend the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) by striking ''five years'' and inserting ''ten years.''

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2865 – Clarification of land conveyance, Fort Hood, Texas

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2837) that would amend the Ronald W. Reagan National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005 to clarify land conveyance in Fort Hood, Texas.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2866 – Extension of certain military land withdrawals and correction of certain land descriptions

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2832) that would require the Secretary of the Army to submit a report on certain land withdrawals.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment extending the duration of the land withdrawals for 25 years.

Sec. 2867 – Land conveyance, former Curtis Bay Depot, Maryland

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2842) that would authorize the conveyance of the former Curtis Bay Depot.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2868 – Land conveyance, Sigsbee Park Annex, Naval Air Station, Key West, Florida

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2843) that would authorize the Secretary of the Navy to convey some or all right, title and interest of the United States in approximately 19 acres located at Naval Air Station Key West Sigsbee Park area, that are former sites of military family housing.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

SUBTITLE E—MODIFICATIONS TO UNSPECIFIED MINOR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

Sec. 2871 - Modifications to certain congressional notifications for certain military construction projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2851) that would modify the congressional notification requirement for unspecified minor military construction projects by allowing the Secretary concerned to submit a notice within 90 days after obligating funds.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2872 - Modification to dollar threshold for notifications for certain military construction projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2852) that would raise the unspecified minor military construction dollar thresholds for the Laboratory Revitalization Program.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2873 - Transfer of defense laboratory modernization program authority to provision of law with respect to military construction projects for research, test, development, and evaluation

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2855) that would relocate the Defense Laboratory Modernization Program authority from section 2805 of title 10, United States Code, to section 2810 of title 10, United States Code, to better align it with related construction authorities.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2874 - Authority of a Secretary concerned to carry out certain unspecified minor military construction projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2856) that would grant the Secretary of Defense and the Secretaries of the military departments the ability to carry out minor military

construction projects under the authority of section 2815 of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

SUBTITLE F—OTHER MATTERS

Sec. 2881 - Extension of Department of the Army Pilot Program for Development and Use of Online Real Estate Inventory Tool

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2879) that would extend the Department of the Army's pilot program for development and use of an online real estate inventory tool.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2882 - Expansion of exceptions to restriction on development of public infrastructure in connection with realignment of marine corps forces in Asia Pacific region

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2863) that would amend Section 2844(b)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 to expand exceptions to the restriction of development of public infrastructure in connection with the realignment of Marine Corps forces in the Asia Pacific region.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2883 - Joint base facility management of Department of Defense

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2843) that would improve the Department of Defense's facility management of joint bases.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2884 - Designation of official responsible for coordination of defense sites within area of responsibility of Joint Region Marianas

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2869) that would require Joint Region Marianas to designate an official to manage and coordinate policies for defense sites throughout the area of operations.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2885 - Designation of Ronald Reagan Space and Missile Test Range at Kwajalein Atoll

The Senate bill contained a provision (Sec. 2842) that would redesignate the Ronald Reagan Ballistic Missile Defense Test Site at Kwajalein Atoll in the Marshall Islands as the "Ronald Reagan Space and Missile Test Range."

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2886 - Designation of Creech Air Force Base as a remote or isolated installation

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2875) that would require the Secretary of Defense to designate Creech Air Force Base, Indian Springs, Nevada, as a remote or isolated installation.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 625).

The agreement includes the provision.

We note that the term "remote and isolated military installation'' is currently defined as a military installation determined to be remote and isolated pursuant to the criteria set forth in Department of Defense Instructions 1015.10 dated July 6, 2009 and 1015.18 dated May 30, 2024.

Further, we direct the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than February 1, 2026, on the Department's current list of remote and isolated military installations. The briefing shall include:

(1) A current list of all installations designated as remote and isolated by the Department of Defense, including the date and authority of each designation, and identification of any installation whose status derives from congressional direction;

(2) A description of the criteria and methodology used by the Department and the military services to determine remote and isolated status, including how those criteria align with the requirements of Department of Defense Instructions 1015.10 and 1015.18;

(3) An assessment of the extent to which the current list reflects present-day access to essential goods and

services, including medical care, housing, transportation, food availability, and family support infrastructure;

(4) A list of installations that, based on current conditions, the Secretary recommends for removal from the remote and isolated list, including installations originally designated by the Congress, along with any legislative changes required to affect such removals;

(5) An estimate of the fiscal and operational effects associated with adding or removing installations from the list, including implications for morale, welfare, and recreation support, nonappropriated fund and appropriated fund balances, and related quality-of-life programs;

(6) Recommendations for establishing a recurring reassessment process, to occur not less than once every 5 years, to ensure the list remains current and accurately reflects local conditions; and

(7) An update on any ongoing processes within the Department of Defense to update or add to the existing Department of Defense Instructions governing remote and isolated installations.

Sec. 2887 - Pilot program on use of advanced manufacturing construction technologies at military installations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2805) that would establish a pilot program to test additive construction technologies for military construction projects at Army installations and a provision (sec. 2857) that would establish a pilot program for use of additive manufacturing technologies in unspecified minor construction projects.

The Senate bill contained no similar provisions.

The agreement includes the House provisions with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2888 - Pilot program on procurement of utility services for installations of the Department of Defense through areawide contracts

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2846) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a pilot program for the purposes of the military departments to procure utility services from an areawide contract with a public utility provider.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2889 – Consideration of modular construction methods for military construction projects with protective design elements

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2806) that would require the Department of Defense to consider modular construction methods when planning military construction projects with protective design elements.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2890 – Notice relating to contracts or other agreements to establish an enduring location in a foreign country

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2868) that would require that when the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary concerned, or a combatant commander enters into a contract or other agreement to establish an enduring location in a foreign country, the Secretary of Defense shall provide notice to the appropriate congressional committees as to whether such foreign country has committed a gross violation of human rights.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Prohibition on designation of military construction projects as part of military intelligence program

The Senate bill included a provision (sec. 2809) that would prevent the Secretary of Defense from designating any military construction project as being part of the military intelligence program.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that, consistent with longstanding statute and practice, authorization of all military construction projects, including those associated with defense intelligence activities, occurs exclusively in Division B of the National Defense Authorization Act. We reaffirm that military construction authorities and funding decisions are governed by title 10 and the annual authorization of appropriations for military construction, and that such projects should continue to be authorized and executed within this established framework.

Expansion of Defense Community Infrastructure Program to include installations of the Coast Guard

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2810) that would amend section 2391 of title 10, United States Code, to allow the U.S. Coast Guard to compete for funding available through the Defense Community Infrastructure Program.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Use of imitative substitute building materials for preservation of certain units of military housing under jurisdiction of the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2812) that would amend chapter II of chapter 169 of title 10, United States Code, to allow the Department of Defense to use cost-effective, modern materials that mimic original ones for maintaining certain military housing and delay historic preservation requirements until the housing is 100 years old.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that this provision is covered elsewhere in this Act.

Radon testing of military housing owned or controlled by the Federal Government

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2820) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees a report identifying military housing owned or operated by the Federal Government that should be monitored for levels of radon at or above the action level established by the Environmental Protection Agency.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We encourage the military departments to effectively and proactively communicate with families living in government-owned military family housing about their radon-monitoring programs and to ensure that concerned families have identified points of contact to whom they can direct questions.

Annual report on military families on housing waitlists

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2820A) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit to the

congressional defense committees a report that includes data on military families on housing waitlists.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that housing shortages across the continental United States continue to affect servicemembers and their families, resulting in significant variation in waitlist length and housing availability across installations. We also note ongoing Department of Defense efforts to mitigate these challenges, including recent changes to the Joint Travel Regulations increasing access to Temporary Lodging Expense (TLE) and enabling extensions where shortages persist. We will continue to monitor the impact of these efforts.

Accordingly, we direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees not later than June 1, 2026, on installation-specific military family housing waitlists. The briefing shall include:

(1) Installation-specific data on the number of military families on housing waitlists;

(2) The duration of time families spend awaiting appropriate housing;

(3) The types of military families on waitlists and the types of housing they are requesting;

(4) How waitlists vary across military installations, including the impact of ongoing housing shortages;

(5) The factors driving the need for waitlists and delays exceeding ten days, including how TLE policy changes are being used to mitigate those delays; and

(6) Any other information the Secretary determines necessary to convey current military housing conditions.

Treatment of nondisclosure agreements with respect to privatized military housing

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2826) that would amend section 2890(f) of title 10, United States Code, to prohibit a landlord from requesting that a tenant or prospective tenant of a privatized housing unit sign a nondisclosure agreement.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Implementation of Comptroller General recommendations relating to critical military housing supply and affordability

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2827) that would require the Secretary of Defense to implement each recommendation of the Comptroller General of the United States contained in the report dated October 30, 2024, and entitled, ''Military Housing: DOD Should Address Critical Supply and Affordability Challenges for Service Members'' (GAO-25-106208), as those recommendations are modified.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that this is covered elsewhere in this Act.

Review of Unified Facilities Criteria applicable to military construction projects; report

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2830) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a comprehensive review of Unified Facilities Criteria to identify outdated or unnecessarily burdensome standards and recommend revisions to reduce costs and improve efficiency in military construction projects.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense is conducting a comprehensive internal review of the Unified Facilities Criteria, consistent with the goals of the House provision, and we look forward to receiving the results of that review and working with the Department on any future updates needed to improve efficiency and reduce unnecessary cost drivers.

Authorization to acquire through exchange or lease certain land used by the Armed Forces in Hawaii

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2831) that would temporarily authorize the Department of Defense to acquire mission critical military training lands that are currently leased by the military departments from the State of Hawaii. The intent for this provision would be to address the multiple military training ranges across Hawaii that have expiring leases in the near future.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that this agreement does not include language that would authorize the purchase of land associated with or supporting the Pohakuloa Training Area (PTA). We are concerned that the Army may pursue condemnation in 2025 prior to the 2029 land lease deadline in the vicinity of the PTA before it has fully expended the opportunity for negotiation or achieved a

coordinated compensation package within the various agencies of the executive branch. We note that the Army does not have the authority to acquire such lands and that attempting to do so would be contrary to congressional intent. We therefore encourage the Army to fully develop and communicate its plans for PTA to all stakeholders prior to seeking additional legislative authorities. In addition, we encourage the Navy and Air Force to work with all concerned parties to seek an equitable solution prior to their expiring land leases. Additionally, we encourage the Army to continue working with the State of Hawaii and the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives to ensure an appropriate legislative authority aligns with the value of land in Hawaii and meets the training needs of all the Services.

Access to Military Installations for Certain Surviving Gold Star Family Members of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2835) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish procedures by which eligible Surviving Gold Star Family Members of a covered member of the Armed Forces may obtain unescorted access to military installations, including commissary and exchange stores.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Department of Defense report on housing policy in Guam

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2836) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development to submit to Congress a report that identifies the long term economic impacts of Department of Defense housing policy in Guam.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the importance of understanding how Department of Defense housing needs and market dynamics affect local communities, including in Guam. We believe that the housing requirements and market analysis provision adopted elsewhere in this Act, which authorizes broader analyses applicable to Guam, addresses the underlying intent of the House provision.

Report on improving Tribal access to defense infrastructure programs

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2838) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Office of Local Defense Community Cooperation, to submit a report to the congressional defense committees on improving Tribal access to defense infrastructure programs.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Defense Community Infrastructure Program has been an important mechanism by which communities can apply for grants to address defense community infrastructure gaps and provide mutual benefit to the community and the installations they host. We note that under the current statute, tribal communities may be unable to take advantage of this program. We therefore direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives by March 1, 2026, on the potential for including Tribal communities in the Defense Community Infrastructure Program. At a minimum, the briefing shall:

(1) Assess barriers to Tribal participation in the Defense Community Infrastructure Program and related initiatives;

(2) Provide an overview of known infrastructure concerns in defense-adjacent Tribal communities; and,

(3) Recommend legislative or programmatic changes to improve Tribal access, including possible amendments to existing law or the establishment of complementary programs.

Prohibition on the use of single-sex facilities on military installations that do not correspond to the sex of an individual

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2839) that would prohibit individuals from using single-sex facilities on military installations that do not correspond to their sex, except in the cases of emergency medical personnel responding to a medical emergency or law enforcement officers in active pursuit of a suspect, or as part of an active investigation.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Limitation on use of amounts for travel based on compliance with requirements related to minimum capital investment

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 2844) that would prohibit both the service secretary and service chief of a military department from using any funds to travel outside of the continental United States should their respective military

department not be in compliance with section 2680 of title 10, United States Code.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the provision.

Modification of authority for Indo-Pacific posture unspecified minor military construction projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2853) that would increase the funding cap for Indo-Pacific posture unspecified minor military construction projects from $30.0 million to $50.0 million.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the importance of posture-related infrastructure improvements in the Indo-Pacific Region and the criticality of the support and cooperations of allies and partners in the region including Australia. We support these continued efforts; however, we must balance speed with the need for effective oversight over these improvements.

Requirements relating to funds for construction and improvement of commissary store facilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2862) that would amend section 2685 of title 10, United States Code, to clarify the Department's authority to use commissary funds for facility infrastructure.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize the importance of sustained investment in commissary infrastructure and acknowledge the role that surcharge revenues can play in enabling these improvements. We note that the Senate Report accompanying S. 2296 (S. Rept. 119-39) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026 requires the Secretary of Defense to submit a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than January 1, 2026, regarding the use of commissary surcharge funds to support the repair, maintenance, improvement, or modernization of commissary facilities.

Cooperative agreements with respect to management of land and cultural resources located on military installations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2864) that would expand cooperative agreement authority for managing land,

cultural resources, and encroachment on military installations to include the Department of Homeland Security for the Coast Guard when it is not operating as a service in the Navy and update applicable reporting and congressional committee requirements.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Limitation on the use of funds for implementing certain energy efficiency building codes

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2865) that would prohibit funds from being used to implement section 305(a)(3)(D) of the Energy Conservation and Production Act on property owned or leased by the Secretary of Defense or property used for purposes of national defense.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the compliance date for standards under the Clean Energy for New Federal Buildings and Major Renovations of Federal Buildings rule has been delayed until May 1, 2026. Furthermore, we direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than April 1, 2026, on any impacts the final rule will have on Department installations.

Limitation on use of funds to reduce capabilities or staffing of Department of Defense military treatment facilities located inside the United States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2867) that would prohibit the use of any funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 to reduce the mission capabilities or staffing at a military treatment facility until a cost-benefit analysis is submitted to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives and the Comptroller General of the United States.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that another provision in this Act authorizes restrictions on adjustments to the staffing of military treatment facilities.

Report on threat of fiber optic-controlled drones

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2870) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report on the threat of fiber-optic controlled unmanned aircraft systems (UAS).

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the increased role of small UAS on the battlefield and remain interested in the evolution of such technologies, specifically as it relates to survivability and the ability to operate in contested electromagnetic spectrum environments. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives evaluating fiber-optic controlled UAS not later than March 1, 2026. The report shall include an assessment of:

(1) The threat that fiber-optic controlled UAS weapons pose to U.S. military installations, operations, and personnel, and;

(2) Foreign adversaries' use of these systems for the purpose of surveillance and targeting.

Prohibition of use on military installations of social media controlled by foreign adversaries

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2871) that would prohibit any person using a government-owned device from accessing social media controlled by a foreign adversary while on a military installation.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We remain concerned about the security risks posed by applications developed, owned, or controlled by foreign adversaries, particularly those that may access sensitive user data, enable surveillance, or create other vectors for exploitation of Department of Defense (DOD) personnel, networks, or facilities. We believe the DOD must continue to assess emerging applications of concern, strengthen protections for government-owned devices, and ensure that personnel adhere to cybersecurity best practices across military installations.

We note that section 1546 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159) directed the DOD to develop a risk framework for mobile applications that accounts for ownership, origination, or authorship by foreign adversary governments. We also note existing Federal authorities including

the Protecting Americans from Foreign Adversary-Controlled Applications Act (Public Law 118-50) and the government-wide prohibition on the use of TikTok on Federal devices under the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2023 (Public Law 117-328) enable the Executive Branch to restrict or prohibit certain foreign adversary-controlled applications.

The Department of Defense's mobile security policies prohibit unmanaged applications from accessing Department information and authorize the Department's mobility providers to block applications that pose unacceptable cyber or counterintelligence risks. We strongly encourage the Department to make full use of these authorities to identify, restrict, and block high-risk applications.

Study and report on certain investments in critical infrastructure in Hawaii

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2872) that would require the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Energy, Installations, and Environment and the Commander, U.S. Indo-Pacific Command (INDOPACOM), to carry out a joint study to assess the critical infrastructure investments in Hawaii across each military department and submit to the Congress a report with respect to such study.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Energy, Installations, and Environment, in coordination with the Commander, INDOPACOM, to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees not later than June 1, 2026, on the critical infrastructure investments required to support potential conflict-related needs in Hawaii. The briefing shall include:

(1) An identification of existing military and civilian infrastructure in Hawaii deemed critical for potential conflict-related operations;

(2) An assessment of future military infrastructure requirements based on mission growth and evolving threats; and

(3) A prioritized list of military construction projects needed over the next 5 years to support current and future mission needs.

Survey of certain counties for placement of facilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2873) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit to the Congress the results of a survey of certain counties for placement of facilities.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Study and report on defense access roads program of the Department of Defense in the Indo-Pacific region

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2874) that would require the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Energy, Installations, and Environment to carry out a study on the Defense Access Roads Program in the Indo-Pacific region and submit to Congress a report that includes the findings of such study.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Energy, Installations, and Environment to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees not later than June 1, 2026, on the Defense Access Roads Program in the Indo-Pacific region. The briefing shall include:

(1) A list of roads in the Indo-Pacific region approved for inclusion in the Defense Access Roads Program during the past 40 years that remain unconstructed due to funding limitations;

(2) A summary of the current condition of roads funded or approved for funding through the program, including estimated deferred maintenance costs and implications for mission accomplishment;

(3) An analysis of how existing statutory and regulatory authorities limit the Department's ability to support transportation infrastructure maintenance that directly enables military readiness;

(4) An assessment of the potential benefits and cost savings of expanding the program to permit routine road maintenance and repair; and

(5) An assessment of the advisability and suitability of legislative or administrative changes to support such expanded authorities.

Sense of Congress relating the defense community infrastructure program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2876) that would express the sense of Congress relating to the Defense Community Infrastructure Program.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on Interagency Regional Coordinator for Resilience pilot project

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2877) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the status of the implementation of the Interagency Regional Coordinator for Resilience pilot project.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees not later than June 1, 2026, on the status of the implementation of the Interagency Regional Coordinator for Resilience pilot project established under section 2872 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263). The briefing shall include:

(1) For each established Interagency Regional Coordinator, the community selected to support a military installation and the rationale for that selection;

(2) A description of the Coordinator's ongoing work; and

(3) For any Coordinator position required but not yet established, a plan and timeline to stand up the position.

DIVISION C—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY AUTHORIZATIONS AND OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS

TITLE XXXI—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS

SUBTITLE A—NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS AND AUTHORIZATIONS

Sec. 3101 - National Nuclear Security Administration

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3101) that would authorize the appropriation of funds for the activities of the National Nuclear Security Administration.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 3101) that also authorized the funds to be available for carrying out specified plant projects.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 3102 - Defense environmental cleanup

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3102) that would authorize the appropriation of funds for the Department of Energy's defense environmental cleanup activities.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 3102).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 3103 - Other defense activities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3103) that would authorize the appropriation of funds for the Department of Energy's other defense activities.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 3103).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 3104 - Nuclear energy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3104) that would authorize the appropriation of funds for the Department of Energy's nuclear energy activities.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 3104).

The agreement includes this provision.

SUBTITLE B—PROGRAM AUTHORIZATIONS, RESTRICTIONS, AND LIMITATIONS

Sec. 3111 - Organization and codification of provisions of law relating to atomic energy defense activities

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 3111) that would consolidate existing Atomic Energy Defense Act provisions in Title 50 of the United States Code under a new Chapter 552 - Atomic Energy Defense within Title 10.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 3112 - Plutonium pit production capacity

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3111) that would amend section 4219 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2538a) to establish site-specific production targets for plutonium pit production at Los Alamos National Laboratory and the Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility.

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 3112) that would amend section 4219 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2538a) to establish site-specific production targets for plutonium pit production at Los Alamos National Laboratory and the Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, and adjust annual production targets for fiscal years 2021, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2029, and 2032 and beyond.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 3113 - Stockpile responsiveness and rapid capabilities programs of the National Nuclear Security Administration

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3112) that would make technical amendments to the objectives of the Stockpile Responsiveness Program, and establish a Rapid Capabilities Program within the National Nuclear Security Administration.

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 3113) that would repeal the Stockpile Responsiveness Program and establish an Assistant Deputy Administrator for Rapid Capabilities Development and a supporting organization within the National Nuclear Security Administration.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would create an advisory board to the Administrator for Nuclear Security on military and deterrence policy requirements associated with the rapid capabilities program.

Sec. 3114 - Protection of certain nuclear facilities and assets from unmanned aircraft

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 3116) that would amend section 4510 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2661) related to the protection of nuclear facilities from unmanned systems.

The House bill contained no similar provision

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 3115 – Extension of authority for appointment of certain scientific, engineering, and technical personnel

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 3117) that would amend section 4601(c) of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2701) to extend the existing authority for the appointment of certain personnel through September 30, 2036.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 3116 – Notification of cost overruns for certain Department of Energy projects

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 3115) that would amend section 4713 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2753) to adjust the timing of National Nuclear Security Administration notifications to the Congress of program cost overruns to a point prior to a program's or project's entry into Phase 6.3 or Phase 3 of the nuclear weapons lifecycle.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment to require notification at a point prior to a program's or project's entry into Phase 6.4 or Phase 4 of the nuclear weapons lifecycle.

Sec. 3117 – Appropriate scoping of artificial intelligence research within the National Nuclear Security Administration

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 3118) that would amend subtitle B of title XLVIII of the Atomic Energy Defense Act to include a new chapter that outlines the appropriate scoping of artificial intelligence research activities taking place within the National Nuclear Security Administration.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

SUBTITLE C—REPORTS AND OTHER MATTERS

Sec. 3121 – Modification to reporting requirements with respect to nuclear weapons stockpile stewardship, management, and responsiveness plan

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3121) that would require the Stockpile Stewardship, Management, and Responsiveness Plan to be submitted biennially.

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 3124) that would require the Administrator for Nuclear Security to provide a report on both near-term and long-term infrastructure investments necessary to support the mission needs of the nuclear security enterprise.

The Senate bill also contained a provision (sec. 3114) that would require the Chair of the Nuclear Weapons Council to conduct a review of the National Nuclear Security Administration's October 2024 report entitled "Enterprise Blueprint" describing infrastructure needs for the nuclear security enterprise.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require additional information related to the infrastructure needs of the nuclear security enterprise to be included in the Stockpile Stewardship, Management, and Responsiveness Plan. Additionally, we direct the Under Secretary for Acquisition and Sustainment, as Chair of the Nuclear Weapons Council, to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees, not later than June 1, 2026, on the "Enterprise Blueprint." The briefing should include the following elements:

(1) An assessment of the Blueprint's projected future infrastructure to meet anticipated Department of Defense requirements;

(2) An evaluation of feasibility of executing the Enterprise Blueprint over a period of 25 years beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act;

(3) Any recommended modifications to the infrastructure recapitalization plans or future capabilities described in the Enterprise Blueprint necessary to meet future Department of Defense requirements; and

(4) Any other information the Under Secretary determines to be relevant.

Sec. 3122 - Assessment of the National Nuclear Security Administration Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3122) that would direct the Deputy Administrator for Naval Rectors of the National Nuclear Security Administration to carry out an independent assessment of the Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 3123 - Department of Energy report on expansion of other transaction authorities for National Nuclear Security Administration

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3126) that would amend Section 4832 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2812) to authorize the National Nuclear Security Administration to use the authorities currently provided to the Secretary of Defense and the Secretaries of the military departments under section 4022 of title 10.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Energy, acting through the Administrator for Nuclear Security, to submit to the committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a legislative proposal that would provide streamlined other transaction authorities for the National Nuclear Security Administration. In the development of the legislative proposal, we encourage the Secretary to consider other transaction authorities already effectively utilized by other agencies, such as the Department of Defense, as well as any updates to improve utilization wherever feasible and appropriate.

Sec. 3124 - Office of Environmental Management program-wide performance metrics for reducing risk

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 3122) that would require the Secretary of Energy to develop and implement additional program performance metrics to supplement the existing metrics of the Office of Environmental Management's (EM) "EM Program Plan 2022." The provision would further require the Secretary to submit a biennial report to the congressional defense committees describing the outcomes achieved under these program performance metrics.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 3125 - Office of Environmental Management integrated radioactive waste disposal planning and optimization

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 3123) that would require the Secretary of Energy to develop complex-wide analyses identifying optimal disposal pathways and schedules for radioactive waste managed by the Department of Energy's Office of Environmental Management. The Senate provision would further

require the Secretary to submit to the congressional defense committees the results of optimization analyses, the nationwide disposal plan, while creating a forum of state regulators and the required initial activities of the forum not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 3126 - Prohibition relating to reclassification of high-level waste

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3123) that would prohibit the use of fiscal year 2026 funds from being used by the Secretary of Energy to apply the interpretation of high-level radioactive waste described in the notice published by the Secretary titled ''Supplemental Notice Concerning U.S. Department of Energy Interpretation of High-Level Radioactive Waste'' (84 Fed. Reg. 26835), or successor notice, with respect to such waste located in the State of Washington, unless the Secretary provides a 60-day advance waiver to Congress.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to remove the waiver.

Sec. 3127 - National security positions within the Department of Energy

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 3121) that would require positions funded under Office of Management and Budget functional subcategory 053, Atomic Energy Defense Activities, to be considered necessary to meet national security responsibilities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 3128 - Consultation requirement with respect to transfer to private entities of plutonium or plutonium materials; report

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1628) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and the Under Secretary of Energy for Nuclear Security to jointly submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the dismantlement of legacy nuclear weapons.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Energy to consult with the Secretary of Defense on an ongoing basis regarding any plans of the Secretary, and prior to any decision, related to the transfer of any plutonium or plutonium materials from federal stockpiles or storage to a private entity; and require the Secretary of Energy to provide Congress with a written report on material to be transferred and a certification that such transfer does not negatively impact the needs of the nuclear weapons stockpile, including the needs related to stockpile stewardship.

We also direct the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and the Under Secretary of Energy for Nuclear Security to jointly brief the congressional defense committees, not later than September 30, 2026, on the dismantlement of legacy nuclear weapons. At a minimum, such brief should address:

(1) A description of current plans with respect to dismantlement rates and nuclear weapon types scheduled for dismantlement;

(2) An identification of materials planned to be recovered through dismantlement of legacy nuclear weapons;

(3) A summary of the reuse potential of such materials;

(4) An assessment of defense needs with respect to recovered materials, including nuclear materials;

(5) A description of any recoverable materials excess to defense needs; and

(6) A plan for the disposition intended for any plutonium previously declared excess to defense needs, including an assessment of whether any such plutonium should be retained for future defense needs.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Plan to modernize nuclear security enterprise

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3125) that would require, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Administrator for Nuclear Security shall develop a plan to modernize nuclear security enterprise.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 3125).

The agreement does not include either provision.

We direct the Administrator for Nuclear Security to, not later than May 1, 2026, brief the congressional defense committees on a plan for the National Nuclear Security Administration to accelerate and modernize material staging

capabilities at the Pantex Plant to replace aged, over-subscribed facilities, including a description of all phases and an estimate of the costs required to carry out such plan concurrently with an infrastructure modernization program for high explosives capabilities, including continued construction of the High Explosives Synthesis Formulation and Production facility (21-D-510).

Sense of Congress on ground-based leg of nuclear triad

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 8111) that would express the sense of Congress supporting the modernization of the ground-based leg of the United States nuclear triad.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We believe that the modernization of the ground-based leg of the nuclear triad of the United States is vital to the security of the Homeland and a core component of the Homeland defense mission; extending the lifecycle of the current Minuteman III system is both costly and an unsustainable long-term option for maintaining a ready and capable ground-based leg of the nuclear triad; the Nunn-McCurdy breach by the Sentinel program to modernize the ground-based leg of the nuclear triad should be addressed in a way that balances the national security need with fiscally responsible modifications to the program that prevent future unanticipated cost overruns; the breach does not alter the fundamental national security need for the modernization program; and the modernization program should remain funded and active until a suitable and effective replacement is provided.

TITLE XXXII—DEFENSE NUCLEAR FACILITIES SAFETY BOARD

Sec. 3201 - Authorization

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3201) that would authorize the appropriation of funds for the Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board.

The Senate bill contained an identical provision (sec. 3201).

The agreement includes this provision.

TITLE XXXIV—NAVAL PETROLEUM RESERVES

Sec. 3401 - Authorization of appropriations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3401) that would authorize $13.0 million for fiscal year 2026 for operation and maintenance of the Naval Petroleum Reserves.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

TITLE XXXV—MARITIME ADMINISTRATION

Sec. 3501 - Authorization of appropriations for Maritime Administration

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3501) that would authorize appropriations for the Maritime Administration.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Clarification regarding use of port infrastructure development program funds to replace Chinese port crane hardware or software

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3511) that would amend section 54301 of title 46, United States Code, to clarify that projects to remove port crane hardware or software from the People's Republic of China are eligible for grants under the Port Infrastructure Development Program.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Clarification of certain authorities relating to deepwater ports

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3512) that would amend several sections in chapter 29 of title 33, United States Code, to make the Department of Transportation the lead agency under the Deepwater Ports Act for compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969. It would also allow the Secretary of Transportation to issue regulations for such purposes and provisions.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Eligibility of shore power projects under port infrastructure development program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3513) that would extend the eligibility of cruise vessels for grants to fund shore power projects under the Port Infrastructure Development Program through fiscal year 2026.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on use of commercial contracting agent for crewing and operation of military sealift command vessels

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3521) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to provide a report to the congressional defense committees on the potential use of contracted commercial mariners for the operation of vessels for Military Sealift Command.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

United States Merchant Marine Academy campus modernization plan

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3531) that would require the Secretary of Transportation to develop and implement a campus modernization plan for the United States Merchant Marine Academy.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize the essential role of the United States Merchant Marine Academy in developing licensed merchant mariners and commissioned officers and the need for modernization to ensure a safe, functional, and mission-ready campus. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Transportation, acting through the Administrator of the Maritime Administration, to submit a report to the congressional defense committees not later than June 1, 2026, on the Department's plans to advance campus modernization at the Academy. The report shall include:

(1) A description of planned construction of new facilities or significant renovation of existing facilities, including:

(a) Standards of Training, Certification, and Watchkeeping laboratories;

(b) a safety-of-life-at-sea training pool;

(c) engineering power plant laboratories;

(d) athletic facilities that meet the needs of both male and female midshipmen;

(e) enhanced waterfront facilities, including a new pier;

(f) a visitor welcome center and main campus security office building;

(g) housing facilities for senior staff and faculty; and

(h) sufficient parking facilities for faculty, staff, and campus visitors.

(2) A description of upgrades to all classrooms and laboratories with modern information-technology infrastructure;

(3) A campus-wide plan for upgrades and retrofits, including:

(a) the electric distribution power grid;

(b) the sanitary sewer piping system;

(c) the storm-drainage system; and

(d) the drinking-water system, including development of a separate and redundant fire-suppression system.

(4) Planned renovations to ensure all campus facilities:

(a) are structurally sound;

(b) have reliable heating and air-conditioning systems;

(c) have functioning plumbing and electrical systems;

(d) are fully protected from the elements through roof replacements and window repairs or replacements, as needed;

(e) are accessible in accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990; and

(f) have working fire-alarm and fire-suppression systems; and

(5) A description of efforts to utilize a Federal construction agent to support and execute modernization activities.

Cargoes procured, furnished, or financed by United States Government

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3532) that would amend section 55305 of title 46, United States Code, to make changes to cargo preference requirements for cargoes procured, financed, or otherwise obtained for the Department of Transportation. The Secretary of Transportation or the recipient of such financing would be required to take necessary and practicable steps to ensure that 100 percent of the gross tonnage of that cargo is transported on privately-owned vessels of the United States.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Treatment of the University of Louisiana Maritime Academy as a State maritime academy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3533) that would allow the University of Louisiana Maritime Academy to be provisionally treated as a State Maritime Academy under chapter 515 of title 46, United States Code.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

DIVISION D—FUNDING TABLES

Sec. 4001 - Authorization of amounts in funding tables

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 4001) that would provide for the allocation of funds among programs, projects, and activities in accordance with the tables in division D of this Act, subject to reprogramming guidance in accordance with established procedures.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 4001).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

SUMMARY OF NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2026

(In Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 2026 Request	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
National Defense Funding, Base Budget Request			
Function 051, Department of Defense-Military			
Division A: Department of Defense Authorizations			
Title I—Procurement			
Aircraft Procurement, Army	3,045,199	108,000	3,153,199
Missile Procurement, Army	6,948,889	2,104,620	9,053,509
Weapons & Tracked Combat Vehicles, Army	2,886,534	12,000	2,898,534
Procurement of Ammunition, Army	3,734,235	247,000	3,981,235
Other Procurement, Army	9,605,566	–187,000	9,418,566
Aircraft Procurement, Navy	17,028,101	–23,700	17,004,401
Weapons Procurement, Navy	5,597,300	218,800	5,816,100
Procurement of Ammunition, Navy & Marine Corps	1,135,030	–7,600	1,127,430
Shipbuilding & Conversion, Navy	20,840,224	5,133,495	25,973,719
Other Procurement, Navy	14,569,524	–674,512	13,895,012
Procurement, Marine Corps	3,754,112	64,633	3,818,745
Aircraft Procurement, Air Force	17,729,963	354,269	18,084,232
Missile Procurement, Air Force	4,223,876	366,900	4,590,776
Procurement of Ammunition, Air Force	784,478	–18,900	765,578
Other Procurement, Air Force	31,504,644	42,500	31,547,144
Procurement, Space Force	3,393,637		3,393,637
Procurement, Defense-Wide	6,048,863	1,136,564	7,185,427
Subtotal, Title I—Procurement	**152,830,175**	**8,877,069**	**161,707,244**
Title II—Research, Development, Test and Evaluation			
Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Army	14,549,223	187,570	14,736,793
Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Navy	25,708,049	24,597	25,732,646
Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Air Force	52,017,288	1,971,701	53,988,989
Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Space Force	15,486,466	1,129,389	16,615,855
Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide	33,921,939	384,250	34,306,189
Operational Test & Evaluation, Defense	318,143		318,143
Subtotal, Title II—Research, Development, Test and Evaluation	**142,001,108**	**3,697,507**	**145,698,615**
Title III—Operation and Maintenance			
Operation & Maintenance, Army	58,975,065	–737,654	58,237,411
Operation & Maintenance, Army Reserve	3,314,178	–10,222	3,303,956
Operation & Maintenance, Army National Guard	8,673,981	–246,699	8,427,282
Counter-ISIS Train and Equip Fund	357,516		357,516
Operation & Maintenance, Navy	74,080,120	–219,211	73,860,909
Operation & Maintenance, Marine Corps	11,004,201	–53,416	10,950,785
Operation & Maintenance, Navy Reserve	1,442,054	–19,763	1,422,291
Operation & Maintenance, Marine Corps Reserve	362,045	–12,267	349,778
Operation & Maintenance, Air Force	62,429,535	–619,389	61,810,146
Operation & Maintenance, Space Force	5,888,163	–218,077	5,670,086

SUMMARY OF NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2026—Continued

(In Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 2026 Request	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Operation & Maintenance, Air Force Reserve	4,322,617	–224,891	4,097,726
Operation & Maintenance, Air National Guard	7,332,599	–861	7,331,738
Operation & Maintenance, Defense-Wide	55,935,718	–1,756,171	54,179,547
United States Court of Appeals for the Armed Forces	21,243		21,243
DOD Acquisition Workforce Development Fund	45,346		45,346
Overseas Humanitarian, Disaster, and Civic Aid	100,793	2,653	103,446
Cooperative Threat Reduction Account	282,830		282,830
Environmental Restoration, Army	148,070		148,070
Environmental Restoration, Navy	357,949		357,949
Environmental Restoration, Air Force	342,149		342,149
Environmental Restoration, Defense	8,885		8,885
Environmental Restoration, Formerly Used Sites	235,156		235,156
Subtotal, Title III—Operation and Maintenance	**295,660,213**	**–4,115,968**	**291,544,245**
Title IV—Military Personnel			
Military Personnel Appropriations	181,803,137	–1,498,610	180,304,527
Medicare-Eligible Retiree Health Fund Contributions	12,850,165		12,850,165
Subtotal, Title IV—Military Personnel	**194,653,302**	**–1,498,610**	**193,154,692**
Title XIV—Other Authorizations			
Working Capital Fund, Army	20,589		20,589
Working Capital Fund, Navy	381,600		381,600
Working Capital Fund, Air Force	90,262		90,262
National Defense Stockpile Transaction Fund	5,700		5,700
Working Capital Fund, Defense-Wide	11,969	–400,000	–388,031
Working Capital Fund, DECA	1,527,817		1,527,817
National Defense Sealift Fund	0		0
Chemical Agents & Munitions Destruction	213,282		213,282
Drug Interdiction and Counter Drug Activities	904,301	100,000	1,004,301
Office of the Inspector General	502,599	15,000	517,599
Defense Health Program	40,502,123	29,000	40,531,123
Subtotal, Title XIV—Other Authorizations	**44,160,242**	**–256,000**	**43,904,242**
Total, Division A: Department of Defense Authorizations	**829,305,040**	**6,703,998**	**836,009,038**
Division B: Military Construction Authorizations			
Military Construction			
Army	2,173,959	–101,300	2,072,659
Navy	6,012,677	759,788	6,772,465
Air Force	3,721,473	–326,700	3,394,773
Defense-Wide	3,792,301	–816,181	2,976,120
Army National Guard	151,880	278,350	430,230
Army Reserve	42,239	165,000	207,239
Navy and Marine Corps Reserve	2,255	50,000	52,255
Air National Guard	188,646	622,100	810,746
Air Force Reserve	60,458	63,200	123,658
NATO Security Investment Program	481,832	50,000	531,832
NATO Security Investment Program	0	150,000	150,000

SUMMARY OF NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2026—Continued

(In Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 2026 Request	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Subtotal, Military Construction	**16,627,720**	**894,257**	**17,521,977**
Family Housing			
Construction, Army	228,558	–100,000	128,558
Operation & Maintenance, Army	378,418		378,418
Construction, Navy and Marine Corps	177,597		177,597
Operation & Maintenance, Navy and Marine Corps	374,108		374,108
Construction, Air Force	274,230		274,230
Operation & Maintenance, Air Force	359,765		359,765
Operation & Maintenance, Defense-Wide	53,374		53,374
Family Housing Improvement Fund	8,315		8,315
Unaccompanied Housing Improvement Fund	497		497
Subtotal, Family Housing	**1,854,862**	**–100,000**	**1,754,862**
Base Realignment and Closure			
Base Realignment and Closure—Army	171,870		171,870
Base Realignment and Closure—Navy	112,791	50,000	162,791
Base Realignment and Closure—Air Force	124,196		124,196
Base Realignment and Closure—Defense-wide	1,304		1,304
Subtotal, Base Realignment and Closure	**410,161**	**50,000**	**460,161**
Total, Division B: Military Construction Authorizations	**18,892,743**	**844,257**	**19,737,000**
Total, 051, Department of Defense-Military	**848,197,783**	**7,548,255**	**855,746,038**
Division C: Department of Energy National Security Authorization and Other Authorizations			
Function 053, Atomic Energy Defense Activities			
Environmental and Other Defense Activities			
Nuclear Energy	160,000		160,000
Defense Uranium Enrichment D&D	278,000	–278,000	0
Weapons Activities	20,074,400	954,345	21,028,745
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation	2,284,600		2,284,600
Naval Reactors	2,346,000	–245,000	2,101,000
Federal Salaries and Expenses	555,000		555,000
Defense Environmental Cleanup	6,956,000		6,956,000
Other Defense Activities	1,182,000		1,182,000
Subtotal, Environmental and Other Defense Activities	**33,836,000**	**431,345**	**34,267,345**
Independent Federal Agency Authorization			
Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board	45,000		45,000
Subtotal, Independent Federal Agency Authorization	**45,000**	**0**	**45,000**
Subtotal, 053, Atomic Energy Defense Activities	**33,881,000**	**431,345**	**34,312,345**
Function 054, Defense-Related Activities			

SUMMARY OF NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2026—Continued

(In Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 2026 Request	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Other Agency Authorizations			
Maritime Security Program	372,000	18,000	390,000
Tanker Security Program	120,000	2,400	122,400
Subtotal, Other Agency Authorizations	**492,000**	**20,400**	**512,400**
Subtotal, 054, Defense-Related Activities	**492,000**	**20,400**	**512,400**
Subtotal, Division C: Department of Energy National Security Authorization and Other Authorizations	**34,373,000**	**451,745**	**34,824,745**
Total, National Defense	**882,570,783**	**8,000,000**	**890,570,783**
MEMORANDUM: NON-DEFENSE AUTHORIZATIONS	**1,080,000**	**145,500**	**1,225,500**
Title XIV—Armed Forces Retirement Home (Function 700)	77,000		77,000
Title XXXIV—Naval Petroleum and Oil Shale Reserves (Function 270)	13,000		13,000
Title XXXV—Maritime Administration (Function 400)	990,000	145,500	1,135,500
MEMORANDUM: TRANSFER AUTHORITIES (NON-ADD)			
Title X—General Transfer Authority	[10,000,000]	[–4,000,000]	[6,000,000]
MEMORANDUM: DEFENSE AUTHORIZATIONS NOT UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF THE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE (NON-ADD)			
Defense Production Act	236,923		236,923

NATIONAL DEFENSE BUDGET AUTHORITY IMPLICATION

(In Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 2026 Request	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Summary, Discretionary Authorizations Within the Jurisdiction of the Armed Services Committee			
SUBTOTAL, DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE (051)	**848,197,783**	**7,548,255**	**855,746,038**
SUBTOTAL, ATOMIC ENERGY DEFENSE PROGRAMS (053)	**33,881,000**	**431,345**	**34,312,345**
SUBTOTAL, DEFENSE-RELATED ACTIVITIES (054)	**492,000**	**20,400**	**512,400**
TOTAL, NATIONAL DEFENSE	**882,570,783**	**8,000,000**	**890,570,783**
Scoring adjustments			
Transfers to non-Defense budget functions (051)	–180,000		–180,000
Proposed cancellations (054)	–92,000		–92,000
Subtotal, Scoring Adjustments	**–272,000**		**–272,000**
National Defense Discretionary Programs not In the Jurisdiction of the Armed Services Committee or Do Not Require Additional Authorization			
Defense Production Act Purchases	236,923		236,923
Indefinite Account: Disposal of DOD Real Property	6,902		6,902
Indefinite Account: Lease of DOD Real Property	33,392		33,392
Subtotal, Budget Sub-Function 051	**277,217**		**277,217**
Corps of Engineers—Civil Works, Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program	200,000		200,000
Subtotal, Budget Sub-Function 053	**200,000**		**200,000**
Other Discretionary Programs	9,817,000		9,817,000
Subtotal, Budget Sub-Function 054	**9,817,000**		**9,817,000**
Total Defense Discretionary Adjustments (050)	**10,022,217**		**10,022,217**
Budget Authority Implication, National Defense Discretionary			
Department of Defense--Military (051)	848,295,000	7,548,255	855,843,255
Atomic Energy Defense Activities (053)	34,081,000	431,345	34,512,345
Defense-Related Activities (054)	10,217,000	20,400	10,237,400
Total BA Implication, National Defense Discretionary	**892,593,000**	**8,000,000**	**900,593,000**
National Defense Mandatory Programs, Current Law (CBO Baseline)			
Reconciliation funding available under P.L 119–21 (estimated outlays)	37,973,000		37,973,000
Concurrent receipt accrual payments to the Military Retirement Fund	25,443,000		25,443,000
Revolving, trust and other DOD Mandatory	1,878,000		1,878,000
Offsetting receipts	–1,789,000		–1,789,000
Subtotal, Budget Sub-Function 051	**63,505,000**		**63,505,000**
Reconciliation funding available under P.L. 119–21 (estimated outlays)	3,885,000		3,885,000
Energy employees occupational illness compensation programs	3,348,000		3,348,000
CDC-Wide Activities and Program Support	59,000		59,000
Subtotal, Budget Sub-Function 053	**7,292,000**		**7,292,000**
Payment to CIA retirement fund	514,000		514,000
Subtotal, Budget Sub-Function 054	**514,000**		**514,000**

NATIONAL DEFENSE BUDGET AUTHORITY IMPLICATION—Continued

(In Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 2026 Request	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Total National Defense Mandatory (050)	**71,311,000**		**71,311,000**
Budget Authority Implication, National Defense Discretionary and Mandatory			
Department of Defense--Military (051)	911,800,000	7,548,255	919,348,255
Atomic Energy Defense Activities (053)	41,373,000	431,345	41,804,345
Defense-Related Activities (054)	10,731,000	20,400	10,751,400
Total BA Implication, National Defense Discretionary and Mandatory	**963,904,000**	**8,000,000**	**971,904,000**

TITLE XLI—PROCUREMENT

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT.

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Item	FY 2026 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
	AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, ARMY										
	FIXED WING										
006	HADES PLATFORM, PAYLOADS/PED, AND INTEGRATION		26,850		26,850		26,850				26,850
	ROTARY										
009	AH–64 APACHE BLOCK IIIA REMAN		1,669	3	91,669		1,669	3	90,000	3	91,669
	3 additional aircraft			[3]	[90,000]			[3]	[90,000]		
013	UH–60 BLACKHAWK M MODEL (MYP)	24	732,060	24	732,060	24	732,060			24	732,060
017	CH–47 HELICOPTER	11	618,798	11	618,798	11	618,798			11	618,798
018	CH–47 HELICOPTER AP		61,421		61,421		61,421				61,421
	MODIFICATION OF AIRCRAFT										
027	AH–64 MODS		125,236		125,236		125,236				125,236
028	SCALABLE CONTROL INTERFACE (SCI)		1,257		1,257		1,257				1,257
029	CH–47 CARGO HELICOPTER MODS (MYP)		17,709		17,709		17,709				17,709
034	UTILITY HELICOPTER MODS		33,659		33,659		33,659				33,659
036	NETWORK AND MISSION PLAN		40,472		40,472		40,472				40,472
037	COMMS, NAV SURVEILLANCE		11,566		11,566		11,566				11,566
039	AVIATION ASSURED PNT		49,475		49,475		49,475				49,475
040	GATM ROLLUP		4,651		4,651		4,651				4,651
	GROUND SUPPORT AVIONICS										
045	AIRCRAFT SURVIVABILITY EQUIPMENT		129,167		129,167		129,167				129,167
047	CMWS		38,419		38,419		38,419				38,419
048	COMMON INFRARED COUNTERMEASURES (CIRCM)	84	225,647	84	215,647	84	225,647			84	225,647
	Prorgam decrease				[–10,000]						
	OTHER SUPPORT										
050	COMMON GROUND EQUIPMENT		29,489		29,489		29,489				29,489
052	AIRCREW INTEGRATED SYSTEMS		14,986		14,986		14,986				14,986

053	AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL		24,213		24,213		24,213			24,213
054	LAUNCHER, 2.75 ROCKET		1,611		1,611		1,611			1,611
	AGILE PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT									
057	SMALL UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS		726,034		744,034		741,034		18,000	744,034
	Flammable Solids UAS Applications						[15,000]			
	FPV/PBAS Systems				[18,000]				[18,000]	
058	FUTURE UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS (UAS) FAMILY		118,459		118,459		118,459			118,459
059	GRAY EAGLE MODIFICATIONS		12,351		12,351		12,351			12,351
	TOTAL AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, ARMY	**119**	**3,045,199**	**122**	**3,143,199**	**119**	**3,060,199**	**3**	**108,000**	**122**	**3,153,199**
	MISSILE PROCUREMENT, ARMY									
	SURFACE-TO-AIR MISSILE SYSTEM									
002	LOWER TIER AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE (AMD) SEN		637,473		637,473		1,250,473			637,473
	Procure additional 4x LTAMDS—misaligned budget request.						[613,000]			
004	M-SHORAD—PROCUREMENT	44	679,114	44	679,114	44	679,114			44	679,114
006	MSE MISSILE	233	945,905	233	945,905	233	1,485,525		1,739,620	233	2,685,525
	PAC–3 MSE missile recerts—misaligned budget request.						[366,000]		[366,000]		
	Patriot Mods: AMMPS/DEX						[173,620]		[173,620]		
	Program increase								[1,200,000]		
009	PRECISION STRIKE MISSILE (PRSM)	45	160,846	45	160,846	45	480,946	254	320,000	299	480,846
	Max PrSM Inc 1 procurement (+254 missiles)—misaligned budget request.						[320,100]	[254]	[320,000]		
011	INDIRECT FIRE PROTECTION CAPABILITY INC 2–I		830,579		820,579		1,018,579		–10,000		820,579
	IFPC Inc 2 AIM 9X missile production to 432x AUR—misaligned budget request.						[188,000]				
	Program decrease				[–10,000]				[–10,000]		
012	MID-RANGE CAPABILITY (MRC)		82,407		82,407		179,407		55,000		137,407
	Hypersonics Rocket Motor Cost Reduction Initiative						[42,000]				
	Maritime Strike Tomahawk (MST) (USA, USN)						[55,000]		[55,000]		
	AIR-TO-SURFACE MISSILE SYSTEM									
015	JOINT AIR-TO-GROUND MSLS (JAGM)	178	84,667	178	84,667	178	84,667			178	84,667
017	LONG-RANGE HYPERSONIC WEAPON		353,415		353,415		353,415				353,415
	ANTI-TANK/ASSAULT MISSILE SYS									
018	JAVELIN (AAWS-M) SYSTEM SUMMARY	649	329,205	649	329,205	649	329,205			649	329,205
019	TOW 2 SYSTEM SUMMARY		11,731		11,731		11,731				11,731
020	GUIDED MLRS ROCKET (GMLRS)		1,125,071		1,125,071		1,125,071				1,125,071
021	GUIDED MLRS ROCKET (GMLRS) AP		43,156		43,156		43,156				43,156
022	MLRS REDUCED RANGE PRACTICE ROCKETS (RRPR)	4,002	32,339	4,002	32,339	4,002	32,339			4,002	32,339

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Item	FY 2026 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
023	HIGH MOBILITY ARTILLERY ROCKET SYSTEM (HIMARS	6	61,503	6	61,503	6	61,503			6	61,503
	MODIFICATIONS										
029	PATRIOT MODS		757,800		757,800		757,800				757,800
032	STINGER MODS		428,935		428,935		450,935				428,935
	Qualification of Stinger additional SRMs						[22,000]				
035	MLRS MODS		243,470		243,470		243,470				243,470
036	HIMARS MODIFICATIONS		54,005		54,005		54,005				54,005
	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS										
038	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS		6,651		6,651		6,651				6,651
	SUPPORT EQUIPMENT & FACILITIES										
040	AIR DEFENSE TARGETS		12,801		12,801		12,801				12,801
	AGILE PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT										
044	LAUNCHED EFFECTS FAMILY		67,816		67,816		67,816				67,816
	TOTAL MISSILE PROCUREMENT, ARMY	**5,157**	**6,948,889**	**5,157**	**6,938,889**	**5,157**	**8,728,609**	**254**	**2,104,620**	**5,411**	**9,053,509**
	PROCUREMENT OF WEAPONS AND TRACKED COMBAT VEHICLES, ARMY										
	TRACKED COMBAT VEHICLES										
002	ARMORED MULTI PURPOSE VEHICLE (AMPV)	86	554,678	86	554,678	86	554,678			86	554,678
004	ASSAULT BREACHER VEHICLE (ABV)		4,079		4,079		4,079				4,079
005	M10 BOOKER		64,919		64,919		64,919				64,919
	MODIFICATION OF TRACKED COMBAT VEHICLES										
008	STRYKER UPGRADE		135,816		135,816		135,816				135,816
009	BRADLEY FIRE SUPPORT TEAM (BFIST) VEHICLE		4,684		4,684		4,684				4,684
010	BRADLEY PROGRAM (MOD)		157,183		157,183		157,183				157,183
011	M109 FOV MODIFICATIONS		82,537		82,537		82,537				82,537
012	PALADIN INTEGRATED MANAGEMENT (PIM)	10	250,238	10	250,238	10	250,238			10	250,238
013	IMPROVED RECOVERY VEHICLE (M88 HERCULES)	8	155,540	8	155,540	8	155,540			8	155,540
017	JOINT ASSAULT BRIDGE	21	132,637	21	132,637	21	132,637			21	132,637
019	ABRAMS UPGRADE PROGRAM	30	740,528	30	752,528	30	740,528		12,000	30	752,528
	Cart recapitalization				[12,000]				[12,000]		
021	VEHICLE PROTECTION SYSTEMS (VPS)		107,833		107,833		107,833				107,833
	WEAPONS & OTHER COMBAT VEHICLES										

024	PERSONAL DEFENSE WEAPON (ROLL)		1,002		1,002		1,002				1,002
025	M240 MEDIUM MACHINE GUN (7.62MM)		5		5		5				5
027	MACHINE GUN, CAL .50 M2 ROLL		4		4		4				4
028	MORTAR SYSTEMS		5,807		5,807		5,807				5,807
029	LOCATION & AZIMUTH DETERMINATION SYSTEM (LADS		9,477		9,477		9,477				9,477
031	PRECISION SNIPER RIFLE		1,853		1,853		1,853				1,853
034	NEXT GENERATION SQUAD WEAPON		365,155		365,155		365,155				365,155
036	HANDGUN		7		7		7				7
	MOD OF WEAPONS AND OTHER COMBAT VEH										
038	M777 MODS		2,429		2,429		2,429				2,429
042	SNIPER RIFLES MODIFICATIONS		19		19		19				19
043	M119 MODIFICATIONS		4,642		4,642		4,642				4,642
	SUPPORT EQUIPMENT & FACILITIES										
046	ITEMS LESS THAN $5.0M (WOCV-WTCV)		469		469		19,469				469
	Procurement of six additional Robotic Combat Vehicles (RCVs).						[19,000]				
047	PRODUCTION BASE SUPPORT (WOCV-WTCV)		104,993		104,993		104,993				104,993
	TOTAL PROCUREMENT OF WEAPONS AND TRACKED COMBAT VEHICLES, ARMY.	**155**	**2,886,534**	**155**	**2,898,534**	**155**	**2,905,534**	**12,000**	**155**		**2,898,534**
	PROCUREMENT OF AMMUNITION, ARMY										
	SMALL/MEDIUM CAL AMMUNITION										
001	CTG, 5.56MM, ALL TYPES		128,283		128,283		128,283				128,283
002	CTG, 7.62MM, ALL TYPES		62,157		62,157		62,157				62,157
003	NEXT GENERATION SQUAD WEAPON AMMUNITION		426,177		426,177		426,177				426,177
004	CTG, HANDGUN, ALL TYPES		7,750		7,750		7,750				7,750
005	CTG, .50 CAL, ALL TYPES		78,199		98,199		78,199				78,199
	Program increase				[20,000]						
006	CTG, 20MM, ALL TYPES		25,773		25,773		25,773				25,773
007	CTG, 25MM, ALL TYPES		22,324		22,324		22,324				22,324
008	CTG, 30MM, ALL TYPES		100,392		100,392		100,392				100,392
009	CTG, 40MM, ALL TYPES		131,432		131,432		131,432				131,432
011	CTG, 50MM, ALL TYPES		42,131		42,131		42,131				42,131
	MORTAR AMMUNITION										
012	60MM MORTAR, ALL TYPES		38,114		38,114		38,114				38,114
013	81MM MORTAR, ALL TYPES		41,786		41,786		41,786				41,786
014	120MM MORTAR, ALL TYPES		123,144		123,144		123,144				123,144
	TANK AMMUNITION										
015	CARTRIDGES, TANK, 105MM AND 120MM, ALL TYPES		440,152		440,152		440,152				440,152
	ARTILLERY AMMUNITION										

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Item	FY 2026 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
016	ARTILLERY CARTRIDGES, 75MM & 105MM, ALL TYPES		80,780		80,780		80,780				80,780
017	ARTILLERY PROJECTILE, 155MM, ALL TYPES		218,877		218,877		218,877				218,877
019	PRECISION ARTILLERY MUNITIONS		28,995		28,995		28,995				28,995
020	ARTILLERY PROPELLANTS, FUZES AND PRIMERS, ALL		168,737		168,737		168,737				168,737
	MINES										
021	MINES & CLEARING CHARGES, ALL TYPES		42,748		42,748		42,748				42,748
022	CLOSE TERRAIN SHAPING OBSTACLE		7,860		7,860		7,860				7,860
	ROCKETS										
024	SHOULDER LAUNCHED MUNITIONS, ALL TYPES		46,089		46,089		46,089				46,089
025	ROCKET, HYDRA 70, ALL TYPES		34,836		34,836		34,836				34,836
	OTHER AMMUNITION										
026	CAD/PAD, ALL TYPES		12,543		12,543		12,543				12,543
027	DEMOLITION MUNITIONS, ALL TYPES		21,409		21,409		21,409				21,409
028	GRENADES, ALL TYPES		56,530		53,530		56,530		–3,000		53,530
	Program decrease				[–3,000]				[–3,000]		
029	SIGNALS, ALL TYPES		36,846		36,846		36,846				36,846
030	SIMULATORS, ALL TYPES		10,821		10,821		10,821				10,821
	MISCELLANEOUS										
032	AMMO COMPONENTS, ALL TYPES		4,084		4,084		4,084				4,084
034	ITEMS LESS THAN $5 MILLION (AMMO)		16,799		16,799		16,799				16,799
035	AMMUNITION PECULIAR EQUIPMENT		16,219		16,219		16,219				16,219
036	FIRST DESTINATION TRANSPORTATION (AMMO)		18,600		18,600		18,600				18,600
037	CLOSEOUT LIABILITIES		102		102		102				102
	PRODUCTION BASE SUPPORT										
040	INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES		1,084,611		1,084,611		1,334,611		250,000		1,334,611
	Modernization of organic industrial base						[250,000]		[250,000]		
041	CONVENTIONAL MUNITIONS DEMILITARIZATION		155,050		155,050		155,050				155,050
042	ARMS INITIATIVE		3,885		3,885		3,885				3,885
	TOTAL PROCUREMENT OF AMMUNITION, ARMY		**3,734,235**		**3,751,235**		**3,984,235**		**247,000**		**3,981,235**
	OTHER PROCUREMENT, ARMY										
	TACTICAL VEHICLES										
002	FAMILY OF SEMITRAILERS		132,793		132,793		132,793				132,793

006	GROUND MOBILITY VEHICLES (GMV)	308,620	308,620	342,620		308,620
	Infantry Squad Vehicle Procurement			[34,000]		
009	JOINT LIGHT TACTICAL VEHICLE FAMILY OF VEHICL	45,840	45,840	45,840		45,840
010	TRUCK, DUMP, 20T (CCE)	17,000	32,000	30,506	15,000	32,000
	Heavy Dump Trucks			[13,506]		
	Program increase		[15,000]		[15,000]	
011	FAMILY OF MEDIUM TACTICAL VEH (FMTV)	85,490	85,490	85,490		85,490
012	FAMILY OF COLD WEATHER ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLE (C	38,001	38,001	38,001		38,001
013	FIRETRUCKS & ASSOCIATED FIREFIGHTING EQUIP	39,761	39,761	39,761		39,761
014	FAMILY OF HEAVY TACTICAL VEHICLES (FHTV)	202,009	202,009	202,009		202,009
019	TACTICAL WHEELED VEHICLE PROTECTION KITS	2,660	2,660	2,660		2,660
020	MODIFICATION OF IN SVC EQUIP	98,728	98,728	98,728		98,728
	NON-TACTICAL VEHICLES					
023	NONTACTICAL VEHICLES, OTHER	8,462	8,462	8,462		8,462
	COMM—JOINT COMMUNICATIONS					
029	TACTICAL NETWORK COMMUNICATION	866,347	766,347	866,347	–100,000	766,347
	Program decrease		[–100,000]		[–100,000]	
031	JCSE EQUIPMENT (USRDECOM)	5,389	5,389	5,389		5,389
	COMM—SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS					
032	SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS	114,770	114,770	114,770		114,770
036	DEFENSE ENTERPRISE WIDEBAND SATCOM SYSTEMS	65,591	65,591	65,591		65,591
039	ASSURED POSITIONING, NAVIGATION AND TIMING	212,469	192,469	212,469	–20,000	192,469
	Program decrease		[–20,000]		[–20,000]	
	COMM—COMBAT COMMUNICATIONS					
046	HANDHELD MANPACK SMALL FORM FIT (HMS)	478,435	468,435	478,435	–10,000	468,435
	Program decrease		[–10,000]		[–10,000]	
048	ARMY LINK 16 SYSTEMS	133,836	133,836	133,836		133,836
051	UNIFIED COMMAND SUITE	20,010	20,010	20,010		20,010
052	COTS COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT	207,402	204,402	207,402	–3,000	204,402
	Airborne SATCOM systems		[7,000]		[7,000]	
	Program decrease		[–10,000]		[–10,000]	
054	ARMY COMMUNICATIONS & ELECTRONICS	110,678	110,678	110,678		110,678
	COMM—INTELLIGENCE COMM					
056	CI AUTOMATION ARCHITECTURE-INTEL	15,290	15,290	15,290		15,290
058	MULTI-DOMAIN INTELLIGENCE	108,655	88,655	108,655	–20,000	88,655
	Program decrease		[–20,000]		[–20,000]	
	INFORMATION SECURITY					
060	INFORMATION SYSTEM SECURITY PROGRAM-ISSP	826	826	826		826
061	COMMUNICATIONS SECURITY (COMSEC)	125,970	125,970	125,970		125,970
066	BIOMETRIC ENABLING CAPABILITY (BEC)	65	65	65		65

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		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
	COMM—BASE COMMUNICATIONS										
070	INFORMATION SYSTEMS		209,378		209,378		209,378				209,378
072	BASE EMERGENCY COMMUNICATION		50,177		50,177		50,177				50,177
074	INSTALLATION INFO INFRASTRUCTURE MOD PROGRAM		439,373		439,373		439,373				439,373
	ELECT EQUIP—TACT INT REL ACT (TIARA)										
078	TITAN		236,314		236,314		236,314				236,314
081	COLLECTION CAPABILITY		2,935		2,935		2,935				2,935
083	DCGS-A-INTEL		1,087		1,087		1,087				1,087
085	TROJAN		37,968		37,968		58,568				37,968
	AFRICOM: CRAM capabilities						[20,600]				
086	MOD OF IN-SVC EQUIP (INTEL SPT)		20,598		20,598		134,376				20,598
	AN/TPQ–53 Counterfire Target Acquisition Radar						[113,778]				
	ELECT EQUIP—ELECTRONIC WARFARE (EW)										
091	AIR VIGILANCE (AV)		9,731		9,731		9,731				9,731
093	FAMILY OF PERSISTENT SURVEILLANCE CAP.		15,382		15,382		115,382				15,382
	CENTCOM: aerostat sensors						[100,000]				
094	COUNTERINTELLIGENCE/SECURITY COUNTERMEASURES		8,283		8,283		8,283				8,283
	ELECT EQUIP—TACTICAL SURV. (TAC SURV)										
096	SENTINEL MODS		462,010		452,010		462,010		–10,000		452,010
	Program decrease				[–10,000]				[–10,000]		
097	NIGHT VISION DEVICES		211,056		211,056		211,056				211,056
098	SMALL TACTICAL OPTICAL RIFLE MOUNTED MLRF		2,111		2,111		2,111				2,111
099	BASE EXPEDITIARY TARGETING AND SURV SYS		1,801		1,801		1,801				1,801
100	INDIRECT FIRE PROTECTION FAMILY OF SYSTEMS		27,881		27,881		27,881				27,881
101	FAMILY OF WEAPON SIGHTS (FWS)		103,607		103,607		103,607				103,607
102	ENHANCED PORTABLE INDUCTIVE ARTILLERY FUZE SE		10,456		10,456		10,456				10,456
104	FORWARD LOOKING INFRARED (IFLIR)		60,765		60,765		60,765				60,765
106	JOINT BATTLE COMMAND—PLATFORM (JBC-P)		165,395		155,395		165,395		–10,000		155,395
	Program decrease				[–10,000]				[–10,000]		
107	JOINT EFFECTS TARGETING SYSTEM (JETS)		48,715		48,715		48,715				48,715
109	COMPUTER BALLISTICS: LHMBC XM32		6,325		6,325		6,325				6,325
110	MORTAR FIRE CONTROL SYSTEM		3,657		3,657		3,657				3,657
111	MORTAR FIRE CONTROL SYSTEMS MODIFICATIONS		3,262		3,262		3,262				3,262

112	COUNTERFIRE RADARS	40,526	40,526	40,526		40,526
	ELECT EQUIP—TACTICAL C2 SYSTEMS					
113	ARMY COMMAND POST INTEGRATED INFRASTRUCTURE (	723,187	708,187	723,187	–15,000	708,187
	Program decrease		[–15,000]		[–15,000]	
114	FIRE SUPPORT C2 FAMILY	3,389	3,389	3,389		3,389
115	AIR & MSL DEFENSE PLANNING & CONTROL SYS	33,103	33,103	33,103		33,103
116	IAMD BATTLE COMMAND SYSTEM	546,480	536,480	546,480	–15,000	531,480
	Program decrease		[–10,000]		[–15,000]	
117	AIAMD FAMILY OF SYSTEMS (FOS) COMPONENTS	31,016	31,016	31,016		31,016
118	LIFE CYCLE SOFTWARE SUPPORT (LCSS)	5,175	5,175	5,175		5,175
119	NETWORK MANAGEMENT INITIALIZATION AND SERVICE	244,403	244,403	244,403		244,403
124	MOD OF IN-SVC EQUIPMENT (ENFIRE)	16,595	16,595	16,595		16,595
	ELECT EQUIP—AUTOMATION					
125	ARMY TRAINING MODERNIZATION	8,262	8,262	8,262		8,262
126	AUTOMATED DATA PROCESSING EQUIP	93,804	93,804	93,804		93,804
129	HIGH PERF COMPUTING MOD PGM (HPCMP)	74,708	74,708	74,708		74,708
130	CONTRACT WRITING SYSTEM	468	468	468		468
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS					
131A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	1,546	1,546	1,546		1,546
	CHEMICAL DEFENSIVE EQUIPMENT					
138	BASE DEFENSE SYSTEMS (BDS)	143	143	143		143
139	CBRN DEFENSE	69,739	69,739	69,739		69,739
	BRIDGING EQUIPMENT					
142	TACTICAL BRIDGE, FLOAT-RIBBON	69,863	69,863	69,863		69,863
	ENGINEER (NON-CONSTRUCTION) EQUIPMENT					
150	ROBOTICS AND APPLIQUE SYSTEMS	509	509	509		509
151	RENDER SAFE SETS KITS OUTFITS	14,184	14,184	14,184		14,184
	COMBAT SERVICE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT					
153	HEATERS AND ECU'S	14,288	14,288	14,288		14,288
156	GROUND SOLDIER SYSTEM	178,850	171,850	178,850	–7,000	171,850
	Program decrease		[–7,000]		[–7,000]	
157	MOBILE SOLDIER POWER	15,729	15,729	15,729		15,729
159	FIELD FEEDING EQUIPMENT	4,500	4,500	4,500		4,500
160	CARGO AERIAL DEL & PERSONNEL PARACHUTE SYSTEM	61,224	61,224	61,224		61,224
161	FAMILY OF ENGR COMBAT AND CONSTRUCTION SETS			37,615		
	Hydraulic Excavator (HYEX)			[7,980]		
	TRACTOR FULL TRACKED, MED T–9 (Medium Dozer)			[29,635]		
	PETROLEUM EQUIPMENT					
164	DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS, PETROLEUM & WATER	96,020	96,020	96,020		96,020
	MEDICAL EQUIPMENT					

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Line	Item	FY 2026 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
165	COMBAT SUPPORT MEDICAL		99,567		99,567		99,567				99,567
	MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT										
166	MOBILE MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT SYSTEMS		63,311		63,311		63,311				63,311
	CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT										
169	CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT		92,299		92,299		92,299				92,299
	RAIL FLOAT CONTAINERIZATION EQUIPMENT										
179	ARMY WATERCRAFT ESP		57,342		57,342		57,342				57,342
180	MANEUVER SUPPORT VESSEL (MSV)		33,949		33,949		158,949				33,949
	MSV-L 2x ships per year						[125,000]				
181	ITEMS LESS THAN $5.0M (FLOAT/RAIL)		18,217		18,217		18,217				18,217
	GENERATORS										
182	GENERATORS AND ASSOCIATED EQUIP		89,073		89,073		89,073				89,073
	MATERIAL HANDLING EQUIPMENT										
184	FAMILY OF FORKLIFTS		12,576		12,576		45,777		8,000		20,576
	Family of All Terrain Cranes						[15,000]				
	Type 1 Crane/Mobility						[18,201]		[8,000]		
	TRAINING EQUIPMENT										
185	COMBAT TRAINING CENTERS SUPPORT		49,025		49,025		49,025				49,025
186	TRAINING DEVICES, NONSYSTEM		189,306		189,306		189,306				189,306
187	SYNTHETIC TRAINING ENVIRONMENT (STE)		166,402		166,402		166,402				166,402
189	GAMING TECHNOLOGY IN SUPPORT OF ARMY TRAINING		7,320		7,320		7,320				7,320
	TEST MEASURE AND DIG EQUIPMENT (TMD)										
191	INTEGRATED FAMILY OF TEST EQUIPMENT (IFTE)		38,784		38,784		38,784				38,784
193	TEST EQUIPMENT MODERNIZATION (TEMOD)		51,119		51,119		51,119				51,119
	OTHER SUPPORT EQUIPMENT										
195	PHYSICAL SECURITY SYSTEMS (OPA3)		136,315		136,315		136,315				136,315
196	BASE LEVEL COMMON EQUIPMENT		19,452		19,452		19,452				19,452
197	MODIFICATION OF IN-SVC EQUIPMENT (OPA–3)		31,452		31,452		31,452				31,452
198	BUILDING, PRE-FAB, RELOCATABLE		10,490		10,490		10,490				10,490
200	SPECIAL EQUIPMENT FOR TEST AND EVALUATION		93,777		93,777		93,777				93,777
	OPA2										
205	INITIAL SPARES—C&E		7,254		7,254		7,254				7,254
	AGILE PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT										

207	COUNTER-SMALL UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEM (C-SUAS)		306,568		306,568		306,568			306,568
208	ELECTRONIC WARFARE		24,547		24,547		24,547			24,547
209	ELECTRONIC WARFARE AGILE		54,427		54,427		54,427			54,427
210	SOLDIER BORNE SENSOR		21,919		21,919		21,919			21,919
	TOTAL OTHER PROCUREMENT, ARMY		**9,605,566**		**9,415,566**		**10,083,266**		**–187,000**	**9,418,566**
	AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, NAVY									
	COMBAT AIRCRAFT									
002	F/A–18E/F (FIGHTER) HORNET		50,607		50,607		50,607			50,607
004	JOINT STRIKE FIGHTER CV	12	1,951,629	12	1,951,629	12	1,951,629			12 1,951,629
005	JOINT STRIKE FIGHTER CV AP		401,596		401,596		401,596			401,596
006	JSF STOVL	11	1,787,313	11	1,787,313	11	1,787,313			11 1,787,313
007	JSF STOVL AP		113,744		113,744		113,744			113,744
008	CH–53K (HEAVY LIFT)	12	1,707,601	12	1,707,601	12	2,259,601	1	135,000	13 1,842,601
	USMC (+4) CH–53K						[552,000]			
	USMC CH–53K							[1]	[135,000]	
009	CH–53K (HEAVY LIFT) AP		335,352		335,352		335,352			335,352
010	V–22 (MEDIUM LIFT)		47,196		47,196		47,196			47,196
012	H–1 UPGRADES (UH–1Y/AH–1Z)		8,305		8,305		8,305			8,305
014	P–8A POSEIDON		13,631		13,631		13,631			13,631
015	E–2D ADV HAWKEYE	4	1,503,556	4	1,203,556	4	3,556		–300,000	4 1,203,556
	E–2D cancelation						[–1,500,000]			
	Excess cost growth								[–300,000]	
	Program decrease				[–300,000]					
	OTHER AIRCRAFT									
023	KC–130J		18,017		18,017		18,017			18,017
027	MQ–4 TRITON		133,139		133,139		133,139			133,139
031	MQ–25	3	407,046	3	407,046	3	407,046			3 407,046
032	MQ–25 AP		52,191		52,191		52,191			52,191
034	MARINE GROUP 5 UAS		15,162		15,162		15,162			15,162
036	OTHER SUPPORT AIRCRAFT	1	19,812	1	19,812	1	19,812			1 19,812
	MODIFICATION OF AIRCRAFT									
039	F–18 A-D UNIQUE		53,809		53,809		53,809			53,809
040	F–18E/F AND EA–18G MODERNIZATION AND SUSTAINM		576,229		576,229		576,229			576,229
041	MARINE GROUP 5 UAS SERIES		143,695		143,695		143,695			143,695
042	AEA SYSTEMS		25,848		25,848		25,848			25,848
044	INFRARED SEARCH AND TRACK (IRST)		175,351		175,351		175,351			175,351
045	ADVERSARY		21,535		21,535		21,535			21,535
046	F–18 SERIES		756,967		756,967		756,967			756,967
047	H–53 SERIES		69,227		69,227		69,227			69,227

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Line	Item	FY 2026 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
048	MH–60 SERIES		115,545		115,545		115,545				115,545
049	H–1 SERIES		149,405		149,405		149,405				149,405
051	E–2 SERIES		143,772		143,772		143,772				143,772
052	TRAINER A/C SERIES		12,151		12,151		12,151				12,151
054	C–130 SERIES		144,017		144,017		144,017				144,017
055	FEWSG		5		5		5				5
056	CARGO/TRANSPORT A/C SERIES		7,526		7,526		7,526				7,526
057	E–6 SERIES		163,737		163,737		163,737				163,737
058	EXECUTIVE HELICOPTERS SERIES		66,645		66,645		66,645				66,645
060	T–45 SERIES		173,433		173,433		173,433				173,433
061	POWER PLANT CHANGES		18,707		18,707		18,707				18,707
062	JPATS SERIES		21,330		21,330		21,330				21,330
064	COMMON ECM EQUIPMENT		91,553		91,553		91,553				91,553
065	COMMON AVIONICS CHANGES		161,376		145,276		161,376		–16,100		145,276
	Program decrease				[–16,100]				[–16,100]		
066	COMMON DEFENSIVE WEAPON SYSTEM		8,926		8,926		8,926				8,926
067	ID SYSTEMS		3,011		3,011		3,011				3,011
068	P–8 SERIES		320,130		320,130		320,130				320,130
069	MAGTF EW FOR AVIATION		22,356		22,356		22,356				22,356
071	V–22 (TILT/ROTOR ACFT) OSPREY		319,145		319,145		319,145				319,145
072	NEXT GENERATION JAMMER (NGJ)		439,493		429,493		439,493		–10,000		429,493
	Program decrease				[–10,000]				[–10,000]		
073	F–35 STOVL SERIES		364,774		364,774		364,774				364,774
074	F–35 CV SERIES		180,533		180,533		180,533				180,533
075	QRC		24,893		24,893		24,893				24,893
076	MQ–4 SERIES		180,463		180,463		180,463				180,463
	AIRCRAFT SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS										
084	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS		2,562,627		2,812,627		2,562,627		250,000		2,812,627
	F–35B increase				[125,000]				[125,000]		
	F–35C increase				[125,000]				[125,000]		
	AIRCRAFT SUPPORT EQUIP & FACILITIES										
085	COMMON GROUND EQUIPMENT		584,561		526,161		584,561		–58,400		526,161
	Program decrease				[–58,400]				[–58,400]		

086	AIRCRAFT INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES		112,513		101,313		112,513		–11,200	101,313
	Program decrease				[–11,200]				[–11,200]	
087	WAR CONSUMABLES		45,153		45,153		45,153			45,153
088	OTHER PRODUCTION CHARGES		70,770		70,770		70,770			70,770
089	SPECIAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		130,993		117,993		130,993		–13,000	117,993
	Program decrease				[–13,000]				[–13,000]	
	TOTAL AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, NAVY	**43**	**17,028,101**	**43**	**16,869,401**	**43**	**16,080,101**	**1**	**–23,700**	**44** **17,004,401**
	WEAPONS PROCUREMENT, NAVY									
	MODIFICATION OF MISSILES									
002	TRIDENT II MODS		2,582,029		2,582,029		2,582,029			2,582,029
	STRATEGIC MISSILES									
006	TOMAHAWK		12,593		12,593		205,593			12,593
	TLAM supplier base stabilization—turbofans						[193,000]			
	TACTICAL MISSILES									
007	AMRAAM	51	69,913	51	69,913	51	763,913		79,000	51 148,913
	AMRAAM: maximize procurement						[694,000]		[79,000]	
008	SIDEWINDER	146	84,713	146	84,713	146	84,713			146 84,713
009	JOINT ADVANCE TACTICAL MISSILE (JATM)		301,858		301,858		301,858			301,858
010	STANDARD MISSILE	10	187,420	10	122,420	10	249,420			10 187,420
	Reconciliation adjustment				[–65,000]					
	SM–6 procurement—misaligned budget request (+11 AURs).						[62,000]			
012	SMALL DIAMETER BOMB II	273	86,255	273	86,255	273	86,255			273 86,255
013	RAM	123	122,372	123	122,372	123	122,372			123 122,372
015	JOINT AIR GROUND MISSILE (JAGM)	277	74,152	277	74,152	277	74,152			277 74,152
017	AERIAL TARGETS		182,704		164,504		182,704		–18,200	164,504
	Program decrease				[–18,200]				[–18,200]	
019	OTHER MISSILE SUPPORT		3,490		3,490		3,490			3,490
020	LRASM	56	243,217	56	243,217	56	401,217		158,000	56 401,217
	LRASM supplier base Navy production to 160 per year						[68,000]		[68,000]	
	LRASM: procurement +20 AURs to 120						[90,000]		[90,000]	
021	NAVAL STRIKE MISSILE (NSM)	16	32,238	16	32,238	16	32,238			16 32,238
022	NAVAL STRIKE MISSILE (NSM) AP		3,059		3,059		3,059			3,059
	MODIFICATION OF MISSILES									
025	TOMAHAWK MODS		6,283		6,283		41,283			6,283
	TLAM procurement increase						[35,000]			
026	ESSM	305	503,381	305	503,381	305	503,381			305 503,381
028	AARGM-ER	147	261,041	147	261,041	147	261,041			147 261,041
029	AARGM-ER AP		24,284		24,284		24,284			24,284

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Line	Item	FY 2026 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
031	STANDARD MISSILES MODS		32,127		32,127		32,127				32,127
	SUPPORT EQUIPMENT & FACILITIES										
032	WEAPONS INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES		127,222		127,222		527,222				127,222
	Navy munitions						[400,000]				
	ORDNANCE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT										
036	ORDNANCE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		37,059		37,059		37,059				37,059
	TORPEDOES AND RELATED EQUIP										
039	SSTD		4,789		4,789		4,789				4,789
040	MK–48 TORPEDO		7,081		7,081		7,081				7,081
042	ASW TARGETS		38,386		38,386		38,386				38,386
	MOD OF TORPEDOES AND RELATED EQUIP										
043	MK–54 TORPEDO MODS		1,692		1,692		1,692				1,692
044	MK–48 TORPEDO ADCAP MODS		31,479		31,479		31,479				31,479
045	MARITIME MINES						75,000				
	Enhanced Joint Direct Attack Missile (JDAM) (USN)						[75,000]				
	SUPPORT EQUIPMENT										
046	TORPEDO SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		161,218		161,218		161,218				161,218
047	ASW RANGE SUPPORT		4,328		4,328		4,328				4,328
	DESTINATION TRANSPORTATION										
048	FIRST DESTINATION TRANSPORTATION		5,346		5,346		5,346				5,346
	GUNS AND GUN MOUNTS										
051	SMALL ARMS AND WEAPONS		9,987		9,987		9,987				9,987
	MODIFICATION OF GUNS AND GUN MOUNTS										
052	CIWS MODS		8,122		8,122		8,122				8,122
053	COAST GUARD WEAPONS		44,455		44,455		44,455				44,455
054	GUN MOUNT MODS		83,969		83,969		83,969				83,969
055	LCS MODULE WEAPONS	10	2,200	10	2,200	10	2,200			10	2,200
056	AIRBORNE MINE NEUTRALIZATION SYSTEMS		14,413		14,413		14,413				14,413
	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS										
061	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS		202,425		202,425		202,425				202,425
	TOTAL WEAPONS PROCUREMENT, NAVY	**1,414**	**5,597,300**	**1,414**	**5,514,100**	**1,414**	**7,214,300**		**218,800**	**1,414**	**5,816,100**
	PROCUREMENT OF AMMUNITION, NAVY AND MARINE CORPS										

	NAVY AMMUNITION									
001	GENERAL PURPOSE BOMBS		30,915		27,815		30,915	–3,100		27,815
	Program decrease				[–3,100]			[–3,100]		
002	JDAM	798	61,119	798	61,119	798	61,119		798	61,119
003	AIRBORNE ROCKETS, ALL TYPES		87,797		87,797		87,797			87,797
004	MACHINE GUN AMMUNITION		17,645		17,645		17,645			17,645
005	PRACTICE BOMBS		45,049		40,549		45,049	–4,500		40,549
	Program decrease				[–4,500]			[–4,500]		
006	CARTRIDGES & CART ACTUATED DEVICES		74,535		74,535		74,535			74,535
007	AIR EXPENDABLE COUNTERMEASURES		98,437		98,437		98,437			98,437
008	JATOS		6,373		6,373		6,373			6,373
009	5 INCH/54 GUN AMMUNITION		24,864		24,864		24,864			24,864
010	INTERMEDIATE CALIBER GUN AMMUNITION		40,175		40,175		40,175			40,175
011	OTHER SHIP GUN AMMUNITION		43,763		43,763		43,763			43,763
012	SMALL ARMS & LANDING PARTY AMMO		49,493		49,493		49,493			49,493
013	PYROTECHNIC AND DEMOLITION		9,644		9,644		9,644			9,644
015	AMMUNITION LESS THAN $5 MILLION		1,723		1,723		1,723			1,723
016	EXPEDITIONARY LOITERING MUNITIONS						64,000			
	Expeditionary Loitering Munitions						[64,000]			
	MARINE CORPS AMMUNITION									
018	MORTARS		141,135		141,135		141,135			141,135
019	DIRECT SUPPORT MUNITIONS		26,729		26,729		26,729			26,729
020	INFANTRY WEAPONS AMMUNITION		180,867		180,867		180,867			180,867
021	COMBAT SUPPORT MUNITIONS		12,936		12,936		12,936			12,936
022	AMMO MODERNIZATION		18,467		18,467		18,467			18,467
023	ARTILLERY MUNITIONS		147,473		147,473		147,473			147,473
024	ITEMS LESS THAN $5 MILLION		15,891		15,891		15,891			15,891
	TOTAL PROCUREMENT OF AMMUNITION, NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.	**798**	**1,135,030**	**798**	**1,127,430**	**798**	**1,199,030**	**–7,600**	**798**	**1,127,430**
	SHIPBUILDING AND CONVERSION, NAVY									
	FLEET BALLISTIC MISSILE SHIPS									
001	COLUMBIA CLASS SUBMARINE	1	3,928,828	1	3,928,828	1	3,928,828		1	3,928,828
002	COLUMBIA CLASS SUBMARINE AP		5,065,766		5,065,766		5,065,766	700,000		5,765,766
	Program increase							[700,000]		
	OTHER WARSHIPS									
005	CARRIER REPLACEMENT PROGRAM		1,046,700		1,046,700		1,046,700			1,046,700
006	CARRIER REPLACEMENT PROGRAM AP		612,038		612,038		612,038			612,038
007	CVN–81		1,622,935		1,622,935		1,622,935			1,622,935
008	VIRGINIA CLASS SUBMARINE	1	816,705	1	1,816,705	1	2,016,705	1,918,295	1	2,735,000

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Line	Item	FY 2026 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
	Funding shortfall				[1,000,000]						
	Virginia class submarine						[1,200,000]		[1,918,295]		
009	VIRGINIA CLASS SUBMARINE AP		3,126,816		3,126,816		3,126,816		615,908		3,742,724
	Program increase								[615,908]		
010	CVN REFUELING OVERHAULS		1,779,011		1,779,011		1,779,011				1,779,011
012	DDG 1000		52,358		52,358		52,358				52,358
013	DDG–51		10,773	1	510,773		6,335,173				10,773
	DDG–51						[5,400,000]				
	One additional ship			[1]	[500,000]						
	Wage and quality of life enhancements for conventional surface shipbuilding, private ship repair, and public shipyards.						[924,400]				
014	DDG–51 AP						1,350,000		900,000		900,000
	DDG–51 Advance Procurement						[900,000]		[450,000]		
	Large Surface Combatant Shipyard Infrastructure and Industrial Base.						[450,000]		[450,000]		
	AUXILIARIES, CRAFT AND PRIOR YR PROGRAM COST										
031	TAO FLEET OILER		8,346		8,346		8,346				8,346
034	TAGOS SURTASS SHIPS	1	612,205	1	612,205	1	612,205			1	612,205
041	OUTFITTING		863,846		613,846		886,846		23,000		886,846
	Outfitting						[23,000]		[23,000]		
	Program decrease				[–250,000]						
042	SHIP TO SHORE CONNECTOR							2	320,000		320,000
	Program increase—two additional SSCs							[2]	[320,000]		
043	SERVICE CRAFT		34,602		34,602		174,602		140,000		174,602
	YRBM procurement						[140,000]		[140,000]		
044	AUXILIARY PERSONNEL LIGHTER				50,000				78,000		78,000
	Auxiliary Personnel Lighter								[78,000]		
	Program increase				[50,000]						
048	AUXILIARY VESSELS (USED SEALIFT)	1	45,000	1	21,000	1	648,000		–24,000	1	21,000
	Auxiliary Personnel Lighter						[78,000]				
	Program decrease				[–24,000]				[–24,000]		
	Used Sealift Vessels for the Ready Reserve Force (RRF)						[525,000]				

048A	EXPEDITIONARY MEDICAL SHIP				250,000						
	Afloat medical capability				[250,000]						
049	COMPLETION OF PY SHIPBUILDING PROGRAMS		1,214,295		964,295		1,691,295		462,292		1,676,587
	Completion of prior year shipbuilding—misaligned budget request.						[477,000]		[462,292]		
	Program decrease				[–250,000]						
	TOTAL SHIPBUILDING AND CONVERSION, NAVY	**4**	**20,840,224**	**5**	**22,116,224**	**4**	**30,957,624**	**2**	**5,133,495**	**6**	**25,973,719**
	OTHER PROCUREMENT, NAVY										
	SHIP PROPULSION EQUIPMENT										
001	SURFACE POWER EQUIPMENT		9,978		9,978		9,978				9,978
	GENERATORS										
002	SURFACE COMBATANT HM&E		62,004		62,004		71,004				62,004
	Mixed-Oxidant Electrolytic Disinfectant Generator						[9,000]				
	NAVIGATION EQUIPMENT										
003	OTHER NAVIGATION EQUIPMENT		96,945		96,945		96,945				96,945
	OTHER SHIPBOARD EQUIPMENT										
004	SUB PERISCOPE, IMAGING AND SUPT EQUIP PROG		135,863		135,863		277,863				135,863
	Sub periscope, imaging and supt equip—misaligned budget request.						[142,000]				
005	DDG MOD		686,787		686,787		997,787				686,787
	DDG Mod						[311,000]				
006	FIREFIGHTING EQUIPMENT		36,488		36,488		36,488				36,488
007	COMMAND AND CONTROL SWITCHBOARD		2,417		2,417		2,417				2,417
008	LHA/LHD MIDLIFE		86,884		56,884		123,884		–30,000		56,884
	LHA/LHD Midlife						[37,000]				
	Program decrease				[–30,000]				[–30,000]		
009	LCC 19/20 EXTENDED SERVICE LIFE PROGRAM		19,276		19,276		19,276				19,276
010	POLLUTION CONTROL EQUIPMENT		22,477		22,477		22,477				22,477
011	SUBMARINE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		383,062		383,062		383,062				383,062
012	VIRGINIA CLASS SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		52,039		52,039		52,039				52,039
013	LCS CLASS SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		2,551		2,551		2,551				2,551
014	SUBMARINE BATTERIES		28,169		28,169		28,169				28,169
015	LPD CLASS SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		101,042		76,042		126,042		–25,000		76,042
	LPD Class Support Equipment						[25,000]				
	Program decrease				[–25,000]				[–25,000]		
016	DDG 1000 CLASS SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		115,267		115,267		115,267				115,267
017	STRATEGIC PLATFORM SUPPORT EQUIP		38,039		38,039		38,039				38,039
019	DSSP EQUIPMENT		5,849		5,849		5,849				5,849
022	UNDERWATER EOD EQUIPMENT		22,355		22,355		22,355				22,355

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Line	Item	FY 2026 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
023	ITEMS LESS THAN $5 MILLION		11,691		–309		86,691		–11,691		
	Misaligned budget request						[75,000]				
	Program decrease				[–12,000]				[–11,691]		
024	CHEMICAL WARFARE DETECTORS		2,607		2,607		2,607				2,607
	REACTOR PLANT EQUIPMENT										
026	SHIP MAINTENANCE, REPAIR AND MODERNIZATION		2,392,620		2,392,620		2,392,620				2,392,620
028	REACTOR COMPONENTS		399,603		399,603		474,603		75,000		474,603
	Restore Full Funding for Reactor Plant Components						[75,000]		[75,000]		
	OCEAN ENGINEERING										
029	DIVING AND SALVAGE EQUIPMENT		7,842		7,842		7,842				7,842
	SMALL BOATS										
031	STANDARD BOATS		51,546		–14,454		118,546		25,720		77,266
	40-foot Patrol Boat						[67,000]		[50,720]		
	Additional 40-foot patrol boats				[9,000]						
	Program decrease				[–50,000]						
	Small Boats reconciliation adjustment				[–25,000]				[–25,000]		
	PRODUCTION FACILITIES EQUIPMENT										
032	OPERATING FORCES IPE		208,998		208,998		208,998				208,998
	OTHER SHIP SUPPORT										
033	LCS COMMON MISSION MODULES EQUIPMENT		38,880		38,880		38,880				38,880
034	LCS MCM MISSION MODULES		91,372		91,372		91,372				91,372
036	LCS SUW MISSION MODULES		3,790		3,790		3,790				3,790
037	LCS IN-SERVICE MODERNIZATION		203,442		105,442		203,442		–98,000		105,442
	Program decrease				[–98,000]				[–98,000]		
038	SMALL & MEDIUM UUV		54,854		69,854		54,854		7,000		61,854
	Torpedo Tube Launch and Recovery Capable Autonomous Undersea Vehicles.				[15,000]				[7,000]		
	LOGISTIC SUPPORT										
040	LSD MIDLIFE & MODERNIZATION		4,079		4,079		4,079				4,079
	SHIP SONARS										
043	AN/SQQ–89 SURF ASW COMBAT SYSTEM		144,425		154,425		144,425				144,425
	Outpost Uncrewed Surveillance System Increase				[10,000]						
044	SSN ACOUSTIC EQUIPMENT		498,597		498,597		498,597				498,597

	ASW ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT					
046	SUBMARINE ACOUSTIC WARFARE SYSTEM	56,482	56,482	56,482		56,482
047	SSTD	14,915	14,915	14,915		14,915
048	FIXED SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM	352,312	352,312	352,312		352,312
049	SURTASS	31,169	31,169	31,169		31,169
	ELECTRONIC WARFARE EQUIPMENT					
050	AN/SLQ–32	461,380	261,380	461,380	–200,000	261,380
	Program decrease		[–200,000]		[–200,000]	
	RECONNAISSANCE EQUIPMENT					
051	SHIPBOARD IW EXPLOIT	379,908	359,908	379,908	–20,000	359,908
	Program decrease		[–20,000]		[–20,000]	
052	MARITIME BATTLESPACE AWARENESS	13,008	13,008	13,008		13,008
	OTHER SHIP ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT					
053	COOPERATIVE ENGAGEMENT CAPABILITY	26,648	26,648	26,648		26,648
054	NAVAL TACTICAL COMMAND SUPPORT SYSTEM (NTCSS)	7,972	7,972	7,972		7,972
055	ATDLS	58,739	58,739	58,739		58,739
056	NAVY COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM (NCCS)	3,489	3,489	3,489		3,489
057	MINESWEEPING SYSTEM REPLACEMENT	16,426	16,426	22,426		16,426
	Dual-Modality Vehicle Mine Countermeasures			[6,000]		
059	NAVSTAR GPS RECEIVERS (SPACE)	45,701	45,701	45,701		45,701
060	AMERICAN FORCES RADIO AND TV SERVICE	304	304	304		304
	AVIATION ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT					
062	ASHORE ATC EQUIPMENT	97,262	87,262	97,262	–10,000	87,262
	Program decrease		[–10,000]		[–10,000]	
063	AFLOAT ATC EQUIPMENT	72,104	72,104	72,104		72,104
064	ID SYSTEMS	52,171	52,171	52,171		52,171
065	JOINT PRECISION APPROACH AND LANDING SYSTEM (	5,105	5,105	5,105		5,105
066	NAVAL MISSION PLANNING SYSTEMS	60,058	40,058	60,058	–20,000	40,058
	Program decrease		[–20,000]		[–20,000]	
	OTHER SHORE ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT					
068	TACTICAL/MOBILE C4I SYSTEMS	64,901	64,901	64,901		64,901
069	INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE AND RECONNAISSANCE (ISR)	12,112	12,112	12,112		12,112
070	CANES	534,324	534,324	534,324		534,324
071	RADIAC	31,289	31,289	31,289		31,289
072	CANES-INTELL	46,281	46,281	46,281		46,281
073	GPETE	33,395	33,395	33,395		33,395
074	MASF	13,205	13,205	13,205		13,205
075	INTEG COMBAT SYSTEM TEST FACILITY	11,493	11,493	11,493		11,493
076	EMI CONTROL INSTRUMENTATION	3,687	3,687	3,687		3,687
078	IN-SERVICE RADARS AND SENSORS	249,656	229,656	249,656	–20,000	229,656

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Line	Item	FY 2026 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
	Program decrease				[–20,000]				[–20,000]		
	SHIPBOARD COMMUNICATIONS										
079	BATTLE FORCE TACTICAL NETWORK		106,583		106,583		106,583				106,583
080	SHIPBOARD TACTICAL COMMUNICATIONS		20,900		20,900		20,900				20,900
081	SHIP COMMUNICATIONS AUTOMATION		162,075		102,075		162,075		–60,000		102,075
	Program decrease				[–60,000]				[–60,000]		
082	COMMUNICATIONS ITEMS UNDER $5M		11,138		11,138		11,138				11,138
	SUBMARINE COMMUNICATIONS										
083	SUBMARINE BROADCAST SUPPORT		113,115		113,115		113,115				113,115
084	SUBMARINE COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT		84,584		64,584		84,584		–20,000		64,584
	Program decrease				[–20,000]				[–20,000]		
	SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS										
085	SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS		62,943		62,943		62,943				62,943
086	NAVY MULTIBAND TERMINAL (NMT)		63,433		63,433		63,433				63,433
087	MOBILE ADVANCED EHF TERMINAL (MAT)		220,453		170,453		220,453				220,453
	Program decrease				[–50,000]						
	SHORE COMMUNICATIONS										
088	JOINT COMMUNICATIONS SUPPORT ELEMENT (JCSE)		3,389		3,389		3,389				3,389
	CRYPTOGRAPHIC EQUIPMENT										
089	INFO SYSTEMS SECURITY PROGRAM (ISSP)		191,239		191,239		191,239				191,239
090	MIO INTEL EXPLOITATION TEAM		1,122		1,122		1,122				1,122
	CRYPTOLOGIC EQUIPMENT										
091	CRYPTOLOGIC COMMUNICATIONS EQUIP		7,841		7,841		7,841				7,841
	OTHER ELECTRONIC SUPPORT										
109	COAST GUARD EQUIPMENT		61,512		61,512		61,512				61,512
	SONOBUOYS										
112	SONOBUOYS—ALL TYPES		249,908		249,908		249,908				249,908
	AIRCRAFT SUPPORT EQUIPMENT										
113	MINOTAUR		5,191		5,191		5,191				5,191
114	WEAPONS RANGE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		123,435		123,435		123,435				123,435
115	AIRCRAFT SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		91,284		91,284		91,284				91,284
116	ADVANCED ARRESTING GEAR (AAG)		4,484		4,484		4,484				4,484
117	ELECTROMAGNETIC AIRCRAFT LAUNCH SYSTEM (EMALS		16,294		16,294		16,294				16,294

118	METEOROLOGICAL EQUIPMENT	13,806	13,806	13,806		13,806
119	AIRBORNE MCM	9,643	9,643	9,643		9,643
121	AVIATION SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	111,334	111,334	111,334		111,334
122	UMCS-UNMAN CARRIER AVIATION(UCA)MISSION CNTRL	189,553	189,553	189,553		189,553
	SHIP GUN SYSTEM EQUIPMENT					
125	SHIP GUN SYSTEMS EQUIPMENT	7,358	7,358	7,358		7,358
	SHIP MISSILE SYSTEMS EQUIPMENT					
126	HARPOON SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	209	209	209		209
127	SHIP MISSILE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	455,822	380,822	455,822	–75,000	380,822
	Program decrease		[–75,000]		[–75,000]	
128	TOMAHAWK SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	107,709	107,709	107,709		107,709
	FBM SUPPORT EQUIPMENT					
129	CPS SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	67,264	67,264	67,264		67,264
130	STRATEGIC MISSILE SYSTEMS EQUIP	491,179	391,179	491,179		491,179
	Program decrease		[–100,000]			
	ASW SUPPORT EQUIPMENT					
131	SSN COMBAT CONTROL SYSTEMS	102,954	102,954	102,954		102,954
132	ASW SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	25,721	25,721	25,721		25,721
	OTHER ORDNANCE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT					
133	EXPLOSIVE ORDNANCE DISPOSAL EQUIP	24,822	24,822	24,822		24,822
134	DIRECTED ENERGY SYSTEMS	2,976	2,976	2,976		2,976
135	ITEMS LESS THAN $5 MILLION	3,635	3,635	3,635		3,635
	OTHER EXPENDABLE ORDNANCE					
136	ANTI-SHIP MISSILE DECOY SYSTEM	19,129	19,129	89,129		19,129
	ASCM decoy systems—misaligned budget request			[70,000]		
137	SUBMARINE TRAINING DEVICE MODS	77,889	77,889	77,889		77,889
138	SURFACE TRAINING EQUIPMENT	186,085	186,085	186,085		186,085
	CIVIL ENGINEERING SUPPORT EQUIPMENT					
141	PASSENGER CARRYING VEHICLES	3,825	3,825	3,825		3,825
142	GENERAL PURPOSE TRUCKS	5,489	5,489	5,489		5,489
143	CONSTRUCTION & MAINTENANCE EQUIP	102,592	92,592	102,592	–10,000	92,592
	Program decrease		[–10,000]		[–10,000]	
144	FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT	27,675	27,675	27,675		27,675
145	TACTICAL VEHICLES	37,262	37,262	37,262		37,262
146	AMPHIBIOUS EQUIPMENT	38,073	13,073	38,073	–25,000	13,073
	Program decrease		[–25,000]		[–25,000]	
147	POLLUTION CONTROL EQUIPMENT	4,009	4,009	4,009		4,009
148	ITEMS LESS THAN $5 MILLION	127,086	127,086	127,086		127,086
149	PHYSICAL SECURITY VEHICLES	1,297	1,297	1,297		1,297
	SUPPLY SUPPORT EQUIPMENT					

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Line	Item	FY 2026 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
151	SUPPLY EQUIPMENT		38,838		38,838		38,838				38,838
152	FIRST DESTINATION TRANSPORTATION		6,203		6,203		6,203				6,203
153	SPECIAL PURPOSE SUPPLY SYSTEMS		643,618		643,618		643,618				643,618
	TRAINING DEVICES										
155	TRAINING SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		3,480		3,480		3,480				3,480
156	TRAINING AND EDUCATION EQUIPMENT		75,048		75,048		75,048				75,048
	COMMAND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT										
157	COMMAND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		34,249		34,249		34,249				34,249
158	MEDICAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		12,256		12,256		12,256				12,256
160	NAVAL MIP SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		8,810		8,810		8,810				8,810
161	OPERATING FORCES SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		16,567		16,567		16,567				16,567
162	C4ISR EQUIPMENT		36,945		36,945		36,945				36,945
163	ENVIRONMENTAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		42,860		42,860		42,860				42,860
164	PHYSICAL SECURITY EQUIPMENT		166,577		83,577		166,577				166,577
	Program decrease				[–83,000]						
165	ENTERPRISE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY		42,363		42,363		42,363				42,363
	OTHER										
170	NEXT GENERATION ENTERPRISE SERVICE		185,755		135,755		185,755				185,755
	Program decrease				[–50,000]						
171	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES		5,446		5,446		19,986				5,446
	Information Security Cyber Security Chain Risk Management Program.						[14,540]				
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS										
171A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS		41,991		41,991		41,991				41,991
	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS										
176	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS		585,865		475,865		585,865		–157,541		428,324
	Excess growth								[–157,541]		
	Reconciliation adjustment				[–110,000]						
	TOTAL OTHER PROCUREMENT, NAVY		**14,569,524**		**13,510,524**		**15,401,064**		**–674,512**		**13,895,012**
	PROCUREMENT, MARINE CORPS										
	TRACKED COMBAT VEHICLES										
001	AAV7A1 PIP		21		21		21				21

002	AMPHIBIOUS COMBAT VEHICLE FAMILY OF VEHICLES	91	790,789	91	790,789	91	790,789			91	790,789
003	LAV PIP		764		764		764				764
	ARTILLERY AND OTHER WEAPONS										
004	155MM LIGHTWEIGHT TOWED HOWITZER		3		3		3				3
005	ARTILLERY WEAPONS SYSTEM		221,897		221,897		221,897				221,897
006	WEAPONS AND COMBAT VEHICLES UNDER $5 MILLION		13,401		13,401		13,401				13,401
	GUIDED MISSILES										
011	NAVAL STRIKE MISSILE (NSM)	90	143,711	90	143,711	90	143,711			90	143,711
012	NAVAL STRIKE MISSILE (NSM) AP		20,930		20,930		20,930				20,930
013	GROUND BASED AIR DEFENSE		620,220		620,220		620,220				620,220
014	ANTI-ARMOR MISSILE-JAVELIN	56	32,576	56	32,576	56	32,576			56	32,576
015	FAMILY ANTI-ARMOR WEAPON SYSTEMS (FOAAWS)		107		107		107				107
016	ANTI-ARMOR MISSILE-TOW		2,173		2,173		2,173				2,173
017	GUIDED MLRS ROCKET (GMLRS)	6	61,490	6	61,490	6	61,490			6	61,490
	COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEMS										
021	COMMON AVIATION COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM (C		68,589		68,589		68,589				68,589
	REPAIR AND TEST EQUIPMENT										
022	REPAIR AND TEST EQUIPMENT		61,264		61,264		61,264				61,264
	OTHER SUPPORT (TEL)										
023	MODIFICATION KITS		1,108		1,108		1,108				1,108
	COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM (NON-TEL)										
024	ITEMS UNDER $5 MILLION (COMM & ELEC)		202,679		192,679		202,679	–10,000			192,679
	Program decrease				[–10,000]			[–10,000]			
025	AIR OPERATIONS C2 SYSTEMS		15,784		15,784		15,784				15,784
	RADAR + EQUIPMENT (NON-TEL)										
027	GROUND/AIR TASK ORIENTED RADAR (G/ATOR)		79,542		79,542		190,742				79,542
	USMC (+2) G/ATOR Radar Systems						[111,200]				
	INTELL/COMM EQUIPMENT (NON-TEL)										
029	ELECTRO MAGNETIC SPECTRUM OPERATIONS (EMSO)		35,396		35,396		35,396				35,396
030	GCSS-MC		3,303		3,303		3,303				3,303
031	FIRE SUPPORT SYSTEM		116,304		100,304		116,304	–16,000			100,304
	Program decrease				[–16,000]			[–16,000]			
032	INTELLIGENCE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		67,690		67,690		85,390				67,690
	Marine Littoral Regiment Organic Find, Fix, and Track (F2T).						[17,700]				
034	UNMANNED AIR SYSTEMS (INTEL)		14,991		74,991		14,991	17,000			31,991
	Program increase				[60,000]			[17,000]			
035	DCGS-MC		42,946		42,946		42,946				42,946
036	UAS PAYLOADS		12,232		12,232		12,232				12,232
	OTHER SUPPORT (NON-TEL)										

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Line	Item	FY 2026 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
040	MARINE CORPS ENTERPRISE NETWORK (MCEN)		205,710		205,710		205,710				205,710
041	COMMON COMPUTER RESOURCES		21,064		21,064		21,064				21,064
042	COMMAND POST SYSTEMS		50,549		50,549		50,549				50,549
043	RADIO SYSTEMS		209,444		201,444		209,444		–8,000		201,444
	Program decrease				[–8,000]				[–8,000]		
044	COMM SWITCHING & CONTROL SYSTEMS		100,712		95,712		100,712		–5,000		95,712
	Program decrease				[–5,000]				[–5,000]		
045	COMM & ELEC INFRASTRUCTURE SUPPORT		16,163		16,163		16,163				16,163
046	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES		14,541		14,541		14,541				14,541
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS										
048A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS		2,145		2,145		2,145				2,145
	ADMINISTRATIVE VEHICLES										
051	COMMERCIAL CARGO VEHICLES		24,699		24,699		24,699				24,699
	TACTICAL VEHICLES										
052	MOTOR TRANSPORT MODIFICATIONS		16,472		16,472		16,472				16,472
053	JOINT LIGHT TACTICAL VEHICLE	138	81,893	138	81,893	138	249,893		86,633	138	168,526
	USMC JLTV procurement								[86,633]		
	USMC JLTV procurement (+224)						[168,000]				
	ENGINEER AND OTHER EQUIPMENT										
058	TACTICAL FUEL SYSTEMS		33,611		33,611		33,611				33,611
059	POWER EQUIPMENT ASSORTED		24,558		24,558		24,558				24,558
060	AMPHIBIOUS SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		9,049		9,049		59,049				9,049
	ALPV procurement						[50,000]				
061	EOD SYSTEMS		21,069		21,069		21,069				21,069
	MATERIALS HANDLING EQUIPMENT										
062	PHYSICAL SECURITY EQUIPMENT		52,394		52,394		52,394				52,394
	GENERAL PROPERTY										
063	FIELD MEDICAL EQUIPMENT		58,768		58,768		58,768				58,768
064	TRAINING DEVICES		63,133		63,133		63,133				63,133
065	FAMILY OF CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT		33,644		33,644		33,644				33,644
066	ULTRA-LIGHT TACTICAL VEHICLE (ULTV)		7,836		7,836		7,836				7,836
	OTHER SUPPORT										
067	ITEMS LESS THAN $5 MILLION		35,920		35,920		35,920				35,920

	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS										
070	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS		40,828		40,828		40,828				40,828
	TOTAL PROCUREMENT, MARINE CORPS	**381**	**3,754,112**	**381**	**3,775,112**	**381**	**4,101,012**		**64,633**	**381**	**3,818,745**
	AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE										
	STRATEGIC OFFENSIVE										
001	B–21 RAIDER		2,590,116		2,590,116		2,590,116				2,590,116
002	B–21 RAIDER AP		862,000		862,000		862,000				862,000
	TACTICAL FORCES										
003	F–35	24	3,555,503	24	3,555,503	24	4,545,000			24	3,555,503
	Procure 10x F–35As						[989,497]				
004	F–35 AP		531,241		531,241		531,241				531,241
009	JOINT SIMULATION ENVIRONMENT		17,985		17,985		17,985				17,985
	TACTICAL AIRLIFT										
012	KC–46A MDAP	15	2,799,633	15	2,499,633	15	2,799,633		–300,000	15	2,499,633
	Program delay				[–300,000]				[–300,000]		
	OTHER AIRLIFT										
013	C–130J						300,000	2	200,000		200,000
	LC–130						[300,000]	[2]	[200,000]		
	UPT TRAINERS										
017	ADVANCED PILOT TRAINING T–7A	14	362,083	14	362,083	14	362,083			14	362,083
	HELICOPTERS										
019	MH–139A	2	4,478	2	4,478	2	4,478			2	4,478
020	COMBAT RESCUE HELICOPTER		107,500		107,500		107,500				107,500
	MISSION SUPPORT AIRCRAFT										
023	C–40 FLEET EXPANSION				300,000			1	250,000		250,000
	2 additional aircraft			[2]	[300,000]						
	One additional aircraft							[1]	[250,000]		
024	CIVIL AIR PATROL A/C		3,131		20,931		3,131		14,669		17,800
	Aircraft procurement increase				[17,800]				[14,669]		
	OTHER AIRCRAFT										
026	TARGET DRONES	20	34,224	20	34,224	20	34,224			20	34,224
034	RQ–20B PUMA	6	11,437	6	11,437	6	11,437			6	11,437
	STRATEGIC AIRCRAFT										
036	B–2A		76,906		76,906		76,906				76,906
037	B–1B		73,893		73,893		73,893				73,893
038	B–52		223,827		223,827		223,827				223,827
039	LARGE AIRCRAFT INFRARED COUNTERMEASURES		35,165		35,165		35,165				35,165
	TACTICAL AIRCRAFT										
041	COLLABORATIVE COMBAT AIRCRAFT MODS		15,048		15,048		15,048				15,048

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT
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Line	Item	FY 2026 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
042	E–11 BACN/HAG		28,797		28,797		28,797				28,797
043	F–15		120,044		120,044		120,044				120,044
045	F–16 MODIFICATIONS		448,116		448,116		448,116				448,116
046	F–22A		977,526		977,526		977,526				977,526
047	F–35 MODIFICATIONS		380,337		380,337		380,337				380,337
048	F–15 EPAW		252,607		252,607		252,607				252,607
050	KC–46A MDAP		19,344		19,344		19,344				19,344
	AIRLIFT AIRCRAFT										
051	C–5		34,939		34,939		34,939				34,939
052	C–17A		9,853		9,853		9,853				9,853
056	OSA-EA MODIFICATIONS		87,515		87,515		87,515				87,515
	TRAINER AIRCRAFT										
057	GLIDER MODS		159		159		159				159
058	T–6		247,814		247,814		247,814				247,814
059	T–1		137		137		152,137				137
	Common ASE						[152,000]				
060	T–38		85,381		85,381		85,381				85,381
	OTHER AIRCRAFT										
068	C–130		144,041		144,041		144,041				144,041
070	C–135		124,368		124,368		124,368				124,368
071	COMPASS CALL				60,000				60,000		60,000
	Program increase				[60,000]				[60,000]		
073	CVR (CONNON ULF RECEIVER) INC 2		79,859		79,859		79,859				79,859
074	RC–135		231,001		231,001		231,001				231,001
075	E–3		17,291		17,291		17,291				17,291
076	E–4		45,232		45,232		45,232				45,232
080	H–1		17,899		17,899		17,899				17,899
081	MH–139A MOD		4,992		4,992		4,992				4,992
082	H–60		1,749		1,749		1,749				1,749
083	HH60W MODIFICATIONS		9,150		9,150		9,150				9,150
085	HC/MC–130 MODIFICATIONS		365,086		365,086		365,086				365,086
086	OTHER AIRCRAFT		263,902		237,502		263,902		–26,400		237,502
	Program decrease				[–26,400]				[–26,400]		

088	MQ–9 MODS		100,923		100,923		100,923			100,923
090	SENIOR LEADER C3 SYSTEM—AIRCRAFT		24,414		24,414		24,414			24,414
091	CV–22 MODS		78,713		78,713		78,713			78,713
	AIRCRAFT SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS									
094	INITIAL SPARES/REPAIR PARTS		973,535		1,223,535		973,535		250,000	1,223,535
	F–35A increase				[250,000]				[250,000]	
	COMMON SUPPORT EQUIPMENT									
099	AIRCRAFT REPLACEMENT SUPPORT EQUIP		156,776		156,776		156,776			156,776
	POST PRODUCTION SUPPORT									
103	B–2B		18,969		18,969		18,969			18,969
104	B–52		111		111		111			111
106	C–17A		2,672		2,672		2,672			2,672
111	F–15		5,112		5,112		5,112			5,112
114	F–16 POST PRODUCTION SUPPORT		18,402		18,402		18,402			18,402
116	HC/MC–130 POST PROD		17,986		17,986		17,986			17,986
117	JOINT SIMULATION ENVIRONMENT POST PRODUCTION SUPPORT.		28,524		28,524		28,524			28,524
	INDUSTRIAL PREPAREDNESS									
122	INDUSTRIAL RESPONSIVENESS		19,998		19,998		19,998			19,998
	WAR CONSUMABLES									
123	WAR CONSUMABLES		26,323		26,323		26,323			26,323
	OTHER PRODUCTION CHARGES									
124	OTHER PRODUCTION CHARGES		940,190		846,190		940,190		–94,000	846,190
	Program decrease				[–94,000]				[–94,000]	
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS									
134A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS		16,006		16,006		222,006			16,006
	Acceleration of Air Force program						[206,000]			
	TOTAL AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE	**81**	**17,729,963**	**83**	**17,937,363**	**81**	**19,377,460**	**3**	**354,269**	**84**	**18,084,232**
	MISSILE PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE									
	MISSILE REPLACEMENT EQUIPMENT—BALLISTIC									
001	MISSILE REPLACEMENT EQ-BALLISTIC		35,116		35,116		35,116			35,116
002	MISSILE REPLACEMENT EQ-BALLISTIC AP		2,166		2,166		2,166			2,166
	STRATEGIC									
005	LONG RANGE STAND-OFF WEAPON		192,409		192,409		192,409			192,409
006	LONG RANGE STAND-OFF WEAPON AP		250,300		250,300		250,300			250,300
	TACTICAL									
007	REPLAC EQUIP & WAR CONSUMABLES		12,436		12,436		12,436			12,436
008	ADVANCED PRECISION KILL WEAPON SYSTEM (APKWS) MISSILE.	340	13,428	340	13,428	340	13,428			340	13,428

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Line	Item	FY 2026 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
009	AGM–183A AIR-LAUNCHED RAPID RESPONSE WEAPON		387,055		387,055		669,055		228,000		615,055
	JSM procurement total 112x—misaligned budget request.						[282,000]		[228,000]		
011	JOINT AIR-SURFACE STANDOFF MISSILE	144	328,081	144	328,081	144	650,081		161,000	144	489,081
	Joint Air to Surface Stand-Off Missile (JASSM) (USAF)						[322,000]		[161,000]		
013	JOINT ADVANCED TACTICAL MISSILE		368,593		368,593		368,593				368,593
015	LRASM0	93	294,401	93	294,401	93	294,401			93	294,401
017	SIDEWINDER (AIM–9X)	173	100,352	173	100,352	173	100,352			173	100,352
018	AMRAAM	226	365,125	226	365,125	226	365,125			226	365,125
021	SMALL DIAMETER BOMB	511	41,510	511	41,510	511	191,510			511	41,510
	GLSDB procurement						[150,000]				
022	SMALL DIAMETER BOMB II	806	307,743	806	307,743	806	307,743			806	307,743
023	STAND-IN ATTACK WEAPON (SIAW)	99	185,324	99	185,324	99	185,324			99	185,324
	INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES										
024	INDUSTRIAL PREPAREDNESS/POL PREVENTION		917		917		917				917
	CLASS IV										
025	ICBM FUZE MOD		119,376		119,376		119,376				119,376
027	MM III MODIFICATIONS		14,604		14,604		14,604				14,604
029	AIR LAUNCH CRUISE MISSILE (ALCM)		41,393		41,393		41,393				41,393
	MISSILE SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS										
030	MSL SPRS/REPAIR PARTS (INITIAL)		5,824		5,824		5,824				5,824
031	MSL SPRS/REPAIR PARTS (REPLEN)		108,249		108,249		358,249				108,249
	Air Force munitions—misaligned budget request						[250,000]				
	SPECIAL PROGRAMS										
033	SPECIAL UPDATE PROGRAMS		221,199		199,099		221,199		–22,100		199,099
	Program decrease				[–22,100]				[–22,100]		
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS										
033A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS		828,275		828,275		828,275				828,275
	TOTAL MISSILE PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE	**2,392**	**4,223,876**	**2,392**	**4,201,776**	**2,392**	**5,227,876**		**366,900**	**2,392**	**4,590,776**
	PROCUREMENT OF AMMUNITION, AIR FORCE										
	CARTRIDGES										
003	CARTRIDGES		126,077		126,077		126,077				126,077

	BOMBS									
005	GENERAL PURPOSE BOMBS		189,097		170,197		189,097	–18,900		170,197
	Program decrease				[–18,900]			[–18,900]		
006	MASSIVE ORDNANCE PENETRATOR (MOP)		6,813		6,813		6,813			6,813
007	JOINT DIRECT ATTACK MUNITION	1,500	126,389	1,500	126,389	1,500	126,389		1,500	126,389
009	B61–12 TRAINER		7,668		7,668		7,668			7,668
	OTHER ITEMS									
010	CAD/PAD		58,454		58,454		58,454			58,454
011	EXPLOSIVE ORDNANCE DISPOSAL (EOD)		7,297		7,297		7,297			7,297
012	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS		636		636		636			636
014	FIRST DESTINATION TRANSPORTATION		2,955		2,955		2,955			2,955
015	ITEMS LESS THAN $5,000,000		5,571		5,571		5,571			5,571
	FLARES									
017	EXPENDABLE COUNTERMEASURES		101,540		101,540		101,540			101,540
	FUZES									
018	FUZES		125,721		125,721		125,721			125,721
	SMALL ARMS									
019	SMALL ARMS		26,260		26,260		26,260			26,260
	TOTAL PROCUREMENT OF AMMUNITION, AIR FORCE	**1,500**	**784,478**	**1,500**	**765,578**	**1,500**	**784,478**	**–18,900**	**1,500**	**765,578**
	PROCUREMENT, SPACE FORCE									
	SPACE PROCUREMENT, SF									
002	AF SATELLITE COMM SYSTEM		68,238		68,238		68,238			68,238
004	COUNTERSPACE SYSTEMS		2,027		2,027		2,027			2,027
006	EVOLVED STRATEGIC SATCOM (ESS) AP		64,996		64,996		64,996			64,996
007	FAMILY OF BEYOND LINE-OF-SIGHT TERMINALS		15,404		15,404		15,404			15,404
010	GENERAL INFORMATION TECH—SPACE		1,835		1,835		1,835			1,835
011	GPSIII FOLLOW ON		109,944		449,619		109,944			109,944
	GPS IIIF				[339,675]					
012	GPS III SPACE SEGMENT		29,274		29,274		29,274			29,274
013	GLOBAL POSTIONING (SPACE)		870		870		870			870
017	SPACEBORNE EQUIP (COMSEC)		84,044		84,044		84,044			84,044
018	MILSATCOM		36,447		36,447		36,447			36,447
020	SPECIAL SPACE ACTIVITIES		482,653		482,653		482,653			482,653
021	MOBILE USER OBJECTIVE SYSTEM		48,977		48,977		48,977			48,977
022	NATIONAL SECURITY SPACE LAUNCH	4	1,466,963	4	1,466,963	4	1,466,963		4	1,466,963
024	PTES HUB		29,949		29,949		29,949			29,949
026	SPACE DEVELOPMENT AGENCY LAUNCH	7	648,446	7	648,446	7	648,446		7	648,446
027	SPACE DIGITAL INTEGRATED NETWORK (SDIN)		4,984		4,984		4,984			4,984
029	SPACE MODS		115,498		115,498		115,498			115,498

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT
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Line	Item	FY 2026 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
030	SPACELIFT RANGE SYSTEM SPACE		64,321		64,321		64,321				64,321
031	WIDEBAND SATCOM OPERATIONAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS		92,380		92,380		92,380				92,380
	SPARES										
032	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS		938		938		938				938
	NON-TACTICAL VEHICLES										
033	USSF VEHICLES		5,000		5,000		5,000				5,000
	SUPPORT EQUIPMENT										
035	POWER CONDITIONING EQUIPMENT		20,449		20,449		20,449				20,449
	TOTAL PROCUREMENT, SPACE FORCE	**11**	**3,393,637**	**11**	**3,733,312**	**11**	**3,393,637**			**11**	**3,393,637**
	OTHER PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE										
	PASSENGER CARRYING VEHICLES										
002	PASSENGER CARRYING VEHICLES		5,557		5,557		5,557				5,557
	CARGO AND UTILITY VEHICLES										
003	MEDIUM TACTICAL VEHICLE		3,938		3,938		3,938				3,938
004	CAP VEHICLES		1,175		1,175		1,175				1,175
005	CARGO AND UTILITY VEHICLES		56,940		56,940		56,940				56,940
	SPECIAL PURPOSE VEHICLES										
006	JOINT LIGHT TACTICAL VEHICLE		62,202		62,202		62,202				62,202
007	SECURITY AND TACTICAL VEHICLES		129		129		129				129
008	SPECIAL PURPOSE VEHICLES		68,242		68,242		68,242				68,242
	FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT										
009	FIRE FIGHTING/CRASH RESCUE VEHICLES		58,416		58,416		58,416				58,416
	MATERIALS HANDLING EQUIPMENT										
010	MATERIALS HANDLING VEHICLES		18,552		18,552		18,552				18,552
	BASE MAINTENANCE SUPPORT										
011	RUNWAY SNOW REMOV AND CLEANING EQU		11,045		11,045		11,045				11,045
012	BASE MAINTENANCE SUPPORT VEHICLES		25,291		25,291		25,291				25,291
	COMM SECURITY EQUIPMENT(COMSEC)										
015	COMSEC EQUIPMENT		169,363		159,363		169,363		–10,000		159,363
	Program decrease				[–10,000]				[–10,000]		
	INTELLIGENCE PROGRAMS										
017	INTERNATIONAL INTEL TECH & ARCHITECTURES		5,833		5,833		5,833				5,833

018	INTELLIGENCE TRAINING EQUIPMENT	5,273	5,273	5,273		5,273
019	INTELLIGENCE COMM EQUIPMENT	42,257	42,257	42,257		42,257
	ELECTRONICS PROGRAMS					
020	AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL & LANDING SYS	26,390	26,390	26,390		26,390
021	NATIONAL AIRSPACE SYSTEM	11,810	11,810	11,810		11,810
022	BATTLE CONTROL SYSTEM—FIXED	16,592	16,592	16,592		16,592
023	THEATER AIR CONTROL SYS IMPROVEMEN	27,650	27,650	27,650		27,650
024	3D EXPEDITIONARY LONG-RANGE RADAR	103,226	103,226	103,226		103,226
025	WEATHER OBSERVATION FORECAST	31,516	31,516	31,516		31,516
026	STRATEGIC COMMAND AND CONTROL	82,912	82,912	82,912		82,912
027	CHEYENNE MOUNTAIN COMPLEX	22,021	22,021	22,021		22,021
028	MISSION PLANNING SYSTEMS	18,722	18,722	18,722		18,722
031	STRATEGIC MISSION PLANNING & EXECUTION SYSTEM	6,383	6,383	6,383		6,383
	SPCL COMM-ELECTRONICS PROJECTS					
032	GENERAL INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY	172,085	173,185	172,085		172,085
	Barry M Goldwater Range Land Mobile Radio (LMR) Network Equipment and Installation.		[1,100]			
034	AF GLOBAL COMMAND & CONTROL SYS	1,947	1,947	1,947		1,947
036	MOBILITY COMMAND AND CONTROL	11,648	11,648	11,648		11,648
037	AIR FORCE PHYSICAL SECURITY SYSTEM	294,747	278,747	294,747		294,747
	Program decrease		[–16,000]			
038	COMBAT TRAINING RANGES	231,987	231,987	231,987		231,987
039	MINIMUM ESSENTIAL EMERGENCY COMM N	94,995	94,995	94,995		94,995
040	WIDE AREA SURVEILLANCE (WAS)	29,617	29,617	29,617		29,617
041	C3 COUNTERMEASURES	116,410	104,810	116,410	–11,600	104,810
	Program decrease		[–11,600]		[–11,600]	
044	DEFENSE ENTERPRISE ACCOUNTING & MGT SYS	698	698	698		698
046	THEATER BATTLE MGT C2 SYSTEM	442	442	442		442
047	AIR & SPACE OPERATIONS CENTER (AOC)	22,785	20,485	22,785	–2,300	20,485
	Program decrease		[–2,300]		[–2,300]	
	AIR FORCE COMMUNICATIONS					
050	BASE INFORMATION TRANSPT INFRAST (BITI) WIRED	79,091	79,091	79,091		79,091
051	AFNET	282,907	282,907	282,907		282,907
052	JOINT COMMUNICATIONS SUPPORT ELEMENT (JCSE)	5,930	5,930	5,930		5,930
053	USCENTCOM	14,919	14,919	14,919		14,919
054	USSTRATCOM	4,788	4,788	4,788		4,788
055	USSPACECOM	32,633	32,633	32,633		32,633
	ORGANIZATION AND BASE					
056	TACTICAL C-E EQUIPMENT	143,829	143,829	143,829		143,829
059	RADIO EQUIPMENT	50,730	50,730	50,730		50,730

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Line	Item	FY 2026 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
061	BASE COMM INFRASTRUCTURE		67,015		67,015		67,015				67,015
	MODIFICATIONS										
062	COMM ELECT MODS		76,034		76,034		76,034				76,034
	PERSONAL SAFETY & RESCUE EQUIP										
063	PERSONAL SAFETY AND RESCUE EQUIPMENT		81,782		81,782		81,782				81,782
	DEPOT PLANT+MTRLS HANDLING EQ										
064	POWER CONDITIONING EQUIPMENT		13,711		13,711		13,711				13,711
065	MECHANIZED MATERIAL HANDLING EQUIP		21,143		21,143		21,143				21,143
	BASE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT										
066	BASE PROCURED EQUIPMENT		90,654		90,654		90,654				90,654
067	ENGINEERING AND EOD EQUIPMENT		253,799		243,799		353,799		66,400		320,199
	Program decrease				[–10,000]				[–10,000]		
	Regional Base Cluster Prepositioning (RBCP)						[100,000]		[76,400]		
068	MOBILITY EQUIPMENT		95,584		95,584		95,584				95,584
069	FUELS SUPPORT EQUIPMENT (FSE)		34,794		34,794		34,794				34,794
070	BASE MAINTENANCE AND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		59,431		59,431		59,431				59,431
	SPECIAL SUPPORT PROJECTS										
072	DARP RC135		30,136		30,136		30,136				30,136
073	DCGS-AF		87,044		87,044		87,044				87,044
077	SPECIAL UPDATE PROGRAM		1,178,397		1,178,397		1,178,397				1,178,397
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS										
077A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS		26,920,092		26,920,092		27,138,092				26,920,092
	Acceleration of Air Force program						[218,000]				
	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS										
080	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS (CYBER)		1,075		1,075		1,075				1,075
081	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS		20,330		20,330		20,330				20,330
	TOTAL OTHER PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE		**31,504,644**		**31,455,844**		**31,822,644**		**42,500**		**31,547,144**
	PROCUREMENT, DEFENSE-WIDE										
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, WHS										
004	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DPAA	20	475	20	475	20	475			20	475
005	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, OSD		164,900		164,900		164,900				164,900
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, WHS										

015	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, WHS		403		403		403		403
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DISA								
016	INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECURITY		6,254		6,254		6,254		6,254
017	TELEPORT PROGRAM		112,517		112,517		112,517		112,517
019	ITEMS LESS THAN $5 MILLION		23,673		23,673		23,673		23,673
020	DEFENSE INFORMATION SYSTEM NETWORK		252,370		252,370		277,370		252,370
	Defense Information System Network (DISN)—Service Delivery Nodes.						[25,000]		
021	WHITE HOUSE COMMUNICATION AGENCY		125,292		125,292		125,292		125,292
022	SENIOR LEADERSHIP ENTERPRISE		175,264		175,264		175,264		175,264
023	JOINT REGIONAL SECURITY STACKS (JRSS)		1,496		1,496		33,570		1,496
	Army Modernization—JRSS						[32,074]		
024	JOINT SERVICE PROVIDER		54,186		54,186		54,186		54,186
025	FOURTH ESTATE NETWORK OPTIMIZATION (4ENO)		75,386		75,386		75,386		75,386
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DLA								
037	MAJOR EQUIPMENT		79,251		79,251		79,251		79,251
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DCSA								
038	MAJOR EQUIPMENT		2,230		2,230		2,230		2,230
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, TJS								
042	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, TJS		33,090		33,090		33,090		33,090
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, MISSILE DEFENSE AGENCY								
044	THAAD	25	523,125	25	523,125	25	673,125	714,564	25 1,237,689
	Maximize THAAD Talon production line (+12–16 AURs)—misaligned budget request.						[150,000]		
	Program increase: THAAD additional quantities							[714,564]	
046	AEGIS BMD						400,000	400,000	400,000
	Maximize SM–3 IB production line						[400,000]	[400,000]	
048	BMDS AN/TPY–2 RADARS		36,530		36,530		36,530		36,530
049	SM–3 IIAS	12	444,835	12	444,835	12	444,835		12 444,835
050	ARROW 3 UPPER TIER SYSTEMS	1	100,000	1	100,000	1	100,000		1 100,000
051	SHORT RANGE BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE (SRBMD)	1	40,000	1	40,000	1	40,000		1 40,000
052	DEFENSE OF GUAM PROCUREMENT		11,351		11,351		11,351		11,351
056	IRON DOME	1	60,000	1	60,000	1	60,000		1 60,000
058	AEGIS BMD HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE		17,211		17,211		17,211		17,211
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DHRA								
059	PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION		3,797		3,797		3,797		3,797
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DEFENSE THREAT REDUCTION AGENCY								
062	VEHICLES		911		911		911		911
063	OTHER MAJOR EQUIPMENT		12,023		12,023		12,023		12,023
065	DTRA CYBER ACTIVITIES		1,800		1,800		1,800		1,800

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Item	FY 2026 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DODEA										
068	AUTOMATION/EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT & LOGISTICS						5,000				
	Blast Overpressure Analysis and Mitigation						[5,000]				
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DMACT										
070	MAJOR EQUIPMENT		7,258		7,258		7,258				7,258
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, USCYBERCOM										
071	CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS		73,358		73,358		73,358				73,358
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS										
	UNDISTRIBUTED										
074A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS		1,129,183		1,129,183		1,129,183				1,129,183
	AVIATION PROGRAMS										
091	ARMED OVERWATCH/TARGETING	6	156,606	6	156,606	6	156,606			6	156,606
095	ROTARY WING UPGRADES AND SUSTAINMENT		189,059		189,059		189,059				189,059
096	UNMANNED ISR		6,858		6,858		6,858				6,858
097	NON-STANDARD AVIATION		7,849		7,849		17,849				7,849
	Non-Standard Aviation—Sea Planes						[10,000]				
098	U–28		2,031		2,031		2,031				2,031
099	MH–47 CHINOOK		156,934		156,934		156,934				156,934
100	CV–22 MODIFICATION		19,692		19,692		19,692				19,692
101	MQ–9 UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE		12,890		12,890		12,890				12,890
102	PRECISION STRIKE PACKAGE		61,595		61,595		61,595				61,595
103	AC/MC–130J		236,312		236,312		236,312				236,312
	AMMUNITION PROGRAMS										
106	ORDNANCE ITEMS <$5M		116,972		116,972		116,972				116,972
	OTHER PROCUREMENT PROGRAMS										
107	INTELLIGENCE SYSTEMS		227,073		227,073		227,073				227,073
108	DISTRIBUTED COMMON GROUND/SURFACE SYSTEMS		2,824		2,824		2,824				2,824
109	OTHER ITEMS <$5M		95,685		95,685		95,685				95,685
110	COMBATANT CRAFT SYSTEMS						9,600		7,000		7,000
	Combatant Craft Assault						[9,600]		[7,000]		
111	SPECIAL PROGRAMS		30,418		30,418		30,418				30,418
112	TACTICAL VEHICLES		54,100		54,100		54,100				54,100
113	WARRIOR SYSTEMS <$5M		303,991		318,991		303,991		15,000		318,991

	Satellite Deployable Node, Communications on the Move.				[15,000]				[15,000]		
114	COMBAT MISSION REQUIREMENTS		4,985		4,985		4,985				4,985
116	OPERATIONAL ENHANCEMENTS INTELLIGENCE		21,339		21,339		21,339				21,339
117	OPERATIONAL ENHANCEMENTS		352,100		352,100		352,100				352,100
	CBDP										
120	CHEMICAL BIOLOGICAL SITUATIONAL AWARENESS		208,051		208,051		208,051				208,051
121	CB PROTECTION & HAZARD MITIGATION		213,330		213,330		213,330				213,330
	TOTAL PROCUREMENT, DEFENSE-WIDE	**66**	**6,048,863**	**66**	**6,063,863**	**66**	**6,680,537**		**1,136,564**	**66**	**7,185,427**
	TOTAL PROCUREMENT	**12,121**	**152,830,175**	**12,127**	**153,217,950**	**12,121**	**171,001,606**	**263**	**8,877,069**	**12,384**	**161,707,244**

TITLE XLII—RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION.

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
		RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST AND EVALUATION, ARMY					
		BASIC RESEARCH					
001	0601102A	DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	237,678	237,678	237,678		237,678
002	0601103A	UNIVERSITY RESEARCH INITIATIVES	78,947	78,947	78,947		78,947
003	0601104A	UNIVERSITY AND INDUSTRY RESEARCH CENTERS	69,391	78,391	69,391		69,391
		Biotechnology Advancements		[4,000]			
		High-Throughput Materials Discovery for Extreme Conditions.		[5,000]			
004	0601121A	CYBER COLLABORATIVE RESEARCH ALLIANCE	5,463	5,463	5,463		5,463
005	0601275A	ELECTRONIC WARFARE BASIC RESEARCH	88,053	88,053	88,053		88,053
006	0601601A	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING BASIC RESEARCH.	7,012	7,012	7,012		7,012
		SUBTOTAL BASIC RESEARCH	**486,544**	**495,544**	**486,544**		**486,544**
		APPLIED RESEARCH					
007	0602002A	ARMY AGILE INNOVATION AND DEVELOPMENT-APPLIED RESEARCH.	9,455	9,455	9,455		9,455
008	0602134A	COUNTER IMPROVISED-THREAT ADVANCED STUDIES	6,174	6,174	6,174		6,174

009	0602135A	COUNTER SMALL UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS (C-SUAS) APPLIED RESEARCH.	12,618	12,618	12,618		12,618
010	0602141A	LETHALITY TECHNOLOGY	97,157	104,157	107,157	9,000	106,157
		Advanced Materials and Manufacturing for Hypersonics (AMMH).			[10,000]	[9,000]	
		Scalable counter small unmanned aerial systems munition delivered air defense payloads.		[7,000]			
012	0602143A	SOLDIER LETHALITY TECHNOLOGY	72,670	80,170	110,670	28,500	101,170
		Army Pathfinder Airborne			[5,000]	[5,000]	
		Decrease Soldier load and power burden			[8,000]	[8,000]	
		Digital Night Vision Technology		[2,500]		[2,500]	
		Enhancing Energy Technologies in Cold Regions			[15,000]	[5,000]	
		Pathfinder—Air Assault			[10,000]	[8,000]	
		Pathfinder Air Assault		[5,000]			
013	0602144A	GROUND TECHNOLOGY	56,342	56,342	69,342	10,000	66,342
		Earth Sciences Polar Proving Ground & Training Program.			[5,000]	[5,000]	
		Engineered Roadway Repair Materials for Effective Maneuver of Military Assets.			[5,000]	[3,000]	
		Geotechnical Intelligence and Terrain Analytics Network for Arctic Maneuverability.			[3,000]	[2,000]	
014	0602145A	NEXT GENERATION COMBAT VEHICLE TECHNOLOGY	71,547	76,547	90,547	21,500	93,047
		Advanced Materials Development for Next Generation Combat Vehicle Survivability.		[2,500]		[2,500]	
		Platform anti-idle and mobility technology			[15,000]	[15,000]	
		Standardized Army Battery			[4,000]	[4,000]	
		Standardized Army Battery for Enhanced Performance and Safety.		[2,500]			
015	0602146A	NETWORK C3I TECHNOLOGY	56,529	64,029	56,529	4,000	60,529
		Distributed Aperture Spectrum Dominance for Missile Defeat.		[5,000]		[4,000]	
		Improved Analyst-AI Workflow Integration		[2,500]			

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
016	0602147A	LONG RANGE PRECISION FIRES TECHNOLOGY	25,744	28,244	32,744	7,000	32,744
		Any Material and Any Process for missile manufacturing.		[2,500]			
		Novel Printed Armament Components for Distributed Operations.			[7,000]	[7,000]	
017	0602148A	FUTURE VERTICLE LIFT TECHNOLOGY	20,420	20,420	20,420		20,420
018	0602150A	AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY	25,992	33,492	30,992	7,500	33,492
		AI Integration & Security for IBCS		[2,500]		[2,500]	
		Counter-UAS technologies, facilities, and research		[5,000]		[5,000]	
		Counter-UAS Testing and Research Center (CTRC)			[5,000]		
019	0602180A	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING TECHNOLOGIES.	13,745	13,745	13,745		13,745
021	0602182A	C3I APPLIED RESEARCH	22,317	22,317	22,317		22,317
022	0602183A	AIR PLATFORM APPLIED RESEARCH	53,305	53,305	63,305	5,000	58,305
		Shape-shifting Drones Powered by Mechanical Intelligence.			[10,000]	[5,000]	
023	0602184A	SOLDIER APPLIED RESEARCH	27,597	27,597	27,597		27,597
024	0602213A	C3I APPLIED CYBER	4,716	4,716	4,716		4,716
025	0602275A	ELECTRONIC WARFARE APPLIED RESEARCH	45,415	45,415	45,415		45,415
026	0602276A	ELECTRONIC WARFARE CYBER APPLIED RESEARCH	17,102	17,102	17,102		17,102
027	0602345A	UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS LAUNCHED EFFECTS APPLIED RESEARCH.	18,408	18,408	18,408		18,408
028	0602386A	BIOTECHNOLOGY FOR MATERIALS—APPLIED RESEARCH	8,209	8,209	8,209		8,209
030	0602785A	MANPOWER/PERSONNEL/TRAINING TECHNOLOGY	17,191	17,191	17,191		17,191
031	0602787A	MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY	143,293	142,293	143,293	–3,000	140,293
		Army Institute of Research (WRAIR) Mitochondria Transplantation for TBI research program.		[5,000]		[3,000]	

		Program decrease		[–6,000]		[–6,000]	
031A	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	34,599	34,599	34,599		34,599
		SUBTOTAL APPLIED RESEARCH	**860,545**	**896,545**	**962,545**	**89,500**	**950,045**
		ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT					
032	0603002A	MEDICAL ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	1,860	1,860	1,860		1,860
033	0603007A	MANPOWER, PERSONNEL AND TRAINING ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY.	13,559	13,559	13,559		13,559
034	0603025A	ARMY AGILE INNOVATION AND DEMONSTRATION	19,679	37,679	19,679	18,000	37,679
		Advance development of high-altitude precision effects glide munitions.		[18,000]		[18,000]	
035	0603040A	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING ADVANCED TECHNOLOGIES.	20,487	20,487	32,487	10,000	30,487
		Multi-Domain Kill Chain Automation			[12,000]	[10,000]	
036	0603041A	ALL DOMAIN CONVERGENCE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	10,560	10,560	10,560		10,560
037	0603042A	C3I ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	15,028	15,028	15,028		15,028
038	0603043A	AIR PLATFORM ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	41,266	41,266	41,266		41,266
039	0603044A	SOLDIER ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	18,143	18,143	18,143		18,143
040	0603116A	LETHALITY ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	13,232	21,232	13,232	3,500	16,732
		Critical Energetics Materials and Manufacturing Technology.		[4,500]			
		Tier 1 Blast Over Pressure Reduction Technologies		[3,500]		[3,500]	
042	0603118A	SOLDIER LETHALITY ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	95,186	101,686	100,186	9,000	104,186
		Aerial Delivery of Fire Suppression			[5,000]	[5,000]	
		Rapid Agile Manufacturing of Parachutes and Soft-Goods.		[4,000]		[4,000]	
		Tactical combat casualty care simulation		[2,500]			
043	0603119A	GROUND ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	30,507	49,707	46,507	11,000	41,507
		Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory			[5,000]	[5,000]	
		Fuel Cell Multi-Modular Use			[5,000]		
		Fuel Cell Multi-Modular Use (FC-MMU) Utilizing Hydrogen.		[10,000]			

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
		Humanitarian Airborne Mobile Infrastructure Capability.		[4,200]			
		Improvements in Mobility Modeling			[6,000]	[6,000]	
		Rapid Entry and Sustainment for the Arctic		[5,000]			
044	0603134A	COUNTER IMPROVISED-THREAT SIMULATION	15,692	15,692	15,692		15,692
045	0603135A	COUNTER SMALL UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS (C-SUAS) ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY.	7,773	7,773	7,773		7,773
046	0603275A	ELECTRONIC WARFARE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	83,922	83,922	83,922		83,922
047	0603276A	ELECTRONIC WARFARE CYBER ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	15,254	15,254	15,254		15,254
048	0603345A	UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS LAUNCHED EFFECTS ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT.	13,898	13,898	13,898		13,898
049	0603386A	BIOTECHNOLOGY FOR MATERIALS—ADVANCED RESEARCH	24,683	24,683	29,683		24,683
		NCSEB Recommendation—AI-Ready Biological Data			[5,000]		
050	0603457A	C3I CYBER ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	3,329	3,329	3,329		3,329
051	0603461A	HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPUTING MODERNIZATION PROGRAM.	241,855	241,855	291,855		241,855
		High Performance Computing Modernization Program			[50,000]		
052	0603462A	NEXT GENERATION COMBAT VEHICLE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY.	141,301	177,301	148,301	35,000	176,301
		Acceleration of leap ahead systems for ground vehicles.			[7,000]	[6,000]	
		Airless Tire Demonstration for the Infantry Squad Vehicle.		[5,000]		[5,000]	
		Discontinuous Thermoplastics Materials		[10,000]		[10,000]	
		Dual-Use Autonomous and Collaborative Reconnaissance Testing.		[8,000]		[8,000]	

		Virtual Engineering for Army Readiness and Sustainment.		[7,000]			
		Winter Tire Development		[6,000]		[6,000]	
053	0603463A	NETWORK C3I ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	78,539	81,039	88,539	12,500	91,039
		Communication Conformal Antenna Research and Development.		[2,500]		[2,500]	
		Geophysical Littoral Autonomous Detection and Exploitation II (GLADE II).			[5,000]	[5,000]	
		Network C3I Advanced Technology			[5,000]	[5,000]	
054	0603464A	LONG RANGE PRECISION FIRES ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	162,236	162,236	162,236		162,236
055	0603465A	FUTURE VERTICAL LIFT ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	66,686	71,686	66,686	4,000	70,686
		Next Generation eVTOL Program Enhancement		[5,000]		[4,000]	
056	0603466A	AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	23,330	48,830	33,330	12,250	35,580
		CHROME Testbed		[5,000]		[5,000]	
		Development and integration of the Hypersonic Interceptor Divert and Attitude Control System (HIDACS).		[18,000]			
		Material Improvements for Electric Motors			[10,000]	[4,750]	
		Missile Enhancements with Electric Motor Prototypes		[2,500]		[2,500]	
058	0603920A	HUMANITARIAN DEMINING	9,349	9,349	9,349		9,349
058A	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	72,837	72,837	72,837		72,837
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	**1,240,191**	**1,360,891**	**1,355,191**	**115,250**	**1,355,441**
		ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES					
060	0603305A	ARMY MISSLE DEFENSE SYSTEMS INTEGRATION	8,141	20,141	8,141	10,500	18,641
		Multi-spectral Identification, Characterization, and Aggregation.		[3,000]		[3,000]	
		Science and Technology Evaluations Against Lethal Threats – Hypersonics.		[2,500]		[2,500]	
		Underwater Cut and Capture Demonstration		[6,500]		[5,000]	
061	0603308A	ARMY SPACE SYSTEMS INTEGRATION	83,080	89,080	83,080	6,000	89,080
		Assured Zero Trust Environment Controls (AZTEC)		[6,000]		[6,000]	

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
063	0603619A	LANDMINE WARFARE AND BARRIER—ADV DEV	41,516	41,516	41,516		41,516
064	0603639A	TANK AND MEDIUM CALIBER AMMUNITION	85,472	85,472	90,472		85,472
		Large caliber automated ammunition resupply			[5,000]		
065	0603645A	ARMORED SYSTEM MODERNIZATION—ADV DEV	22,645	22,645	22,645		22,645
066	0603747A	SOLDIER SUPPORT AND SURVIVABILITY	4,033	4,033	4,033		4,033
067	0603766A	TACTICAL ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM—ADV DEV	107,525	122,425	107,525	9,900	117,425
		Future Flag Experimentation		[5,000]			
		System of Systems for Asset Optimization and Management of Uncrewed Systems.		[9,900]		[9,900]	
068	0603774A	NIGHT VISION SYSTEMS ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	5,153	5,153	5,153		5,153
069	0603779A	ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY TECHNOLOGY—DEM/VAL	11,343	11,343	11,343		11,343
070	0603790A	NATO RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT	5,031	5,031	5,031		5,031
072	0603804A	LOGISTICS AND ENGINEER EQUIPMENT—ADV DEV	15,435	15,435	15,435		15,435
073	0603807A	MEDICAL SYSTEMS—ADV DEV	1,000	1,000	1,000		1,000
074	0603827A	SOLDIER SYSTEMS—ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	41,856	41,856	41,856		41,856
075	0604017A	ROBOTICS DEVELOPMENT	35,082	35,082	35,082		35,082
076	0604019A	EXPANDED MISSION AREA MISSILE (EMAM)	178,137	178,137	178,137		178,137
078	0604035A	LOW EARTH ORBIT (LEO) SATELLITE CAPABILITY	17,063	17,063	17,063		17,063
079	0604036A	MULTI-DOMAIN SENSING SYSTEM (MDSS) ADV DEV	239,813	249,813	239,813	10,000	249,813
		Secure Integrated Multi-Orbit Networking Satellite Communications.		[10,000]			
		Secure Integrated Multi-Orbit Satellite Communications.				[10,000]	
080	0604037A	TACTICAL INTEL TARGETING ACCESS NODE (TITAN) ADV DEV.	3,092	3,092	3,092		3,092
081	0604100A	ANALYSIS OF ALTERNATIVES	9,865	9,865	9,865		9,865
085	0604114A	LOWER TIER AIR MISSILE DEFENSE (LTAMD) SENSOR	196,448	196,448	196,448		196,448

086	0604115A	TECHNOLOGY MATURATION INITIATIVES	267,619	261,869	277,619	–750	266,869
		Program decrease		[–5,750]		[–5,750]	
		Short Pulse Laser Directed Energy Demonstration			[10,000]	[5,000]	
087	0604117A	MANEUVER—SHORT RANGE AIR DEFENSE (M-SHORAD)	238,247	239,497	238,247	1,250	239,497
		M-VEST		[1,250]		[1,250]	
089	0604120A	ASSURED POSITIONING, NAVIGATION AND TIMING (PNT)	8,686	8,686	8,686		8,686
090	0604121A	SYNTHETIC TRAINING ENVIRONMENT REFINEMENT & PROTOTYPING.	240,899	182,899	240,899	–70,880	170,019
		Program decrease		[–58,000]		[–70,880]	
091	0604134A	COUNTER IMPROVISED-THREAT DEMONSTRATION, PROTOTYPE DEVELOPMENT, AND TESTING.	5,491	5,491	5,491		5,491
092	0604135A	STRATEGIC MID-RANGE FIRES	231,401	231,401	231,401		231,401
093	0604182A	HYPERSONICS	25,000	25,000	38,000		25,000
		Emerging Hypersonic Capabilities (USA, USN)			[13,000]		
		Program increase		[10,000]			
095	0604403A	FUTURE INTERCEPTOR	8,019	8,019	8,019		8,019
097	0604531A	COUNTER—SMALL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT.	45,281	45,281	45,281		45,281
099	0604541A	UNIFIED NETWORK TRANSPORT	29,191	29,191	29,191		29,191
100	0305251A	CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS FORCES AND FORCE SUPPORT	5,605	5,605	5,605		5,605
100A	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	203,746	203,746	203,746		203,746
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES.	**2,420,915**	**2,411,315**	**2,448,915**	**–33,980**	**2,386,935**
		SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION					
101	0604201A	AIRCRAFT AVIONICS	2,696	2,696	2,696		2,696
102	0604270A	ELECTRONIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT	9,153	9,153	9,153		9,153
103	0604601A	INFANTRY SUPPORT WEAPONS	56,553	68,553	56,553	10,500	67,053
		Combat Aviation Aircrew Enhancement – Safety and Lethality.		[9,000]		[9,000]	
		Next Generation Squad Weapon Magazine Testing		[3,000]		[1,500]	
104	0604604A	MEDIUM TACTICAL VEHICLES	18,503	18,503	18,503		18,503

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105	0604611A	JAVELIN	9,810	9,810	9,810		9,810
106	0604622A	FAMILY OF HEAVY TACTICAL VEHICLES	47,064	47,064	47,064		47,064
110	0604645A	ARMORED SYSTEMS MODERNIZATION (ASM)—ENG DEV	16,593	16,593	16,593		16,593
111	0604710A	NIGHT VISION SYSTEMS—ENG DEV	351,274	351,274	351,274		351,274
112	0604713A	COMBAT FEEDING, CLOTHING, AND EQUIPMENT	5,654	5,654	5,654		5,654
113	0604715A	NON-SYSTEM TRAINING DEVICES—ENG DEV	19,063	19,063	19,063		19,063
114	0604741A	AIR DEFENSE COMMAND, CONTROL AND INTELLIGENCE—ENG DEV.	13,892	18,892	13,892	5,000	18,892
		Air and Missile Defense Common Operating Picture		[5,000]		[5,000]	
115	0604742A	CONSTRUCTIVE SIMULATION SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	7,790	7,790	7,790		7,790
116	0604746A	AUTOMATIC TEST EQUIPMENT DEVELOPMENT	9,512	9,512	9,512		9,512
117	0604760A	DISTRIBUTIVE INTERACTIVE SIMULATIONS (DIS)—ENG DEV	7,724	7,724	7,724		7,724
118	0604798A	BRIGADE ANALYSIS, INTEGRATION AND EVALUATION	24,318	24,318	24,318		24,318
119	0604802A	WEAPONS AND MUNITIONS—ENG DEV	150,344	150,344	150,344		150,344
120	0604804A	LOGISTICS AND ENGINEER EQUIPMENT—ENG DEV	50,194	50,194	50,194		50,194
121	0604805A	COMMAND, CONTROL, COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS—ENG DEV.	63,725	43,725	63,725	–20,000	43,725
		Program decrease		[–20,000]		[–20,000]	
122	0604807A	MEDICAL MATERIEL/MEDICAL BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE EQUIPMENT—ENG DEV.	6,252	6,252	6,252		6,252
123	0604808A	LANDMINE WARFARE/BARRIER—ENG DEV	9,862	9,862	9,862		9,862
124	0604818A	ARMY TACTICAL COMMAND & CONTROL HARDWARE & SOFTWARE.	430,895	355,895	430,895	–74,790	356,105
		Program decrease		[–75,000]		[–74,790]	
125	0604820A	RADAR DEVELOPMENT	53,226	53,226	53,226		53,226
127	0604827A	SOLDIER SYSTEMS—WARRIOR DEM/VAL	4,137	4,137	4,137		4,137
128	0604852A	SUITE OF SURVIVABILITY ENHANCEMENT SYSTEMS—EMD	76,903	76,903	76,903		76,903

129	0604854A	ARTILLERY SYSTEMS—EMD	80,862	80,862	80,862		80,862
130	0605013A	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	125,701	125,701	125,701		125,701
131	0605018A	INTEGRATED PERSONNEL AND PAY SYSTEM-ARMY (IPPS-A)	164,600	153,600	164,600	–11,000	153,600
		Program decrease		[–11,000]		[–11,000]	
132	0605030A	JOINT TACTICAL NETWORK CENTER (JTNC)	20,954	20,954	20,954		20,954
133	0605031A	JOINT TACTICAL NETWORK (JTN)	41,696	41,696	41,696		41,696
134	0605035A	COMMON INFRARED COUNTERMEASURES (CIRCM)	10,789	10,789	10,789		10,789
135	0605036A	COMBATING WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION (CWMD)	13,322	13,322	13,322		13,322
136	0605037A	EVIDENCE COLLECTION AND DETAINEE PROCESSING	4,619	4,619	4,619		4,619
137	0605038A	NUCLEAR BIOLOGICAL CHEMICAL RECONNAISSANCE VEHICLE (NBCRV) SENSOR SUITE.	13,459	13,459	13,459		13,459
138	0605041A	DEFENSIVE CYBER TOOL DEVELOPMENT	3,611	3,611	3,611		3,611
139	0605042A	TACTICAL NETWORK RADIO SYSTEMS (LOW-TIER)	3,222	3,222	3,222		3,222
140	0605047A	CONTRACT WRITING SYSTEM	8,101	8,101	8,101		8,101
142	0605051A	AIRCRAFT SURVIVABILITY DEVELOPMENT	44,182	26,182	52,182	–18,000	26,182
		Advances in surface-to-air missile technologies			[8,000]		
		Program decrease		[–20,000]		[–20,000]	
		Threat Missile Seeker Analysis and Assessment		[2,000]		[2,000]	
143	0605052A	INDIRECT FIRE PROTECTION CAPABILITY INC 2—BLOCK 1	248,659	248,659	248,659		248,659
144	0605053A	GROUND ROBOTICS	227,038	227,038	227,038		227,038
145	0605054A	EMERGING TECHNOLOGY INITIATIVES	57,546	57,546	95,546		57,546
		Operationalize anti-idle ground vehicles			[38,000]		
146	0605144A	NEXT GENERATION LOAD DEVICE—MEDIUM	24,492	24,492	24,492		24,492
147	0605148A	TACTICAL INTEL TARGETING ACCESS NODE (TITAN) EMD	44,273	44,273	44,273		44,273
152	0605224A	MULTI-DOMAIN INTELLIGENCE	34,844	34,844	39,844	5,000	39,844
		DeepFake and AI-synthesized Image Detection			[5,000]	[5,000]	
154	0605232A	HYPERSONICS EMD	513,027	513,027	513,027		513,027
155	0605233A	ACCESSIONS INFORMATION ENVIRONMENT (AIE)	32,710	32,710	32,710		32,710
156	0605235A	STRATEGIC MID-RANGE CAPABILITY	186,304	186,304	188,394	2,090	188,394
		Maritime Strike Tomahawk (MST) (USA, USN)			[2,090]	[2,090]	
157	0605236A	INTEGRATED TACTICAL COMMUNICATIONS	22,732	22,732	22,732		22,732
158	0605241A	FUTURE LONG RANGE ASSAULT AIRCRAFT DEVELOPMENT	1,248,544	1,248,544	1,248,544		1,248,544

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160	0605244A	JOINT REDUCED RANGE ROCKET (JR3)	28,893	28,893	28,893		28,893
163	0605457A	ARMY INTEGRATED AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE (AIAMD)	146,056	146,056	146,056		146,056
164	0605531A	COUNTER—SMALL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS SYS DEV & DEMONSTRATION.	55,196	55,196	55,196		55,196
166	0605625A	MANNED GROUND VEHICLE	386,393	386,393	386,393		386,393
167	0605766A	NATIONAL CAPABILITIES INTEGRATION (MIP)	16,913	16,913	16,913		16,913
168	0605812A	JOINT LIGHT TACTICAL VEHICLE (JLTV) ENGINEERING AND MANUFACTURING DEVELOPMENT PHASE (EMD).	2,664	2,664	2,664		2,664
169	0605830A	AVIATION GROUND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	930	930	930		930
170	0303032A	TROJAN—RH12	3,920	3,920	3,920		3,920
172A	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	117,428	117,428	117,428		117,428
		SUBTOTAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION.	**5,378,817**	**5,271,817**	**5,431,907**	**–101,200**	**5,277,617**
		MANAGEMENT SUPPORT					
173	0604256A	THREAT SIMULATOR DEVELOPMENT	74,767	84,767	74,767	10,000	84,767
		Man Portable Doppler Radar		[10,000]		[10,000]	
174	0604258A	TARGET SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	16,004	16,004	16,004		16,004
175	0604759A	MAJOR T&E INVESTMENT	101,027	106,027	101,027	5,000	106,027
		Advanced Sensing Expanded Range Operations		[5,000]		[5,000]	
176	0605103A	RAND ARROYO CENTER	10,892	10,892	10,892		10,892
177	0605301A	ARMY KWAJALEIN ATOLL	379,283	379,283	832,058		379,283
		Cost to Complete, Family Housing Replacement Construction, Kwajalein Atoll.			[14,000]		
		Facilities Sustainment for Kwajalein Operational Facilities.			[8,775]		
		Kwajalein Catchments / Solar			[20,000]		

		Kwajalein Deferred Maintenance Backlog Reduction			[100,000]		
		Kwajalein Palm Barracks Repair			[16,000]		
		Kwajalein Redundant Cooling for Power Plants			[15,000]		
		Kwajalein Repair Roi DAAF Aprons & Taxiways			[176,000]		
		Kwajalein Repair Roi Dining Facility			[7,000]		
		Kwajalein Repair Rotary and Fixed Wing Hangars			[40,000]		
		Kwajalein Roi Water Distribution System Repair			[9,000]		
		Kwajalein Sewer Lift Station Power Loop			[6,000]		
		Kwajalein Vehicle Maintenance Facility Repair			[22,000]		
		Kwajalein Water Distribution System Repair			[19,000]		
178	0605326A	CONCEPTS EXPERIMENTATION PROGRAM	58,606	58,606	58,606		58,606
180	0605601A	ARMY TEST RANGES AND FACILITIES	425,108	428,108	425,108	3,000	428,108
		Space Terrestrial Representation for Army Test and Training Operational Scenarios.		[3,000]		[3,000]	
181	0605602A	ARMY TECHNICAL TEST INSTRUMENTATION AND TARGETS	69,328	69,328	69,328		69,328
182	0605604A	SURVIVABILITY/LETHALITY ANALYSIS	31,306	31,306	31,306		31,306
183	0605606A	AIRCRAFT CERTIFICATION	1,887	1,887	1,887		1,887
184	0605706A	MATERIEL SYSTEMS ANALYSIS	19,100	19,100	19,100		19,100
185	0605709A	EXPLOITATION OF FOREIGN ITEMS	6,277	6,277	6,277		6,277
186	0605712A	SUPPORT OF OPERATIONAL TESTING	63,637	63,637	63,637		63,637
187	0605716A	ARMY EVALUATION CENTER	62,343	62,343	62,343		62,343
188	0605718A	ARMY MODELING & SIM X-CMD COLLABORATION & INTEG	11,825	11,825	11,825		11,825
189	0605801A	PROGRAMWIDE ACTIVITIES	54,172	54,172	54,172		54,172
190	0605803A	TECHNICAL INFORMATION ACTIVITIES	26,592	26,592	26,592		26,592
191	0605805A	MUNITIONS STANDARDIZATION, EFFECTIVENESS AND SAFETY.	44,465	44,465	44,465		44,465
192	0605857A	ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY TECHNOLOGY MGMT SUPPORT	2,857	2,857	2,857		2,857
193	0605898A	ARMY DIRECT REPORT HEADQUARTERS—R&D - MHA	53,436	53,436	53,436		53,436
194	0606002A	RONALD REAGAN BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TEST SITE	72,302	82,302	80,302		72,302
		Infrastructure and Facilities Modernization		[10,000]			
		Multi-level security modernization			[8,000]		
195	0606003A	COUNTERINTEL AND HUMAN INTEL MODERNIZATION	5,660	5,660	5,660		5,660

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196	0606118A	AIAMD SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT & INTEGRATION	358,854	358,854	358,854		358,854
197	0606942A	ASSESSMENTS AND EVALUATIONS CYBER VULNERABILITIES	6,354	6,354	6,354		6,354
		SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	**1,956,082**	**1,984,082**	**2,416,857**	**18,000**	**1,974,082**
		OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT					
199	0603778A	MLRS PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM	14,639	14,639	34,639		14,639
		GLSDB HIMARS integration work			[20,000]		
200	0605024A	ANTI-TAMPER TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT	6,449	6,449	6,449		6,449
201	0607101A	COMBATING WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION (CWMD) PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT.	115	115	115		115
202	0607131A	WEAPONS AND MUNITIONS PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMS.	13,687	13,687	13,687		13,687
203	0607136A	BLACKHAWK PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM	23,998	123,998	23,998	100,000	123,998
		Blackhawk modernization		[100,000]		[100,000]	
204	0607137A	CHINOOK PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM	10,859	10,859	10,859		10,859
208	0607145A	APACHE FUTURE DEVELOPMENT	44,371	44,371	44,371		44,371
209	0607148A	AN/TPQ–53 COUNTERFIRE TARGET ACQUISITION RADAR SYSTEM.	43,054	43,054	43,054		43,054
210	0607150A	INTEL CYBER DEVELOPMENT	13,129	13,129	13,129		13,129
215	0607665A	FAMILY OF BIOMETRICS	1,594	1,594	1,594		1,594
216	0607865A	PATRIOT PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT	183,763	183,763	183,763		183,763
217	0203728A	JOINT AUTOMATED DEEP OPERATION COORDINATION SYSTEM (JADOCS).	8,424	8,424	8,424		8,424
218	0203735A	COMBAT VEHICLE IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMS	744,085	744,085	744,085		744,085
		Program decrease		[–10,000]		[–10,000]	
		Scaling Cost-Saving Lightweight Metallurgical Development.		[10,000]		[10,000]	

219	0203743A	155MM SELF-PROPELLED HOWITZER IMPROVEMENTS	107,826	107,826	107,826		107,826
220	0203752A	AIRCRAFT ENGINE COMPONENT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM ..	237	237	237		237
221	0203758A	DIGITIZATION	1,013	1,013	1,013		1,013
222	0203801A	MISSILE/AIR DEFENSE PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM	1,338	1,338	1,338		1,338
225	0205778A	GUIDED MULTIPLE-LAUNCH ROCKET SYSTEM (GMLRS)	33,307	33,307	33,307		33,307
230	0303140A	INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECURITY PROGRAM	15,040	15,040	15,040		15,040
232	0303142A	SATCOM GROUND ENVIRONMENT (SPACE)	35,720	35,720	35,720		35,720
235	0305179A	INTEGRATED BROADCAST SERVICE (IBS)	6,653	6,653	6,653		6,653
236	0305219A	MQ–1 GRAY EAGLE UAV	3,444	3,444	3,444		3,444
237	0708045A	END ITEM INDUSTRIAL PREPAREDNESS ACTIVITIES	67,002	77,002	67,002		67,002
		Next Generation Ballistic Fiber		[10,000]			
237A	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	46,872	46,872	46,872		46,872
		SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	**1,426,619**	**1,536,619**	**1,446,619**	**100,000**	**1,526,619**
		SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS					
238	0608041A	DEFENSIVE CYBER—SOFTWARE PROTOTYPE DEVELOPMENT	89,238	89,238	91,238		89,238
		Army Cyber/NETCOM – AI Enabled Network Visibility and Security Controls.			[2,000]		
		SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS.	**89,238**	**89,238**	**91,238**		**89,238**
		AGILE RDTE PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT					
239	0609135A	COUNTER UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS (UAS) AGILE DEVELOPMENT.	143,618	143,618	143,618		143,618
240	0609277A	ELECTRONIC WARFARE AGILE DEVELOPMENT	127,081	127,081	127,081		127,081
241	0609278A	ELECTRONIC WARFARE AGILE SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	59,202	59,202	59,202		59,202
242	0609345A	UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS LAUNCHED EFFECTS AGILE SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT.	187,473	187,473	187,473		187,473
243	0609346A	UAS LAUNCHED EFFECTS AGILE DEVELOPMENT	172,898	172,898	172,898		172,898
		SUBTOTAL AGILE RDTE PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT	**690,272**	**690,272**	**690,272**		**690,272**

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		TOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST AND EVALUATION, ARMY.	**14,549,223**	**14,736,323**	**15,330,088**	**187,570**	**14,736,793**
		RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST AND EVALUATION, NAVY					
		BASIC RESEARCH					
001	0601103N	UNIVERSITY RESEARCH INITIATIVES	67,306	67,306	72,306	5,000	72,306
		Artificial Intelligence Maritime Maneuvering (AIMM) 2.0.			[5,000]	[5,000]	
002	0601153N	DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	511,163	521,163	526,263	5,000	516,163
		Full purchase of the precision interferometer and related facilities and Infrastructure at Lowell Observatory used by Naval Research Laboratory.			[10,100]		
		Hypersonics T&E Workforce Development		[10,000]		[5,000]	
		NCSEB Recommendation—AI-Ready Biological Data			[5,000]		
		SUBTOTAL BASIC RESEARCH	**578,469**	**588,469**	**598,569**	**10,000**	**588,469**
		APPLIED RESEARCH					
003	0602114N	POWER PROJECTION APPLIED RESEARCH	30,635	30,635	30,635		30,635
004	0602123N	FORCE PROTECTION APPLIED RESEARCH	125,699	144,199	149,699	28,500	154,199
		Advanced Circuit Breaker			[12,000]	[6,000]	
		Battery vulnerability			[2,000]		
		Intelligent Data Management for Distributed Naval Platforms.		[12,500]		[12,500]	
		Multi-Material Flexible Automated Manufacturing			[5,000]	[4,000]	
		Sea-Launched Aerial Drones			[5,000]		
		Talent and Technology for Navy Power and Energy Systems.		[2,500]		[2,500]	

		Testing and Qualification of High-Performance Carbon Fiber for Advanced Rocket Motors.		[3,500]		[3,500]	
005	0602131M	MARINE CORPS LANDING FORCE TECHNOLOGY	45,697	45,697	52,697	7,000	52,697
		Unmanned Logistics Solutions			[7,000]	[7,000]	
006	0602235N	COMMON PICTURE APPLIED RESEARCH	55,246	66,746	55,246	11,500	66,746
		Embedded Systems Cyber for Critical Naval Infrastructure.		[11,500]		[11,500]	
007	0602236N	WARFIGHTER SUSTAINMENT APPLIED RESEARCH	74,264	74,264	79,264		74,264
		On-Demand IV Fluids for Expeditionary Medicine			[5,000]		
008	0602271N	ELECTROMAGNETIC SYSTEMS APPLIED RESEARCH	79,929	79,929	84,929	5,000	84,929
		Future Radio Frequency Digital Array Technology Development and Demonstration.			[5,000]	[5,000]	
009	0602435N	OCEAN WARFIGHTING ENVIRONMENT APPLIED RESEARCH	81,270	81,270	81,270		81,270
010	0602651M	JOINT NON-LETHAL WEAPONS APPLIED RESEARCH	7,300	7,300	7,300		7,300
011	0602747N	UNDERSEA WARFARE APPLIED RESEARCH	64,335	71,835	64,335	7,500	71,835
		Academic partnerships for undersea vessels		[2,500]		[2,500]	
		Program increase		[5,000]		[5,000]	
012	0602750N	FUTURE NAVAL CAPABILITIES APPLIED RESEARCH	279,815	329,815	279,815	12,000	291,815
		Quantum communications corridor		[50,000]		[12,000]	
013	0602782N	MINE AND EXPEDITIONARY WARFARE APPLIED RESEARCH	29,081	29,081	29,081		29,081
015	0602861N	SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT—ONR FIELD ACITIVITIES.	81,423	81,423	81,423		81,423
		SUBTOTAL APPLIED RESEARCH	**954,694**	**1,042,194**	**995,694**	**71,500**	**1,026,194**
		ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT					
016	0603123N	FORCE PROTECTION ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	43,527	43,527	43,527		43,527
017	0603271N	ELECTROMAGNETIC SYSTEMS ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	8,644	8,644	8,644		8,644
018	0603273N	SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY FOR NUCLEAR RE-ENTRY SYSTEMS.	121,618	121,618	121,618		121,618
019	0603640M	USMC ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEMONSTRATION (ATD)	309,711	324,711	322,711	20,000	329,711
		Autonomous Amphibious Robotic Vehicle Development and Integration.			[8,000]	[8,000]	

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		Long Range Maneuvering Projectile (LRMP)		[15,000]		[7,000]	
		Low-Cost Tactical Hypersonic Long-Range Precision Fires.			[5,000]	[5,000]	
020	0603651M	JOINT NON-LETHAL WEAPONS TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	6,561	6,561	6,561		6,561
021	0603673N	FUTURE NAVAL CAPABILITIES ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT.	455,851	458,851	455,851	3,000	458,851
		Submersible Air Revitalization using Aqueous Ionic Amines for CO2 Capture.		[3,000]		[3,000]	
022	0603680N	MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM	63,903	63,903	63,903		63,903
023	0603729N	WARFIGHTER PROTECTION ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	7,653	13,153	7,653		7,653
		Navy Thermite Firefighting Robotics		[5,500]			
024	0603758N	NAVY WARFIGHTING EXPERIMENTS AND DEMONSTRATIONS	81,923	81,923	81,923		81,923
025	0603782N	MINE AND EXPEDITIONARY WARFARE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY.	2,075	2,075	2,075		2,075
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	**1,101,466**	**1,124,966**	**1,114,466**	**23,000**	**1,124,466**
		ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES					
027	0603128N	UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEM	28,388	28,388	28,388		28,388
029	0603207N	AIR/OCEAN TACTICAL APPLICATIONS	35,870	35,870	35,870		35,870
030	0603216N	AVIATION SURVIVABILITY	24,064	24,064	24,064		24,064
031	0603239N	NAVAL CONSTRUCTION FORCES	8,603	8,603	8,603		8,603
032	0603254N	ASW SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	18,904	18,904	18,904		18,904
033	0603261N	TACTICAL AIRBORNE RECONNAISSANCE	2,241	2,241	2,241		2,241
034	0603382N	ADVANCED COMBAT SYSTEMS TECHNOLOGY	2,083	19,583		20,000	22,083
		Embedded Hypersonics Seeker Testing Increase		[7,500]		[10,000]	
		Excess to need			[–2,083]		

		Marine Corps Warfighting Lab Air Combat Element Increase.		[10,000]		[10,000]	
035	0603502N	SURFACE AND SHALLOW WATER MINE COUNTERMEASURES	32,359	32,359	32,359		32,359
036	0603506N	SURFACE SHIP TORPEDO DEFENSE	11,832	11,832	11,832		11,832
037	0603512N	CARRIER SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	8,361	8,361	8,361		8,361
038	0603525N	PILOT FISH	1,218,486	1,218,486	1,218,486		1,218,486
040	0603536N	RETRACT JUNIPER	206,429	206,429	206,429		206,429
041	0603542N	RADIOLOGICAL CONTROL	730	730	730		730
043	0603561N	ADVANCED SUBMARINE SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	162,651	162,651	162,651		162,651
045	0603563N	SHIP CONCEPT ADVANCED DESIGN	59,218	79,218	59,218		59,218
		DDG(X)		[20,000]			
046	0603564N	SHIP PRELIMINARY DESIGN & FEASIBILITY STUDIES	96,022	96,022	96,022		96,022
047	0603570N	ADVANCED NUCLEAR POWER SYSTEMS	383,831	383,831	449,831		383,831
		Advanced Nuclear Power Systems			[66,000]		
048	0603573N	ADVANCED SURFACE MACHINERY SYSTEMS	101,136	101,136	101,136		101,136
049	0603576N	CHALK EAGLE	156,686	156,686	156,686		156,686
050	0603581N	LITTORAL COMBAT SHIP (LCS)	10,203	5,203	203	–10,203	
		Excess to Need			[–10,000]		
		Program decrease		[–5,000]		[–10,203]	
051	0603582N	COMBAT SYSTEM INTEGRATION	19,643	19,643	19,643		19,643
052	0603595N	OHIO REPLACEMENT	273,265	273,265	283,265	10,000	283,265
		Program increase: Advanced composite shaft design				[10,000]	
		Rapid Realization of Composites for Wet Submarine Application.			[10,000]		
053	0603596N	LCS MISSION MODULES	39,258	19,258	29,258	–20,000	19,258
		Mine Countermeasure (MCM) Mission Package			[–10,000]		
		Program decrease		[–20,000]		[–20,000]	
054	0603597N	AUTOMATED TEST AND RE-TEST (ATRT)	9,862	9,862	9,862		9,862
055	0603598N	ATRT ENTERPRISE RAPID CAPABILITY	20,000	20,000	20,000		20,000
056	0603599N	FRIGATE DEVELOPMENT	84,199		84,199	–84,199	
		Program decrease		[–84,199]		[–84,199]	
057	0603609N	CONVENTIONAL MUNITIONS	10,877	10,877	10,877		10,877

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058	0603635M	MARINE CORPS GROUND COMBAT/SUPPORT SYSTEM	278,261	238,361	278,261	–59,800	218,461
		Program decrease		[–39,900]		[–59,800]	
059	0603654N	JOINT SERVICE EXPLOSIVE ORDNANCE DEVELOPMENT	43,657	43,657	43,657		43,657
060	0603713N	OCEAN ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	9,647	9,647	9,647		9,647
061	0603721N	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION	22,829	22,829	22,829		22,829
062	0603724N	NAVY ENERGY PROGRAM	46,577	69,077	69,577	10,000	56,577
		Advanced Battery Technologies		[22,500]		[10,000]	
		LOCNESS: derisking DEW/advanced sensors on DDGx			[11,000]		
		Safety certification and USMC support for soldier/ground vehicle auxilliary power.			[12,000]		
063	0603725N	FACILITIES IMPROVEMENT	10,925	10,925	10,925		10,925
064	0603734N	CHALK CORAL	414,282	414,282	414,282		414,282
065	0603739N	NAVY LOGISTIC PRODUCTIVITY	1,016	1,016	1,016		1,016
066	0603746N	RETRACT MAPLE	647,914	647,914	732,464		647,914
		Joint Warfighting Critical Munitions			[84,550]		
067	0603748N	LINK PLUMERIA	376,672	376,672	876,672		376,672
		F/A-XX			[500,000]		
068	0603751N	RETRACT ELM	106,810	106,810	106,810		106,810
069	0603764M	LINK EVERGREEN	529,550	529,550	529,550		529,550
070	0603790N	NATO RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT	5,234	5,234	5,234		5,234
071	0603795N	LAND ATTACK TECHNOLOGY	1,056	1,056	1,056		1,056
072	0603851M	JOINT NON-LETHAL WEAPONS TESTING	9,832	9,832	9,832		9,832
073	0603860N	JOINT PRECISION APPROACH AND LANDING SYSTEMS—DEM/VAL.	41,978	41,978	41,978		41,978
076	0604025M	RAPID DEFENSE EXPERIMENTATION RESERVE (RDER)	99	99	99		99
077	0604027N	DIGITAL WARFARE OFFICE	151,271	151,271	151,271		151,271
078	0604028N	SMALL AND MEDIUM UNMANNED UNDERSEA VEHICLES	4,855	4,855	4,855		4,855

079	0604029N	UNMANNED UNDERSEA VEHICLE CORE TECHNOLOGIES	47,106	47,106	47,106		47,106
082	0604112N	GERALD R. FORD CLASS NUCLEAR AIRCRAFT CARRIER (CVN 78—80).	112,704	112,704	112,704		112,704
083	0604127N	SURFACE MINE COUNTERMEASURES	18,504	18,504	18,504		18,504
084	0604272N	TACTICAL AIR DIRECTIONAL INFRARED COUNTERMEASURES (TADIRCM).	14,387	14,387	14,387		14,387
085	0604286N	NAVY ADVANCED MANUFACTURING	10,585	10,585	10,585		10,585
086	0604289M	NEXT GENERATION LOGISTICS	2,722	2,722	2,722		2,722
087	0604292N	FUTURE VERTICAL LIFT (MARITIME STRIKE)	7,125	7,125	7,125		7,125
088	0604295M	MARINE AVIATION DEMONSTRATION/VALIDATION	38,873	35,073	38,873	–3,800	35,073
		Program decrease		[–3,800]		[–3,800]	
089	0604320M	RAPID TECHNOLOGY CAPABILITY PROTOTYPE	16,316	16,316	16,316		16,316
090	0604454N	LX (R)	26,709	16,709	26,709	–10,000	16,709
		Program decrease		[–10,000]		[–10,000]	
091	0604536N	ADVANCED UNDERSEA PROTOTYPING	143,943	143,943	143,943		143,943
092	0604636N	COUNTER UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS (C-UAS)	16,689	16,689	16,689		16,689
093	0604659N	PRECISION STRIKE WEAPONS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM	110,072	110,072	235,072	125,000	235,072
		Emerging Hypersonic Capabilities (USA, USN)			[25,000]	[25,000]	
		Navy MACE			[100,000]	[100,000]	
094	0604707N	SPACE AND ELECTRONIC WARFARE (SEW) ARCHITECTURE/ ENGINEERING SUPPORT.	6,866	6,866	6,866		6,866
095	0604786N	OFFENSIVE ANTI-SURFACE WARFARE WEAPON DEVELOPMENT.	225,773	225,773	285,773		225,773
		LRASM MADCAP C–3 development acceleration			[60,000]		
097	0605513N	UNMANNED SURFACE VEHICLE ENABLING CAPABILITIES	3,712	3,712	3,712		3,712
098	0605514M	GROUND BASED ANTI-SHIP MISSILE	29,004	29,004	29,004		29,004
100	0605518N	CONVENTIONAL PROMPT STRIKE (CPS)	798,337	798,337	798,337		798,337
101	0105519N	NUCLEAR-ARMED SEA-LAUNCHED CRUISE MISSILE (SLCM-N) SUPPORT.		100,000	320,000	210,000	210,000
		Reconciliation adjustment		[100,000]			
		Restoration of full funding for Nuclear-Armed Sea-Launched Cruise Missile.			[320,000]	[210,000]	

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102	0207147M	COLLABORATIVE COMBAT AIRCRAFT	58,000	58,000	58,000		58,000
103	0303260N	DEFENSE MILITARY DECEPTION INITIATIVE	1,980	1,980	1,980		1,980
104	0303354N	ASW SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT—MIP	3,864	3,864	3,864		3,864
105	0304240M	ADVANCED TACTICAL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM	2,822	2,822	2,822		2,822
106	0304270N	ELECTRONIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT—MIP	1,278	1,278	1,278		1,278
107	0304797N	UNDERSEA ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE / MACHINE LEARNING (AI/ML).	29,308	29,308	29,308		29,308
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES.	**7,454,345**	**7,451,446**	**8,620,812**	**186,998**	**7,641,343**
		SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION					
108	0603208N	TRAINING SYSTEM AIRCRAFT	15,101	15,101	15,101		15,101
109	0604038N	MARITIME TARGETING CELL	147,802	147,802	147,802		147,802
111	0604212N	OTHER HELO DEVELOPMENT	987	987	987		987
113	0604215N	STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT	4,540	4,540	4,540		4,540
114	0604216N	MULTI-MISSION HELICOPTER UPGRADE DEVELOPMENT	64,838	64,838	64,838		64,838
116	0604230N	WARFARE SUPPORT SYSTEM	15,778	15,778	15,778		15,778
117	0604231N	COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEMS	64,547	64,547	64,547		64,547
118	0604234N	ADVANCED HAWKEYE	350,324	350,324	350,324		350,324
119	0604245M	H–1 UPGRADES	62,240	62,240	62,240		62,240
120	0604261N	ACOUSTIC SEARCH SENSORS	52,549	52,549	52,549		52,549
121	0604262N	V–22	124,958	124,958	124,958		124,958
122	0604264N	AIR CREW SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	44,297	39,897	44,297	–4,400	39,897
		Program decrease		[–4,400]		[–4,400]	
123	0604269N	EA–18	184,921	184,921	184,921		184,921
124	0604270N	ELECTRONIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT	185,606	155,606	185,606	–30,000	155,606
		Program decrease		[–30,000]		[–30,000]	

125	0604273M	EXECUTIVE HELO DEVELOPMENT	74,980	74,980	74,980		74,980
126	0604274N	NEXT GENERATION JAMMER (NGJ)	64,167	64,167	64,167		64,167
127	0604280N	JOINT TACTICAL RADIO SYSTEM—NAVY (JTRS-NAVY)	289,345	289,345	289,345		289,345
128	0604282N	NEXT GENERATION JAMMER (NGJ) INCREMENT II	228,256	228,256	228,256		228,256
129	0604307N	SURFACE COMBATANT COMBAT SYSTEM ENGINEERING	432,981	432,981	432,981		432,981
130	0604329N	SMALL DIAMETER BOMB (SDB)	23,836	23,836	23,836		23,836
131	0604366N	STANDARD MISSILE IMPROVEMENTS	412,964	362,964	412,964	–50,000	362,964
		Program decrease		[–50,000]		[–50,000]	
132	0604373N	AIRBORNE MCM	8,372	8,372	8,372		8,372
133	0604378N	NAVAL INTEGRATED FIRE CONTROL—COUNTER AIR SYSTEMS ENGINEERING.	39,878	39,878	39,878		39,878
135	0604501N	ADVANCED ABOVE WATER SENSORS	67,881	67,881	67,881		67,881
136	0604503N	SUBMARINE SWFTS MODERNIZATION	204,158	204,158	204,158		204,158
137	0604504N	AIR CONTROL	23,930	23,930	23,930		23,930
138	0604512N	SHIPBOARD AVIATION SYSTEMS	33,704	13,704	33,704	–20,000	13,704
		Program decrease		[–20,000]		[–20,000]	
139	0604516N	SHIP SURVIVABILITY	4,364	4,364	4,364		4,364
141	0604522N	AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE RADAR (AMDR) SYSTEM	74,937	74,937	74,937		74,937
142	0604530N	ADVANCED ARRESTING GEAR (AAG)	32,037	32,037	32,037		32,037
143	0604558N	NEW DESIGN SSN	247,293	472,293	247,293		247,293
		Subsea and Seabed Warfare program increase		[225,000]			
145	0604567N	SHIP CONTRACT DESIGN/ LIVE FIRE T&E	28,400	28,400	28,400		28,400
146	0604574N	NAVY TACTICAL COMPUTER RESOURCES	3,552	3,552	3,552		3,552
147	0604601N	MINE DEVELOPMENT	130	130	108,730		130
		Enhanced Joint Direct Attack Missile (JDAM) (USN)			[50,000]		
		Quickstrike Extended Range (QS-ER) (USN)			[58,600]		
148	0604610N	LIGHTWEIGHT TORPEDO DEVELOPMENT	12,565	12,565	12,565		12,565
149	0604654N	JOINT SERVICE EXPLOSIVE ORDNANCE DEVELOPMENT	8,740	8,740	8,740		8,740
150	0604657M	USMC GROUND COMBAT/SUPPORTING ARMS SYSTEMS—ENG DEV.	17,377	17,377	17,377		17,377
151	0604703N	PERSONNEL, TRAINING, SIMULATION, AND HUMAN FACTORS	6,703	6,703	6,703		6,703
152	0604727N	JOINT STANDOFF WEAPON SYSTEMS	895	895	895		895

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153	0604755N	SHIP SELF DEFENSE (DETECT & CONTROL)	167,711	167,711	167,711		167,711
154	0604756N	SHIP SELF DEFENSE (ENGAGE: HARD KILL)	145,007	145,007	145,007		145,007
155	0604757N	SHIP SELF DEFENSE (ENGAGE: SOFT KILL/EW)	232,368	217,368	232,368	–15,000	217,368
		Program decrease		[–15,000]		[–15,000]	
156	0604761N	INTELLIGENCE ENGINEERING	7,023	7,023	7,023		7,023
157	0604771N	MEDICAL DEVELOPMENT	7,629	7,629	7,629		7,629
158	0604777N	NAVIGATION/ID SYSTEM	3,724	3,724	3,724		3,724
159	0604850N	SSN(X)	365,987	365,987	365,987		365,987
160	0605013M	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	16,000	16,000	16,000		16,000
161	0605013N	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	192,784	192,784	192,784		192,784
162	0605024N	ANTI-TAMPER TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT	3,428	3,428	3,428		3,428
163	0605180N	TACAMO MODERNIZATION	1,243,978	1,203,978	1,243,978	–40,000	1,203,978
		Program decrease		[–40,000]		[–40,000]	
164	0605212M	CH–53K RDTE	135,432	135,432	135,432		135,432
165	0605215N	MISSION PLANNING	120,255	120,255	120,255		120,255
166	0605217N	COMMON AVIONICS	67,944	67,944	67,944		67,944
167	0605220N	SHIP TO SHORE CONNECTOR (SSC)	7,267	7,267	7,267		7,267
168	0605285N	NEXT GENERATION FIGHTER	74,320	74,320	74,320		74,320
170	0605414N	UNMANNED CARRIER AVIATION (UCA)	305,487	305,487	305,487		305,487
171	0605450M	JOINT AIR-TO-GROUND MISSILE (JAGM)	59,077	59,077	59,077		59,077
172	0605500N	MULTI-MISSION MARITIME AIRCRAFT (MMA)	41,129	41,129	41,129		41,129
173	0605504N	MULTI-MISSION MARITIME (MMA) INCREMENT III	103,397	103,397	103,397		103,397
174	0605516N	LONG RANGE FIRES	138,443	138,443	138,443		138,443
175	0605611M	MARINE CORPS ASSAULT VEHICLES SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT & DEMONSTRATION.	44,644	44,644	44,644		44,644
176	0605813M	JOINT LIGHT TACTICAL VEHICLE (JLTV) SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT & DEMONSTRATION.	6,984	6,984	6,984		6,984

177	0204202N	DESTROYERS GUIDED MISSILE (DDG–1000)	58,817	58,817	58,817		58,817
178	0301377N	COUNTERING ADVANCED CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS (CACW)	16,906	16,906	16,906		16,906
179	0302315N	NON-KINETIC COUNTERMEASURE SUPPORT	23,818	23,818	23,818		23,818
183	0304785N	ISR & INFO OPERATIONS	170,567	170,567	170,567		170,567
185	0306250M	CYBER OPERATIONS TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	11,936	11,936	11,936		11,936
		SUBTOTAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION.	**7,431,995**	**7,497,595**	**7,540,595**	**–159,400**	**7,272,595**
		MANAGEMENT SUPPORT					
186	0604256N	THREAT SIMULATOR DEVELOPMENT	25,133	25,133	25,133		25,133
187	0604258N	TARGET SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	14,191	14,191	24,191		14,191
		Secure power: high value target protection			[10,000]		
188	0604759N	MAJOR T&E INVESTMENT	61,946	61,946	61,946		61,946
189	0605152N	STUDIES AND ANALYSIS SUPPORT—NAVY	3,596	3,596	3,596		3,596
190	0605154N	CENTER FOR NAVAL ANALYSES	31,695	31,695	31,695		31,695
193	0605853N	MANAGEMENT, TECHNICAL & INTERNATIONAL SUPPORT	133,538	133,538	133,538		133,538
194	0605856N	STRATEGIC TECHNICAL SUPPORT	3,709	3,709	3,709		3,709
195	0605863N	RDT&E SHIP AND AIRCRAFT SUPPORT	151,479	151,479	151,479		151,479
196	0605864N	TEST AND EVALUATION SUPPORT	463,725	447,924	463,725	–15,801	447,924
		Program decrease		[–15,801]		[–15,801]	
197	0605865N	OPERATIONAL TEST AND EVALUATION CAPABILITY	30,880	30,880	30,880		30,880
198	0605866N	NAVY SPACE AND ELECTRONIC WARFARE (SEW) SUPPORT	22,563	22,563	22,563		22,563
199	0605867N	SEW SURVEILLANCE/RECONNAISSANCE SUPPORT	7,325	7,325	7,325		7,325
200	0605873M	MARINE CORPS PROGRAM WIDE SUPPORT	28,816	28,816	28,816		28,816
201	0605898N	MANAGEMENT HQ—R&D	42,751	42,751	42,751		42,751
202	0606295M	MARINE AVIATION DEVELOPMENTAL MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT.	4,732	4,732	4,732		4,732
203	0606355N	WARFARE INNOVATION MANAGEMENT	37,551	37,551	37,551		37,551
204	0305327N	INSIDER THREAT	2,653	2,653	2,653		2,653
205	0902498N	MANAGEMENT HEADQUARTERS (DEPARTMENTAL SUPPORT ACTIVITIES).	2,041	2,041	2,041		2,041
		SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	**1,068,324**	**1,052,523**	**1,078,324**	**–15,801**	**1,052,523**

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		OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT					
208	0604840M	F–35 C2D2	494,034	444,634	494,034	–49,400	444,634
		Block 4 Delays		[–49,400]		[–49,400]	
209	0604840N	F–35 C2D2	475,710	428,110	475,710	–47,600	428,110
		Block 4 Delays		[–47,600]		[–47,600]	
210	0605520M	MARINE CORPS AIR DEFENSE WEAPONS SYSTEMS	56,140	56,140	56,140		56,140
211	0607658N	COOPERATIVE ENGAGEMENT CAPABILITY (CEC)	136,436	136,436	136,436		136,436
212	0101221N	STRATEGIC SUB & WEAPONS SYSTEM SUPPORT	807,099	807,099	807,099		807,099
213	0101224N	SSBN SECURITY TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM	63,252	63,252	68,252		63,252
		Strategic Weapon System shipboard navigation system modernization.			[5,000]		
214	0101226N	SUBMARINE ACOUSTIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT	56,401	56,401	56,401		56,401
215	0101402N	NAVY STRATEGIC COMMUNICATIONS	52,404	52,404	52,404		52,404
216	0204136N	F/A–18 SQUADRONS	369,863	369,863	369,863		369,863
218	0204229N	TOMAHAWK AND TOMAHAWK MISSION PLANNING CENTER (TMPC).	151,177	151,177	151,177		151,177
219	0204311N	INTEGRATED SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM	71,800	71,800	71,800		71,800
220	0204313N	SHIP-TOWED ARRAY SURVEILLANCE SYSTEMS	1,990	1,990	1,990		1,990
222	0204460M	GROUND/AIR TASK ORIENTED RADAR (G/ATOR)	32,045	32,045	32,045		32,045
223	0204571N	CONSOLIDATED TRAINING SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	199,067	199,067	199,067		199,067
224	0204575N	ELECTRONIC WARFARE (EW) READINESS SUPPORT	115,834	115,834	115,834		115,834
225	0205601N	ANTI-RADIATION MISSILE IMPROVEMENT	33,659	33,659	33,659		33,659
227	0205632N	MK–48 ADCAP	84,338	84,338	84,338		84,338
228	0205633N	AVIATION IMPROVEMENTS	127,421	114,721	137,321	–3,700	123,721
		Autonomous airfield FOD sweeping systems			[9,900]	[9,000]	
		Program decrease		[–12,700]		[–12,700]	

229	0205675N	OPERATIONAL NUCLEAR POWER SYSTEMS	209,200	209,200	209,200		209,200
230	0206313M	MARINE CORPS COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS	125,488	125,488	134,488	3,000	128,488
		Hydrogen Fuel Cell for small-UAS			[5,000]	[3,000]	
		Integrated Contested Logistics Communications			[4,000]		
231	0206335M	COMMON AVIATION COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM (CAC2S).	17,813	17,813	17,813		17,813
232	0206623M	MARINE CORPS GROUND COMBAT/SUPPORTING ARMS SYSTEMS.	70,139	70,139	70,139		70,139
233	0206624M	MARINE CORPS COMBAT SERVICES SUPPORT	20,419	20,419	20,419		20,419
234	0206625M	USMC INTELLIGENCE/ELECTRONIC WARFARE SYSTEMS	34,289	34,289	34,289		34,289
236	0207161N	TACTICAL AIM MISSILES	34,650	34,650	34,650		34,650
237	0207163N	ADVANCED MEDIUM RANGE AIR-TO-AIR MISSILE (AMRAAM)	26,286	26,286	26,286		26,286
238	0208043N	PLANNING AND DECISION AID SYSTEM (PDAS)	3,572	3,572	3,572		3,572
242	0303138N	AFLOAT NETWORKS	70,742	70,742	70,742		70,742
243	0303140N	INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECURITY PROGRAM	64,147	64,147	64,147		64,147
244	0305192N	MILITARY INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM (MIP) ACTIVITIES	3,311	3,311	3,311		3,311
247	0305208M	DISTRIBUTED COMMON GROUND/SURFACE SYSTEMS	61,238	61,238	61,238		61,238
248	0305220N	MQ–4C TRITON	14,421	14,421	14,421		14,421
250	0305232M	RQ–11 UAV	1,063	7,063	1,063	6,000	7,063
		Maritimization of the Long-Range Long-Endurance (LR/LE) SUAS.		[6,000]		[6,000]	
252	0305241N	MULTI-INTELLIGENCE SENSOR DEVELOPMENT	41,414	41,414	41,414		41,414
253	0305242M	UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS (UAS) PAYLOADS (MIP)	9,157	9,157	9,157		9,157
255	0305421N	MQ–4C TRITON MODERNIZATION	361,943	361,943	361,943		361,943
256	0307577N	INTELLIGENCE MISSION DATA (IMD)	803	803	803		803
257	0308601N	MODELING AND SIMULATION SUPPORT	12,389	12,389	12,389		12,389
258	0702207N	DEPOT MAINTENANCE (NON-IF)	23,372	33,372	23,372		23,372
		Defense Industrial Skills & Technology Training		[10,000]			
259	0708730N	MARITIME TECHNOLOGY (MARITECH)	3,600	3,600	3,600		3,600
259A	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	2,554,769	2,554,769	2,578,769		2,554,769
		Acceleration of Navy program			[24,000]		
		SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	**7,092,895**	**6,999,195**	**7,140,795**	**–91,700**	**7,001,195**

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		SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS					
260	0608013N	RISK MANAGEMENT INFORMATION—SOFTWARE PILOT PROGRAM.	13,341	13,341	13,341		13,341
261	0608231N	MARITIME TACTICAL COMMAND AND CONTROL (MTC2)—SOFTWARE PILOT PROGRAM.	12,520	12,520	12,520		12,520
		SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS.	**25,861**	**25,861**	**25,861**		**25,861**
		TOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST AND EVALUATION, NAVY.	**25,708,049**	**25,782,249**	**27,115,116**	**24,597**	**25,732,646**
		RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST AND EVALUATION, AIR FORCE					
		BASIC RESEARCH					
001	0601102F	DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	302,716	322,716	302,716	20,000	322,716
		Material Flexibility and New Applications in Quantum Electronics Research.		[20,000]		[20,000]	
002	0601103F	UNIVERSITY RESEARCH INITIATIVES	94,121	94,121	94,121		94,121
		SUBTOTAL BASIC RESEARCH	**396,837**	**416,837**	**396,837**	**20,000**	**416,837**
		APPLIED RESEARCH					
003	0602020F	FUTURE AF CAPABILITIES APPLIED RESEARCH	78,214	78,214	78,214		78,214
004	0602022F	UNIVERSITY AFFILIATED RESEARCH CENTER (UARC)—TACTICAL AUTONOMY.	6,294	6,294	6,294		6,294
005	0602102F	MATERIALS	147,422	162,422	167,422	25,000	172,422
		Advanced Aerospace Materials		[2,500]		[2,500]	

		Advanced Composites in Hypersonics & Attritable Aircraft Research.		[10,000]		[10,000]	
		Advanced materials science for manufacturing research.			[10,000]	[10,000]	
		Metals Affordability Iniatitive			[5,000]	[2,500]	
		Metals Affordability Initiative		[2,500]			
		NCSEB Recommendation—AI-Ready Biological Data			[5,000]		
007	0602202F	HUMAN EFFECTIVENESS APPLIED RESEARCH	133,928	133,928	133,928		133,928
008	0602203F	AEROSPACE SYSTEMS TECHNOLOGIES	321,059	341,059	321,059	17,500	338,559
		Computational Methods and Hardware Validation of UAVs.		[5,000]		[5,000]	
		High Mach Turbine Engine		[10,000]		[10,000]	
		Integrated hypersonic propulsion technology maturation.		[2,500]		[2,500]	
		Unmanned Aerial Vehicle Research		[2,500]			
009	0602204F	AEROSPACE SENSORS	199,120	199,120	199,120		199,120
011	0602298F	SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT— MAJOR HEADQUARTERS ACTIVITIES.	10,813	10,813	10,813		10,813
012	0602336F	NUCLEAR DELIVERY SYSTEMS TECH EXPLORATION	4,969	4,969	4,969		4,969
013	0602602F	CONVENTIONAL MUNITIONS	125,102	125,102	125,102		125,102
014	0602605F	DIRECTED ENERGY TECHNOLOGY	92,331	92,331	92,331		92,331
015	0602788F	DOMINANT INFORMATION SCIENCES AND METHODS	187,036	209,536	217,036	37,500	224,536
		Agile, Assured, and Autonomous Battle Management Network and Readiness Accelerator (3A-BMN).			[5,000]	[5,000]	
		Counter UAS advanced detection systems pilot program.		[10,000]		[5,000]	
		Dependable AI for National Security			[15,000]	[15,000]	
		Distributed Quantum Networking Testbed and Quantum Cloud Computing Environment.			[10,000]	[10,000]	
		Future Flag		[10,000]			
		Photonic Quantum Computing		[2,500]		[2,500]	
		SUBTOTAL APPLIED RESEARCH	**1,306,288**	**1,363,788**	**1,356,288**	**80,000**	**1,386,288**

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		ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT					
016	0603032F	FUTURE AF INTEGRATED TECHNOLOGY DEMOS	268,754	268,754	268,754		268,754
017	0603112F	ADVANCED MATERIALS FOR WEAPON SYSTEMS	31,021	33,521	31,021	2,500	33,521
		Tier 2.5 LO Platform Inspection System		[2,500]		[2,500]	
018	0603199F	SUSTAINMENT SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (S&T)	12,915	12,915	12,915		12,915
019	0603203F	ADVANCED AEROSPACE SENSORS	69,652	69,652	69,652		69,652
020	0603211F	AEROSPACE TECHNOLOGY DEV/DEMO	102,125	194,625	102,125	92,500	194,625
		Hybrid-Electric Propulsion Combat Ready Airman (CRA) Flight Demonstrator.		[90,000]		[90,000]	
		Multi-role CCA propulsion		[2,500]		[2,500]	
023	0603273F	SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY FOR NUCLEAR RE-ENTRY SYSTEMS.	128,407	128,407	148,407		128,407
		S&T for Nuclear Reentry Systems—Resonating Fiber Optic Gyroscopes.			[20,000]		
025	0603456F	HUMAN EFFECTIVENESS ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT.	19,790	19,790	19,790		19,790
026	0603601F	CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS TECHNOLOGY	99,263	99,263	99,263		99,263
027	0603605F	ADVANCED WEAPONS TECHNOLOGY	4,434	4,434	4,434		4,434
028	0603680F	MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM	38,891	46,391	42,891	4,000	42,891
		Additive Manufacturing for Engineer Components			[4,000]	[4,000]	
		Smart Susceptor Technology		[5,000]			
		Virtual, Augmented and Mixed Reality Readiness		[2,500]			
029	0603788F	BATTLESPACE KNOWLEDGE DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION.	30,812	30,812	30,812		30,812
030	0604776F	DEPLOYMENT & DISTRIBUTION ENTERPRISE R&D	28,316	28,316	28,316		28,316
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	**834,380**	**936,880**	**858,380**	**99,000**	**933,380**

		ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES					
032	0603260F	INTELLIGENCE ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	3,901	3,901	3,901		3,901
033	0603742F	COMBAT IDENTIFICATION TECHNOLOGY	25,172	25,172	25,172		25,172
034	0603790F	NATO RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT	4,595	4,595	4,595		4,595
035	0603851F	INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE—DEM/VAL	90,096	90,096	90,096		90,096
036	0604001F	NC3 ADVANCED CONCEPTS	15,910	15,910	15,910		15,910
037	0604003F	ADVANCED BATTLE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (ABMS)	1,040,475	1,022,475	1,040,475	–18,000	1,022,475
		Program decrease		[–18,000]		[–18,000]	
039	0604005F	NC3 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT & PROTOTYPING	67,081	67,081	67,081		67,081
040	0604007F	E–7	199,676	799,676	899,676	647,000	846,676
		Continuation of rapid prototyping		[600,000]			
		E–7 continued development and procurement			[700,000]	[647,000]	
041	0604009F	AFWERX	18,499	18,499	18,499		18,499
042	0604010F	NEXT GENERATION ADAPTIVE PROPULSION	330,270	330,270	330,270		330,270
043	0604015F	LONG RANGE STRIKE—BOMBER	2,347,225	2,347,225	2,347,225		2,347,225
047	0604183F	HYPERSONICS PROTOTYPING—HYPERSONIC ATTACK CRUISE MISSILE (HACM).	802,810	812,810	802,810		802,810
		Additive Manufacturing		[10,000]			
049	0604257F	ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY AND SENSORS	40,779	40,779	40,779		40,779
052	0604317F	TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER	3,558	3,558	3,558		3,558
053	0604327F	HARD AND DEEPLY BURIED TARGET DEFEAT SYSTEM (HDBTDS) PROGRAM.	144,143	144,143	144,143		144,143
054	0604336F	NUCLEAR DELIVERY SYSTEMS PROTOTYPING	56,926	56,926	56,926		56,926
055	0604414F	CYBER RESILIENCY OF WEAPON SYSTEMS-ACS	46,148	46,148	46,148		46,148
056	0604609F	REQUIREMENTS ANALYSIS & CONCEPT MATURATION	22,754	22,754	22,754		22,754
057	0604668F	JOINT TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (JTMS)	129,626	129,626	129,626		129,626
058	0604776F	DEPLOYMENT & DISTRIBUTION ENTERPRISE R&D	4,996	4,996	4,996		4,996
059	0604858F	TECH TRANSITION PROGRAM	134,833	121,433	155,833	–13,400	121,433
		Blended Wing Body—Next Generation Aircraft			[21,000]		
		Program decrease		[–13,400]		[–13,400]	
060	0604860F	OPERATIONAL ENERGY AND INSTALLATION RESILIENCE	49,460	49,460	115,460	10,000	59,460

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		Operational energy program increase			[56,000]	[10,000]	
		XR (AR/VR) plus mission execution tools			[10,000]		
061	0605057F	NEXT GENERATION AIR-REFUELING SYSTEM	12,960	12,960	12,960		12,960
063	0606004F	NUCLEAR ENTERPRISE RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT	1,097	1,097	6,097		1,097
		Wing-level additive manufacturing			[5,000]		
064	0606005F	DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION OFFICE	15,997	15,997	30,997	15,000	30,997
		Adaptive Threat Modeling Lab			[15,000]	[15,000]	
		F–47—misaligned budget request			[500,000]		
066	0207147F	COLLABORATIVE COMBAT AIRCRAFT	111,365	111,365	789,365		111,365
		CCA—misaligned budget request			[678,000]		
067	0207179F	AUTONOMOUS COLLABORATIVE PLATFORMS	62,019	62,019	62,019		62,019
068	0207420F	COMBAT IDENTIFICATION	1,713	1,713	1,713		1,713
071	0207455F	THREE DIMENSIONAL LONG-RANGE RADAR (3DELRR)	17,344	17,344	17,344		17,344
072	0207522F	AIRBASE AIR DEFENSE SYSTEMS (ABADS)	15,785	15,785	15,785		15,785
073	0207606F	JOINT SIMULATION ENVIRONMENT (JSE)	260,667	260,667	260,667		260,667
074	0208030F	WAR RESERVE MATERIEL—AMMUNITION	9,865	9,865	9,865		9,865
075	0303010F	AF ISR DIGITAL INFRASTRUCTURE	24,817	24,817	24,817		24,817
076	0305236F	COMMON DATA LINK EXECUTIVE AGENT (CDL EA)	32,511	32,511	32,511		32,511
077	0305601F	MISSION PARTNER ENVIRONMENTS	14,956	14,956	14,956		14,956
078	0701200F	ENTERPRISE SELECT CLASS II	1,000	1,000	1,000		1,000
079	0708051F	RAPID SUSTAINMENT MODERNIZATION (RSM)	32,666	72,666	101,666	30,000	62,666
		B–21 Additive Manufacturing			[40,000]	[15,000]	
		Condition Based Predictive Maintenance		[40,000]		[15,000]	
		Engine wash, data analysis, mission execution excellence program.			[29,000]		
080	0808736F	SPECIAL VICTIM ACCOUNTABILITY AND INVESTIGATION	1,997	1,997	1,997		1,997
081	0808737F	INTEGRATED PRIMARY PREVENTION	5,167	5,167	5,167		5,167

082	0901410F	CONTRACTING INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SYSTEM	29,277	29,277	29,277		29,277
083	1206415F	U.S. SPACE COMMAND RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT SUPPORT.	36,913	36,913	36,913		36,913
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES.	**6,267,049**	**6,885,649**	**8,321,049**	**670,600**	**6,937,649**
		SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION					
084	0604200F	FUTURE ADVANCED WEAPON ANALYSIS & PROGRAMS	36,125	36,125	36,125		36,125
085	0604201F	PNT RESILIENCY, MODS, AND IMPROVEMENTS	125,663	125,663	125,663		125,663
086	0604222F	NUCLEAR WEAPONS SUPPORT	79,312	79,312	79,312		79,312
087	0604270F	ELECTRONIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT	17,013	17,013	17,013		17,013
088	0604281F	TACTICAL DATA NETWORKS ENTERPRISE	77,170	77,170	77,170		77,170
089	0604287F	PHYSICAL SECURITY EQUIPMENT	10,589	10,589	10,589		10,589
090	0604288F	SURVIVABLE AIRBORNE OPERATIONS CENTER (SAOC)	1,826,328	1,826,328	1,826,328		1,826,328
091	0604602F	ARMAMENT/ORDNANCE DEVELOPMENT	7,253	7,253	7,253		7,253
092	0604604F	SUBMUNITIONS	3,502	3,502	3,502		3,502
093	0604617F	AGILE COMBAT SUPPORT	23,474	23,474	23,474		23,474
094	0604706F	LIFE SUPPORT SYSTEMS	20,542	20,542	20,542		20,542
095	0604735F	COMBAT TRAINING RANGES	139,499	145,499	139,499	6,000	145,499
		Innovative Targeting Systems Technology		[6,000]		[6,000]	
096	0604932F	LONG RANGE STANDOFF WEAPON	606,955	606,955	755,955		606,955
		Long Range Standoff Weapon Acceleration—($8M for Conventional Variant Advance Planning).			[149,000]		
097	0604933F	ICBM FUZE MODERNIZATION	3,252	3,252	3,252		3,252
100	0605056F	OPEN ARCHITECTURE MANAGEMENT	44,150	44,150	44,150		44,150
101	0605223F	ADVANCED PILOT TRAINING	172,378	172,378	172,378		172,378
103	0605238F	GROUND BASED STRATEGIC DETERRENT EMD	2,647,563	3,047,563	4,647,563	1,200,000	3,847,563
		Program increase		[400,000]			
		Restoration of full funding for Sentinel ICBM program EMD.			[2,000,000]	[1,200,000]	
104	0605296F	MICROELECTRONICS SECURE ENCLAVE	104,990	104,990	104,990		104,990
106	0207039F	COGNITIVE ELECTROMAGNETIC WARFARE	44,267	44,267	44,267		44,267

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107	0207110F	F–47	2,579,362	2,579,362	2,579,362		2,579,362
109	0207279F	ISOLATED PERSONNEL SURVIVABILITY AND RECOVERY	99,248	99,248	99,248		99,248
110	0207328F	STAND IN ATTACK WEAPON	255,336	255,336	255,336		255,336
111	0207407F	ELECTROMAGNETIC BATTLE MANAGEMENT (EMBM)	20,439	20,439	20,439		20,439
112	0207701F	FULL COMBAT MISSION TRAINING	12,898	12,898	12,898		12,898
114	0303008F	SATURN	4,985	4,985	4,985		4,985
117	0305155F	THEATER NUCLEAR WEAPON STORAGE & SECURITY SYSTEM.	19,875	19,875	19,875		19,875
120	0401221F	KC–46A TANKER SQUADRONS	145,434	65,434	145,434	–26,899	118,535
		Program delay		[–80,000]		[–26,899]	
121	0401319F	VC–25B	602,318	602,318	602,318		602,318
122	0701212F	AUTOMATED TEST SYSTEMS	30,341	30,341	30,341		30,341
123	0804772F	TRAINING DEVELOPMENTS	5,067	8,267	5,067	3,200	8,267
		Competency Based Adaptive Learning		[3,200]		[3,200]	
		SUBTOTAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION.	**9,765,328**	**10,094,528**	**11,914,328**	**1,182,301**	**10,947,629**
		MANAGEMENT SUPPORT					
125	0604256F	THREAT SIMULATOR DEVELOPMENT	41,125	41,125	41,125		41,125
126	0604759F	MAJOR T&E INVESTMENT	156,915	156,915	156,915		156,915
127	0605101F	RAND PROJECT AIR FORCE	32,405	26,005	32,405	–6,400	26,005
		Program decrease		[–6,400]		[–6,400]	
129	0605712F	INITIAL OPERATIONAL TEST & EVALUATION	13,872	13,872	13,872		13,872
130	0605807F	TEST AND EVALUATION SUPPORT	1,098,871	1,091,571	1,098,871	–7,300	1,091,571
		Hypersonic Digital Model Upgrades		[6,400]		[6,400]	
		Program decrease		[–13,700]		[–13,700]	
133	0605829F	ACQ WORKFORCE- CYBER, NETWORK, & BUS SYS	435,918	435,918	435,918		435,918

134	0605831F	ACQ WORKFORCE- CAPABILITY INTEGRATION	1,153,165	1,153,165	1,153,165		1,153,165
136	0605833F	ACQ WORKFORCE- NUCLEAR SYSTEMS	368,881	368,881	368,881		368,881
137	0605898F	MANAGEMENT HQ—R&D	5,960	5,960	5,960		5,960
138	0605976F	FACILITIES RESTORATION AND MODERNIZATION—TEST AND EVALUATION SUPPORT.	217,761	247,761	217,761		217,761
		Hypersonic Infrastructure		[30,000]			
139	0605978F	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT—TEST AND EVALUATION SUPPORT.	91,969	91,969	91,969		91,969
140	0606017F	REQUIREMENTS ANALYSIS AND MATURATION	28,157	23,857	28,157	–4,300	23,857
		Program decrease		[–4,300]		[–4,300]	
141	0606398F	MANAGEMENT HQ—T&E	7,417	7,417	7,417		7,417
142	0208201F	OFFENSIVE SMALL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS (SUAS)	4,985	4,985	4,985		4,985
143	0303255F	COMMAND, CONTROL, COMMUNICATION, AND COMPUTERS (C4)—STRATCOM.	15,662	31,662	65,662	26,000	41,662
		C4 STRATCOM			[20,000]		
		NC3 network sensor demonstration			[15,000]	[11,000]	
		NC3 REACH			[15,000]	[15,000]	
		NC3 STRATCOM		[10,000]			
		UARC for Strategic Deterrence, NC3, and JEMSO		[6,000]			
144	0308602F	ENTEPRISE INFORMATION SERVICES (EIS)	101,779	101,779	101,779		101,779
145	0702806F	ACQUISITION AND MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	22,670	13,270	22,670	–9,400	13,270
		Program decrease		[–9,400]		[–9,400]	
146	0804776F	ADVANCED DISTRIBUTED LEARNING	1,698	1,698	1,698		1,698
148	1001004F	INTERNATIONAL ACTIVITIES	4,430	4,430	4,430		4,430
		SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	**3,803,640**	**3,822,240**	**3,853,640**	**–1,400**	**3,802,240**
		OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT					
149	0604233F	SPECIALIZED UNDERGRADUATE FLIGHT TRAINING	66,200	66,200	66,200		66,200
150	0604283F	BATTLE MGMT COM & CTRL SENSOR DEVELOPMENT	17,353	17,353	17,353		17,353
153	0604840F	F–35 C2D2	1,182,094	1,078,894	1,182,094	–202,700	979,394
		Block 4 Delays		[–208,700]		[–208,700]	
		Pneumatic power enhancement		[15,000]			

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		Power Thermal Management Systems Analysis		[90,500]		[6,000]	
154	0605018F	AF INTEGRATED PERSONNEL AND PAY SYSTEM (AF-IPPS)	64,050	64,050	64,050		64,050
155	0605024F	ANTI-TAMPER TECHNOLOGY EXECUTIVE AGENCY	62,965	62,965	62,965		62,965
157	0605229F	HH–60W	43,579	43,579	43,579		43,579
158	0605278F	HC/MC–130 RECAP RDT&E	50,845	50,845	50,845		50,845
159	0606018F	NC3 INTEGRATION	40,066	40,066	40,066		40,066
160	0101113F	B–52 SQUADRONS	931,164	931,164	931,164		931,164
161	0101122F	AIR-LAUNCHED CRUISE MISSILE (ALCM)	555	555	555		555
162	0101126F	B–1B SQUADRONS	116,589	116,589	116,589		116,589
163	0101127F	B–2 SQUADRONS	12,519	12,519	12,519		12,519
164	0101213F	MINUTEMAN SQUADRONS	106,032	106,032	106,032		106,032
165	0101316F	WORLDWIDE JOINT STRATEGIC COMMUNICATIONS	24,081	24,081	24,081		24,081
166	0101318F	SERVICE SUPPORT TO STRATCOM—GLOBAL STRIKE	6,928	6,928	6,928		6,928
167	0101328F	ICBM REENTRY VEHICLES	259,605	259,605	259,605		259,605
169	0102110F	MH–139A	5,982	5,982	5,982		5,982
170	0102326F	REGION/SECTOR OPERATION CONTROL CENTER MODERNIZATION PROGRAM.	726	726	726		726
171	0102417F	OVER-THE-HORIZON BACKSCATTER RADAR	132,097	132,097	132,097		132,097
172	0202834F	VEHICLES AND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT—GENERAL	744	744	744		744
173	0205219F	MQ–9 UAV	26,689	26,689	26,689		26,689
174	0205671F	JOINT COUNTER RCIED ELECTRONIC WARFARE	3,424	3,424	3,424		3,424
176	0207133F	F–16 SQUADRONS	216,638	216,638	366,638		216,638
		F–16 Open Systems Environment/BLOS Systems			[75,000]		
		IVEWS development for F–16			[75,000]		
177	0207134F	F–15E SQUADRONS	233,018	233,018	413,018		233,018
		F–15 Global Lighting/Eagle Tether			[180,000]		
178	0207136F	MANNED DESTRUCTIVE SUPPRESSION	17,680	17,680	17,680		17,680

179	0207138F	F–22A SQUADRONS	852,332	852,332	852,332		852,332
180	0207142F	F–35 SQUADRONS	48,446	48,446	48,446		48,446
181	0207146F	F–15EX	78,345	78,345	78,345		78,345
182	0207161F	TACTICAL AIM MISSILES	86,549	86,549	86,549		86,549
183	0207163F	ADVANCED MEDIUM RANGE AIR-TO-AIR MISSILE (AMRAAM)	51,242	51,242	51,242		51,242
184	0207172F	JOINT ADVANCED TACTICAL MISSILE (JATM)	425,029	425,029	425,029		425,029
186	0207238F	E–11A	15,244	15,244	15,244		15,244
188	0207247F	AF TENCAP	52,492	52,492	52,492		52,492
189	0207249F	PRECISION ATTACK SYSTEMS PROCUREMENT	13,613	13,613	13,613		13,613
191	0207268F	AIRCRAFT ENGINE COMPONENT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM	52,734	52,734	52,734		52,734
192	0207325F	JOINT AIR-TO-SURFACE STANDOFF MISSILE (JASSM)	232,252	232,252	237,252		232,252
		Joint Air to Surface Stand-Off Missile (JASSM) (USAF).			[5,000]		
193	0207327F	SMALL DIAMETER BOMB (SDB)	24,810	24,810	24,810		24,810
194	0207410F	AIR & SPACE OPERATIONS CENTER (AOC)	113,086	101,786	113,086	–11,300	101,786
		Program decrease		[–11,300]		[–11,300]	
195	0207412F	CONTROL AND REPORTING CENTER (CRC)	17,569	17,569	17,569		17,569
198	0207431F	COMBAT AIR INTELLIGENCE SYSTEM ACTIVITIES	33,601	33,601	33,601		33,601
199	0207438F	THEATER BATTLE MANAGEMENT (TBM) C4I	6,787	6,787	6,787		6,787
200	0207439F	ELECTROMAGNETIC WARFARE INT REPROG (EWIR)	60,072	60,072	60,072		60,072
202	0207452F	DCAPES	8,507	8,507	8,507		8,507
203	0207457F	AIR FORCE SPECIAL WARFARE (SPECWAR)	27,526	27,526	27,526		27,526
204	0207521F	AIR FORCE CALIBRATION PROGRAMS	2,273	2,273	2,273		2,273
206	0207590F	SEEK EAGLE	33,707	33,707	33,707		33,707
208	0207611F	READINESS DECISION SUPPORT ENTERPRISE	8,880	8,880	8,880		8,880
209	0207697F	DISTRIBUTED TRAINING AND EXERCISES	4,399	4,399	4,399		4,399
210	0207701F	FULL COMBAT MISSION TRAINING	8,096	8,096	8,096		8,096
211	0208006F	MISSION PLANNING SYSTEMS	138,745	124,945	138,745	–13,800	124,945
		Program decrease		[–13,800]		[–13,800]	
212	0208007F	TACTICAL DECEPTION	13,711	13,711	13,711		13,711
213	0208087F	DISTRIBUTED CYBER WARFARE OPERATIONS	31,197	31,197	31,197		31,197
214	0208088F	AF DEFENSIVE CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS	95,034	95,034	95,034		95,034

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218	0208288F	INTEL DATA APPLICATIONS	1,012	1,012	1,012		1,012
219	0301025F	GEOBASE	999	999	999		999
220	0301113F	CYBER SECURITY INTELLIGENCE SUPPORT	14,749	14,749	14,749		14,749
226	0301377F	COUNTERING ADVANCED CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS (CACW)	1,117	1,117	1,117		1,117
228	0301401F	AF MULTI-DOMAIN NON-TRADITIONAL ISR BATTLESPACE AWARENESS.	2,987	2,987	2,987		2,987
229	0302015F	E–4B NATIONAL AIRBORNE OPERATIONS CENTER (NAOC)	54,457	54,457	54,457		54,457
230	0302315F	NON-KINETIC COUNTERMEASURE SUPPORT	7,006	7,006	7,006		7,006
232	0303089F	CYBERSPACE AND DODIN OPERATIONS	10,080	10,080	10,080		10,080
233	0303131F	MINIMUM ESSENTIAL EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS NETWORK (MEECN).	99,599	99,599	99,599		99,599
234	0303133F	HIGH FREQUENCY RADIO SYSTEMS	19,955	19,955	19,955		19,955
235	0303140F	INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECURITY PROGRAM	98,414	98,414	98,414		98,414
236	0303248F	ALL DOMAIN COMMON PLATFORM	76,642	76,642	76,642		76,642
237	0303260F	JOINT MILITARY DECEPTION INITIATIVE	356	356	356		356
238	0304100F	STRATEGIC MISSION PLANNING & EXECUTION SYSTEM (SMPES).	75,164	75,164	75,164		75,164
239	0304109F	THRESHER	105	105	105		105
242	0304260F	AIRBORNE SIGINT ENTERPRISE	90,650	90,650	90,650		90,650
243	0304310F	COMMERCIAL ECONOMIC ANALYSIS	4,127	4,127	4,127		4,127
247	0305020F	CCMD INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY	1,547	1,547	1,547		1,547
248	0305022F	ISR MODERNIZATION & AUTOMATION DVMT (IMAD)	22,237	22,237	22,237		22,237
249	0305099F	GLOBAL AIR TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT (GATM)	4,257	4,257	4,257		4,257
250	0305103F	CYBER SECURITY INITIATIVE	310	310	310		310
251	0305111F	WEATHER SERVICE	30,509	30,509	30,509		30,509
252	0305114F	AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL, APPROACH, AND LANDING SYSTEM (ATCALS).	17,259	17,259	17,259		17,259

253	0305116F	AERIAL TARGETS	5,081	5,081	5,081		5,081
256	0305128F	SECURITY AND INVESTIGATIVE ACTIVITIES	8,964	8,964	8,964		8,964
257	0305146F	DEFENSE JOINT COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES	6,524	6,524	6,524		6,524
258	0305158F	TACTICAL TERMINAL	1,099	1,099	1,099		1,099
259	0305179F	INTEGRATED BROADCAST SERVICE (IBS)	19,085	19,085	19,085		19,085
261	0305206F	AIRBORNE RECONNAISSANCE SYSTEMS	25,432	25,432	25,432		25,432
262	0305207F	MANNED RECONNAISSANCE SYSTEMS	16,643	16,643	16,643		16,643
263	0305208F	DISTRIBUTED COMMON GROUND/SURFACE SYSTEMS	79,033	79,033	79,033		79,033
265	0305221F	NETWORK-CENTRIC COLLABORATIVE TARGETING	12,019	12,019	12,019		12,019
266	0305238F	NATO AGS	816	816	816		816
267	0305240F	ISR TRANSPORT AND PROCESSING	32,578	32,578	32,578		32,578
268	0305249F	AF JWICS ENTERPRISE	21,097	21,097	21,097		21,097
269	0305600F	INTERNATIONAL INTELLIGENCE TECHNOLOGY AND ARCHITECTURES.	18,946	18,946	18,946		18,946
270	0305836F	C2IMERA	13,867	13,867	13,867		13,867
272	0305903F	COCOM MOBILE COMMAND AND CONTROL CENTERS (MCCCS).	3,988	3,988	3,988		3,988
273	0305984F	PERSONNEL RECOVERY COMMAND & CTRL (PRC2)	2,891	2,891	2,891		2,891
274	0307577F	INTELLIGENCE MISSION DATA (IMD)	3,000	3,000	3,000		3,000
276	0401119F	C–5 AIRLIFT SQUADRONS (IF)	33,713	33,713	33,713		33,713
277	0401130F	C–17 AIRCRAFT (IF)	76,514	116,514	101,514	28,000	104,514
		C–17 blade coatings			[17,000]		
		C–17 winglet procurement			[8,000]		
		Program increase		[40,000]		[28,000]	
278	0401132F	C–130J PROGRAM	31,354	31,354	31,354		31,354
279	0401134F	LARGE AIRCRAFT IR COUNTERMEASURES (LAIRCM)	52,928	52,928	122,928		52,928
		LC–130 Non-recurring engineering			[70,000]		
		KC–135 drag reduction			[35,000]		
281	0401318F	CV–22	653	653	653		653
283	0708610F	LOGISTICS INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (LOGIT)	18,581	23,581	18,581		18,581
		Fleet Logistics Intelligence Platform		[5,000]			
284	0801380F	AF LVC OPERATIONAL TRAINING (LVC-OT)	33,898	33,898	33,898		33,898

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285	0804743F	OTHER FLIGHT TRAINING	2,371	2,371	2,371		2,371
286	0901202F	JOINT PERSONNEL RECOVERY AGENCY	2,080	2,080	2,080		2,080
287	0901218F	CIVILIAN COMPENSATION PROGRAM	4,355	4,355	4,355		4,355
288	0901220F	PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION	2,766	2,766	2,766		2,766
289	0901226F	AIR FORCE STUDIES AND ANALYSIS AGENCY	14,761	14,761	14,761		14,761
290	0901538F	FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT.	3,982	3,982	3,982		3,982
291	0901554F	DEFENSE ENTERPRISE ACNTNG AND MGT SYS (DEAMS)	38,942	38,942	38,942		38,942
292	1201921F	SERVICE SUPPORT TO STRATCOM—SPACE ACTIVITIES	335	335	335		335
293A	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	22,264,031	22,264,031	22,398,031	121,000	22,385,031
		Acceleration of Air Force program			[121,000]	[121,000]	
		Advanced Sensors Application Program			[13,000]		
		SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	**29,643,766**	**29,560,466**	**30,242,766**	**–78,800**	**29,564,966**
		TOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST AND EVALUATION, AIR FORCE.	**52,017,288**	**53,080,388**	**56,943,288**	**1,971,701**	**53,988,989**
		RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION, SPACE FORCE					
		BASIC RESEARCH					
001	0601102SF	DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	22,270	22,270	22,270		22,270
002	0601103SF	UNIVERSITY RESEARCH INITIATIVES	14,569	14,569	14,569		14,569
		SUBTOTAL BASIC RESEARCH	**36,839**	**36,839**	**36,839**		**36,839**
		APPLIED RESEARCH					
004	1206601SF	SPACE TECHNOLOGY	245,497	245,497	253,497	7,500	252,997
		Space Modeling, Simulation, & Analysis Hub			[8,000]	[7,500]	

005	1206616SF	SPACE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT/DEMO	2,591	2,591	4,591		2,591
		Rocket Cargo program			[–7,000]		
		Service Support to SPACECOM Activities			[1,000]		
		Space Advanced Technology Development/Demo			[8,000]		
		SUBTOTAL APPLIED RESEARCH	**248,088**	**248,088**	**258,088**	**7,500**	**255,588**
		ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT					
006	1206310SF	SPACE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.	459,989	459,989	459,989		459,989
007	1206616SF	SPACE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT/DEMO	128,588	131,088	128,588		128,588
		Liquid Rocket Engine for USAFA Rocket Propulsion Curriculum.		[2,500]			
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	**588,577**	**591,077**	**588,577**		**588,577**
		ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES					
008	0604002SF	SPACE FORCE WEATHER SERVICES RESEARCH	857	857	857		857
009	1203010SF	SPACE FORCE IT, DATA ANALYTICS, DIGITAL SOLUTIONS	88,606	88,606	88,606		88,606
010	1203164SF	NAVSTAR GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM (USER EQUIPMENT) (SPACE).	175,304	175,304	175,304		175,304
011	1203622SF	SPACE WARFIGHTING ANALYSIS	125,982	125,982	125,982		125,982
012	1203710SF	EO/IR WEATHER SYSTEMS	77,135	77,135	77,135		77,135
013	1203955SF	SPACE ACCESS, MOBILITY & LOGISTICS (SAML)	14,478	14,478	14,478		14,478
014	1206410SF	SPACE TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPING	1,307,970	1,307,970	1,584,970	500,000	1,807,970
		SDA Tranche 3 Transport Layer			[277,000]	[500,000]	
015	1206427SF	SPACE SYSTEMS PROTOTYPE TRANSITIONS (SSPT)	67,246	67,246	67,246		67,246
016	1206438SF	SPACE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY	60,106	60,106	60,106		60,106
017	1206458SF	TECH TRANSITION (SPACE)	326,144	326,144	326,144		326,144
018	1206730SF	SPACE SECURITY AND DEFENSE PROGRAM	45,200	45,200	45,200		45,200
019	1206760SF	PROTECTED TACTICAL ENTERPRISE SERVICE (PTES)	114,430	114,430	114,430		114,430
020	1206761SF	PROTECTED TACTICAL SERVICE (PTS)	571,921	571,921	571,921		571,921
021	1206855SF	EVOLVED STRATEGIC SATCOM (ESS)	1,229,929	1,229,929	1,229,929		1,229,929
022	1206857SF	SPACE RAPID CAPABILITIES OFFICE	9,664	9,664	9,664		9,664

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023	1206862SF	TACTICALLY RESPONSIVE SPACE	33,282	60,000	93,282	60,000	93,282
		Tactically Responsive Space		[26,718]	[60,000]	[60,000]	
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES.	**4,248,254**	**4,274,972**	**4,585,254**	**560,000**	**4,808,254**
		SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION					
025	1203269SF	GPS III FOLLOW-ON (GPS IIIF)	179,249	194,249	179,249	15,000	194,249
		Resilient GPS (R-GPS)		[15,000]		[15,000]	
026	1206421SF	COUNTERSPACE SYSTEMS	31,298	31,298	31,298		31,298
027	1206422SF	WEATHER SYSTEM FOLLOW-ON	38,501	38,501	38,501		38,501
028	1206425SF	SPACE SITUATION AWARENESS SYSTEMS	992	992	992		992
029	1206431SF	ADVANCED EHF MILSATCOM (SPACE)	13,825	13,825	13,825		13,825
031	1206433SF	WIDEBAND GLOBAL SATCOM (SPACE)	29,609	29,609	29,609		29,609
032	1206440SF	NEXT-GEN OPIR—GROUND	358,330	358,330	358,330		358,330
033	1206442SF	NEXT GENERATION OPIR	189,621	189,621	189,621		189,621
034	1206443SF	NEXT-GEN OPIR—GEO	432,073	432,073	432,073		432,073
035	1206444SF	NEXT-GEN OPIR—POLAR				474,889	
		Program increase		[474,889]		[474,889]	
036	1206445SF	COMMERCIAL SATCOM (COMSATCOM) INTEGRATION	132,060	132,060	132,060		132,060
037	1206446SF	RESILIENT MISSILE WARNING MISSILE TRACKING—LOW EARTH ORBIT (LEO).	1,757,354	1,076,354	1,757,354		1,757,354
		Reconciliation adjustment		[–681,000]			
038	1206447SF	RESILIENT MISSILE WARNING MISSILE TRACKING—MEDIUM EARTH ORBIT (MEO).	686,348	686,348	686,348		686,348
039	1206771SF	COMMERCIAL SERVICES	36,628	91,628	36,628	50,000	86,628
		Tactical Surveillance, Reconnaissance, and Tracking (SRT).		[50,000]		[50,000]	

		VLEO Spacecraft for Tactical SRT		[5,000]			
040	1206853SF	NATIONAL SECURITY SPACE LAUNCH PROGRAM (SPACE)—EMD.	6,595	6,595	6,595		6,595
		SUBTOTAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION.	**3,892,483**	**3,756,372**	**3,892,483**	**539,889**	**4,432,372**
		MANAGEMENT SUPPORT					
044	1206392SF	ACQ WORKFORCE—SPACE & MISSILE SYSTEMS	269,162	269,162	269,162		269,162
045	1206398SF	SPACE & MISSILE SYSTEMS CENTER—MHA	15,356	15,356	15,356		15,356
046	1206399SF	SSC ENTERPRISE ENGINEERING & INTEGRATION	110,598	110,598	110,598		110,598
047	1206759SF	MAJOR T&E INVESTMENT—SPACE	189,083	189,083	189,083		189,083
048	1206860SF	ROCKET SYSTEMS LAUNCH PROGRAM (SPACE)	19,857	19,857	19,857		19,857
049	1206864SF	SPACE TEST PROGRAM (STP)	28,787	28,787	28,787		28,787
		SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	**632,843**	**632,843**	**632,843**		**632,843**
		OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT					
051	1201212SF	SERVICE-WIDE SUPPORT (NOT OTHERWISE ACCOUNTED FOR).	18,451	18,451	18,451		18,451
052	1203001SF	FAMILY OF ADVANCED BLOS TERMINALS (FAB-T)	303	303	303		303
053	1203040SF	DCO-SPACE	102,439	102,439	102,439		102,439
054	1203109SF	NARROWBAND SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS	421,847	421,847	421,847		421,847
055	1203110SF	SATELLITE CONTROL NETWORK (SPACE)	93,780	93,780	93,780		93,780
056	1203154SF	LONG RANGE KILL CHAINS	1,916		1,916		1,916
		Reconciliation adjustment		[–1,916]			
057	1203155SF	GROUND MOVING TARGET INDICATOR (GMTI)	1,063,384	1,063,384	1,063,384		1,063,384
058	1203173SF	SPACE AND MISSILE TEST AND EVALUATION CENTER	22,128	22,128	22,128		22,128
059	1203174SF	SPACE INNOVATION, INTEGRATION AND RAPID TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT.	82,399	82,399	82,399		82,399
060	1203182SF	SPACELIFT RANGE SYSTEM (SPACE)	54,996	54,996	54,996		54,996
061	1203330SF	SPACE SUPERIORITY ISR	24,411	24,411	24,411		24,411
062	1203609SF	PLEO SATCOM (MILNET)	277,407		277,407		277,407
		Reconciliation adjustment		[–277,407]			

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063	1203873SF	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE RADARS				22,000	
		PARCS radar upgrades			[22,000]	[22,000]	
064	1203906SF	NCMC—ITW/AA SYSTEM	25,839	25,839	25,839		25,839
066	1203913SF	NUDET DETECTION SYSTEM (SPACE)	96,836	96,836	96,836		96,836
067	1203940SF	SPACE SITUATION AWARENESS OPERATIONS	182,377	197,377	182,377		182,377
		Unified Data Library (UDL)		[15,000]			
068	1206423SF	GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM III—OPERATIONAL CONTROL SEGMENT.	190,484	190,484	190,484		190,484
073	1206772SF	RAPID RESILIENT COMMAND AND CONTROL (R2C2)	106,220	106,220	106,220		106,220
075	1208053SF	JOINT TACTICAL GROUND SYSTEM	6,698	6,698	6,698		6,698
075A	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	2,866,499	2,866,499	2,866,499		2,866,499
		SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	**5,638,414**	**5,374,091**	**5,660,414**	**22,000**	**5,660,414**
		SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS					
076	1208248SF	SPACE DOMAIN AWARENESS/PLANNING/TASKING SW	200,968	200,968	200,968		200,968
		SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS.	**200,968**	**200,968**	**200,968**		**200,968**
		TOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION, SPACE FORCE.	**15,486,466**	**15,115,250**	**15,855,466**	**1,129,389**	**16,615,855**
		RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST AND EVALUATION, DEFENSE-WIDE					
		BASIC RESEARCH					
001	0601000BR	DTRA BASIC RESEARCH	15,643	15,643	15,643		15,643
003	0601108D8Z	HIGH ENERGY LASER RESEARCH INITIATIVES	16,817	16,817	16,817		16,817
004	0601110D8Z	BASIC RESEARCH INITIATIVES	82,264	95,264	112,264	28,000	110,264

		Defense Established Program to Stimulate Competitive Research.			[30,000]	[20,000]	
		Program increase		[13,000]		[8,000]	
006	0601120D8Z	NATIONAL DEFENSE EDUCATION PROGRAM	146,010	162,410	146,010		146,010
		STEM education opportunities and workforce initiatives targeted at military students.		[16,400]			
007	0601122E	EMERGING OPPORTUNITIES	360,456	360,456	360,456		360,456
008	0601228D8Z	HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES/MINORITY INSTITUTIONS.	99,610	124,610	109,610	15,000	114,610
		Efficient AI Linguistics Algorithmic Development to Support National Security.			[10,000]		
		Program increase		[25,000]		[15,000]	
009	0601384BP	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PROGRAM	36,582	36,582	36,582		36,582
		SUBTOTAL BASIC RESEARCH	**757,382**	**811,782**	**797,382**	**43,000**	**800,382**
		APPLIED RESEARCH					
010	0602000D8Z	JOINT MUNITIONS TECHNOLOGY	19,734	19,734	19,734		19,734
011	0602023E	ACCESS AND AWARENESS	100,791	100,791	100,791		100,791
012	0602024E	WARFIGHTING PERFORMANCE	278,121	278,121	278,121		278,121
013	0602025E	MAKING, MAINTAINING, SUPPLY CHAIN AND LOGISTICS	1,347,049	1,347,049	1,347,049		1,347,049
014	0602026E	EFFECTS	20,275	20,275	20,275		20,275
016	0602128D8Z	PROMOTION AND PROTECTION STRATEGIES	3,166	3,166	3,166		3,166
017	0602230D8Z	DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY INNOVATION	46,261	46,261	46,261		46,261
018	0602234D8Z	LINCOLN LABORATORY RESEARCH PROGRAM	11,479	11,479	41,479	15,000	26,479
		Lincoln Laboratory Research Program			[30,000]		
		Program increase				[15,000]	
019	0602251D8Z	APPLIED RESEARCH FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF S&T PRIORITIES.	53,983	53,983	53,983		53,983
021	0602384BP	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PROGRAM	230,751	230,751	230,751		230,751
022	0602668D8Z	CYBER SECURITY RESEARCH	17,988	22,988	50,988	5,000	22,988
		Pacific Intelligence and Innovation Initiative		[5,000]		[5,000]	
		Pacific Intelligence and Innovation Initiative (P3I)			[13,000]		

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		University Consortium for Cybersecurity			[20,000]		
028	0602718BR	COUNTER WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION APPLIED RESEARCH.	161,495	156,495	161,495	–5,000	156,495
		Program decrease		[–5,000]		[–5,000]	
029	0602751D8Z	SOFTWARE ENGINEERING INSTITUTE (SEI) APPLIED RESEARCH.	8,883	8,883	8,883		8,883
030	0602890D8Z	HIGH ENERGY LASER RESEARCH	48,738	53,738	48,738	5,000	53,738
		Advanced Optical Coatings for High Energy Lasers		[5,000]		[5,000]	
031	0602891D8Z	FSRM MODELLING	994	994	994		994
032	1160401BB	SOF TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	50,026	67,776	61,226	11,200	61,226
		Accelerate development of Belt-fed Electric Advanced Weapon for Organic and Fire Superiority (BEAWOLFS). (Combating Terrorism Technology Support).		[2,750]			
		Comprehensive Protective Cold Weather Layering System.			[11,200]	[11,200]	
		Vertical Take Off and Landing Optionally Piloted Vehicle (VTOL-OPV).		[15,000]			
		SUBTOTAL APPLIED RESEARCH	**2,399,734**	**2,422,484**	**2,473,934**	**31,200**	**2,430,934**
		ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT					
033	0603000D8Z	JOINT MUNITIONS ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	50,663	50,663	50,663		50,663
035	0603055D8Z	OPERATIONAL ENERGY CAPABILITY IMPROVEMENT	168,253	193,253	183,253	30,000	198,253
		Hybrid Power Systems		[5,000]			
		Power generation			[15,000]	[10,000]	
		TRISO		[20,000]		[20,000]	
		Drone development		[7,500]			

037	0603122D8Z	COMBATING TERRORISM TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT	81,513	239,513	96,513	185,000	266,513
		Emerging Technology Cooperation		[35,000]		[35,000]	
		Israel Anti-Tunneling Cooperation		[50,000]		[80,000]	
		Israel Counter-UXS Program		[70,000]		[70,000]	
		Low-Cost VTOL Loitering Precision Strike		[3,000]			
		U.S.-Israel Joint R&D on emerging technologies			[15,000]		
038	0603133D8Z	FOREIGN COMPARATIVE TESTING	27,958	27,958	37,958		27,958
		Foreign Comparative Testing program			[10,000]		
039	0603142D8Z	MISSION ENGINEERING & INTEGRATION (ME&I)	99,534	99,534	99,534		99,534
040	0603160BR	COUNTER WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT.	393,469	366,469	393,469	–27,000	366,469
		Program decrease		[–27,000]		[–27,000]	
042	0603176C	ADVANCED CONCEPTS AND PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT	21,625	21,625	38,625		21,625
		Direced energy technology maturation			[17,000]		
043	0603180C	ADVANCED RESEARCH	42,093	42,093	42,093		42,093
044	0603183D8Z	JOINT HYPERSONIC TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT &TRANSITION.	50,998	75,998	50,998	10,000	60,998
		Increased Hypersonic Operational Envelope Prototyping.		[10,000]		[10,000]	
		University Consortium for Applied Hypersonics		[15,000]			
045	0603225D8Z	JOINT DOD-DOE MUNITIONS TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	35,505	35,505	35,505		35,505
048	0603288D8Z	ANALYTIC ASSESSMENTS	41,010	41,010	41,010		41,010
049	0603289D8Z	ADVANCED INNOVATIVE ANALYSIS AND CONCEPTS	57,457	57,457	57,457		57,457
050	0603330D8Z	QUANTUM APPLICATION	59,521	59,521	59,521		59,521
051	0603342D8Z	DEFENSE INNOVATION UNIT (DIU)				16,000	
		DIU OnRamp Hub			[5,000]	[5,000]	
		Integrated Wireless Optical Power Beaming and Communications System.		[7,000]		[7,000]	
		Small Electric Unmanned Surface Vehicles		[10,000]		[4,000]	
052	0603375D8Z	TECHNOLOGY INNOVATION	19,654	19,654	29,654		19,654
		Auxilliary equipment			[10,000]		
053	0603379D8Z	ADVANCED TECHNICAL INTEGRATION	19,991	19,991	19,991		19,991

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054	0603384BP	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PROGRAM—ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT.	247,043	247,043	247,043		247,043
055	0603467E	DARPA ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	1,643,465	1,643,465	1,643,465		1,643,465
056	0603468E	ADVANCED COMPLEX SYSTEMS	350,695	355,695	350,695		350,695
		DARPA-ALIAS/MATRIX		[5,000]			
057	0603469E	ADVANCED ENABLING TECHNOLOGIES	335,647	335,647	335,647		335,647
059	0603618D8Z	JOINT ELECTRONIC ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	20,575	20,575	20,575		20,575
060	0603662D8Z	NETWORKED COMMUNICATIONS CAPABILITIES	19,937	19,937	19,937		19,937
062	0603680D8Z	DEFENSE-WIDE MANUFACTURING SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM.	409,493	414,993	584,493	26,000	435,493
		Advanced manufacturing			[150,000]		
		Biotechnology Manufacturing			[5,000]	[5,000]	
		Critical Minerals		[3,500]		[3,500]	
		Critical Minerals RDT&E Increase			[15,000]		
		Manufacturing Modernization		[10,000]		[10,000]	
		Manufacturing of Advanced Composites for Hypersonics.		[2,500]		[2,500]	
		Onsite Training		[3,000]			
		Predictive Manufacturing Analytics		[3,500]			
		Reconciliation adjustment		[–25,000]			
		Robotics Enhancements for Armaments Manufacturing.			[5,000]	[5,000]	
		Submarine Battery Supply Chain		[4,000]			
		Warfighter Energy Materials Production Capacity		[4,000]			
063	0603680S	MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM	50,610	53,610	55,610	8,000	58,610
		Aluminum-Scandium Alloy Prototype		[3,000]		[3,000]	
		DLA Critical Materials			[5,000]	[5,000]	

064	0603712S	GENERIC LOGISTICS R&D TECHNOLOGY DEMONSTRATIONS	19,640	19,640	19,640		19,640
065	0603716D8Z	STRATEGIC ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH PROGRAM	58,092	58,092	58,092		58,092
066	0603720S	MICROELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT AND SUPPORT.	135,016	135,016	135,016		135,016
067	0603727D8Z	JOINT WARFIGHTING PROGRAM	945	945	945		945
		Air Combat Evolution (ACE)—autonomous air-to-air cruise missile and drone defense.			[14,000]		
072	0603781D8Z	SOFTWARE ENGINEERING INSTITUTE	12,972	12,972	12,972		12,972
073	0603838D8Z	DEFENSE INNOVATION ACCELERATION (DIA)	211,027	198,527	211,027	2,500	213,527
		Insider Threat		[2,500]		[2,500]	
		Reconciliation adjustment		[–15,000]			
074	0603924D8Z	HIGH ENERGY LASER ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM	114,577	114,577	124,577	5,000	119,577
		Ultra-Short Pulsed Laser (USPL) Weapons Lethality			[10,000]	[5,000]	
075	0603941D8Z	TEST & EVALUATION SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY	1,095,772	1,086,772	1,105,772	20,000	1,115,772
		Adaptable radar capabilities		[6,000]			
		Digital Transformation Nexus		[5,000]		[5,000]	
		Payload Dispense Mechanism for Reusable Hypersonic Test Bed.		[5,000]		[5,000]	
		Reconciliation adjustment		[–25,000]			
		Reusable Hypersonic Test Bed Integration & Testing			[10,000]	[10,000]	
076	0603945D8Z	INTERNATIONAL INNOVATION INITIATIVES	173,048	173,048	178,048	3,000	176,048
		Critical Minerals for Energy Storage Solutions			[5,000]	[3,000]	
078	0604055D8Z	OPERATIONAL ENERGY CAPABILITY IMPROVEMENT				5,000	
		Micro-Reactor Program Advancement			[5,000]	[5,000]	
		TRISO fuel development			[12,000]		
080	1160402BB	SOF ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	152,282	157,282	152,282		152,282
		Small multimodal AI models for intelligence analysis		[5,000]			
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	**6,220,080**	**6,422,580**	**6,528,080**	**283,500**	**6,503,580**
		ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES					
081	0603161D8Z	NUCLEAR AND CONVENTIONAL PHYSICAL SECURITY EQUIPMENT RDT&E ADC&P.	55,465	55,465	103,465		55,465

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		Nuclear Advanced Concept Development & Prototypes.			[48,000]		
082	0603600D8Z	WALKOFF	152,449	137,249	152,449	–15,200	137,249
		Program decrease		[–15,200]		[–15,200]	
083	0603851D8Z	ENVIRONMENTAL SECURITY TECHNICAL CERTIFICATION PROGRAM.	123,981	149,781	123,981		123,981
		Program increase		[25,800]			
084	0603881C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TERMINAL DEFENSE SEGMENT	508,898	518,898	508,898	10,000	518,898
		Secure, Assured, and Radiation Hardened Microelectronics.		[10,000]		[10,000]	
085	0603882C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE MIDCOURSE DEFENSE SEGMENT.	825,919	825,919	825,919		825,919
086	0603884BP	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PROGRAM—DEM/VAL.	272,940	272,940	272,940		272,940
087	0603884C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE SENSORS	197,641	97,641	197,641		197,641
		Reconciliation adjustment		[–100,000]			
088	0603890C	BMD ENABLING PROGRAMS	646,039	646,039	646,039		646,039
089	0603891C	SPECIAL PROGRAMS—MDA	498,630	498,630	562,630		498,630
		AMD/LTRI			[55,000]		
		C2BMC-G			[9,000]		
090	0603892C	AEGIS BMD	588,440	588,440	588,440		588,440
091	0603896C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE COMMAND AND CONTROL, BATTLE MANAGEMENT AND COMMUNICATIONS (C2BMC).	634,183	534,183	636,183		634,183
		Fiber Festoon Cable sustainment			[2,000]		
		Reconciliation adjustment		[–100,000]			
092	0603898C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE JOINT WARFIGHTER SUPPORT	45,758	45,758	47,758		45,758
		DEEP SENTRY			[2,000]		

093	0603904C	MISSILE DEFENSE INTEGRATION & OPERATIONS CENTER (MDIOC).	55,097	55,097	55,097		55,097
094	0603906C	REGARDING TRENCH	29,608	29,608	29,608		29,608
095	0603907C	SEA BASED X-BAND RADAR (SBX)	166,813	166,813	166,813		166,813
096	0603913C	ISRAELI COOPERATIVE PROGRAMS	300,000	300,000	300,000		300,000
097	0603914C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TEST	463,079	463,079	463,079		463,079
098	0603915C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TARGETS	514,904	542,404	559,904	29,500	544,404
		Advanced Reactive Target Simulation		[10,000]		[10,000]	
		Advanced reactive target simulation development			[5,000]		
		Affordable air-breathing hypersonic flight vehicle			[10,000]	[10,000]	
		High Mach Airbreathing Targets			[20,000]	[2,000]	
		Next Generation Hypersonic		[7,500]		[7,500]	
		Sea-based launch for missile defense targets		[10,000]	[10,000]		
099	0603923D8Z	COALITION WARFARE	10,090	10,090	10,090		10,090
100	0604011D8Z	NEXT GENERATION INFORMATION COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (5G).	41,815	36,815	41,815		41,815
		Reconciliation adjustment		[–5,000]			
101	0604016D8Z	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE CORROSION PROGRAM	2,545	2,545	8,545		2,545
		Corrion Control Research			[6,000]		
102	0604102C	GUAM DEFENSE DEVELOPMENT	128,485	128,485	244,485		128,485
		AGS integration of AN/TPY–6 TAUs			[116,000]		
105	0604125D8Z	ADVANCED MANUFACTURING COMPONENTS AND PROTOTYPES.	45,513	45,513	45,513		45,513
106	0604181C	HYPERSONIC DEFENSE	200,627	200,627	200,627		200,627
107	0604250D8Z	ADVANCED INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGIES	749,452	732,452	768,452	13,000	762,452
		EUCOM: Defense of undersea infrastructure			[9,000]		
		Project Pele			[10,000]	[10,000]	
		Reconciliation adjustment		[–20,000]			
		Typhoon, Seaman's Eye Predictive Autonomous Navigational Routing.		[3,000]		[3,000]	
108	0604294D8Z	TRUSTED & ASSURED MICROELECTRONICS	512,151	512,151	512,151		512,151
109	0604331D8Z	RAPID PROTOTYPING PROGRAM	235,292	220,292	235,292		235,292

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		Reconciliation adjustment		[–15,000]			
112	0604400D8Z	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE (DOD) UNMANNED SYSTEM COMMON DEVELOPMENT.	2,142	2,142	2,142		2,142
113	0604551BR	CATAPULT INFORMATION SYSTEM	4,161	4,161	4,161		4,161
114	0604555D8Z	OPERATIONAL ENERGY PROTOTYPING—NON S&T	55,005	55,005	55,005		55,005
117	0604682D8Z	SUPPORT FOR STRATEGIC ANALYSIS	2,776	2,776	2,776		2,776
119	0604791D8Z	MULTI-DOMAIN JOINT OPERATIONS (MDJO)	20,343	20,343	20,343		20,343
120	0604797D8Z	JOINT ENERGETIC TRANSITION OFFICE	3,000	3,000	3,000		3,000
121	0604826J	JOINT C5 CAPABILITY DEVELOPMENT, INTEGRATION AND INTEROPERABILITY ASSESSMENTS.	25,889	25,889	25,889		25,889
122	0604873C	LONG RANGE DISCRIMINATION RADAR (LRDR)	60,443	60,443	60,443		60,443
123	0604874C	IMPROVED HOMELAND DEFENSE INTERCEPTORS	1,582,414	1,182,414	1,582,414		1,582,414
		Reconciliation adjustment		[–400,000]			
124	0604876C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TERMINAL DEFENSE SEGMENT TEST.	37,784	37,784	37,784		37,784
125	0604878C	AEGIS BMD TEST	153,618	153,618	153,618		153,618
126	0604879C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE SENSOR TEST	68,699	68,699	84,699		68,699
		Sensor Ground Testing			[16,000]		
127	0604880C	LAND-BASED SM–3 (LBSM3)	24,555	24,555	42,555		24,555
		Evaluation of CONUS, Hawaii, Alaska emplacements			[8,000]		
		Guam SM–3 software integration			[10,000]		
128	0604887C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE MIDCOURSE SEGMENT TEST	38,325	38,325	38,325		38,325
129	0604924D8Z	HIGH ENERGY LASER ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT & PROTOTYPE.	5,589	5,589	5,589		5,589
130	0202057C	SAFETY PROGRAM MANAGEMENT	1,806	1,806	1,806		1,806
131	0208059JCY	CYBERCOM ACTIVITIES	30,212	30,212	30,212		30,212
133	0208086JCY	CYBER TRAINING ENVIRONMENT (CTE)	124,971	124,971	124,971		124,971

135	0305103C	CYBER SECURITY INITIATIVE	2,131	2,131	2,131		2,131
136	0305245D8Z	INTELLIGENCE CAPABILITIES AND INNOVATION INVESTMENTS.	43,596	43,596	48,596	5,000	48,596
		Geospatial Workforce Development Program			[5,000]	[5,000]	
		EUCOM: Office of Strategic Capital detailees			[1,000]		
		Office of Strategic Capital detailees			[1,000]		
139	1206895C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEM SPACE PROGRAMS	97,061	97,061	97,061		97,061
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES.	**10,390,334**	**9,801,434**	**10,733,334**	**42,300**	**10,432,634**
		SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION					
141	0604123D8Z	CHIEF DIGITAL AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE OFFICER (CDAO)—DEM/VAL ACTIVITIES.	9,196	9,196	9,196		9,196
142	0604133D8Z	ALPHA–1 DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES	441,821	416,821	441,821		441,821
		Reconciliation adjustment		[–25,000]			
143	0604161D8Z	NUCLEAR AND CONVENTIONAL PHYSICAL SECURITY EQUIPMENT RDT&E SDD.	12,874	12,874	12,874		12,874
144	0604384BP	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PROGRAM—EMD	255,630	217,880	255,630	–55,750	199,880
		Program decrease		[–37,750]		[–55,750]	
145	0604771D8Z	JOINT TACTICAL INFORMATION DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM (JTIDS).	10,527	10,527	10,527		10,527
146	0605000BR	COUNTER WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT.	14,931	14,931	14,931		14,931
147	0605013BL	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	1,283	1,283	1,283		1,283
148	0605021SE	HOMELAND PERSONNEL SECURITY INITIATIVE	9,137	9,137	9,137		9,137
149	0605022D8Z	DEFENSE EXPORTABILITY PROGRAM	6,780	6,780	6,780		6,780
150	0605027D8Z	OUSD(C) IT DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVES	9,765	9,765	9,765		9,765
151	0605080S	DEFENSE AGENCY INITIATIVES (DAI)—FINANCIAL SYSTEM	31,714	31,714	31,714		31,714
152	0605141BR	MISSION ASSURANCE RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (MARMS).	9,573	9,573	9,573		9,573
153	0605210D8Z	DEFENSE-WIDE ELECTRONIC PROCUREMENT CAPABILITIES	9,366	9,366	9,366		9,366
154	0605294D8Z	TRUSTED & ASSURED MICROELECTRONICS	143,475	133,475	143,475		143,475

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
		Reconciliation adjustment		[–10,000]			
155	0605649D8Z	ACQUISITION INTEGRATION AND INTEROPERABILITY (AI2)	13,556	13,556	13,556		13,556
156	0605755D8Z	RADIOLOGICAL AND NUCLEAR DEFENSE MODERNIZATION SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION.	3,307	3,307	3,307		3,307
157	0605772D8Z	NUCLEAR COMMAND, CONTROL, & COMMUNICATIONS	3,158	3,158	3,158		3,158
159	0305282K	JOINT FIRES NETWORK (JFN)	10,000	10,000	10,000		10,000
160	0305304D8Z	REAL PROPERTY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT	6,473	6,473	6,473		6,473
161	0305310D8Z	COUNTERPROLIFERATION ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	12,107	12,107	12,107		12,107
		SUBTOTAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION.	**1,014,673**	**941,923**	**1,014,673**	**–55,750**	**958,923**
		MANAGEMENT SUPPORT					
163	0603829J	JOINT CAPABILITY EXPERIMENTATION	13,822	13,822	13,822		13,822
164	0604122D8Z	JADC2 DEVELOPMENT AND EXPERIMENTATION ACTIVITIES	297,801	272,801	297,801		297,801
		Reconciliation adjustment		[–25,000]			
165	0604774D8Z	DEFENSE READINESS REPORTING SYSTEM (DRRS)	8,552	8,552	8,552		8,552
166	0604875D8Z	JOINT SYSTEMS ARCHITECTURE DEVELOPMENT	8,627	8,627	8,627		8,627
167	0604940D8Z	CENTRAL TEST AND EVALUATION INVESTMENT DEVELOPMENT (CTEIP).	542,773	542,773	542,773		542,773
168	0604942D8Z	ASSESSMENTS AND EVALUATIONS	1,275	1,275	1,275		1,275
170	0605001E	MISSION SUPPORT	115,673	115,673	115,673		115,673
171	0605100D8Z	JOINT MISSION ENVIRONMENT TEST CAPABILITY (JMETC)	210,878	210,878	210,878		210,878
172	0605126J	JOINT INTEGRATED AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE ORGANIZATION (JIAMDO).	78,057	78,057	78,057		78,057
174	0605142D8Z	SYSTEMS ENGINEERING	23,405	23,405	23,405		23,405
175	0605151D8Z	STUDIES AND ANALYSIS SUPPORT—OSD	5,301	5,301	5,301		5,301
176	0605161D8Z	NUCLEAR MATTERS-PHYSICAL SECURITY	12,549	12,549	22,549		12,549

		Nuclear Matters Management Support			[10,000]	
177	0605170D8Z	SUPPORT TO NETWORKS AND INFORMATION INTEGRATION	15,597	15,597	15,597	15,597
178	0605200D8Z	GENERAL SUPPORT TO OUSD(INTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY).	3,468	3,468	3,468	3,468
179	0605384BP	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PROGRAM	67,263	67,263	67,263	67,263
186	0605711D8Z	CRITICAL TECHNOLOGY ANALYSIS	11,781	11,781	11,781	11,781
187	0605790D8Z	SMALL BUSINESS INNOVATION RESEARCH (SBIR)/ SMALL BUSINESS TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER (STTR) ADMINISTRATION.	5,411	8,411	5,411	5,411
		Comprehensive Training Program for Contracting Officers on SBIR Phase III Direct Awards`.		[3,000]		
188	0605797D8Z	MAINTAINING TECHNOLOGY ADVANTAGE	29,675	29,675	34,675	29,675
		NSCEB recommendation—AIxBio Sandbox			[5,000]	
189	0605798D8Z	DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY ANALYSIS	45,134	45,134	45,134	45,134
190	0605801KA	DEFENSE TECHNICAL INFORMATION CENTER (DTIC)	60,209	60,209	60,209	60,209
191	0605803SE	R&D IN SUPPORT OF DOD ENLISTMENT, TESTING AND EVALUATION.	30,778	30,778	30,778	30,778
192	0605804D8Z	DEVELOPMENT TEST AND EVALUATION	37,381	37,381	37,381	37,381
193	0605898E	MANAGEMENT HQ—R&D	13,623	13,623	13,623	13,623
194	0605998KA	MANAGEMENT HQ—DEFENSE TECHNICAL INFORMATION CENTER (DTIC).	3,466	3,466	3,466	3,466
195	0606005D8Z	SPECIAL ACTIVITIES	18,594	18,594	18,594	18,594
196	0606100D8Z	BUDGET AND PROGRAM ASSESSMENTS	13,084	13,084	13,084	13,084
197	0606114D8Z	ANALYSIS WORKING GROUP (AWG) SUPPORT	5,229	5,229	5,229	5,229
199	0606225D8Z	ODNA TECHNOLOGY AND RESOURCE ANALYSIS	3,461	3,461	3,461	3,461
200	0606300D8Z	DEFENSE SCIENCE BOARD	6,563	6,563	6,563	6,563
201	0606301D8Z	AVIATION SAFETY TECHNOLOGIES	1,702	11,702	1,702	1,702
		Pilot Program on Modernized Health and Usage Monitoring Systems to Address Obsolescence in Army Rotary-Wing Aircraft.		[5,000]		

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
		Pilot Program on Modernized Health and Usage Monitoring Systems to Address Obsolescence in Marine Corps Rotary-Wing and Tilt Rotor Aircraft.		[5,000]			
202	0606771D8Z	CYBER RESILIENCY AND CYBERSECURITY POLICY	14,220	14,220	14,220		14,220
203	0606774D8Z	DEFENSE CIVILIAN TRAINING CORPS	8,752	8,752	8,752		8,752
204	0606775D8Z	JOINT PRODUCTION ACCELERATOR CELL (JPAC)	5,493	5,493	5,493		5,493
205	0606829D8Z	SUSTAINMENT TRANSITION CAPABILITIES	30,000	30,000	30,000		30,000
206	0606853BR	MANAGEMENT, TECHNICAL & INTERNATIONAL SUPPORT	14,841	14,841	24,841		14,841
		Critical Infrastructure Defense Analysis Center (CIDAC).			[10,000]		
207	0203345D8Z	DEFENSE OPERATIONS SECURITY INITIATIVE (DOSI)	2,493	2,493	2,493		2,493
208	0204571J	JOINT STAFF ANALYTICAL SUPPORT	8,070	8,070	8,070		8,070
209	0208045K	C4I INTEROPERABILITY	70,893	70,893	70,893		70,893
210	0303169D8Z	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY RAPID ACQUISITION	4,355	4,355	4,355		4,355
211	0305172K	COMBINED ADVANCED APPLICATIONS	5,447	5,447	5,447		5,447
213	0305208K	DISTRIBUTED COMMON GROUND/SURFACE SYSTEMS	2,887	2,887	2,887		2,887
214	0305248J	JOINT STAFF OFFICE OF THE CHIEF DATA OFFICER (OCDO) ACTIVITIES.	14,500	19,500	14,500	5,000	19,500
		Advanced Manufacturing Initiative in the Indo-Pacific.		[5,000]		[5,000]	
215	0804768J	COCOM EXERCISE ENGAGEMENT AND TRAINING TRANSFORMATION (CE2T2)—NON-MHA.	91,952	91,952	91,952		91,952
216	0808709SE	DEFENSE EQUAL OPPORTUNITY MANAGEMENT INSTITUTE (DEOMI).	388	388	388		388
217	0808737SE	INTEGRATED PRIMARY PREVENTION	5,744	5,744	5,744		5,744
218	0901598C	MANAGEMENT HQ—MDA	28,719	28,719	28,719		28,719
219	0903235K	JOINT SERVICE PROVIDER (JSP)	1,283	1,283	1,283		1,283

219A	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	31,148	31,148	31,148		31,148
		SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	**2,032,317**	**2,025,317**	**2,057,317**	**5,000**	**2,037,317**
		OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT					
220	0604011D8Z	NEXT GENERATION INFORMATION COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (5G).	22,439	22,439	22,439		22,439
223	0607162D8Z	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS ELIMINATION TECHNOLOGY IMPROVEMENT.	2,360	2,360	2,360		2,360
224	0607210D8Z	INDUSTRIAL BASE ANALYSIS AND SUSTAINMENT SUPPORT	273,379	264,879	294,379	20,500	293,879
		Ablative Material Sustainment		[3,000]		[3,000]	
		Corrosion Resistant Magnesium Coating for Aircraft			[17,000]	[10,000]	
		Operational Systems Development		[10,000]			
		Rare Earth Magnet Manufacturing			[4,000]	[4,000]	
		Reconciliation adjustment		[–25,000]			
		U.S.-based Synthetic Graphite Manufacturing		[3,500]		[3,500]	
225	0607310D8Z	COUNTERPROLIFERATION MODERNIZATION	12,704	12,704	12,704		12,704
226	0607327T	GLOBAL THEATER SECURITY COOPERATION MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS (G-TSCMIS).	6,173	6,173	6,173		6,173
227	0607384BP	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (OPERATIONAL SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT).	79,118	79,118	79,118		79,118
228	0607757D8Z	RADIOLOGICAL AND NUCLEAR DEFENSE MODERNIZATION OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT.	2,945	7,945	2,945		2,945
		Shelf-Stable, Field Deployable Medical Countermeasure for Internal Radionuclide Contamination.		[5,000]			
229	0208085JCY	ROBUST INFRASTRUCTURE AND ACCESS	88,522	88,522	88,522		88,522
230	0208097JCY	CYBER COMMAND AND CONTROL (CYBER C2)	85,833	85,833	85,833		85,833
231	0208099JCY	DATA AND UNIFIED PLATFORM (D&UP)	83,039	83,039	83,039		83,039
235	0302019K	DEFENSE INFO INFRASTRUCTURE ENGINEERING AND INTEGRATION.	16,162	16,162	16,162		16,162
236	0302609V	COUNTERING THREATS AUTOMATED PLATFORM	5,030	5,030	5,030		5,030
237	0303126K	LONG-HAUL COMMUNICATIONS—DCS	40,293	40,293	40,293		40,293

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
238	0303131K	MINIMUM ESSENTIAL EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS NETWORK (MEECN).	5,113	5,113	5,113		5,113
240	0303140D8Z	INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECURITY PROGRAM	25,347	25,347	40,347	6,000	31,347
		National Narrative Intelligence Research Center			[15,000]	[6,000]	
242	0303140K	INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECURITY PROGRAM	23,224	23,224	23,224		23,224
243	0303153K	DEFENSE SPECTRUM ORGANIZATION	20,174	20,174	20,174		20,174
244	0303171K	JOINT PLANNING AND EXECUTION SERVICES	6,242	6,242	6,242		6,242
246	0303430V	FEDERAL INVESTIGATIVE SERVICES INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY.	22,700	22,700	22,700		22,700
252	0305104D8Z	DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL BASE (DIB) CYBER SECURITY INITIATIVE.	10,840	10,840	10,840		10,840
257	0305146V	DEFENSE JOINT COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES	1,800	1,800	1,800		1,800
258	0305172D8Z	COMBINED ADVANCED APPLICATIONS	22,548	22,548	22,548		22,548
260	0305186D8Z	POLICY R&D PROGRAMS	6,043	6,043	6,043		6,043
262	0305199D8Z	NET CENTRICITY	17,114	17,114	17,114		17,114
264	0305208BB	DISTRIBUTED COMMON GROUND/SURFACE SYSTEMS	5,656	5,656	5,656		5,656
270	0305387D8Z	HOMELAND DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER PROGRAM	1,771	1,771	1,771		1,771
279	0306250JCY	CYBER OPERATIONS TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT	473,399	473,399	473,399		473,399
280	0307609V	NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL SECURITY SYSTEMS (NISS)	34,710	34,710	34,710		34,710
283	0708012K	LOGISTICS SUPPORT ACTIVITIES	2,876	2,876	2,876		2,876
284	0708012S	PACIFIC DISASTER CENTERS	2,000	2,000	4,000	2,000	4,000
		Pacific Disaster Centers			[2,000]	[2,000]	
285	0708047S	DEFENSE PROPERTY ACCOUNTABILITY SYSTEM	3,020	3,020	3,020		3,020
289	1160403BB	AVIATION SYSTEMS	119,699	119,699	134,699		119,699
		Vertical Take Off and Landing Optionally Piloted Vehicle (VTOL-OPV).			[15,000]		
290	1160405BB	INTELLIGENCE SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	102,732	105,732	105,732	3,000	105,732

		Ultra-lightweight Group 1 Small UAS			[3,000]	[3,000]	
		Ultra-lightweight Group 1 small unmanned aerial systems—advanced Group 1 small unmanned aerial systems.		[3,000]			
291	1160408BB	OPERATIONAL ENHANCEMENTS	234,653	234,653	234,653		234,653
292	1160431BB	WARRIOR SYSTEMS	279,639	279,639	284,639	3,500	283,139
		Blast Overpressure Analysis and Mitigation			[5,000]	[3,500]	
293	1160432BB	SPECIAL PROGRAMS	550	550	550		550
294	1160434BB	UNMANNED ISR	2,281	2,281	2,281		2,281
295	1160480BB	SOF TACTICAL VEHICLES	9,213	9,213	9,213		9,213
296	1160483BB	MARITIME SYSTEMS	120,475	120,475	120,475		120,475
297	1160490BB	OPERATIONAL ENHANCEMENTS INTELLIGENCE	21,752	21,752	21,752		21,752
298	1203610K	TELEPORT PROGRAM	24,319	24,319	24,319		24,319
298A	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	8,276,313	8,276,313	8,276,313		8,276,313
		SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	**10,594,200**	**10,593,700**	**10,655,200**	**35,000**	**10,629,200**
		SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS					
299	0608140D8Z	ENTERPRISE PLATFORMS AND CAPABILITIES—SOFTWARE PILOT PROGRAM.	402,783	402,783	402,783		402,783
300	0608648D8Z	ACQUISITION VISIBILITY—SOFTWARE PILOT PROGRAM	17,549	17,549	17,549		17,549
301	0608776D8Z	DEFENSE INNOVATION UNIT FIELDING	48,413	48,413	198,413		48,413
		Attritable autonomous systems			[150,000]		
302	0303150K	GLOBAL COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM	44,474	44,474	44,474		44,474
		SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS.	**513,219**	**513,219**	**663,219**		**513,219**
		TOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST AND EVALUATION, DEFENSE-WIDE.	**33,921,939**	**33,532,439**	**34,923,139**	**384,250**	**34,306,189**
		OPERATIONAL TEST AND EVALUATION, DEFENSE MANAGEMENT SUPPORT					
001	0605118OTE	OPERATIONAL TEST AND EVALUATION	133,542	133,542	133,542		133,542

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
002	0605131OTE	LIVE FIRE TEST AND EVALUATION	108,109	108,109	108,109		108,109
003	0605814OTE	OPERATIONAL TEST ACTIVITIES AND ANALYSES	76,492	76,492	76,492		76,492
		SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	**318,143**	**318,143**	**318,143**		**318,143**
		TOTAL OPERATIONAL TEST AND EVALUATION, DEFENSE.	**318,143**	**318,143**	**318,143**		**318,143**
		TOTAL RDT&E	**142,001,108**	**142,564,792**	**150,485,240**	**3,697,507**	**145,698,615**

TITLE XLIII—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE.

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY					
	OPERATING FORCES					
010	MANEUVER UNITS	4,671,407	4,668,407	4,671,407	–3,000	4,668,407
	Program decrease		[–3,000]		[–3,000]	
020	MODULAR SUPPORT BRIGADES	221,578	216,578	221,578		221,578
	Historical underexecution		[–5,000]			
030	ECHELONS ABOVE BRIGADE	927,219	892,219	927,219		927,219
	Historical underexecution		[–35,000]			
040	THEATER LEVEL ASSETS	2,220,746	2,220,746	2,320,746		2,220,746
	FY26 INDOPACOM Campaigning			[100,000]		
050	LAND FORCES OPERATIONS SUPPORT	1,333,769	1,323,769	1,333,769		1,333,769
	Program decrease		[–10,000]			
060	AVIATION ASSETS	1,829,054	1,829,054	1,829,054		1,829,054
070	FORCE READINESS OPERATIONS SUPPORT	7,497,735	7,447,735	7,599,735	102,000	7,599,735
	FY26 INDOPACOM Campaigning			[102,000]	[102,000]	
	Program decrease		[–50,000]			
080	LAND FORCES SYSTEMS READINESS	583,196	561,996	583,196		583,196
	Program decrease		[–21,200]			
090	LAND FORCES DEPOT MAINTENANCE	152,404	152,404	152,404		152,404
100	MEDICAL READINESS	844,140	844,140	844,140		844,140
110	BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT	10,694,915	10,694,915	10,694,915		10,694,915
120	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	6,159,744	6,179,744		20,000	6,179,744

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
	Program increase		[20,000]		[20,000]	
	Transferred to Division B			[–6,159,744]		
130	MANAGEMENT AND OPERATIONAL HEADQUARTERS	263,147	263,147	263,147		263,147
140	ADDITIONAL ACTIVITIES	392,457	386,457	392,457	–5,419	387,038
	Program decrease		[–6,000]		[–5,419]	
150	RESET	111,688	111,688	111,688		111,688
160	US AFRICA COMMAND	413,046	413,046	414,046		413,046
	AFRICOM: Office of Strategic Capital detailees			[1,000]		
170	US EUROPEAN COMMAND	385,744	385,744	586,744		385,744
	EUCOM: Office of Strategic Capital detailees			[1,000]		
	Experimentation for EUCOM Eastern Flank Defense Line			[150,000]		
	Unmanned systems for EUCOM			[50,000]		
180	US SOUTHERN COMMAND	224,971	224,971	225,971		224,971
	SOUTHCOM: Office of Strategic Capital detailees			[1,000]		
190	US FORCES KOREA	77,049	77,049	77,049		77,049
200	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS	331,467	331,467	331,467		331,467
210	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSECURITY	550,089	550,089	553,089		550,089
	Human-Artificial Intelligence teaming			[3,000]		
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	**39,885,565**	**39,775,365**	**34,133,821**	**113,581**	**39,999,146**
	MOBILIZATION					
220	STRATEGIC MOBILITY	134,892	134,892	134,892		134,892
230	ARMY PREPOSITIONED STOCKS	330,812	656,812	362,212		330,812
	APS–2 Reset		[326,000]			
	Army Prepositioned Stocks			[31,400]		
240	INDUSTRIAL PREPAREDNESS	3,162	3,162	3,162		3,162
	SUBTOTAL MOBILIZATION	**468,866**	**794,866**	**500,266**		**468,866**

	TRAINING AND RECRUITING					
250	OFFICER ACQUISITION	172,424	172,424	172,424		172,424
260	RECRUIT TRAINING	78,929	78,929	78,929		78,929
270	ONE STATION UNIT TRAINING	88,033	88,033	88,033		88,033
280	SENIOR RESERVE OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS	508,982	508,982	508,982		508,982
290	SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING	988,901	988,901	988,901		988,901
300	FLIGHT TRAINING	1,398,974	1,398,974	1,398,974		1,398,974
310	PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION	202,738	197,738	202,738		202,738
	Historical underexecution		[–5,000]			
320	TRAINING SUPPORT	596,528	596,528	596,528		596,528
330	RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	747,712	747,712	747,712		747,712
340	EXAMINING	177,666	177,666	177,666		177,666
350	OFF-DUTY AND VOLUNTARY EDUCATION	181,211	181,211	181,211		181,211
360	CIVILIAN EDUCATION AND TRAINING	227,476	227,476	227,476		227,476
370	JUNIOR RESERVE OFFICER TRAINING CORPS	190,668	190,668	212,668	22,000	212,668
	Fully fund Army JROTC			[22,000]	[22,000]	
	SUBTOTAL TRAINING AND RECRUITING	**5,560,242**	**5,555,242**	**5,582,242**	**22,000**	**5,582,242**
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES					
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS					
390	SERVICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION	1,306,690	1,264,190	1,306,690	–7,500	1,299,190
	Program decrease		[–42,500]		[–7,500]	
400	CENTRAL SUPPLY ACTIVITIES	740,581	740,581	740,581		740,581
410	LOGISTIC SUPPORT ACTIVITIES	588,151	588,151	588,151		588,151
420	AMMUNITION MANAGEMENT	344,948	344,948	344,948		344,948
430	ADMINISTRATION	408,825	408,825	408,825		408,825
440	SERVICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS	2,171,607	2,121,607	2,256,487	–15,400	2,156,207
	Army Data Platform 1.0 (VANTAGE)/Army Data Platform 2.0			[74,880]		
	Army Data Platform 2.0			[10,000]		
	Program decrease		[–50,000]		[–15,400]	
450	MANPOWER MANAGEMENT	313,323	313,323	313,323		313,323

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
460	OTHER PERSONNEL SUPPORT	853,139	834,139	853,139	–19,000	834,139
	Program decrease		[–29,000]		[–19,000]	
	Soldier Readiness Analytics		[10,000]			
470	OTHER SERVICE SUPPORT	2,078,411	2,058,411	2,078,411	–19,000	2,059,411
	Military Women's Memorial				[1,000]	
	Program decrease		[–20,000]		[–20,000]	
480	ARMY CLAIMS ACTIVITIES	223,611	213,611	223,611		223,611
	Historical underexecution		[–10,000]			
490	REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT	294,705	294,705	294,705		294,705
500	FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT AND AUDIT READINESS	618,471	618,471	618,471		618,471
510	DEF ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT ACCOUNT	36,510	36,510	36,510		36,510
520	INTERNATIONAL MILITARY HEADQUARTERS	664,510	664,510	664,510		664,510
530	MISC. SUPPORT OF OTHER NATIONS	31,387	31,387	31,387		31,387
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	**10,674,869**	**10,533,369**	**10,759,749**	**–60,900**	**10,613,969**
590A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	2,385,523	2,385,523	2,385,523		2,385,523
	SUBTOTAL CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	**2,385,523**	**2,385,523**	**2,385,523**		**2,385,523**
	UNDISTRIBUTED					
600	UNDISTRIBUTED			–812,335	–812,335	–812,335
	Unobligated balances			[–812,335]	[–812,335]	
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED			**–812,335**	**–812,335**	**–812,335**
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY	**58,975,065**	**59,044,365**	**52,549,266**	**–737,654**	**58,237,411**
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY RESERVE					
	OPERATING FORCES					
010	MODULAR SUPPORT BRIGADES	14,651	14,651	14,651		14,651

020	ECHELONS ABOVE BRIGADE	703,286	703,286	703,286		703,286
030	THEATER LEVEL ASSETS	146,794	146,794	146,794		146,794
040	LAND FORCES OPERATIONS SUPPORT	685,541	685,541	685,541		685,541
050	AVIATION ASSETS	55,155	90,155	55,155		55,155
	Flight hour funding for Expeditionary Combat Aviation Brigades		[35,000]			
060	FORCE READINESS OPERATIONS SUPPORT	438,508	438,508	438,508		438,508
070	LAND FORCES SYSTEMS READINESS	23,783	23,783	23,783		23,783
080	LAND FORCES DEPOT MAINTENANCE	40,426	40,426	40,426		40,426
090	BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT	557,465	557,465	557,465		557,465
100	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	504,922	504,922			504,922
	Transferred to Division B			[–504,922]		
110	MANAGEMENT AND OPERATIONAL HEADQUARTERS	20,531	20,531	20,531		20,531
120	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS	2,174	2,174	2,174		2,174
130	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSECURITY	19,041	19,041	19,041		19,041
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	**3,212,277**	**3,247,277**	**2,707,355**		**3,212,277**
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES					
140	SERVICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION	14,629	14,629	14,629		14,629
150	ADMINISTRATION	16,798	16,798	16,798		16,798
160	SERVICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS	6,432	6,432	6,432		6,432
170	MANPOWER MANAGEMENT	7,186	7,186	7,186		7,186
180	OTHER PERSONNEL SUPPORT	56,856	56,856	56,856		56,856
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	**101,901**	**101,901**	**101,901**		**101,901**
	UNDISTRIBUTED					
220	UNDISTRIBUTED			–10,222	–10,222	–10,222
	Unobligated balances			[–10,222]	[–10,222]	
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED			**–10,222**	**–10,222**	**–10,222**
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY RESERVE	**3,314,178**	**3,349,178**	**2,799,034**	**–10,222**	**3,303,956**
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY NATIONAL GUARD					

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
	OPERATING FORCES					
010	MANEUVER UNITS	911,525	911,525	911,525		911,525
020	MODULAR SUPPORT BRIGADES	210,737	210,737	210,737		210,737
030	ECHELONS ABOVE BRIGADE	879,111	879,111	879,111		879,111
040	THEATER LEVEL ASSETS	88,001	88,001	88,001		88,001
050	LAND FORCES OPERATIONS SUPPORT	350,261	350,261	350,261		350,261
060	AVIATION ASSETS	1,128,195	1,128,195	1,128,195		1,128,195
070	FORCE READINESS OPERATIONS SUPPORT	810,263	820,263	810,263		810,263
	Robotic Targets		[10,000]			
080	LAND FORCES SYSTEMS READINESS	34,354	34,354	34,354		34,354
090	LAND FORCES DEPOT MAINTENANCE	179,622	179,622	179,622		179,622
100	BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT	1,246,273	1,246,273	1,246,273		1,246,273
110	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	1,275,984	1,275,984			1,275,984
	Transferred to Division B			[–1,275,984]		
120	MANAGEMENT AND OPERATIONAL HEADQUARTERS	1,203,158	1,208,158	1,203,158		1,203,158
	Center for the Study of the U.S. National Guard		[5,000]			
130	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS	5,136	5,136	5,136		5,136
140	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSECURITY	24,096	24,096	24,096		24,096
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	**8,346,716**	**8,361,716**	**7,070,732**		**8,346,716**
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES					
150	SERVICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION	6,460	6,460	6,460		6,460
160	ADMINISTRATION	45,919	45,919	45,919		45,919
170	SERVICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS	9,373	9,373	9,373		9,373
190	OTHER PERSONNEL SUPPORT	261,622	261,622	261,622		261,622
200	REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT	3,891	3,891	3,891		3,891
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	**327,265**	**327,265**	**327,265**		**327,265**

	UNDISTRIBUTED					
220	UNDISTRIBUTED			–246,699	–246,699	–246,699
	Unobligated balances			[–246,699]	[–246,699]	
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED			**–246,699**	**–246,699**	**–246,699**
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY NATIONAL GUARD	**8,673,981**	**8,688,981**	**7,151,298**	**–246,699**	**8,427,282**
	COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP					
	COUNTER-ISIL TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)					
010	IRAQ	212,516	212,516	212,516		212,516
020	SYRIA	130,000	130,000	130,000		130,000
030	LEBANON	15,000	15,000	15,000		15,000
	SUBTOTAL COUNTER-ISIL TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)	**357,516**	**357,516**	**357,516**		**357,516**
	TOTAL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP	**357,516**	**357,516**	**357,516**		**357,516**
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY					
	OPERATING FORCES					
010	MISSION AND OTHER FLIGHT OPERATIONS	7,720,210	7,720,210	7,720,210		7,720,210
020	FLEET AIR TRAINING	2,925,791	2,925,791	2,925,791		2,925,791
050	AIR SYSTEMS SUPPORT	1,447,480	1,455,480	1,447,480		1,447,480
	Advanced Engine Performance and Restoration Program		[8,000]			
060	AIRCRAFT DEPOT MAINTENANCE	1,661,933	1,661,933	1,661,933		1,661,933
080	AVIATION LOGISTICS	2,147,907	2,087,907	2,147,907		2,147,907
	Historical underexecution		[–60,000]			
090	MISSION AND OTHER SHIP OPERATIONS	5,350,073	5,430,073	5,350,073	80,000	5,430,073
	Platform Supply Vessel Pilot Program		[80,000]		[80,000]	
100	SHIP OPERATIONS SUPPORT & TRAINING	1,719,580	1,719,580	1,719,580		1,719,580
110	SHIP DEPOT MAINTENANCE	13,803,188	13,803,188	13,803,188		13,803,188
120	SHIP DEPOT OPERATIONS SUPPORT	2,760,878	2,760,878	2,760,878		2,760,878
130	COMBAT COMMUNICATIONS AND ELECTRONIC WARFARE	1,830,993	1,830,993	1,830,993		1,830,993

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
140	MEDICAL READINESS	604,287	584,287	604,287		604,287
	Historical underexecution		[–20,000]			
150	SPACE SYSTEMS AND SURVEILLANCE	453,847	453,847	453,847		453,847
160	WARFARE TACTICS	1,000,516	1,000,516	1,000,516		1,000,516
170	OPERATIONAL METEOROLOGY AND OCEANOGRAPHY	454,803	454,803	454,803		454,803
180	COMBAT SUPPORT FORCES	2,291,340	2,291,340	2,442,570	97,730	2,389,070
	AFRICOM: Safeguarding U.S. Operations in Somalia			[53,500]		
	FY26 INDOPACOM Campaigning			[97,730]	[97,730]	
190	EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE AND DEPOT OPERATIONS SUPPORT	62,495	62,495	62,495		62,495
200	COMBATANT COMMANDERS CORE OPERATIONS	105,914	105,914	127,634	4,500	110,414
	Critical Joint Manpower			[16,720]		
	INDOPACOM's Community Engagement Initiative			[5,000]	[4,500]	
210	COMBATANT COMMANDERS DIRECT MISSION SUPPORT	386,657	386,657	647,157	83,780	470,437
	AI-Enabled Planning & Wargaming (Thunderforge)			[18,000]		
	Critical Joint Manpower			[29,390]		
	FY26 INDOPACOM Campaigning			[30,780]	[30,780]	
	INDOPACOM: Office of Strategic Capital detailees			[1,000]		
	Joint Sustainment Decision Tool (JSDT)			[42,000]		
	Non-Standard Aviation—Sea Planes				[10,000]	
	Prepositioned Material in Support of SOF			[43,000]	[43,000]	
	Resilient TS-SCI Warfighting Architecture			[58,300]		
	Robust, Resilient Mission Platform (R2MP)			[10,100]		
	SOF Air and Maritime Low-Vis Infrastructure			[27,930]		
220	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	634,746	619,746	634,746		634,746
	Historical underexecution		[–15,000]			
230	FLEET BALLISTIC MISSILE	1,837,670	1,837,670	1,837,670		1,837,670
240	WEAPONS MAINTENANCE	1,601,768	1,601,768	1,601,768		1,601,768

250	OTHER WEAPON SYSTEMS SUPPORT	839,619	839,619	839,619		839,619
260	ENTERPRISE INFORMATION	2,185,422	2,127,422	2,185,422	–13,000	2,172,422
	Program decrease		[–58,000]		[–13,000]	
270	SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION AND MODERNIZATION	3,991,438	3,991,438			3,991,438
	Transferred to Division B			[–3,991,438]		
280	BASE OPERATING SUPPORT	6,166,266	6,166,266	6,210,266	10,000	6,176,266
	Barber's Point—sec. 2856 of FY24 NDAA			[9,000]		
	Red Hill long-term monitoring, research, and remediation			[35,000]	[10,000]	
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	**63,984,821**	**63,919,821**	**60,470,833**	**263,010**	**64,247,831**
	MOBILIZATION					
290	SHIP PREPOSITIONING AND SURGE	388,627	388,627	388,627		388,627
300	READY RESERVE FORCE	785,052	785,052	785,052		785,052
310	SHIP ACTIVATIONS/INACTIVATIONS	583,296	553,296	583,296		583,296
	Historical underexecution		[–30,000]			
330	COAST GUARD SUPPORT	22,192	22,192	22,192		22,192
	SUBTOTAL MOBILIZATION	**1,779,167**	**1,749,167**	**1,779,167**		**1,779,167**
	TRAINING AND RECRUITING					
340	OFFICER ACQUISITION	202,397	202,397	202,397		202,397
350	RECRUIT TRAINING	16,945	21,245	16,945	4,300	21,245
	Sea Cadets		[4,300]		[4,300]	
360	RESERVE OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS	164,348	164,348	164,348		164,348
370	SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING	1,026,076	1,026,076	1,026,076		1,026,076
380	PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION	272,964	272,964	272,964		272,964
390	TRAINING SUPPORT	463,572	463,572	463,572		463,572
400	RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	303,177	303,177	303,177		303,177
410	OFF-DUTY AND VOLUNTARY EDUCATION	914	–4,086	914		914
	Historical underexecution		[–5,000]			
420	CIVILIAN EDUCATION AND TRAINING	65,819	65,819	65,819		65,819
430	JUNIOR ROTC	25,334	25,334	61,334	36,000	61,334
	Fully fund Navy JROTC			[36,000]	[36,000]	

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
	SUBTOTAL TRAINING AND RECRUITING	**2,541,546**	**2,540,846**	**2,577,546**	**40,300**	**2,581,846**
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES					
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS					
440	ADMINISTRATION	1,357,428	1,357,428	1,357,428		1,357,428
450	CIVILIAN MANPOWER AND PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT	239,918	239,918	239,918		239,918
460	MILITARY MANPOWER AND PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT	690,712	690,712	690,712		690,712
480	MEDICAL ACTIVITIES				5,000	
	Harmful Behaviors Software Implementation		[5,000]		[5,000]	
490	DEF ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT ACCOUNT	61,046	61,046	61,046		61,046
500	SERVICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION	289,748	289,748	289,748		289,748
520	PLANNING, ENGINEERING, AND PROGRAM SUPPORT	543,911	556,811	543,911	12,900	556,811
	Supply Chain Risk Mitigation		[12,900]		[12,900]	
530	ACQUISITION, LOGISTICS, AND OVERSIGHT	853,340	818,340	853,340		853,340
	Historical underexecution		[–35,000]			
540	INVESTIGATIVE AND SECURITY SERVICES	1,007,078	1,007,078	1,007,078		1,007,078
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	**5,043,181**	**5,021,081**	**5,043,181**	**17,900**	**5,056,081**
760A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	731,405	731,405	731,405		731,405
	SUBTOTAL CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	**731,405**	**731,405**	**731,405**		**731,405**
	UNDISTRIBUTED					
770	UNDISTRIBUTED			–540,421	–540,421	–540,421
	Unobligated balances			[–540,421]	[–540,421]	
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED			**–540,421**	**–540,421**	**–540,421**
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY	**74,080,120**	**73,967,320**	**70,061,711**	**–219,211**	**73,860,909**

	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, MARINE CORPS					
	OPERATING FORCES					
010	OPERATIONAL FORCES	1,950,784	1,955,784	2,054,684	35,859	1,986,643
	FY26 INDOPACOM Campaigning			[103,900]	[35,859]	
	Small UAS for Marine Corps training		[5,000]			
020	FIELD LOGISTICS	1,981,840	1,981,840	1,981,840		1,981,840
030	DEPOT MAINTENANCE	236	236	236		236
040	MARITIME PREPOSITIONING	175,091	175,091	175,091		175,091
050	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	349,082	349,082	349,082		349,082
060	SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	2,079,890	2,079,890			2,079,890
	Transferred to Division B			[–2,079,890]		
070	BASE OPERATING SUPPORT	2,834,721	2,834,721	2,834,721		2,834,721
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	**9,371,644**	**9,376,644**	**7,395,654**	**35,859**	**9,407,503**
	TRAINING AND RECRUITING					
080	RECRUIT TRAINING	26,350	26,350	26,350		26,350
090	OFFICER ACQUISITION	1,282	1,282	1,282		1,282
100	SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING	119,526	119,526	119,526		119,526
110	PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION	58,696	58,696	58,696		58,696
120	TRAINING SUPPORT	538,812	538,812	538,812		538,812
130	RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	237,004	237,004	237,004		237,004
140	OFF-DUTY AND VOLUNTARY EDUCATION	27,500	22,500	27,500		27,500
	Historical underexecution		[–5,000]			
150	JUNIOR ROTC	30,808	30,808	30,808		30,808
	SUBTOTAL TRAINING AND RECRUITING	**1,039,978**	**1,034,978**	**1,039,978**		**1,039,978**
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES					
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS					
180	SERVICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION	87,509	87,509	87,509		87,509
190	ADMINISTRATION	431,282	431,282	431,282		431,282
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	**518,791**	**518,791**	**518,791**		**518,791**
300A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	73,788	73,788	73,788		73,788

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
	SUBTOTAL CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	**73,788**	**73,788**	**73,788**		**73,788**
	UNDISTRIBUTED					
310	UNDISTRIBUTED			–89,275	–89,275	–89,275
	Unobligated balances			[–89,275]	[–89,275]	
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED			**–89,275**	**–89,275**	**–89,275**
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, MARINE CORPS	**11,004,201**	**11,004,201**	**8,938,936**	**–53,416**	**10,950,785**
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY RESERVE					
	OPERATING FORCES					
010	MISSION AND OTHER FLIGHT OPERATIONS	759,843	759,843	759,843		759,843
030	AIR SYSTEMS SUPPORT	9,972	9,972	9,972		9,972
040	AIRCRAFT DEPOT MAINTENANCE	204,603	204,603	204,603		204,603
060	AVIATION LOGISTICS	24,469	24,469	24,469		24,469
070	COMBAT COMMUNICATIONS	19,698	19,698	19,698		19,698
080	COMBAT SUPPORT FORCES	186,946	186,946	186,946		186,946
090	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	294	294	294		294
100	ENTERPRISE INFORMATION	33,414	33,414	33,414		33,414
110	SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION AND MODERNIZATION	58,213	58,213			58,213
	Transferred to Division B			[–58,213]		
120	BASE OPERATING SUPPORT	118,361	118,361	118,361		118,361
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	**1,415,813**	**1,415,813**	**1,357,600**		**1,415,813**
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES					
130	ADMINISTRATION	2,539	2,539	2,539		2,539
140	MILITARY MANPOWER AND PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT	22,185	22,185	22,185		22,185

150	ACQUISITION AND PROGRAM MANAGEMENT	1,517	1,517	1,517		1,517
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	**26,241**	**26,241**	**26,241**		**26,241**
	UNDISTRIBUTED					
170	UNDISTRIBUTED			–19,763	–19,763	–19,763
	Unobligated balances			[–19,763]	[–19,763]	
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED			**–19,763**	**–19,763**	**–19,763**
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY RESERVE	**1,442,054**	**1,442,054**	**1,364,078**	**–19,763**	**1,422,291**
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, MARINE CORPS RESERVE					
	OPERATING FORCES					
010	OPERATING FORCES	117,987	117,987	117,987		117,987
020	DEPOT MAINTENANCE	22,686	22,686	22,686		22,686
030	SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION AND MODERNIZATION	48,519	48,519			48,519
	Transferred to Division B			[–48,519]		
040	BASE OPERATING SUPPORT	123,079	123,079	123,079		123,079
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	**312,271**	**312,271**	**263,752**		**312,271**
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES					
050	ADMINISTRATION	49,774	49,774	49,774		49,774
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	**49,774**	**49,774**	**49,774**		**49,774**
	UNDISTRIBUTED					
060	UNDISTRIBUTED			–12,267	–12,267	–12,267
	Unobligated balances			[–12,267]	[–12,267]	
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED			**–12,267**	**–12,267**	**–12,267**
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, MARINE CORPS RESERVE	**362,045**	**362,045**	**301,259**	**–12,267**	**349,778**
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR FORCE					
	OPERATING FORCES					

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
010	PRIMARY COMBAT FORCES	1,425,125	1,425,125	1,711,125	243,300	1,668,425
	DAF campaigning and exercises			[150,000]	[107,300]	
	FY26 INDOPACOM Campaigning			[136,000]	[136,000]	
020	COMBAT ENHANCEMENT FORCES	2,753,789	2,753,789	2,773,789	20,000	2,773,789
	FY26 INDOPACOM Campaigning			[20,000]	[20,000]	
030	AIR OPERATIONS TRAINING (OJT, MAINTAIN SKILLS)	1,701,493	1,676,493	1,706,493	5,000	1,706,493
	FY26 INDOPACOM Campaigning			[5,000]	[5,000]	
	Historical underexecution		[–25,000]			
040	DEPOT PURCHASE EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE	4,676,962	4,526,962	4,676,962		4,676,962
	Historical underexecution		[–150,000]			
050	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	3,093,331	3,118,331		25,000	3,118,331
	Program increase		[25,000]		[25,000]	
	Transferred to Division B			[–3,093,331]		
060	CYBERSPACE SUSTAINMENT	245,874	240,874	245,874		245,874
	Historical underexecution		[–5,000]			
070	CONTRACTOR LOGISTICS SUPPORT AND SYSTEM SUPPORT	9,283,958	9,283,958	9,305,458	21,500	9,305,458
	FY26 INDOPACOM Campaigning			[21,500]	[21,500]	
080	FLYING HOUR PROGRAM	6,772,468	6,772,468	7,675,468		6,772,468
	FY26 F–15 retirement prohibition			[400,000]		
	FY26 F–22 retirement prohibition			[200,000]		
	FY26 reversal of accelerated A–10 divestment plan			[303,000]		
090	BASE SUPPORT	11,328,614	11,338,614	11,328,614		11,328,614
	Program increase		[10,000]			
100	GLOBAL C3I AND EARLY WARNING	1,239,641	1,164,641	1,239,641		1,239,641
	Historical underexecution		[–75,000]			
110	OTHER COMBAT OPS SPT PROGRAMS	1,896,441	1,861,441	1,896,441		1,896,441
	Historical underexecution		[–35,000]			

120	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	858,321	858,321	858,321		858,321
140	MEDICAL READINESS	554,180	568,180	554,180		554,180
	Harmful Behaviors Software Implementation		[5,000]			
	Virtual Reality Technology Pilot Program		[9,000]			
150	US NORTHCOM/NORAD	266,248	266,248	266,248		266,248
160	US STRATCOM	593,503	593,503	593,503		593,503
170	US CENTCOM	350,566	350,566	1,351,566		350,566
	CENTCOM: Office of Strategic Capital detailees			[1,000]		
	CENTCOM: replenishment of munitions and readiness for Operations ROUGH RIDER and MIDNIGHT HAMMER			[1,000,000]		
180	US SOCOM	28,018	28,018	28,018		28,018
190	US TRANSCOM	703	703	703		703
200	CENTCOM CYBERSPACE SUSTAINMENT	928	928	1,928	1,000	1,928
	Cooperation with the Kingdom of Jordan			[1,000]	[1,000]	
210	USSPACECOM	369,658	369,658	369,658		369,658
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	**47,439,821**	**47,198,821**	**46,583,990**	**315,800**	**47,755,621**
210A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	1,805,672	1,805,672	1,805,672		1,805,672
	SUBTOTAL CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	**1,805,672**	**1,805,672**	**1,805,672**		**1,805,672**
	MOBILIZATION					
220	AIRLIFT OPERATIONS	3,391,672	3,391,672	3,391,672		3,391,672
230	MOBILIZATION PREPAREDNESS	279,205	279,205	279,205		279,205
	SUBTOTAL MOBILIZATION	**3,670,877**	**3,670,877**	**3,670,877**		**3,670,877**
	TRAINING AND RECRUITING					
240	OFFICER ACQUISITION	250,380	250,380	250,380		250,380
250	RECRUIT TRAINING	29,335	29,335	29,335		29,335
260	RESERVE OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS (ROTC)	131,342	131,342	131,342		131,342
270	SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING	522,068	522,068	528,068		522,068
	Local cyber training supplementals			[6,000]		
280	FLIGHT TRAINING	1,065,465	1,065,465	1,065,465		1,065,465
290	PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION	284,442	284,442	284,442		284,442

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
300	TRAINING SUPPORT	181,966	181,966	181,966		181,966
310	RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	256,687	256,687	256,687		256,687
320	EXAMINING	6,990	6,990	6,990		6,990
330	OFF-DUTY AND VOLUNTARY EDUCATION	224,340	224,340	224,340		224,340
340	CIVILIAN EDUCATION AND TRAINING	360,260	360,260	360,260		360,260
350	JUNIOR ROTC				80,000	
	Fully fund AF JROTC			[80,000]	[80,000]	
	SUBTOTAL TRAINING AND RECRUITING	**3,313,275**	**3,313,275**	**3,319,275**	**80,000**	**3,313,275**
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES					
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS					
360	LOGISTICS OPERATIONS	1,155,659	1,140,659	1,155,659		1,155,659
	Automated maintenance		[20,000]			
	Historical underexecution		[–35,000]			
370	TECHNICAL SUPPORT ACTIVITIES	158,965	158,965	158,965		158,965
380	ADMINISTRATION	1,221,364	1,196,364	1,221,364		1,221,364
	Historical underexecution		[–25,000]			
390	SERVICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS	45,228	45,228	45,228		45,228
410	OTHER SERVICEWIDE ACTIVITIES	1,712,600	1,720,600	1,712,600	5,000	1,717,600
	Combat Ready Airman Program		[8,000]		[5,000]	
420	CIVIL AIR PATROL	32,394	32,394	32,394		32,394
430	DEF ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT ACCOUNT	48,741	48,741	48,741		48,741
450	INTERNATIONAL SUPPORT	89,341	74,341	89,341		89,341
	Historical underexecution		[–15,000]			
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	**4,464,292**	**4,417,292**	**4,464,292**	**5,000**	**4,469,292**
450A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	1,735,598	1,735,598	1,735,598		1,735,598
	SUBTOTAL CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	**1,735,598**	**1,735,598**	**1,735,598**		**1,735,598**

	UNDISTRIBUTED					
460	UNDISTRIBUTED			–1,020,189	–1,020,189	–1,020,189
	Unobligated balances			[–1,020,189]	[–1,020,189]	
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED			**–1,020,189**	**–1,020,189**	**–1,020,189**
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR FORCE	**62,429,535**	**62,141,535**	**60,639,515**	**–619,389**	**61,810,146**
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, SPACE FORCE					
	OPERATING FORCES					
010	GLOBAL C3I & EARLY WARNING	846,856	846,856	846,856		846,856
020	SPACE LAUNCH OPERATIONS	397,822	397,822	397,822		397,822
030	SPACE OPERATIONS	983,784	983,784	983,784		983,784
040	EDUCATION & TRAINING	302,939	302,939	302,939		302,939
060	DEPOT MAINTENANCE	67,126	67,126	67,126		67,126
070	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	557,175	557,175			557,175
	Transferred to Division B			[–557,175]		
080	CONTRACTOR LOGISTICS AND SYSTEM SUPPORT	1,495,242	1,495,242	1,495,242		1,495,242
090	SPACE OPERATIONS -BOS	233,546	233,546	233,546		233,546
100	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	141,512	141,512	141,512		141,512
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	**5,026,002**	**5,026,002**	**4,468,827**		**5,026,002**
100A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	641,519	641,519	641,519		641,519
	SUBTOTAL CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	**641,519**	**641,519**	**641,519**		**641,519**
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES					
110	LOGISTICS OPERATIONS	35,889	35,889	35,889		35,889
120	ADMINISTRATION	184,753	184,753	184,753		184,753
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	**220,642**	**220,642**	**220,642**		**220,642**
	UNDISTRIBUTED					
140	UNDISTRIBUTED			–218,077	–218,077	–218,077
	Unobligated balances			[–218,077]	[–218,077]	

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED			**–218,077**	**–218,077**	**–218,077**
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, SPACE FORCE	**5,888,163**	**5,888,163**	**5,112,911**	**–218,077**	**5,670,086**
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR FORCE RESERVE					
	OPERATING FORCES					
010	PRIMARY COMBAT FORCES	2,010,793	2,010,793	2,010,793		2,010,793
020	MISSION SUPPORT OPERATIONS	214,701	214,701	214,701		214,701
030	DEPOT PURCHASE EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE	702,575	702,575	702,575		702,575
040	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	188,802	188,802			188,802
	Transferred to Division B			[–188,802]		
050	CONTRACTOR LOGISTICS SUPPORT AND SYSTEM SUPPORT	493,324	493,324	493,324		493,324
060	BASE SUPPORT	585,430	585,430	585,430		585,430
070	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	2,484	2,484	2,484		2,484
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	**4,198,109**	**4,198,109**	**4,009,307**		**4,198,109**
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES					
080	ADMINISTRATION	98,418	98,418	98,418		98,418
090	RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	10,618	10,618	10,618		10,618
100	MILITARY MANPOWER AND PERS MGMT (ARPC)	14,951	14,951	14,951		14,951
120	AUDIOVISUAL	521	521	521		521
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	**124,508**	**124,508**	**124,508**		**124,508**
	UNDISTRIBUTED					
130	UNDISTRIBUTED			–224,891	–224,891	–224,891
	Unobligated balances			[–224,891]	[–224,891]	
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED			**–224,891**	**–224,891**	**–224,891**

	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR FORCE RESERVE	**4,322,617**	**4,322,617**	**3,908,924**	**–224,891**	**4,097,726**
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR NATIONAL GUARD					
	OPERATING FORCES					
010	AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS	2,501,226	2,501,226	2,501,226		2,501,226
020	MISSION SUPPORT OPERATIONS	627,680	627,680	627,680		627,680
030	DEPOT PURCHASE EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE	1,024,171	1,009,171	1,024,171		1,024,171
	Historical underexecution		[–15,000]			
040	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	549,496	554,496		5,000	554,496
	Program increase		[5,000]		[5,000]	
	Transferred to Division B			[–549,496]		
050	CONTRACTOR LOGISTICS SUPPORT AND SYSTEM SUPPORT	1,258,081	1,188,081	1,258,081		1,258,081
	Historical underexecution		[–65,000]			
	Program decrease		[–5,000]			
060	BASE SUPPORT	1,110,875	1,110,875	1,110,875		1,110,875
070	CYBERSPACE SUSTAINMENT	16,134	16,134	16,134		16,134
080	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	112,205	112,205	112,205		112,205
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	**7,199,868**	**7,119,868**	**6,650,372**	**5,000**	**7,204,868**
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES					
090	ADMINISTRATION	82,280	82,280	82,280		82,280
100	RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	50,451	50,451	50,451		50,451
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	**132,731**	**132,731**	**132,731**		**132,731**
	UNDISTRIBUTED					
110	UNDISTRIBUTED			–5,861	–5,861	–5,861
	Unobligated balances			[–5,861]	[–5,861]	
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED			**–5,861**	**–5,861**	**–5,861**
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR NATIONAL GUARD	**7,332,599**	**7,252,599**	**6,777,242**	**–861**	**7,331,738**

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, DEFENSE-WIDE					
	OPERATING FORCES					
010	JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF	414,097	414,097	414,097		414,097
020	JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF—JTEEP	1,026,502	1,026,502	1,082,462		1,026,502
	Program increase			[55,960]		
030	JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF—CYBER	9,086	9,086	9,086		9,086
040	OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE—MISO	209,442	209,442	251,242		209,442
	AFRICOM: MISO			[14,000]		
	INDOPACOM Information Operations (MISO)			[27,800]		
050	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND COMBAT DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES	2,136,165	2,136,165	2,136,165		2,136,165
060	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND MAINTENANCE	1,273,409	1,273,409	1,273,409		1,273,409
070	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND MANAGEMENT/OPERATIONAL HEADQUARTERS	181,122	181,122	181,122		181,122
080	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND THEATER FORCES	3,409,285	3,409,285	3,479,285	65,000	3,474,285
	Blast Overpressure Analysis and Mitigation			[5,000]		
	Prepositioned Material in Support of SOF			[65,000]	[65,000]	
090	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	77,241	77,241	77,241		77,241
100	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND INTELLIGENCE	1,187,600	1,187,600	1,187,600		1,187,600
110	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND OPERATIONAL SUPPORT	1,579,137	1,579,137	1,579,137		1,579,137
120	CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS	1,300,384	1,305,384	1,310,384	10,000	1,310,384
	Internet Operations Management		[5,000]			
	IOM capabilities			[10,000]	[10,000]	
130	USCYBERCOM HEADQUARTERS	314,284	314,284	314,284		314,284
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	**13,117,754**	**13,122,754**	**13,295,514**	**75,000**	**13,192,754**
	TRAINING AND RECRUITING					
140	DEFENSE ACQUISITION UNIVERSITY	173,265	173,265	173,265		173,265
150	JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF	124,869	124,869	124,869		124,869

160	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND/PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION	28,697	28,697	28,697		28,697
	SUBTOTAL TRAINING AND RECRUITING	**326,831**	**326,831**	**326,831**		**326,831**
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES					
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS					
170	CIVIL MILITARY PROGRAMS	126,637	387,637	126,637	150,000	276,637
	National Guard Youth Challenge		[211,000]		[100,000]	
	STARBASE		[50,000]		[50,000]	
180	DEFENSE CONTRACT AUDIT AGENCY—CYBER	3,844	3,844	3,844		3,844
190	DEFENSE CONTRACT AUDIT AGENCY	632,959	626,959	632,959	–6,000	626,959
	Program decrease		[–6,000]		[–6,000]	
200	DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY	1,441,456	1,441,456	1,441,456		1,441,456
210	DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY—CYBER	43,434	43,434	43,434		43,434
220	DEFENSE COUNTERINTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY AGENCY	1,168,366	1,168,366	1,168,366		1,168,366
240	DEFENSE COUNTERINTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY AGENCY—CYBER	11,120	11,120	11,120		11,120
250	DEFENSE HUMAN RESOURCES ACTIVITY—CYBER	46,621	46,621	46,621		46,621
260	DEFENSE HUMAN RESOURCES ACTIVITY	932,144	934,544	967,144	50,000	982,144
	DLNSEO Restoration			[20,000]	[15,000]	
	Flagship Language Program for Chinese & Arabic			[15,000]	[15,000]	
	Preserving Access to Online Academic Skills Course (OASC) Training		[2,400]			
	Program increase: Beyond Yellow Ribbon				[20,000]	
290	DEFENSE INFORMATION SYSTEMS AGENCY	3,042,559	2,990,059	3,047,559	–52,500	2,990,059
	Defense Information System Network (DISN)—Service Delivery Nodes			[5,000]		
	Program decrease		[–52,500]		[–52,500]	
300	DEFENSE INFORMATION SYSTEMS AGENCY—CYBER	559,426	559,426	559,426		559,426
310	DEFENSE LEGAL SERVICES AGENCY	164,770	164,770	164,770		164,770
320	DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY	401,513	401,513	401,513		401,513
330	DEFENSE MEDIA ACTIVITY	226,665	226,665	226,665		226,665
340	DEFENSE POW/MIA OFFICE	171,339	171,339	190,339		171,339
	Reverse cuts to Defense POW/MIA office (DPAA)			[19,000]		
350	DEFENSE SECURITY COOPERATION AGENCY	2,864,252	3,291,252	3,570,252	606,000	3,470,252
	Additional International Security Cooperation Programs—EUCOM				[200,000]	

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Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
	including amount for Baltic Security Initiative				[175,000]	
	Institute for Security Governance		[27,000]			
	International Security Cooperation Programs		[–195,000]			
	International Security Cooperation Programs – European Command		[195,000]			
	Irregular Warfare Center of Excellence			[6,000]	[6,000]	
	ISCP—EUCOM			[200,000]		
	Ukraine Security Assistance Initiative		[400,000]	[500,000]	[400,000]	
360	DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY SECURITY ADMINISTRATION	40,052	40,052	40,052		40,052
370	DEFENSE THREAT REDUCTION AGENCY	708,214	703,214	708,214		708,214
	Historical underexecution		[–5,000]			
390	DEFENSE THREAT REDUCTION AGENCY—CYBER	71,925	71,925	71,925		71,925
400	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE EDUCATION ACTIVITY	3,600,175	3,645,175	3,680,175	70,000	3,670,175
	Impact Aid		[35,000]	[50,000]	[50,000]	
	Impact Aid for children with severe disabilities			[30,000]	[20,000]	
	Impact Aid, Students with Disabilities		[10,000]			
410	MISSILE DEFENSE AGENCY	720,365	720,365	720,365		720,365
420	OFFICE OF THE LOCAL DEFENSE COMMUNITY COOPERATION	159,534	199,534	159,534	30,000	189,534
	Defense Community Infrastructure Program (DCIP)				[30,000]	
	Program increase		[40,000]			
460	OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE—CYBER	98,034	104,034	134,934		98,034
	Cyber Collaboration Center		[6,000]			
	Cyber Service Academy Scholarship Program			[22,900]		
	Cybersecurity of the DIB			[6,000]		
	Small business cybersecurity certification increase			[8,000]		
470	OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE	2,093,717	2,113,717	2,238,117	61,900	2,155,617
	2026 NDS Commission funding			[5,000]	[5,000]	
	Afghanistan War Commission			[11,400]	[11,400]	

	Anomalous Health Incidents Cross-Functional Team			[13,000]	[5,000]	
	Bien Hoa dioxin remediation			[30,000]	[15,000]	
	Defense Community Infrastructure Program			[50,000]		
	Defense Operational Resilience International Cooperation			[15,000]		
	Program decrease		[–5,000]			
	Program increase: USTTI defense training				[500]	
	Readiness and Environmental Protection Integration (REPI)		[25,000]	[20,000]	[25,000]	
530	WASHINGTON HEADQUARTERS SERVICES	411,182	340,611	411,182	–70,571	340,611
	Program decrease		[–70,571]		[–70,571]	
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	**19,740,303**	**20,407,632**	**20,766,603**	**838,829**	**20,579,132**
530A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	22,750,830	22,756,830	22,750,830		22,750,830
	Classified program		[6,000]			
	SUBTOTAL CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	**22,750,830**	**22,756,830**	**22,750,830**		**22,750,830**
	UNDISTRIBUTED					
540	UNDISTRIBUTED		–1,034,885	–900,000	–2,670,000	–2,670,000
	Favorable fuel rates		[–1,034,885]		[–1,000,000]	
	Foreign currency fluctuations				[–770,000]	
	Unobligated balances			[–900,000]	[–900,000]	
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED		**–1,034,885**	**–900,000**	**–2,670,000**	**–2,670,000**
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, DEFENSE-WIDE	**55,935,718**	**55,579,162**	**56,239,778**	**–1,756,171**	**54,179,547**
	UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE ARMED FORCES ADMINISTRATION AND ASSOCIATED ACTIVITIES					
010	US COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE ARMED FORCES, DEFENSE	21,243	21,243	21,243		21,243
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND ASSOCIATED ACTIVITIES	**21,243**	**21,243**	**21,243**		**21,243**
	TOTAL UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE ARMED FORCES	**21,243**	**21,243**	**21,243**		**21,243**
	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT FUND ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT					

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(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
010	ACQ WORKFORCE DEV FD	45,346	45,346	45,346		45,346
	SUBTOTAL ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT	**45,346**	**45,346**	**45,346**		**45,346**
	TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT FUND	**45,346**	**45,346**	**45,346**		**45,346**
	OVERSEAS HUMANITARIAN, DISASTER, AND CIVIC AID					
	HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE					
010	OVERSEAS HUMANITARIAN, DISASTER AND CIVIC AID	100,793	115,317	100,793	2,653	103,446
	Program increase		[14,524]		[2,653]	
	SUBTOTAL HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE	**100,793**	**115,317**	**100,793**	**2,653**	**103,446**
	TOTAL OVERSEAS HUMANITARIAN, DISASTER, AND CIVIC AID	**100,793**	**115,317**	**100,793**	**2,653**	**103,446**
	COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION ACCOUNT					
	FSU THREAT REDUCTION					
010	COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION	282,830	282,830	282,830		282,830
	SUBTOTAL FSU THREAT REDUCTION	**282,830**	**282,830**	**282,830**		**282,830**
	TOTAL COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION ACCOUNT	**282,830**	**282,830**	**282,830**		**282,830**
	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, ARMY					
	DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY					
050	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, ARMY	148,070	148,070	148,070		148,070
	SUBTOTAL DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY	**148,070**	**148,070**	**148,070**		**148,070**
	TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, ARMY	**148,070**	**148,070**	**148,070**		**148,070**

	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, NAVY					
	DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY					
060	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, NAVY	357,949	357,949	357,949		357,949
	SUBTOTAL DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY	**357,949**	**357,949**	**357,949**		**357,949**
	TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, NAVY	**357,949**	**357,949**	**357,949**		**357,949**
	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, AIR FORCE					
	DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE					
070	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, AIR FORCE	342,149	342,149	342,149		342,149
	SUBTOTAL DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE	**342,149**	**342,149**	**342,149**		**342,149**
	TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, AIR FORCE	**342,149**	**342,149**	**342,149**		**342,149**
	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE					
	DEFENSE-WIDE					
080	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE	8,885	8,885	8,885		8,885
	SUBTOTAL DEFENSE-WIDE	**8,885**	**8,885**	**8,885**		**8,885**
	TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE	**8,885**	**8,885**	**8,885**		**8,885**
	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES					
	DEFENSE-WIDE					
090	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION FORMERLY USED SITES	235,156	235,156	235,156		235,156
	SUBTOTAL DEFENSE-WIDE	**235,156**	**235,156**	**235,156**		**235,156**
	TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES	**235,156**	**235,156**	**235,156**		**235,156**
	TOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE	**295,660,213**	**294,956,681**	**277,743,889**	**–4,115,968**	**291,544,245**

TITLE XLIV—MILITARY PERSONNEL

SEC. 4401. MILITARY PERSONNEL.

SEC. 4401. MILITARY PERSONNEL
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Item	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Military Personnel Appropriations	181,803,137	–750,000	–740,000	–1,498,610	180,304,527
Historical unobligated balances		[–750,000]		[–1,498,610]	
Unobligated balances			[–740,000]		
Medicare-Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund Contributions	12,850,165				12,850,165
TOTAL, Military Personnel	**194,653,302**	**–750,000**	**–740,000**	**–1,498,610**	**193,154,692**

TITLE XLV—OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS

SEC. 4501. OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS.

SEC. 4501. OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Program Title	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
WORKING CAPITAL FUND, ARMY					
INDUSTRIAL OPERATIONS	20,589	20,589	520,589		20,589
Spares and readiness			[500,000]		
TOTAL WORKING CAPITAL FUND, ARMY	**20,589**	**20,589**	**520,589**		**20,589**
WORKING CAPITAL FUND, NAVY					
NAVAL SURFACE WARFARE CENTERS	381,600	381,600	381,600		381,600
TOTAL WORKING CAPITAL FUND, NAVY	**381,600**	**381,600**	**381,600**		**381,600**
WORKING CAPITAL FUND, AIR FORCE					
TRANSPORTATION					
SUPPLIES AND MATERIALS	90,262	90,262	90,262		90,262
TOTAL WORKING CAPITAL FUND, AIR FORCE	**90,262**	**90,262**	**90,262**		**90,262**
NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE TRANSACTION FUND					
DEFENSE STOCKPILE	5,700	5,700	5,700		5,700
TOTAL NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE TRANSACTION FUND	**5,700**	**5,700**	**5,700**		**5,700**
WORKING CAPITAL FUND, DEFENSE-WIDE					
DEFENSE AUTOMATION & PRODUCTION SERVICES					
ENERGY MANAGEMENT—DEF	1,272	1,272	1,272		1,272

SEC. 4501. OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Program Title	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT—DEFENSE	10,697	10,697	10,697		10,697
UNDISTRIBUTED				–400,000	–400,000
Reduction of WCF cash balances				[–400,000]	
TOTAL WORKING CAPITAL FUND, DEFENSE-WIDE	**11,969**	**11,969**	**11,969**	**–400,000**	**–388,031**
WORKING CAPITAL FUND, DEFENSE COMMISSARY AGENCY					
WORKING CAPITAL FUND, DECA	1,527,817	1,527,817	1,527,817		1,527,817
TOTAL WORKING CAPITAL FUND, DEFENSE COMMISSARY AGENCY	**1,527,817**	**1,527,817**	**1,527,817**		**1,527,817**
CHEMICAL AGENTS AND MUNITIONS DESTRUCTION, DEFENSE					
CHEM DEMILITARIZATION—O&M	3,243	3,243	3,243		3,243
CHEM DEMILITARIZATION—RDT&E	210,039	210,039	210,039		210,039
TOTAL CHEMICAL AGENTS AND MUNITIONS DESTRUCTION, DEFENSE	**213,282**	**213,282**	**213,282**		**213,282**
DRUG INTERDICTION AND COUNTER-DRUG ACTIVITIES, DEFENSE					
COUNTER-NARCOTICS SUPPORT	398,424	398,424	398,424		398,424
CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	254,460	254,460	254,460		254,460
DRUG DEMAND REDUCTION PROGRAM	134,938	134,938	134,938		134,938
NATIONAL GUARD COUNTER-DRUG PROGRAM	110,125	110,125	295,125	100,000	210,125
National Guard Counter-Drug Program			[185,000]	[100,000]	
NATIONAL GUARD COUNTER-DRUG SCHOOLS	6,354	6,354	6,354		6,354
TOTAL DRUG INTERDICTION AND COUNTER-DRUG ACTIVITIES, DEFENSE	**904,301**	**904,301**	**1,089,301**	**100,000**	**1,004,301**
OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL					
OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE	494,865	514,036	514,036	15,000	509,865
Office of the Inspector General			[19,171]		
Staffing and operations		[19,171]		[15,000]	

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE—CYBER	2,030	2,030	2,030		2,030
RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION	4,625	4,625	4,625		4,625
PROCUREMENT	1,079	1,079	1,079		1,079
TOTAL OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL	**502,599**	**521,770**	**521,770**	**15,000**	**517,599**
DEFENSE HEALTH PROGRAM					
IN-HOUSE CARE	10,731,135	11,101,135	11,021,135	20,000	10,751,135
10 USC 1097e				[20,000]	
Dental readiness for Reserve Components		[120,000]			
Directed health assessments for servicemembers		[250,000]			
Fully fund military medical treatment facilities			[290,000]		
PRIVATE SECTOR CARE	21,023,765	21,023,765	21,023,765		21,023,765
CONSOLIDATED HEALTH SUPPORT	2,116,278	2,116,278	2,116,278		2,116,278
INFORMATION MANAGEMENT	2,271,798	2,271,798	2,321,798		2,271,798
Fully fund Defense Health Agency information management systems			[50,000]		
MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES	303,898	323,898	303,898		303,898
Medical Surge Capability		[20,000]			
EDUCATION AND TRAINING	371,426	381,426	371,426		371,426
Advanced Vital Intervention Airborne Training for Emergencies		[10,000]			
BASE OPERATIONS/COMMUNICATIONS	2,356,290	2,356,290	2,356,290		2,356,290
R&D RESEARCH	41,660	41,660	41,660		41,660
R&D EXPLORATRY DEVELOPMENT	183,398	281,398	183,398	9,000	192,398
AI Ready Biological Data at Joint Pathology Center		[20,000]			
CDMRP for muiltcenter PTSD treatment study		[2,000]			
Domestic Medical Countermeasure Manufacturing for the Warfighter		[10,000]			
Establishment of Endometrial Cancer Line Item in DoD CDMRP		[10,000]			
Establishment of Joint Neuroscience Research Demonstration Program		[10,000]			
Freeze-Dried Platelet Hemostatics		[10,000]		[5,000]	
Ionizing Radiation Therapy		[7,000]			
Large-scale deployment of neurotechnology systems		[5,000]			
Military Aviator Cancer Causal Factors Research		[20,000]			
Musculoskeletal Regenerative Medicine		[4,000]		[4,000]	

SEC. 4501. OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Program Title	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
R&D ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	333,072	333,072	333,072		333,072
R&D DEMONSTRATION/VALIDATION	178,983	178,983	178,983		178,983
R&D ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT	117,190	117,190	117,190		117,190
R&D MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT	99,338	99,338	99,338		99,338
R&D CAPABILITIES ENHANCEMENT	19,071	19,071	19,071		19,071
PROC INITIAL OUTFITTING	24,597	24,597	24,597		24,597
PROC REPLACEMENT & MODERNIZATION	222,445	222,445	222,445		222,445
PROC JOINT OPERATIONAL MEDICINE INFORMATION SYSTEM	30,732	30,732	30,732		30,732
PROC MILITARY HEALTH SYSTEM—DESKTOP TO DATACENTER	77,047	77,047	77,047		77,047
TOTAL DEFENSE HEALTH PROGRAM	**40,502,123**	**41,000,123**	**40,842,123**	**29,000**	**40,531,123**
TOTAL OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS	**44,160,242**	**44,677,413**	**45,204,413**	**–256,000**	**43,904,242**

TITLE XLVI—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION.

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Account	State/ Country	Installation	Project Title	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
MILITARY CONSTRUCTION								
ARMY								
Army	Alabama	Anniston Army Depot	ACCESS CONTROL POINT	0	115,000	0	50,000	50,000
Army	Alabama	Redstone Arsenal	COST TO COMPLETE—PROPULSION SYSTEMS BUILDING	55,000	0	0	0	55,000
Army	Alaska	Fort Wainwright	BARRACKS	208,000	–128,000	–145,000	–128,000	80,000
Army	Alaska	Fort Wainwright	DINING FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	0	8,000	8,000	8,000
Army	Arizona	Fort Huachuca	FLIGHT CONTROL TOWER (DESIGN)	0	0	2,000	0	0
Army	Arizona	Yuma Proving Ground	POLE LINE ROAD (DESIGN)	0	0	990	0	0
Army	Florida	Eglin Air Force Base	BARRACKS	91,000	0	–41,000	–41,000	50,000
Army	Florida	Naval Air Station Key West	JOINT INTER-AGENCY TASK FORCE-SOUTH COMMAND AND CONTROL FACILITY (INC)	50,000	0	0	0	50,000
Army	Georgia	Fort Benning	CAMP MERRILL BARRACKS (DESIGN)	0	0	3,800	0	0
Army	Georgia	Fort Gillem	EVIDENCE STORAGE BUILDING	166,000	–100,000	–121,000	–121,000	45,000
Army	Georgia	Fort Gordon	CYBER FACULTY OPERATIONS AND AUDITORIUM FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	0	6,100	0	0
Army	Germany	Smith Barracks	KNOWN DISTANCE RANGE	9,800	0	0	0	9,800
Army	Germany	Smith Barracks	LIVE FIRE EXERCISE SHOOTHOUSE	13,200	0	0	0	13,200
Army	Germany	Smith Barracks	VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP	39,000	0	0	0	39,000
Army	Germany	U.S. Army Garrison Ansbach	VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP	92,000	0	0	0	92,000
Army	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	PDI: GUAM DEFENSE SYSTEM, EIAMD, PHASE 2 (INC)	33,000	0	0	0	33,000
Army	Hawaii	Pohakuloa Training Area	AIRFIELD OPERATIONS BUILDING	0	0	20,000	0	0

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Account	State/ Country	Installation	Project Title	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Army	Hawaii	Schofield Barracks	MCA WILDLAND FIRE STATION (DESIGN)	0	0	2,100	2,100	2,100
Army	Illinois	Rock Island Arsenal	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	0	0	50,000	50,000	50,000
Army	Illinois	Rock Island Arsenal	FORGING EQUIPMENT ANNEX (DESIGN)	0	0	5,000	5,000	5,000
Army	Indiana	Crane Army Ammunition Plant	PYROTECHNIC PRODUCTION FACILITY	161,000	–71,000	–89,000	–89,000	72,000
Army	Kansas	Fort Riley	AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER	0	0	26,000	26,000	26,000
Army	Kansas	Fort Riley	AUTOMATED INFANTRY PLATOON BATTLE COURSE	13,200	0	0	0	13,200
Army	Kansas	Fort Riley	BARRACKS (DESIGN)	0	0	16,000	16,000	16,000
Army	Kentucky	Fort Campbell	AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER	0	0	45,000	0	0
Army	Kentucky	Fort Campbell	BARRACKS	112,000	–52,000	–72,000	–72,000	40,000
Army	Kentucky	Fort Campbell	FLIGHT CONTROL TOWER	0	0	55,000	45,000	45,000
Army	Maryland	Aberdeen Proving Ground	APPLIED SCIENCE CENTER, ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND (DESIGN)	0	0	8,000	0	0
Army	New York	Fort Drum	AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR ADDITION DESIGN)	0	0	9,824	9,500	9,500
Army	New York	Fort Drum	ORTC TRANSIENT TRAINING BARRACKS (DEISGN)	0	0	8,655	8,300	8,300
Army	New York	Fort Drum	RANGE 41C, AUTOMATED RECORD FIRE PLUS RANGE (DESIGN)	0	0	2,500	2,500	2,500
Army	New York	Fort Hamilton	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	31,000	0	0	0	31,000
Army	New York	Watervliet Arsenal	ELECTRICAL SWITCHING STATION	29,000	0	0	0	29,000
Army	North Carolina	Fort Bragg	AUTOMATED INFANTRY PLATOON BATTLE COURSE	19,000	0	0	0	19,000
Army	North Carolina	Fort Bragg	COST TO COMPLETE AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR	24,000	0	0	0	24,000
Army	Oklahoma	Fort Sill	AUTOMATED-AIDED INSTRUCTION BUILDING (DESIGN)	0	9,300	0	9,300	9,300
Army	Oklahoma	McAlester Army Ammunition Plant	COST TO COMPLETE—AMMUNITION DEMOLITION SHOP	55,000	0	0	0	55,000
Army	Pennsylvania	Letterkenny Army Depot	DEFENSE ACCESS ROADS	7,500	0	0	0	7,500
Army	Pennsylvania	Letterkenny Army Depot	GUIDED MISSILE MAINTENANCE BUILDING	84,000	0	0	0	84,000
Army	Pennsylvania	Tobyhanna Army Depot	RADAR TEST RANGE EXPANSION	68,000	0	0	0	68,000

Army	Republic of the Marshall Islands	U.S. Army Garrison Kwajalein	AIRFIELD APRON & TAXIWAY REPAIR	0	0	161,000	43,000	43,000
Army	Republic of the Marshall Islands	U.S. Army Garrison Kwajalein	COST TO COMPLETE—FAMILY HOUSING REPLACEMENT CONSTRUCTION	0	0	0	14,000	14,000
Army	South Carolina	Fort Jackson	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	51,000	0	0	0	51,000
Army	Texas	Corpus Christi Army Depot	COST TO COMPLETE—POWERTRAIN FACILITY (ENGINE ASSEMBLY)	60,000	0	0	0	60,000
Army	Texas	Red River Army Depot	COST TO COMPLETE—COMPONENT REBUILD SHOP	93,000	0	–45,000	–45,000	48,000
Army	Washington	Joint Base Lewis-McChord	AIRFIELD FIRE AND RESCUE STATION	0	68,000	0	79,000	79,000
Army	Washington	Joint Base Lewis-McChord	COMMAND & CONTROL FACILITY	128,000	–58,000	–73,000	–73,000	55,000
Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	BARRACKS (DESIGN)	0	50,000	0	50,000	50,000
Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	287,557	0	0	0	287,557
Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION ($6,159,744 TRANSFERRED FROM O&M)	0	0	6,459,744	0	0
Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	HOST NATION SUPPORT	46,031	0	0	0	46,031
Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	PDI: INDOPACOM MINOR CONSTRUCTION PILOT	68,453	0	0	0	68,453
Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	79,218	0	0	0	79,218
Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (DEMOLITION)	0	10,000	0	10,000	10,000
Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (LABS)	0	40,000	0	40,000	40,000
Subtotal Military Construction, Army				**2,173,959**	**–116,700**	**6,303,713**	**–101,300**	**2,072,659**
NAVY & MARINE CORPS								
Navy & Marine Corps	Arizona	Marine Corps Air Station Yuma	UDP TRANSIENT BARRACKS (DESIGN)	0	0	6,700	0	0

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Account	State/ Country	Installation	Project Title	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Navy & Marine Corps	Arizona	Marine Corps Air Station Yuma	WATER TREATMENT PLANT (DESIGN)	0	0	26,100	26,100	26,100
Navy & Marine Corps	Australia	Royal Australian Air Force Base Darwin	PDI: AIRCRAFT PARKING APRON (INC)	190,630	0	0	0	190,630
Navy & Marine Corps	Bahrain	Naval Support Activity Bahrain	COST TO COMPLETE—FLEET MAINTENANCE FACILITY & TOC	42,000	0	0	0	42,000
Navy & Marine Corps	California	Marine Corps Base Camp Pendleton	COMMUNICATION CENTER (AREA 52)	18,480	0	0	5,020	23,500
Navy & Marine Corps	California	Marine Corps Base Camp Pendleton	FIRE EMERGENCY RESPONSE STATION	0	0	43,800	43,800	43,800
Navy & Marine Corps	California	Marine Corps Base Camp Pendleton	MESS HALL & ARMORY (AREA 43)	108,740	0	–86,000	–86,000	22,740
Navy & Marine Corps	California	Naval Air Station Lemoore	F–35 AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR (DESIGN)	0	33,490	0	33,490	33,490
Navy & Marine Corps	California	Naval Air Station Lemoore	STRIKE FIGHTER CENTER OF EXCELLENCE PACIFIC (INC)	55,542	0	0	0	55,542
Navy & Marine Corps	California	Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN)	0	8,900	0	8,900	8,900
Navy & Marine Corps	California	Naval Base Coronado	FORD CLASS CVN INFRASTRUCTURE UPGRADES, PIER LIMA	103,000	0	–79,000	–79,000	24,000
Navy & Marine Corps	California	Naval Base Coronado	UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING	0	0	199,000	45,431	45,431
Navy & Marine Corps	California	Naval Base Point Loma	RECONFIGURABLE CYBER LABORATORY	0	0	68,000	68,000	68,000
Navy & Marine Corps	California	Naval Base San Diego	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	86,820	0	0	0	86,820
Navy & Marine Corps	California	Naval Base Ventura County Point Mugu	COMMUNITY & AIRFIELD AREA FLOOD PROTECTION	0	0	104,000	38,443	38,443
Navy & Marine Corps	California	Naval Base Ventura County Point Mugu	COST TO COMPLETE—MQ–25 AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR	71,200	0	0	0	71,200

Navy & Marine Corps	California	Naval Support Activity Monterey	NAVAL INNOVATION CENTER (INC)	30,000	0	0	0	30,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Connecticut	Naval Submarine Base New London	SUBMARINE PIER 8 REPLACEMENT	0	0	225,000	44,242	44,242
Navy & Marine Corps	Connecticut	Naval Submarine Base New London	WEAPONS MAGAZINE & ORDNANCE OPERATIONS FACILITY	30,000	0	0	0	30,000
Navy & Marine Corps	District Of Columbia	Marine Barracks Washington (8th Street & I)	BACHELOR ENLISTED QUARTERS & SUPPORT FACILITY (INC)	65,900	0	0	0	65,900
Navy & Marine Corps	District of Columbia	Naval Research Laboratory	BIOMOLECULAR SCIENCE & SYNTHETIC BIOLOGY LABORATORY	0	0	157,000	157,000	157,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Djibouti	Camp Lemmonier	ELECTRICAL POWER PLANT (INC)	51,600	0	0	0	51,600
Navy & Marine Corps	Florida	Cape Canaveral Space Force Station	COST TO COMPLETE—ENGINEERING TEST FACILITY	15,600	0	0	0	15,600
Navy & Marine Corps	Florida	Marine Corps Support Facility Blount Island	COMMUNICATIONS CENTER AND INFRASTRUCTURE	0	45,425	0	45,425	45,425
Navy & Marine Corps	Florida	Naval Air Station Jacksonville	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN)	0	4,575	0	4,575	4,575
Navy & Marine Corps	Florida	Naval Air Station Jacksonville	F–35 AIRCRAFT ENGINE REPAIR FACILITY	0	78,117	0	78,117	78,117
Navy & Marine Corps	Florida	Naval Air Station Jacksonville	MULTI AIRCRAFT PAINT & STRIP (DESIGN)	0	26,515	0	26,515	26,515
Navy & Marine Corps	Florida	Naval Air Station Pensacola	CONSOLIDATED "A" SCHOOL DORMITORY	0	0	164,000	45,502	45,502
Navy & Marine Corps	Florida	Naval Air Station Whiting Field	ADVANCED HELICOPTER TRAINING SYSTEM HANGAR (INC)	98,505	0	0	0	98,505
Navy & Marine Corps	Florida	Naval Air Station Whiting Field	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	3,000	3,000	3,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Georgia	Naval Submarine Base Kings Bay	TRIDENT REFIT FACILITY EXPANSION—COLUMBIA (INC)	119,030	0	0	0	119,030
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Andersen Air Force Base	PDI: JOINT CONSOLIDATED COMMUNICATIONS CENTER (INC)	181,124	0	–60,000	–60,000	121,124
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Andersen Air Force Base	PDI: WATER WELLS	70,070	0	0	0	70,070

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Account	State/ Country	Installation	Project Title	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	BLK V VA CLASS OPERATIONAL STORAGE FACILITY	0	0	103,000	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	NEX COLD STORAGE WAREHOUSE	0	0	62,000	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	PDI: COST TO COMPLETE—X-RAY WHARF BERTH	31,000	0	0	0	31,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	PDI: DEFENSE ACCESS ROADS	0	50,000	0	50,000	50,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	PDI: JOINT COMMUNICATION UPGRADE (INC)	158,600	0	–75,000	–75,000	83,600
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	PDI: MISSILE INTEGRATION TEST FACILITY (INC)	87,270	0	0	0	87,270
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	POLARIS POINT ECP UPGRADE	0	0	35,000	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	POLARIS POINT SUBMARINE PIER	0	0	587,020	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	SATELLITE FIRE STATION	0	0	23,000	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	SUBMARINE MAINTENANCE FACILITY PHASES 1–3	0	0	537,100	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	UTILITY INFRASTRUCTURE & ACCESS ROAD	0	0	32,000	32,000	32,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Naval Base Guam	PDI: INNER APRA HARBOR RESILIENCY	105,950	0	0	0	105,950
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Marine Corps Base Camp Blaz	PDI: ARTILLERY BATTERY FACILITIES (INC)	64,774	0	0	0	64,774
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Marine Corps Base Camp Blaz	PDI: RECYCLE CENTER	61,010	0	0	0	61,010
Navy & Marine Corps	Hawaii	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	DDG–1000 SHIP SUPPORT INFRASTRUCTURE UPGRADES	83,000	0	0	0	83,000

Navy & Marine Corps	Hawaii	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	DRY DOCK 3 REPLACEMENT (INC)	553,720	0	–61,000	–61,000	492,720
Navy & Marine Corps	Hawaii	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	WATER TREATMENT PLANT (INC)	141,650	0	0	0	141,650
Navy & Marine Corps	Hawaii	Marine Corps Base Kaneohe Bay	ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION MODERNIZATION	0	0	94,250	15,690	15,690
Navy & Marine Corps	Hawaii	Marine Corps Base Kaneohe Bay	MAIN GATE ENTRY REPLACEMENT	0	0	49,260	49,260	49,260
Navy & Marine Corps	Hawaii	Marine Corps Base Kaneohe Bay	WATER RECLAMATION FACILITY COMPLIANCE UPGRADE (INC)	108,350	0	–71,000	–71,000	37,350
Navy & Marine Corps	Hawaii	Pacific Missile Range Facility Barking Sands	PDI: AIRFIELD PAVEMENT UPGRADES	235,730	–135,730	–170,000	–170,000	65,730
Navy & Marine Corps	Japan	Marine Corps Base Camp Smedley D. Butler	PDI: SCHOOL AGE CARE CENTERS	58,000	0	0	0	58,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Maine	Portsmouth Naval Shipyard	MULTI-MISSION DRYDOCK #1 EXTENSION (INC)	220,793	0	0	0	220,793
Navy & Marine Corps	Maine	Portsmouth Naval Shipyard	POWER RELIABILITY & WATER RESILIENCE UPGRADES (INC)	227,769	0	0	0	227,769
Navy & Marine Corps	Maryland	Naval Support Activity Washington Suitland	FOREIGN MATERIALS EXPLOITATION LAB	114,000	–14,000	–41,000	–41,000	73,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Maryland	Naval Surface Warfare Center Indian Head	CONTAINED BURN FACILITY (INC)	0	0	65,000	65,000	65,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Maryland	US Naval Academy Annapolis	STORM WATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES	0	0	86,000	86,000	86,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Nevada	Naval Air Station Fallon	RANGE TRAINING COMPLEX IMPROVEMENTS	47,000	0	0	0	47,000
Navy & Marine Corps	North Carolina	Marine Corps Air Station Cherry Point	F–35 AIRCRAFT SUSTAINMENT CTR (INC)	200,000	0	–160,000	–160,000	40,000
Navy & Marine Corps	North Carolina	Marine Corps Air Station Cherry Point	FLIGHTLINE UTILITIES MODERNIZATION, PHASE 2 (DESIGN)	0	0	15,000	15,000	15,000
Navy & Marine Corps	North Carolina	Marine Corps Base Camp Lejeune	AMPHIBIOUS COMBAT VEHICLE SHELTERS	0	0	48,280	48,280	48,280
Navy & Marine Corps	Pennsylvania	Naval Support Activity Mechanicsburg	MACHINERY CONTROL DEVELOPMENT CENTER	0	0	88,000	94,140	94,140

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Account	State/ Country	Installation	Project Title	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Navy & Marine Corps	Rhode Island	Naval Station Newport	CONSOLIDATED RDT&E SYSTEMS FACILITY	0	0	40,000	40,000	40,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Rhode Island	Naval Station Newport	NEXT GENERATION SECURE SUBMARINE PLATFORM FACILITY	0	0	73,000	73,000	73,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Rhode Island	Naval Station Newport	NEXT GENERATION TORPEDO INTEGRATION LAB	0	0	37,000	37,000	37,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Rhode Island	Naval Station Newport	SUBMARINE PAYLOAD INTEGRATION LABORATORY	0	0	40,000	40,000	40,000
Navy & Marine Corps	South Carolina	Joint Base Charleston	NUCLEAR POWER TRAINING FACILITY SIMULATION EXPANSION (INC)	65,400	0	0	0	65,400
Navy & Marine Corps	Virginia	Joint Expeditionary Base Little Creek-Fort Story	COST TO COMPLETE—CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	12,360	0	0	0	12,360
Navy & Marine Corps	Virginia	Joint Expeditionary Base Little Creek-Fort Story	EOD EXPEDITIONARY MINE COUNTERMEASURES FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	12,000	0	12,000	12,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Virginia	Marine Corps Base Quantico	WATER TREATMENT PLANT	63,560	0	0	0	63,560
Navy & Marine Corps	Virginia	Naval Station Norfolk	COST TO COMPLETE—CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	11,700	0	0	0	11,700
Navy & Marine Corps	Virginia	Naval Station Norfolk	ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM UPGRADES (INC)	93,307	0	0	0	93,307
Navy & Marine Corps	Virginia	Naval Station Norfolk	MQ–25 AIRCRAFT LAYDOWN FACILITIES	20,430	0	0	0	20,430
Navy & Marine Corps	Virginia	Naval Station Norfolk	POWER UPGRADES—PIER 14 (DESIGN)	0	15,000	0	15,000	15,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Virginia	Naval Station Norfolk	PPV UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING INVESTMENT	380,000	0	0	0	380,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Virginia	Naval Weapons Station Yorktown	SHORE POWER FOR VIRGINIA CLASS SUBMARINES (DESIGN)	0	2,200	0	2,200	2,200
Navy & Marine Corps	Virginia	Naval Weapons Station Yorktown	WEAPONS MAGAZINES (INC)	71,758	0	0	0	71,758

Navy & Marine Corps	Virginia	Norfolk Naval Shipyard	DRY DOCK 3 MODERNIZATION (INC)	188,576	0	0	0	188,576
Navy & Marine Corps	Washington	Naval Air Station Whidbey Island	EA–18G GROWLER MAINTENANCE FACILITY	0	0	75,000	75,000	75,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Washington	Naval Base Kitsap-Bangor	TRIDENT REFIT FACILITY WAREHOUSE	245,700	–145,700	–150,000	–150,000	95,700
Navy & Marine Corps	Washington	Puget Sound Naval Shipyard	COST TO COMPLETE—CVN 78 AIRCRAFT CARRIER ELECTRICAL UPGRADES	48,800	0	0	0	48,800
Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	BARRACKS (DESIGN)	0	50,000	0	50,000	50,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	BARRACKS (DESIGN)	0	91,208	0	69,208	69,208
Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DATA PROCESSING FACILITY	57,190	0	0	0	57,190
Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	562,423	0	0	0	562,423
Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (MARINE CORPS) ($2,079,890 TRANSFERRED FROM O&M)	0	0	2,179,890	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (NAVY) ($3,991,438 TRANSFERRED FROM O&M)	0	0	4,191,438	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	INDOPACOM MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PILOT PROGRAM	162,855	0	0	0	162,855
Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	JOINT MARITIME FACILITY	72,430	0	0	10,450	82,880
Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	SIOP (DESIGN)	0	150,000	0	110,000	110,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	119,331	0	0	0	119,331
Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (DEMOLITION)	0	10,000	0	10,000	10,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (LABS)	0	40,000	0	40,000	40,000
Subtotal Military Construction, Navy & Marine Corps				**6,012,677**	**322,000**	**8,504,838**	**759,788**	**6,772,465**

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AIR FORCE								
Air Force	Alaska	Eielson Air Force Base	COAL THAW SHED ADDITION (DESIGN)	0	0	1,750	1,750	1,750
Air Force	Alaska	Eielson Air Force Base	CONSOLIDATED MUNITIONS COMPLEX (DESIGN)	0	0	13,200	13,200	13,200
Air Force	Alaska	Eielson Air Force Base	JOINT PACIFIC ALASKA RANGE COMPLEX OPERATIONS FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	0	8,040	0	0
Air Force	Alaska	Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson	JOINT INTEGRATED TEST & TRAINING CENTER (INC)	152,000	0	–70,000	–70,000	82,000
Air Force	Arizona	Davis-Monthan Air Force Base	COMMUNICATIONS HEADQUARTERS FACILITY	49,000	0	0	0	49,000
Air Force	Arizona	Davis-Monthan Air Force Base	MC–130J HANGAR/AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE UNIT	125,000	–25,000	–75,000	–75,000	50,000
Air Force	Arizona	Luke Air Force Base	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	0	0	45,000	45,000	45,000
Air Force	California	Travis Air Force Base	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	60,000	0	0	0	60,000
Air Force	Diego Garcia	Naval Support Facility Diego Garcia	OPERATIONS SUPPORT FACILITY	29,000	0	0	0	29,000
Air Force	Florida	Cape Canaveral Space Force Station	INSTALL WASTE WATER "FORCE" MAIN, ICBM ROAD	11,400	0	0	0	11,400
Air Force	Florida	Cape Canaveral Space Force Station	INSTALL WATER MAIN, ICBM ROAD	10,400	0	0	0	10,400
Air Force	Florida	Cape Canaveral Space Force Station	PHILLIPS PARKWAY HAUL ROUTE	28,000	0	0	0	28,000
Air Force	Florida	Eglin Air Force Base	350TH SPECTRUM WARFARE WING (DESIGN)	0	0	3,300	3,300	3,300
Air Force	Florida	Eglin Air Force Base	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER WITH LAND ACQUISITION	41,000	0	0	16,000	57,000
Air Force	Florida	Eglin Air Force Base	F–35A ADAL SQUADRON OPERATIONS	23,000	0	0	0	23,000
Air Force	Florida	Eglin Air Force Base	F–35A DEVELOPMENTAL TEST 2–BAY MX HANGAR	52,000	0	0	0	52,000
Air Force	Florida	Eglin Air Force Base	F–35A DEVELOPMENTAL TEST 2–BAY TEST HANGAR	50,000	0	0	0	50,000
Air Force	Florida	Hurlburt Field	361 ISRG MISSION OPERATIONS FACILITY	0	0	66,000	66,000	66,000
Air Force	Florida	MacDill Air Force Base	KC–46A ADAL AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR 2	30,000	0	0	0	30,000

Air Force	Florida	MacDill Air Force Base	KC–46A ADAL AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR 3	33,000	0	0	0	33,000
Air Force	Florida	MacDill Air Force Base	KC–46A GENERAL PURPOSE WAREHOUSE	11,000	0	0	0	11,000
Air Force	Florida	Tyndall Air Force Base	FIRE/CRASH RESCUE STATION	0	0	48,000	0	0
Air Force	Georgia	Moody Air Force Base	23RD SECURITY FORCES SQUADRON OPS FACILITY	0	0	35,000	35,000	35,000
Air Force	Georgia	Moody Air Force Base	MILITARY WORKING DOG KENNEL	0	0	14,500	0	0
Air Force	Georgia	Robins Air Force Base	AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER	28,000	0	0	0	28,000
Air Force	Germany	Ramstein Air Base	35 POINT INDOOR FIRING RANGE	44,000	0	0	0	44,000
Air Force	Germany	Ramstein Air Base	AEROMEDICAL EVACUATION COMPOUND	29,000	0	–29,000	–29,000	0
Air Force	Greenland	Pituffik Space Base	RUNWAY APPROACH LANDING SYSTEM	32,000	0	0	0	32,000
Air Force	Hawaii	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	COMBINED OPERATIONS CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	5,000	5,000	5,000
Air Force	Japan	Kadena Air Base	PDI: THEATER A/C CORROSION CONTROL CENTER (INC)	66,350	0	0	0	66,350
Air Force	Louisiana	Barksdale Air Force Base	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	2,200	2,200	2,200
Air Force	Louisiana	Barksdale Air Force Base	WEAPONS GENERATION FACILITIES DORMITORY	116,000	0	–98,000	–98,000	18,000
Air Force	Maryland	Joint Base Anacostia-Bolling	LARGE VEHICLE INSPECTION STATION	0	0	50,000	0	0
Air Force	Massachusetts	Hanscom Air Force Base	FIRE STATION	55,000	0	0	0	55,000
Air Force	Mississippi	Columbus Air Force Base	WATER TANK STORAGE	0	0	14,200	14,200	14,200
Air Force	Missouri	Whiteman Air Force Base	B–21 ADAL WEAPONS RELEASE SYSTEM STORAGE	13,600	0	0	0	13,600
Air Force	Missouri	Whiteman Air Force Base	B–21 RADIO FREQUENCY HANGAR	114,000	–14,000	–94,000	–94,000	20,000
Air Force	Montana	Malmstrom Air Force Base	WEAPONS STORAGE & MAINTENANCE FACILITY (INC)	60,000	0	0	0	60,000
Air Force	Nebraska	Offutt Air Force Base	SAOC BEDDOWN—1–BAY HANGAR (DESIGN)	0	0	1,900	19,000	19,000
Air Force	Nebraska	Offutt Air Force Base	SAOC BEDDOWN—2–BAY HANGAR (DESIGN)	0	0	16,000	16,000	16,000
Air Force	Nebraska	Offutt Air Force Base	SAOC BEDDOWN—SUPPLY STORAGE FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	0	7,350	7,350	7,350
Air Force	New Jersey	Joint Base McGuire-Dix-Lakehurst	WELL NO. 5	0	0	11,500	0	0
Air Force	New Jersey	Joint Base McGuire-Dix-Lakehurst	WELL NO. 6	0	0	11,500	0	0
Air Force	New Mexico	Cannon Air Force Base	192 BED DORMITORY (DESIGN)	0	0	9,000	0	0
Air Force	New Mexico	Cannon Air Force Base	DEPLOYMENT PROCESSING CENTER	0	0	79,000	79,000	79,000
Air Force	New Mexico	Cannon Air Force Base	DORMITORY	90,000	0	–80,000	–80,000	10,000
Air Force	New Mexico	Kirtland Air Force Base	58 SOW/PJ/CRO PIPELINE DORM	0	0	91,000	10,000	10,000
Air Force	New Mexico	Kirtland Air Force Base	COMBAT RESCUE HELICOPTER SIMULATOR	0	0	33,000	0	0
Air Force	New Mexico	Kirtland Air Force Base	EXPLOSIVE OPERATIONS BUILDING	0	0	26,000	26,000	26,000

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Account	State/ Country	Installation	Project Title	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Air Force	New Mexico	Kirtland Air Force Base	JOINT NAVIGATION WARFARE CENTER HEADQUARTERS (DESIGN)	0	0	6,200	0	0
Air Force	New Mexico	Kirtland Air Force Base	SPACE RAPID CAPABILITIES OFFICE HEADQUARTERS	83,000	0	0	0	83,000
Air Force	North Carolina	Seymour Johnson Air Force Base	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	0	0	54,000	54,000	54,000
Air Force	North Carolina	Seymour Johnson Air Force Base	COMBAT ARMS TRAINING AND MAINTENANCE COMPLEX	0	41,000	41,000	41,000	41,000
Air Force	Norway	Royal Norwegian Air Force Base Rygge	QUICK REACTION AIRCRAFT HANGAR	72,000	0	0	0	72,000
Air Force	Ohio	Wright-Patterson Air Force Base	AI SUPERCOMPUTING CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	2,800	0	0
Air Force	Ohio	Wright-Patterson Air Force Base	HUMAN PERFORMANCE CENTER LAB	0	0	45,000	45,000	45,000
Air Force	Ohio	Wright-Patterson Air Force Base	RUNWAY (DESIGN)	0	0	15,000	15,000	15,000
Air Force	Oklahoma	Tinker Air Force Base	BOMBER AGILE COMMON HANGAR (INC)	127,000	0	–112,000	–112,000	15,000
Air Force	Oklahoma	Tinker Air Force Base	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	54,000	0	0	0	54,000
Air Force	Oklahoma	Tinker Air Force Base	E–7 SQUAD OPERATIONS CENTER	0	0	108,000	10,000	10,000
Air Force	South Dakota	Ellsworth Air Force Base	B–21 ADD FLIGHT SIMULATOR 2	63,000	0	0	0	63,000
Air Force	South Dakota	Ellsworth Air Force Base	B–21 ALERT FACILITY	71,000	0	0	0	71,000
Air Force	South Dakota	Ellsworth Air Force Base	B–21 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SHELTERS	75,000	0	0	0	75,000
Air Force	South Dakota	Ellsworth Air Force Base	B–21 S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SHELTERS	88,000	0	0	0	88,000
Air Force	South Dakota	Ellsworth Air Force Base	B–21 W. ALERT APRON & ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SHELTERS	81,000	0	0	0	81,000
Air Force	Tennessee	Arnold Air Force Base	INSTALLATION ACP GATE 2 UPGRADE	0	0	17,500	0	0
Air Force	Texas	Dyess Air Force Base	B–21 LOW OBSERVABLE CORROSION HANGAR AND THE MISSION PLANNING FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	0	24,700	24,700	24,700
Air Force	Texas	Dyess Air Force Base	B–21 MISSION PLANNING FACILITY	78,000	0	0	0	78,000
Air Force	Texas	Dyess Air Force Base	B–21 UTILITIES & SITE IMPROVEMENTS	12,800	0	0	0	12,800
Air Force	Texas	Dyess Air Force Base	GATE REPAIRS (DESIGN)	0	0	4,500	4,500	4,500

Air Force	Texas	Goodfellow Air Force Base	PIPELINE STUDENT DORMITORY	112,000	–12,000	–89,000	–89,000	23,000
Air Force	Texas	Joint Base San Antonio-Lackland	BMT CLASSROOMS/DINING FACILITY 4 (INC)	79,000	0	–50,000	–40,000	39,000
Air Force	United Kingdom	Royal Air Force Feltwell	RADR STORAGE FACILITY	20,000	0	0	0	20,000
Air Force	United Kingdom	Royal Air Force Lakenheath	SURETY: COMMAND POST	104,000	0	–94,000	–94,000	10,000
Air Force	United Kingdom	Royal Air Force Lakenheath	SURETY: DEFENDER OPERATIONS COMPOUND	149,000	0	–139,000	–139,000	10,000
Air Force	Utah	Hill Air Force Base	F–35 CANOPY REPAIR FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	2,600	0	2,600	2,600
Air Force	Utah	Hill Air Force Base	F–35 MAINTENANCE FACILITY, PHASE 1 (INC)	22,000	0	0	0	22,000
Air Force	Utah	Hill Air Force Base	T–7A DEPOT MAINTENANCE COMPLEX (INC)	178,000	0	–55,000	–65,000	113,000
Air Force	Virginia	Joint Base Langley-Eustis	FUEL SYSTEM MAINTENANCE DOCK	0	0	49,000	0	0
Air Force	Virginia	Langley Air Force Base	192ND WING HEADQUARTERS (DESIGN)	0	0	3,200	0	0
Air Force	Washington	Fairchild Air Force Base	ALTERATION AIRCRAFT PARTS WAREHOUSE (DESIGN)	0	0	2,500	2,500	2,500
Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	BARRACKS (DESIGN)	0	50,000	0	50,000	50,000
Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	573,223	0	0	0	573,223
Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (AIR FORCE) ($3,093,331 TRANSFERRED FROM O&M)	0	0	3,643,331	0	0
Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (SPACE FORCE)	0	0	557,175	0	0
Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	INDOPACOM MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PILOT PROGRAM	123,800	0	0	0	123,800
Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	72,900	0	0	0	72,900
Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (DEMOLITION)	0	10,000	0	10,000	10,000
Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (LABS)	0	40,000	0	40,000	40,000
Air Force	Wyoming	F.E. Warren Air Force Base	GBSD UTILITY CORRIDOR (INC)	130,000	0	0	0	130,000
Subtotal Military Construction, Air Force				**3,721,473**	**92,600**	**4,181,346**	**–326,700**	**3,394,773**

DEFENSE-WIDE

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Defense-Wide	Alabama	DLA Distribution Center Anniston	GENERAL PURPOSE WAREHOUSE	32,000	0	0	0	32,000
Defense-Wide	California	Armed Forces Reserve Center Mountain View	POWER GENERATION & MICROGRID	0	0	20,600	20,600	20,600
Defense-Wide	California	Naval Base Coronado	SOF SEAL TEAM SEVENTEEN OPERATIONS FACILITY	0	0	75,900	75,900	75,900
Defense-Wide	California	Travis Air Force Base	MEDICAL WAREHOUSE ADDITION	49,980	0	0	0	49,980
Defense-Wide	California	Travis Air Force Base	POWER GENERATION & MICROGRID	0	0	25,120	25,120	25,120
Defense-Wide	Cuba	Naval Station Guantanamo Bay	HOSPITAL REPLACEMENT (INC 3)	35,794	0	0	0	35,794
Defense-Wide	Florida	Homestead Air Reserve Base	SOF CLIMATE CONTROLLED TACTICAL STORAGE WAREHOUSE	0	0	33,000	33,000	33,000
Defense-Wide	Florida	Marine Corps Support Facility Blount Island	POWER GENERATION & ELECTRICAL INFRASTRUCTURE RESILIENCE	0	0	30,500	30,500	30,500
Defense-Wide	Georgia	Fort Benning	DEXTER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	127,375	–60,000	–105,000	–105,000	22,375
Defense-Wide	Germany	Rhine Ordnance Barracks	MEDICAL CENTER REPLACEMENT (INC 12)	99,167	0	0	0	99,167
Defense-Wide	Germany	U.S. Army Garrison Ansbach (Storck Barracks)	POWER GENERATION & MICROGRID	0	0	73,000	73,000	73,000
Defense-Wide	Germany	U.S. Army Garrison Rheinland-Pfalz	SOF HUMAN PERFORMANCE TRAINING CENTER	16,700	0	0	0	16,700
Defense-Wide	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	PDI: GUAM DEFENSE SYSTEM, COMMAND CENTER (INC)	183,900	–83,900	–95,000	–100,000	83,900
Defense-Wide	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	PDI: GUAM DEFENSE SYSTEM, EIAMD, PHASE 1 (INC)	61,903	0	0	0	61,903
Defense-Wide	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	POWER RESILIENCY UPGRADES	0	0	53,000	0	0
Defense-Wide	Guam	Naval Base Guam	POWER GENERATION & MICROGRID	0	0	63,010	63,010	63,010
Defense-Wide	Japan	Marine Corps Air Station Iwakuni	POWER GENERATION & MICROGRID	0	0	10,000	10,000	10,000
Defense-Wide	Maryland	Fort Meade	NSAW EAST CAMPUS BUILDING #5 (INC 2)	455,000	–355,000	–60,000	–225,000	230,000
Defense-Wide	Maryland	Fort Meade	NSAW VENONA WIDENING	26,600	0	0	0	26,600

Defense-Wide	Maryland	Walter Reed National Military Medical Center	MEDCEN ADDITION/ALTERATION (INC 9)	70,000	0	0	0	70,000
Defense-Wide	Massachusetts	Cape Cod Space Force Station	POWER GENERATION & MICROGRID	0	0	10,000	10,000	10,000
Defense-Wide	New Mexico	White Sands Missile Range	POWER GENERATION & MICROGRID	0	0	38,500	38,500	38,500
Defense-Wide	North Carolina	Fort Bragg	POWER GENERATION & MICROGRID	0	0	80,000	80,000	80,000
Defense-Wide	North Carolina	Fort Bragg	SOF FORWARD OPERATING BASE FREEDOM UPGRADES	0	44,700	0	44,700	44,700
Defense-Wide	North Carolina	Fort Bragg	SOF JOINT INTELLIGENCE CENTER (DESIGN)	0	8,100	0	8,100	8,100
Defense-Wide	North Carolina	Fort Bragg	SOF MISSION COMMAND CENTER	130,000	–65,000	–98,000	–50,000	80,000
Defense-Wide	North Carolina	Fort Bragg	SOF OPERATIONAL AMMUNITION SUPPLY POINT PHASE 1	80,000	0	0	0	80,000
Defense-Wide	North Carolina	Fort Bragg	SOF OPERATIONAL AMMUNITION SUPPLY POINT PHASE 2	0	0	65,000	65,000	65,000
Defense-Wide	North Carolina	Marine Corps Base Camp Lejeune	SOF COMBAT SERIVCE SUPPORT/MOTOR TRANSPORT EXPANSION	0	0	34,000	51,400	51,400
Defense-Wide	North Carolina	Marine Corps Base Camp Lejeune	SOF MARINE RAIDER BATTALION OPS FACILITY (INC)	90,000	0	0	0	90,000
Defense-Wide	Pennsylvania	Defense Distribution Depot New Cumberland	GENERAL PURPOSE WAREHOUSE	90,000	0	0	0	90,000
Defense-Wide	Pennsylvania	Harrisburg Air National Guard Base	SOF SIMULATOR FACILITY (MC–130J)	13,400	0	0	0	13,400
Defense-Wide	Puerto Rico	Punta Borinquen	RAMEY UNIT SCHOOL REPLACEMENT	155,000	–75,000	–114,000	–88,481	66,519
Defense-Wide	Texas	Camp Swift	SMART WATER GRID	0	0	19,800	19,800	19,800
Defense-Wide	Texas	Fort Hood	CENTRAL ENERGY PLANT	0	0	34,500	34,500	34,500
Defense-Wide	Texas	NSA Texas	NSA/CSS TEXAS CRYPTOLOGIC CENTER (INC)	500,000	0	–352,673	0	500,000
Defense-Wide	United Kingdom	Royal Air Force Lakenheath	HOSPITAL REPLACEMENT, PHASE 2 (INC)	322,200	0	–275,000	–275,000	47,200
Defense-Wide	United Kingdom	Royal Air Force Mildenhall	SOF MRSP & PARTS STORAGE	45,000	0	0	0	45,000
Defense-Wide	Utah	Camp Williams	POWER GENERATION & MICROGRID	0	0	28,500	28,500	28,500
Defense-Wide	Virginia	Pentagon	OPERATIONS FACILITY	34,000	0	0	0	34,000
Defense-Wide	Washington	Fairchild Air Force Base	HYDRANT SYSTEM AREA C	85,000	0	0	0	85,000
Defense-Wide	Washington	Manchester	BULK STORAGE TANKS, PHASE 3	71,000	0	0	0	71,000
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (DEFENSE-WIDE)	26,571	0	0	0	26,571

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Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (DHA)	29,077	0	0	0	29,077
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (DLA)	30,900	0	0	0	30,900
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (ERCIP)	38,669	0	0	0	38,669
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (MDA)	21,360	0	0	0	21,360
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (NSA)	14,842	0	0	0	14,842
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (SOCOM)	32,731	0	0	0	32,731
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (TJS)	2,000	0	0	0	2,000
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (WHS)	14,851	0	0	0	14,851
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	ENERGY RESILIENCE & CONSERVATION INVESTMENT PROGRAM	684,330	0	–684,330	–684,330	0
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	EXERCISE RELATED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	4,727	0	0	0	4,727
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	INDOPACOM MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PILOT PROGRAM	77,000	0	0	0	77,000
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION (DEFENSE-WIDE)	3,000	0	0	0	3,000
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION (DLA)	3,084	0	0	0	3,084
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION (MDA)	4,140	0	0	0	4,140
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION (NSA)	6,000	0	0	0	6,000

Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION (SOCOM)	25,000	0	0	0	25,000
Subtotal Military Construction, Defense-Wide				**3,792,301**	**–586,100**	**–1,089,573**	**–816,181**	**2,976,120**
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD								
Army National Guard	Arizona	Camp Navajo	BRIDGE (DESIGN)	0	0	4,000	0	0
Army National Guard	Guam	Joint Forces Headquarters—Guam	READINESS CENTER ADDITION	55,000	0	0	0	55,000
Army National Guard	Illinois	General Richard L. Jones National Guard Readiness Center	READINESS CENTER ALTERATION (DESIGN)	0	0	5,000	0	0
Army National Guard	Illinois	Marseilles Training Center	RANGE CONTROL (DESIGN)	0	0	3,050	3,050	3,050
Army National Guard	Illinois	Peoria Armory	READINESS CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	8,000	8,000	8,000
Army National Guard	Indiana	Shelbyville Armory	AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR ADDITION/ALTERATION	0	0	55,000	55,000	55,000
Army National Guard	Iowa	Waterloo Armory	NATIONAL GUARD VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP	13,800	0	0	0	13,800
Army National Guard	Kentucky	Jackson Field	VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP (DESIGN)	0	0	1,850	1,850	1,850
Army National Guard	Michigan	Camp Grayling	ALL-DOMAIN WARFIGHTING TRAINING COMPLEX (DESIGN)	0	0	4,400	4,400	4,400
Army National Guard	Mississippi	Camp Shelby	ARMY AVIATION SUPPORT FACILITY AND READINESS CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	11,600	11,600	11,600
Army National Guard	Mississippi	Meridian Readiness Center and Army Aviation Support Facility	ARMY AVIATION SUPPORT FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	0	2,200	2,200	2,200
Army National Guard	Nevada	Henderson Armory	ARMORY EXPANSION (DESIGN)	0	0	2,371	0	0
Army National Guard	New Hampshire	Plymouth Training Center	NATIONAL GUARD READINESS CENTER	26,000	0	0	0	26,000
Army National Guard	New Mexico	Santa Fe Training Center	SOLDIER PERFORMANCE READINESS CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	4,250	4,250	4,250

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Army National Guard	New York	Albany	READINESS CENTER	0	0	90,000	90,000	90,000
Army National Guard	North Carolina	Salisbury Training Center	AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR ADDITION/ALTERATION	0	69,000	69,000	69,000	69,000
Army National Guard	North Dakota	Jamestown Armory	ARMORY (DESIGN)	0	0	5,200	5,200	5,200
Army National Guard	Oregon	Naval Weapons Systems Training Facility Boardman	AUTOMATED MULTIPURPOSE MACHINE GUN (MPMG) RANGE	0	0	16,000	16,000	16,000
Army National Guard	South Dakota	Watertown Training Center	NATIONAL GUARD VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP	28,000	0	0	0	28,000
Army National Guard	Tennessee	Smyrna Training Site	AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR (DESIGN)	0	0	4,000	4,000	4,000
Army National Guard	Vermont	Swanton Armory	READINESS CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	4,000	0	0
Army National Guard	Virginia	Army Aviation Support Facility Sandston	COST TO COMPLETE—AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR	15,500	0	0	0	15,500
Army National Guard	Washington	Fairchild Air Force Base	DINING FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	0	1,800	3,800	3,800
Army National Guard	Wisconsin	Black River Falls	READINESS CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	2,000	0	0
Army National Guard	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	13,580	0	0	0	13,580
Army National Guard	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	0	0	1,275,984	0	0
Army National Guard	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	0	0	39,000	0	0
Subtotal Military Construction, Army National Guard				**151,880**	**69,000**	**1,608,705**	**278,350**	**430,230**

ARMY RESERVE

Army Reserve	Alabama	Maxwell Air Force Base	AREA MAINTENANCE SUPPORT ACTIVITY	0	0	28,000	28,000	28,000
Army Reserve	Alaska	Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson	MAINTENANCE FACILITY	0	0	46,000	46,000	46,000
Army Reserve	Illinois	Fort Sheridan	AREA MAINTENANCE SUPPORT ACTIVITY	0	0	36,000	36,000	36,000
Army Reserve	Kentucky	Fort Knox	AVIATION SUPPORT FACILITY	0	50,000	0	50,000	50,000
Army Reserve	Pennsylvania	New Castle Army Reserve Center	AREA MAINTENANCE SUPPORT ACTIVITY/VMS/LAND	30,000	0	0	0	30,000
Army Reserve	Texas	Camp Bullis	ARMY RESERVE CENTER BUILDING (DESIGN)	0	5,000	0	5,000	5,000
Army Reserve	Texas	Conroe Army Reserve Center	ROTARY-WING LANDING PAD & TAXIWAY	0	0	12,000	0	0
Army Reserve	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	6,013	0	0	0	6,013
Army Reserve	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	0	0	504,922	0	0
Army Reserve	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	6,226	0	0	0	6,226
Subtotal Military Construction, Army Reserve				**42,239**	**55,000**	**626,922**	**165,000**	**207,239**
NAVY RESERVE & MARINE CORPS RESERVE								
Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Reserve	Maine	Portsmouth Naval Shipyard	PARKING CONSOLIDATION (DESIGN)	0	0	1,020	0	0
Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Reserve	Texas	Naval Air Station Joint Reserve Base Fort Worth	AIRCRAFT HANGAR MODERNIZATION	0	50,000	106,870	50,000	50,000
Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Reserve	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	2,255	0	0	0	2,255
Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Reserve	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (MARINE CORPS RESERVE)	0	0	48,519	0	0
Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Reserve	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (NAVY RESERVE)	0	0	58,213	0	0
Subtotal Military Construction, Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Reserve				**2,255**	**50,000**	**214,622**	**50,000**	**52,255**

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AIR NATIONAL GUARD								
Air National Guard	Alaska	Eielson Air Force Base	BCE PAVEMENTS & GROUNDS FACILITY	0	0	16,000	15,000	15,000
Air National Guard	Alaska	Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson	BASE SUPPLY COMPLEX	46,000	0	0	0	46,000
Air National Guard	Georgia	Savannah Combat Readiness Training Center	TROOP CAMP (DESIGN)	0	0	3,800	3,800	3,800
Air National Guard	Georgia	Savannah Hilton Head International Airport	C–130J CORROSION CONTROL FACILITY	0	0	11,400	11,400	11,400
Air National Guard	Georgia	Savannah Hilton Head International Airport	DINING HALL & SERVICES TRAIN FACILITY	27,000	0	0	0	27,000
Air National Guard	Illinois	Scott Air Force Base	AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR (DESIGN)	0	0	6,000	6,000	6,000
Air National Guard	Indiana	Fort Wayne International Airport	F16 MISSION TRAINING FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	0	18,000	18,000	18,000
Air National Guard	Iowa	Sioux Gateway Airport	ADAL AIRCRAFT PARKING APRON	0	0	45,000	50,000	50,000
Air National Guard	Iowa	Sioux Gateway Airport	EXTEND RUNWAY 13–31	0	0	47,000	65,000	65,000
Air National Guard	Iowa	Sioux Gateway Airport	REPAIR RUNWAY 13–31	0	0	45,000	90,000	90,000
Air National Guard	Iowa	Sioux Gateway Airport	WARM-UP / HOLDING PAD	0	0	11,000	15,000	15,000
Air National Guard	Maine	Bangor Air National Guard Base	MENG 101ST ARW AMXS/AGE FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	0	2,500	0	0
Air National Guard	Maryland	Warfield Air National Guard Base	ENGINE SOUND SUPPRESSOR EQUIPMENT (DESIGN)	0	0	1,000	1,000	1,000
Air National Guard	Massachusetts	Otis Air National Guard Base	DINING FACILITY / EMEDS	31,000	0	0	0	31,000

Air National Guard	Michigan	Selfridge Air National Guard Base	BRAVO RUNWAY IMPROVEMENT (DESIGN)	0	0	2,400	2,400	2,400
Air National Guard	Michigan	Selfridge Air National Guard Base	RUNWAY IMPROVEMENT PROJECT (DESIGN)	0	0	9,000	9,000	9,000
Air National Guard	Michigan	Selfridge Air National Guard Base	TAXIWAY ALPHA RUNWAY IMPROVEMENT (DESIGN)	0	0	2,800	2,800	2,800
Air National Guard	Mississippi	Key Field Air National Guard Base	BASE SUPPLY WAREHOUSE	19,000	0	0	0	19,000
Air National Guard	Mississippi	Key Field Air National Guard Base	CORROSION CONTROL HANGAR (DESIGN)	0	0	6,700	6,700	6,700
Air National Guard	Nevada	Reno-Tahoe International Airport	ENGINE MAINTENANCE AND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	0	3,200	3,200	3,200
Air National Guard	Nevada	Reno-Tahoe International Airport	FUEL CELL HANGAR (DESIGN)	0	0	5,400	5,400	5,400
Air National Guard	New Hampshire	Pease Air National Guard Base	JOINT USE CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	3,613	0	0
Air National Guard	New Hampshire	Pease Air National Guard Base	SMALL ARMS RANGE	0	0	16,000	16,000	16,000
Air National Guard	New Jersey	Atlantic City Air National Guard Base	ADAL MAINTENANCE HANGAR AIR NATIONAL GUARD/ SHOPS	0	61,000	68,000	68,000	68,000
Air National Guard	Oregon	Kingsley Field Air National Guard Base	ACADEMIC TRAINING CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	8,000	0	0
Air National Guard	Oregon	Klamath Falls Airport	F–35 FTU ACADEMIC TRAINING CENTER	0	0	80,000	80,000	80,000
Air National Guard	Oregon	Portland International Airport	ADAL COMMUNICATIONS ANNEX	16,500	0	0	0	16,500
Air National Guard	Utah	Salt Lake City International Airport	FUEL CELL CORROSION CONTROL HANGAR	0	0	73,000	73,000	73,000
Air National Guard	Utah	Salt Lake City International Airport	MAINTENANCE HANGAR & SHOPS	0	0	72,000	72,000	72,000
Air National Guard	West Virginia	Mclaughlin Air National Guard Base	SQUADRON OPERATIONS FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	0	3,300	0	0
Air National Guard	Wisconsin	Volk Air National Guard Base	ADAL ACS COMPLEX	0	0	8,400	8,400	8,400

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Air National Guard	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	24,146	0	0	0	24,146
Air National Guard	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	0	0	549,496	0	0
Air National Guard	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	25,000	0	0	0	25,000
Subtotal Military Construction, Air National Guard				**188,646**	**61,000**	**1,118,009**	**622,100**	**810,746**
AIR FORCE RESERVE								
Air Force Reserve	Delaware	Dover Air Force Base	512TH OPERATIONS GROUP FACILITY	42,000	0	–42,000	–42,000	0
Air Force Reserve	Georgia	Dobbins Air Reserve Base	ENTRY CONTROL FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	3,200	0	3,200	3,200
Air Force Reserve	New York	Niagara Falls Air Reserve Station	COMBINED OPERATIONS FACILITY	0	0	54,000	54,000	54,000
Air Force Reserve	South Carolina	Joint Base Charleston	AEROMEDICAL EVACUATION FACILITY	0	0	33,000	33,000	33,000
Air Force Reserve	Texas	Joint Base San Antonio-Lackland	C5M AGE MAINTENANCE FACILITY	18,000	0	0	0	18,000
Air Force Reserve	Virginia	Joint Base Langley-Eustis	TARGETING ISR CRITICAL COMMUNICATIONS DATA FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	0	15,000	15,000	15,000
Air Force Reserve	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	270	0	0	0	270
Air Force Reserve	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	0	0	188,802	0	0
Air Force Reserve	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	188	0	0	0	188
Subtotal Military Construction, Air Force Reserve				**60,458**	**3,200**	**248,802**	**63,200**	**123,658**
NATO SECURITY INVESTMENT PROGRAM								
NATO	Worldwide Unspecified	NATO Security Investment Program	NATO SECURITY INVESTMENT PROGRAM	481,832	0	50,000	50,000	531,832
Subtotal NATO Security Investment Program				**481,832**	**0**	**50,000**	**50,000**	**531,832**

INDOPACIFIC COMBATANT COMMAND								
MILCON, INDOPACOM	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	INDOPACOM MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PILOT PROGRAM	0	0	150,000	150,000	150,000
Subtotal INDOPACOM MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PILOT PROGRAM				**0**	**0**	**150,000**	**150,000**	**150,000**
TOTAL MILITARY CONSTRUCTION				**16,627,720**	**–50,000**	**21,917,384**	**894,257**	**17,521,977**
FAMILY HOUSING								
FAMILY HOUSING CONSTRUCTION, ARMY								
Fam Hsg Con, Army	Belgium	Chièvres Air Base	FAMILY HOUSING NEW CONSTRUCTION (100 UNITS)	145,042	0	–100,000	–100,000	45,042
Fam Hsg Con, Army	Germany	U.S. Army Garrison Bavaria	FAMILY HOUSING REPLACEMENT CONSTRUCTION (27 UNITS)	50,692	0	0	0	50,692
Fam Hsg Con, Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	32,824	0	0	0	32,824
Subtotal Family Housing Construction, Army				**228,558**	**0**	**–100,000**	**–100,000**	**128,558**
FAMILY HOUSING O&M, ARMY								
Fam Hsg O&M, Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FURNISHINGS	16,254	0	0	0	16,254
Fam Hsg O&M, Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	HOUSING PRIVATIZATION SUPPORT	41,089	0	0	0	41,089
Fam Hsg O&M, Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	LEASED HOUSING	116,275	0	0	0	116,275
Fam Hsg O&M, Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MAINTENANCE	110,941	0	0	0	110,941
Fam Hsg O&M, Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MANAGEMENT	41,450	0	0	0	41,450
Fam Hsg O&M, Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MISCELLANEOUS	319	0	0	0	319
Fam Hsg O&M, Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	SERVICES	8,096	0	0	0	8,096
Fam Hsg O&M, Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UTILITIES	43,994	0	0	0	43,994
Subtotal Family Housing Operation & Maintenance, Army				**378,418**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**378,418**

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FAMILY HOUSING CONSTRUCTION, NAVY & MARINE CORPS								
Fam Hsg Con, Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	COST TO COMPLETE—REPLACE ANDERSEN HOUSING, PHASE 4 (68 UNITS)	19,384	0	0	0	19,384
Fam Hsg Con, Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	COST TO COMPLETE—REPLACE ANDERSEN HOUSING, PHASE 7 (46 UNITS)	18,000	0	0	0	18,000
Fam Hsg Con, Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	REPLACE ANDERSEN HOUSING, PHASE 9 (136 UNITS) (INC)	65,378	0	0	0	65,378
Fam Hsg Con, Navy & Marine Corps	Japan	Marine Corps Air Station Iwakuni	REPAIR WHOLE HOUSE BUILDING 1255 (6 UNITS)	11,230	0	0	0	11,230
Fam Hsg Con, Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	3,806	0	0	0	3,806
Fam Hsg Con, Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (DPRI/GUAM)	2,799	0	0	0	2,799
Fam Hsg Con, Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	NAVY SOUTHEAST MHPI (2ND RESTRUCTURE) (100 UNITS)	57,000	0	0	0	57,000
Subtotal Family Housing Construction, Navy & Marine Corps				**177,597**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**177,597**
FAMILY HOUSING O&M, NAVY & MARINE CORPS								
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FURNISHINGS	16,820	0	0	0	16,820

Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	HOUSING PRIVATIZATION SUPPORT	57,061	0	0	0	57,061
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	LEASING	68,426	0	0	0	68,426
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MAINTENANCE	112,019	0	0	0	112,019
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MANAGEMENT	56,956	0	0	0	56,956
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MISCELLANEOUS	435	0	0	0	435
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	SERVICES	17,424	0	0	0	17,424
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UTILITIES	44,967	0	0	0	44,967
Subtotal Family Housing Operation & Maintenance, Navy & Marine Corps				**374,108**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**374,108**
FAMILY HOUSING CONSTRUCTION, AIR FORCE								
Fam Hsg Con, Air Force	Colorado	Buckley Air Force Base	MHPI RESTRUCTURE (351 UNITS)	12,000	0	0	0	12,000
Fam Hsg Con, Air Force	Hawaii	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	MHPI RESTRUCTURE (460 UNITS)	147,555	0	0	0	147,555
Fam Hsg Con, Air Force	Japan	Kadena Air Base	FAMILY HOUSING IMPROVEMENTS, KADENA TOWER 4511 (68 UNITS)	34,100	0	0	0	34,100
Fam Hsg Con, Air Force	Japan	Yokota Air Base	FAMILY HOUSING IMPROVEMENTS, PAIP 9, PHASE 3 (34 UNITS)	44,000	0	0	0	44,000
Fam Hsg Con, Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	36,575	0	0	0	36,575
Subtotal Family Housing Construction, Air Force				**274,230**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**274,230**

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FAMILY HOUSING O&M, AIR FORCE								
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FURNISHINGS	31,275	0	0	0	31,275
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	HOUSING PRIVATIZATION SUPPORT	38,987	0	0	0	38,987
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	LEASING	5,436	0	0	0	5,436
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MAINTENANCE	142,572	0	0	0	142,572
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MANAGEMENT	54,581	0	0	0	54,581
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MISCELLANEOUS	1,475	0	0	0	1,475
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	SERVICES	12,701	0	0	0	12,701
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UTILITIES	72,738	0	0	0	72,738
Subtotal Family Housing Operation & Maintenance, Air Force				**359,765**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**359,765**
FAMILY HOUSING O&M, DEFENSE-WIDE								
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FURNISHINGS (DIA)	553	0	0	0	553
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FURNISHINGS (NSA)	93	0	0	0	93
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	LEASING (DIA)	33,911	0	0	0	33,911
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	LEASING (NSA)	14,320	0	0	0	14,320

Fam Hsg O&M, Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MAINTENANCE (NSA)	37	0	0	0	37
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UTILITIES (DIA)	4,445	0	0	0	4,445
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UTILITIES (NSA)	15	0	0	0	15
Subtotal Family Housing Operation & Maintenance, Defense-Wide				**53,374**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**53,374**
FAMILY HOUSING IMPROVEMENT FUND								
Family Housing Improvement Fund	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES—FHIF	8,315	0	0	0	8,315
Subtotal Family Housing Improvement Fund				**8,315**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**8,315**
UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING IMPROVEMENT FUND								
Unaccompanied Housing Improvement Fund	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES—UHIF	497	0	0	0	497
Subtotal Unaccompanied Housing Improvement Fund				**497**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**497**
TOTAL FAMILY HOUSING				**1,854,862**	**0**	**–100,000**	**–100,000**	**1,754,862**
DEFENSE BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE								
BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE, ARMY								
BRAC, Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	BASE REALIGNMENT & CLOSURE	171,870	0	0	0	171,870
Subtotal Base Realignment and Closure—Army				**171,870**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**171,870**
BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE, NAVY								
BRAC, Navy	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	BASE REALIGNMENT & CLOSURE	112,791	50,000	0	50,000	162,791
Subtotal Base Realignment and Closure—Navy				**112,791**	**50,000**	**0**	**50,000**	**162,791**
BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE, AIR FORCE								
BRAC, Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	BASE REALIGNMENT & CLOSURE	124,196	0	0	0	124,196

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Account	State/ Country	Installation	Project Title	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Subtotal Base Realignment and Closure—Air Force				**124,196**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**124,196**
BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE, DEFENSE-WIDE								
BRAC, Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	BASE REALIGNMENT & CLOSURE	1,304	0	0	0	1,304
Subtotal Base Realignment and Closure—Defense-Wide				**1,304**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**1,304**
TOTAL DEFENSE BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE				**410,161**	**50,000**	**0**	**50,000**	**460,161**
TOTAL MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, FAMILY HOUSING, AND BRAC				**18,892,743**	**0**	**21,817,384**	**844,257**	**19,737,000**

TITLE XLVII—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS

SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS.

SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Program	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Discretionary Summary By Appropriation					
Energy And Water Development, And Related Agencies					
Appropriation Summary:					
Nuclear Energy	160,000	0	0	0	160,000
Defense Uranium Enrichment D&D	278,000	–278,000	–278,000	–278,000	0
Atomic Energy Defense Activities					
National nuclear security administration:					
Weapons activities	20,074,400	503,752	1,757,187	954,345	21,028,745
Defense nuclear nonproliferation	2,284,600	5,000	–45,947	0	2,284,600
Naval reactors	2,346,000	–320,000	–99,000	–245,000	2,101,000
Federal salaries and expenses	555,000	0	0	0	555,000
Total, National Nuclear Security Administration	**25,260,000**	**188,752**	**1,612,240**	**709,345**	**25,969,345**
Environmental and other defense activities:					
Defense environmental cleanup	6,956,000	53,750	0	0	6,956,000
Other defense activities	1,182,000	0	0	0	1,182,000
Total, Environmental & other defense activities	**8,138,000**	**53,750**	**0**	**0**	**8,138,000**
Total, Atomic Energy Defense Activities	**33,398,000**	**242,502**	**1,612,240**	**709,345**	**34,107,345**

SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Program	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Total, Discretionary Funding	**33,836,000**	**–35,498**	**1,334,240**	**431,345**	**34,267,345**
Nuclear Energy					
Idaho sitewide safeguards and security	160,000	0	0	0	160,000
Total, Nuclear Energy	**160,000**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**160,000**
Defense Uranium Enrichment D&D					
Defense Uranium Enrichment D&D Program	278,000	–278,000	–278,000	–278,000	0
Program reduction			[–278,000]		
Program decrease		[–278,000]		[–278,000]	
Total, Defense Uranium Enrichment D&D	**278,000**	**–278,000**	**–278,000**	**–278,000**	**0**
Weapons Activities					
Stockpile Management					
Stockpile Major Modernization					
B61–12 Life Extension Program	16,000	0	0	0	16,000
W80–4 Life Extension Program	1,259,048	0	0	0	1,259,048
SLCM-N Warhead	0	100,000	186,000	50,000	50,000
Reconciliation adjustment		[100,000]		[50,000]	
Restoration of full funding for Nuclear-Armed Sea-Launched Cruise Missile Warhead			[186,000]		
W87–1 Modification Program	649,096	0	121,187	0	649,096
Restoration of management reserve for program stabilization			[121,187]		
W93 Program	806,797	0	–25,000	0	806,797
Program decrease			[–25,000]		
B61–13	49,357	0	0	0	49,357
Total, Stockpile Major Modernization	**2,780,298**	**100,000**	**282,187**	**50,000**	**2,830,298**

Stockpile services					
Stockpile Sustainment	1,720,200	0	–100,000	0	1,720,200
Program decrease			[–100,000]		
Weapons Dismantlement and Disposition	82,367	–20,000	5,000	0	82,367
Program decrease		[–20,000]			
Harvesting dismantlement for stockpile modernization			[25,000]		
Realignment of improperly applied reconciliation funds			[–20,000]		
Production Operations	1,020,243	–50,000	0	0	1,020,243
Program decrease		[–50,000]			
Nuclear Enterprise Assurance	117,193	0	–19,000	0	117,193
Realignment of improperly applied reconciliation funds			[–19,000]		
Subtotal, Stockpile Services	**2,940,003**	**–70,000**	**–114,000**	**0**	**2,940,003**
Total, Stockpile Management	**5,720,301**	**30,000**	**168,187**	**50,000**	**5,770,301**
Production Modernization					
Primary Capability Modernization					
Plutonium Modernization					
Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization					
Los Alamos Pit Production	982,263	0	0	0	982,263
21–D–512 Plutonium Pit Production Project, LANL	509,316	0	0	0	509,316
15–D–302 TA–55 Reinvestments Project, Phase 3, LANL	7,942	0	0	0	7,942
07–D–220-04 Transuranic Liquid Waste Facility, LANL	5,865	0	0	0	5,865
04–D–125 Chemistry and Metallurgy Research Replacement Project, LANL	0	50,000	0	0	0
Reconciliation adjustment		[50,000]			
Subtotal, Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization	**1,505,386**	**50,000**	**0**	**0**	**1,505,386**
Savannah River Plutonium Modernization					
Savannah River Pit Production	75,486	0	0	0	75,486
21–D–511 Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS	1,130,000	0	0	0	1,130,000
Subtotal, Savannah River Plutonium Modernization	**1,205,486**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**1,205,486**
Enterprise Plutonium Support	122,094	0	0	0	122,094
Total, Plutonium Modernization	**2,832,966**	**50,000**	**0**	**0**	**2,832,966**

SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Program	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
High Explosives and Energetics					
High Explosives & Energetics	132,023	0	24,000	0	132,023
Realignment of improperly applied reconciliation funds			[24,000]		
21–D–510 HE Synthesis Formulation and Production, PX	0	20,000	125,000	0	0
Program increase		[20,000]			
Project continuation			[125,000]		
PFAS Binder Mitigation and Future Alternatives	0	0	60,000	0	0
Total, High Explosives and Energetics	**132,023**	**20,000**	**209,000**	**0**	**132,023**
Total, Primary Capability Modernization	**2,964,989**	**70,000**	**209,000**	**0**	**2,964,989**
Secondary Capability Modernization					
Secondary Capability Modernization	770,186	0	282,000	0	770,186
Depleted uranium risk reduction			[145,000]		
Realignment of improperly applied reconciliation funds			[137,000]		
18–D–690 Lithium Processing Facility, Y–12	0	115,000	150,000	65,000	65,000
Program increase		[50,000]			
Reconciliation adjustment		[65,000]		[65,000]	
Project continuation			[150,000]		
06–D–141 Uranium Processing Facility, Y–12	0	525,000	830,000	500,000	500,000
Reconciliation adjustment		[525,000]		[500,000]	
Realignment of improperly applied reconciliation funds			[830,000]		
Total, Secondary Capability Modernization	**770,186**	**640,000**	**1,262,000**	**565,000**	**1,335,186**
Tritium and Defense Fuels Program					
Tritium and Defense Fuels Program	568,384	0	0	0	568,384
18–D–650 Tritium Finishing Facility, SRS	0	0	35,000	0	0
Program increase			[35,000]		

Total, Tritium and Defense Fuels Program	**568,384**	**0**	**35,000**	**0**	**568,384**
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	221,588	0	–31,000	0	221,588
Program decrease			[–31,000]		
26–D–511 MESA Photolithography Capability (MPC), SNL	40,000	–40,000	0	0	40,000
Program decrease		[–40,000]			
26–D–510 Product Realization Infrastructure for Stockpile Modernization (PRISM), LLNL	15,000	–15,000	0	0	15,000
Program decrease		[–15,000]			
Warhead Assembly Modernization	34,336	0	0	0	34,336
Capability Based Investments	177,996	0	–24,000	0	177,996
Program decrease			[–24,000]		
22–D–513 Power Sources Capability, SNL	0	115,000	0	115,000	115,000
Reconciliation adjustment		[115,000]		[115,000]	
Total, Production Modernization	**4,792,479**	**770,000**	**1,451,000**	**680,000**	**5,472,479**
Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering					
Assessment Science	980,959	0	12,000	0	980,959
Realignment of improperly applied reconciliation funds			[–97,000]		
Plutonium aging and mitigation; high explosives evaluation and alternate pathways development			[109,000]		
26–D–512 LANSCE Modernization Project (LAMP), LANL	20,000	–20,000	0	0	20,000
Program decrease		[–20,000]			
24–D–513 Z-pinch Experimental Underground System (ZEUS) Test Bed Facilities Improvement (ZTBFI), NNSS	0	0	0	57,345	57,345
Reconciliation adjustment				[57,345]	
17–D–640 U1a Complex Enhancements Project, NNSS	0	64,000	0	64,000	64,000
Reconciliation adjustment		[64,000]		[64,000]	
Engineering and Integrated Assessments	399,777	15,000	74,000	0	399,777
Rapid Capabilities Program		[15,000]			
Establishment of Rapid Capabilities Development Office			[12,000]		
Phase 1 study support			[36,000]		

SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Program	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Realignment of improperly applied reconciliation funds			[26,000]		
26–D–513 Combined Radiation Environments for Survivability Testing, SNL	52,248	–52,248	0	0	52,248
Program decrease		[–52,248]			
Inertial Confinement Fusion	699,206	0	25,000	0	699,206
Enhanced facility sustainment			[25,000]		
26–D–514 NIF Enhanced Fusion Yield Capability, LLNL	26,000	–26,000	0	0	26,000
Program decrease		[–26,000]			
Advanced Simulation and Computing	865,995	0	0	0	865,995
Weapon Technology and Manufacturing Maturation	276,279	0	0	0	276,279
Total, Stockpile Research, Technology, and Engineering	**3,320,464**	**–19,248**	**111,000**	**121,345**	**3,441,809**
Academic Programs	94,000	0	0	0	94,000
PSAAP		[–7,000]			
TEPP		[5,000]			
MSIPP		[2,000]			
Total, Academic Programs	**94,000**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**94,000**
Infrastructure and Operations					
Operations of facilities	1,722,000	0	–80,000	0	1,722,000
Program decrease			[–80,000]		
Safety and environmental operations	194,360	0	0	0	194,360
Maintenance and repair of facilities	920,000	–205,000	141,000	0	920,000
Reconciliation adjustment		[–205,000]			
Program decrease			[–50,000]		
Deferred maintenance buy-down			[191,000]		
Recapitalization	741,179	–205,000	193,821	0	741,179
Reconciliation adjustment		[–205,000]			

Program decrease			[–31,179]		
Deferred maintenance buy-down			[225,000]		
Construction:					
25–D–511 PULSE New Access, NNSS	0	48,000	0	48,000	48,000
Reconciliation adjustment		[48,000]		[48,000]	
23–D–517 Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade, LANL	0	85,000	0	85,000	85,000
Reconciliation adjustment		[85,000]		[85,000]	
Total, Construction	**0**	**133,000**	**0**	**133,000**	**133,000**
Total, Infrastructure and operations	**3,577,539**	**–277,000**	**254,821**	**133,000**	**3,710,539**
Secure transportation asset					
Operations and equipment	299,541	0	–30,000	0	299,541
Program decrease			[–30,000]		
Program direction	149,244	0	0	0	149,244
Total, Secure transportation asset	**448,785**	**0**	**–30,000**	**0**	**448,785**
Defense Nuclear Security					
Operations and Maintenance	1,245,418	0	–45,000	0	1,245,418
Program decrease			[–45,000]		
Total, Defense nuclear security	**1,245,418**	**0**	**–45,000**	**0**	**1,245,418**
Information technology and cybersecurity	811,208	0	–152,821	–30,000	781,208
Program decrease			[–152,821]	[–30,000]	
Legacy contractor pensions	64,206	0	0	0	64,206
Total, Weapons Activities	**20,074,400**	**503,752**	**1,757,187**	**954,345**	**21,028,745**
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation					
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Programs					
Global material security					
International nuclear security	62,865	0	0	0	62,865
Radiological security	186,406	0	0	0	186,406

SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Program	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Nuclear smuggling detection and deterrence	140,601	5,000	0	0	140,601
Program increase		[5,000]			
Total, Global material security	**389,872**	**5,000**	**0**	**0**	**389,872**
Material management and minimization					
Reactor Conversion and Uranium Supply	63,383	0	0	0	63,383
Nuclear Material Removal and Elimination	61,000	0	–23,000	0	61,000
Program decrease			[–23,000]		
Plutonium Disposition	150,686	0	0	0	150,686
Total, Material management & minimization	**275,069**	**0**	**–23,000**	**0**	**275,069**
Nonproliferation and arms control	221,008	0	0	0	221,008
Defense nuclear nonproliferation R&D					
Proliferation Detection	269,376	0	0	0	269,376
Nuclear Detonation Detection	307,435	0	2,053	0	307,435
Restoral of orbital sensors			[2,053]		
Forensics R&D	20,460	0	0	0	20,460
Nonproliferation Stewardship Program	149,383	0	–25,000	0	149,383
Program decrease			[–25,000]		
Total, Defense nuclear nonproliferation R&D	**746,654**	**0**	**–22,947**	**0**	**746,654**
Nonproliferation Construction:					
18–D–150 Surplus Plutonium Disposition Project, SRS	50,000	0	0	0	50,000
Total, Nonproliferation construction	**50,000**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**50,000**
Total, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation Programs	**1,682,603**	**5,000**	**–45,947**	**0**	**1,682,603**

Nuclear counterterrorism and incident response program					
Emergency Management	33,122	0	0	0	33,122
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation	596,878	0	0	0	596,878
Total, Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program	**630,000**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**630,000**
Legacy contractor pensions	20,993	0	0	0	20,993
Use of Prior Year Balances	–48,996	0	0	0	–48,996
Total, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation	**2,284,600**	**5,000**	**–45,947**	**0**	**2,284,600**
Naval Reactors					
Naval reactors development	884,579	0	0	0	884,579
Columbia-Class reactor systems development	35,300	0	0	0	35,300
Naval reactors operations and infrastructure	703,581	0	0	0	703,581
Program direction	61,540	0	0	0	61,540
Construction:					
26–D–530 East Side Office Building	75,000	–75,000	0	0	75,000
Program decrease		[–75,000]			
25–D–530 Naval Examination Acquisition Project	60,000	0	0	0	60,000
14–D–901 Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project, NRF	526,000	–245,000	–99,000	–245,000	281,000
Program decrease		[–245,000]	[–99,000]	[–245,000]	
Total, Construction	**661,000**	**–320,000**	**–99,000**	**–245,000**	**416,000**
Total, Naval Reactors	**2,346,000**	**–320,000**	**–99,000**	**–245,000**	**2,101,000**
Federal Salaries And Expenses					
Program Direction	555,000	0	0	0	555,000
Total, Federal Salaries And Expenses	**555,000**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**555,000**
Defense Environmental Cleanup					
Closure sites:					

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(In Thousands of Dollars)

Program	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Closure sites administration	500	0	0	0	500
Richland:					
River corridor and other cleanup operations	68,562	20,000	0	0	68,562
Program increase		[20,000]			
Central plateau remediation	754,259	10,000	0	0	754,259
Program increase		[10,000]			
Richland community and regulatory support	10,700	0	0	0	10,700
Construction:					
22–D–402 L–897, 200 Area Water Treatment Facility	4,000	0	0	0	4,000
Total, Construction—Richland	**4,000**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**4,000**
Total, Richland	**837,521**	**30,000**	**0**	**0**	**837,521**
Office of River Protection:					
Waste Treatment Immobilization Plant Commissioning	390,415	0	0	0	390,415
Rad liquid tank waste stabilization and disposition	923,212	0	0	0	923,212
Construction:					
01–D–16D High-Level Waste Facility	600,000	0	0	0	600,000
01–D–16E Pretreatment Facility	0	0	0	0	0
15–D–409 Low Activity Waste Pretreatment System	78,600	0	0	0	78,600
23–D–403, Hanford 200 West Area Tank Farms Risk Management Project	108,200	0	0	0	108,200
Total, Construction—Office of River Protection	**786,800**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**786,800**
Total, Office of River Protection	**2,100,427**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**2,100,427**
Idaho National Laboratory:					
Idaho cleanup and waste disposition	452,242	0	0	0	452,242

Idaho community and regulatory support	3,779	0	0	0	3,779
Construction:					
22–D–403 Idaho Spent Nuclear Fuel Staging Facility	2,000	0	0	0	2,000
23–D–402—Calcine Construction	2,000	0	0	0	2,000
Total, Construction—Idaho	**4,000**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**4,000**
Total, Idaho National Laboratory	**460,021**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**460,021**
NNSA sites and Nevada off-sites					
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	1,955	0	0	0	1,955
Nuclear facility D & D					
Separations Process Research Unit	950	0	0	0	950
Nevada Site	64,835	0	0	0	64,835
Sandia National Laboratories	1,030	0	0	0	1,030
Los Alamos National Laboratory	278,288	0	0	0	278,288
Los Alamos Excess Facilities D&D	1,693	0	0	0	1,693
Total, NNSA sites and Nevada off-sites	**348,751**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**348,751**
Oak Ridge Reservation:					
OR Nuclear facility D & D	346,562	20,000	0	0	346,562
Program increase		[20,000]			
Total, OR Nuclear facility D & D	**346,562**	**20,000**	**0**	**0**	**346,562**
U233 Disposition Program	63,000	0	0	0	63,000
OR cleanup and disposition	75,000	0	0	0	75,000
Construction:					
14–D–403 Outfall 200 Mercury Treatment Facility	34,885	0	0	0	34,885
17–D–401 On-site waste disposal facility	15,050	0	0	0	15,050
Total, Construction—Oak Ridge	**49,935**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**49,935**
Total, OR cleanup and waste disposition	**187,935**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**187,935**
OR community & regulatory support	5,900	0	0	0	5,900
OR technology development and deployment	3,300	0	0	0	3,300

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Program	FY 2026 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Total, Oak Ridge Reservation	**543,697**	**20,000**	**0**	**0**	**543,697**
Savannah River Sites:					
Savannah River risk management operations	396,394	0	0	0	396,394
Construction:					
19–D–701 SR Security Systems Replacement	708	0	0	0	708
Total, Savannah River Risk Management Operations	**397,102**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**397,102**
SR Community and Regulatory Support	5,317	0	5,000	0	5,317
Payment in lieu of taxes			[5,000]		
Savannah River National Laboratory Operations & Maintenance	90,719	0	0	0	90,719
Radioactive Liquid Tank Waste Stabilization and Disposition	1,066,000	0	0	0	1,066,000
Construction:					
20-D–401 Saltstone Disposal Unit #10, 11, 12	52,500	3,750	0	0	52,500
Program increase		[3,750]			
Total, Construction—Savannah River sites	**52,500**	**3,750**	**0**	**0**	**52,500**
Total, Savannah River sites	**1,611,638**	**3,750**	**5,000**	**0**	**1,611,638**
Waste Isolation Pilot Plant					
Waste Isolation Pilot Plant	413,424	0	0	0	413,424
Construction:					
21–D–401 Hoisting Capability Project	2,000	0	0	0	2,000
Total, Construction—Waste Isolation Pilot Plant	**2,000**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**2,000**
Total, Waste Isolation Pilot Plant	**415,424**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**415,424**
Program Direction	312,818	0	0	0	312,818
Program Support	20,320	0	0	0	20,320

Safeguards and Security	288,871	0	0	0	288,871
Technology Development and Deployment	16,012	0	0	0	16,012
Total, Defense Environmental Cleanup	**6,956,000**	**53,750**	**5,000**	**0**	**6,956,000**
Other Defense Activities					
Environment, health, safety and security					
Program direction	90,555	0	0	0	90,555
Environment, Health, Safety & Security	141,908	0	0	0	141,908
Total, Environment, Health, safety and security	**232,463**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**232,463**
Office of Enterprise Assessments					
Program direction	59,132	0	0	0	59,132
Enterprise Assessments	30,022	0	0	0	30,022
Total, Office of Enterprise Assessments	**89,154**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**89,154**
Specialized security activities	441,000	0	0	0	441,000
Office of Legacy Management					
Legacy management	177,716	0	0	0	177,716
Program direction	22,542	0	0	0	22,542
Total, Office of Legacy Management	**200,258**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**200,258**
Defense-related administrative support	214,626	0	0	0	214,626
Office of hearings and appeals	4,499	0	0	0	4,499
Subtotal, Other Defense Activities	**1,182,000**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**1,182,000**
Total, Other Defense Activities	**1,182,000**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**1,182,000**

DIVISION E—DEPARTMENT OF STATE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2026

Secs. 5001-5608 - Department of State Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026

The Senate bill contained Division J that included the Department of State Authorization Act of 2026.

The House bill contained no similar division or provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with various technical and clarifying amendments.

DIVISION F—INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2026

Secs. 6001-6806 - Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026

The Senate bill contained Division F that included the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026.

The House bill contained no similar division or provision.

The agreement includes the Intelligence Authorization Act with various modifications.

DIVISION G—COAST GUARD AUTHORIZATION ACT OF 2025

Secs. 7001-7701 - Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025

The House bill included two provisions (sec. 6101 and sec. 6102 of Division F) that would authorize appropriations for the Coast Guard for fiscal years 2025 through 2029.

The Senate bill contained similar provisions (sec. 5001 through sec. 5190 of Division H).

The agreement includes the Senate provisions with amendments.

DIVISION H—OTHER MATTERS

TITLE LXXXI—FINANCIAL SERVICES MATTERS

Sec. 8101 - Defense Production Act of 1950 extension

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6027) that would amend section 717(a) of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4564(a)) by extending the program for an additional year.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 8102 - Review of and reporting on national security sensitive sites for purposes of reviews of real estate transactions by the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1067) that would require review of and reporting on national security sensitive sites for purposes of reviews of real estate transactions by the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 8103 - Disclosures by directors, officers, and principal stockholders

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6034) that would amend section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78p(a)).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 8104 - Study and report

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6022) that would require the Securities and Exchange Commission, not later

than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, to conduct a study on transparency and cooperation regarding brokers and dealers that are a member of a national securities association and registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission that are controlled by or organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China, and investment advisors registered with the Securities and Exchanges Commission and controlled by or organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China, and submit to the Congress a report that includes the results of such study.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

TITLE LXXXII—JUDICIARY MATTERS

Sec. 8201 - Authority of Marshal of the Supreme Court and Supreme Court Police

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1069) that would amend section 6121(a)(2) of title 40, United States Code, to authorize the Marshal of the Supreme Court and the Supreme Court Police to provide protection for any retired or former Chief Justice or Associate Justice of the Supreme Court or any member of the immediate family of the Chief Justice, any Associate Justice, any retired or former Chief Justice or Associate Justice, or any officer of the Supreme Court.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 8202 - PROTECT Our Children Act of 2008 reauthorization

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1093) that would reauthorize the PROTECT Our Children Act of 2008 (34 U.S.C. 21111).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would make technical corrections and authorize appropriations of $60.0 million for the PROTECT Our Children Act of 2008 for each of fiscal years 2026 through 2028.

Sec. 8203 - Trauma kit standards

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1097 (sub H)) that would amend section 521 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10202) to establish standards for trauma kits.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 8204 - Inclusion of certain retired public safety officers in the public safety officers' death benefits program

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1094 Sub. H) that would amend section 1201 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10281) to include certain retired public safety officers in the public safety officers' death benefits program.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 8205 - Honoring our fallen heroes

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1098) that would amend section 1201 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10281) to identify certain cancer-related deaths and disabilities presumed to constitute a presumptive condition for compensation.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment to address funding.

TITLE LXXXIII—FOREIGN AFFAIRS MATTERS

SUBTITLE A—TAIWAN NON-DISCRIMINATION ACT OF 2025

Secs. 8301-8305 - Taiwan Non-Discrimination Act of 2025

The Senate bill contained provisions (sec. 6251 through sec. 6255) that would require that in each of the next 7 years in which the Secretary of the Treasury is required by section 1705(b) of the International Financial Institutions Act (Public Law 95-118) to present testimony, the Secretary shall include in the testimony a description of the efforts of the United States to support the greatest participation practicable by Taiwan at each international financial institution (as defined in section 1701(c)(2) of such Act).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

SUBTITLE B—BUST FENTANYL ACT

Secs. 8311-8320 - BUST FENTANYL Act

The Senate bill contained provisions (sec. 6101 through sec. 6107) that would expand sanctions authorities to allow the United States to target Chinese government owned or controlled entities, including financial institutions, being used to finance foreign opioid trafficking and broaden the list of methamphetamine precursor chemicals tracked in the annual International Narcotics Control Strategy Report.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provisions with clarifying amendments.

SUBTITLE C—WESTERN BALKANS DEMOCRACY AND PROSPERITY

Secs. 8331-8341 - Western Balkans Democracy and Prosperity Act

The Senate bill contained provisions (sec. 1271 through sec. 1280A Sub. F) that would enact the Western Balkans Democracy and Prosperity Act.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provisions with a clarifying amendment.

SUBTITLE D—COUNTERING WRONGFUL DETENTION ACT OF 2025

Secs. 8351-8354 - Countering Wrongful Detention Act of 2025

The Senate bill contained provisions (sec. 6201 through sec. 6205) that would provide the U.S. Government with additional tools to deter state and non-state actors from wrongfully detaining U.S. nationals for political leverage

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provisions with amendments.

SUBTITLE E—OTHER MATTERS

Sec. 8361 – National registry of Korean American divided families

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6024) that would require the Secretary of State, acting through the Special Envoy on North Korean Human Rights Issues, the Assistant Secretary of State for Consular Affairs, or such other individual as the Secretary may designate, to establish a private, internal national registry of the names and other relevant information of Korean American divided families.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 8362 – Sense of Congress on Russia's illegal abduction of Ukrainian children

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6221) that would express the sense of Congress that Congress: (1) Condemns the Russian Federation's abduction, forcible transfer, and facilitation of the illegal deportation of Ukrainian children; and (2) Implores the Russian Federation to work with the international community to ensure the return, without delay, of all forcibly transferred Ukrainian children to their families.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 8363 – Supporting the identification and recovery of abducted Ukrainian children

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1266) that would support the identification and recovery of abducted Ukrainian children.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 8364 – Fairness in issuance of tactical gear to Diplomatic Security Service personnel

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1073) that would direct the Department of State to provide Diplomatic Security Services personnel with tactical equipment in both men's and women's sizing options as needed when such equipment is commercially available.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 8365 – Strategy for countering transnational criminal organizations in Mexico

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1265) that would direct the Secretary of State to develop a strategy to counter transnational criminal organizations in Mexico and report the strategy to the relevant congressional committees.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with clarifying amendments.

Sec. 8366 – International nuclear energy

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6023) that would establish a National Energy Dominance Council within the Executive Office of the President, a Nuclear Exports Working Group composed of senior Federal Government officials to develop and execute a 10-year civil nuclear strategy for exporting civil nuclear technologies, and a Strategic Infrastructure Fund Working Group; direct the President to launch a supporting international initiative to modernize U.S. civil nuclear outreach to embarking civil nuclear nations, designate White House officials to establish international financing relationships with allies and partners in support of this initiative; require the Secretaries of State and Commerce to engage in bilateral and multilateral meetings to expand international energy cooperation; make a series of amendments to the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (Public Law 109-58); establish congressional oversight mechanisms for activities related to these actions; direct the Secretary of State to establish a joint consultative mechanism with the Government of India on peaceful uses of nuclear energy; and require a series of reports and briefings related to each of these activities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement contains the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 8367 – Strategy to respond to global bases of the People's Republic of China

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6232) that would, not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, require the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense and other appropriate senior Federal officials, to submit a strategy to the appropriate congressional committees to respond to the People’s Republic of China’s global basing intentions.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 8368 - Disposition of weapons and materiel in transit from Iran to the Houthis in Yemen

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6242) that would authorize the President to treat any weapon or material seized by the United States as stocks of the United States while in transit from the Islamic Republic of Iran to the Houthis in the Republic of Yemen.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 8369 - Repeal of Caesar Syria Civilian Protection Act of 2019

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6211) that would repeal the Caesar Syria Civilian Protection Act of 2019 (title LXXIV of division F of Public Law 116-92; 22 U.S.C. 8791 note). The provision included a reporting requirement requiring the President or his designee to certify certain aspects of the Government of Syria's performance, and a sense of Congress supporting the reimposition of sanctions if the certification could not be made during two consecutive reporting periods.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 8370 - Repeal of Authorizations for Use of Military Force relating to Iraq

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1733F) to repeal The Authorization for Use of Military Force Against Iraq Resolution (Public Law 102-1; 105 Stat. 3; 50 U.S.C. 1541 note) and The Authorization for Use of Military Force Against Iraq Resolution of 2002 (Public Law 107-243; 116 Stat. 1498; 50 U.S.C. 1541 note).

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1219).

The agreement includes the House provision.

TITLE LXXXIV—NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

Secs. 8401-8431 - National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

The Senate bill contained provisions (sec. 5701-5741 (Div. H)) that would amend statutory requirements related to the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA). Subtitle A, NOAA Commissioned Officer Corps, would designate the Director of the NOAA Commissioned Officer Corps as the Assistant Administrator of the Office of Marine and Aviation Operations, require Senate confirmation for flag officers, improve separation and retirement process of officers, mandate a detailed biennial fleet modernization plan, improve oversight of large vessel purchases, improve the aviation training program, and modernize personnel policies, among other amendments. Subtitle B, South Pacific Tuna Treaty Matters, revises federal requirements for U.S. commercial fishing vessels operating in the South Pacific including, update funding requirements and limitations, modernize licensing and observer rules for certain United States vessels, strengthens enforcement, and adjust advisory committee roles to maintain American access to the Western and Central Pacific fishery, among other amendments. Subtitle C, Other Matters, would make certain changes to the North Pacific Research Board, including changes to the board's composition and allocations for funding for administrative expenses.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provisions with technical amendments.

TITLE LXXXV—COMPREHENSIVE OUTBOUND INVESTMENT NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 2025

Secs. 8501-8531 - Comprehensive Outbound Investment National Security Act of 2025

The Senate bill contained provisions (sec. 1701 through sec. 1741) that would protect the national security of the United States by imposing sanctions with respect to certain persons of the People's Republic of China and prohibiting and requiring notifications with respect to certain investments by United States persons in the People's Republic of China, and for other purposes

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment.

TITLE LXXXVI—SECURING THE AIRSPACE, FACILITATING EMERGENCY RESPONSE, AND SAFEGUARDING KEY INFRASTRUCTURE, ENTERTAINMENT VENUES, AND STADIUMS

Secs. 8601-8607 - SAFER SKIES Act

The agreement contains a provision that would extend, expand, and modify Department of Homeland Security and Department of Justice authorities to counter unmanned aircraft systems.

TITLE LXXXVII—DFC MODERNIZATION AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 2025

Secs. 8701-8758 - DFC Modernization and Reauthorization Act of 2025

The Senate bill contained provisions (sec. 1270 through sec. 1298) titled "DFC Modernization and Reauthorization Act of 2025."

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provisions with a clarifying amendment.

TITLE LXXXVIII—OTHER MATTERS

Sec. 8801 - Pilot program for sound insulation repair and replacement

The agreement includes a provision that would authorize the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration to establish a pilot program for sound insulation repair and replacement projects.

Sec. 8802 - Alignment of timing of updates of strategic plan with updates to National Strategy for Advanced Manufacturing

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6026) that would amend section 34(i) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C 278s(i)) for the alignment of

timing of updates of strategic plan with updates to national strategy for advanced manufacturing.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 8803 - Lumbee Fairness Act

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1733C) that would extend Federal recognition to the Lumbee Tribe of North Carolina as an Indian Tribe.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 8804 - Drinking water well replacement for Chincoteague, Virginia

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6031) that would replace the drinking water wells in Chincoteague, Virginia.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 8805 - Briefing on implementation of Compact of Free Association Amendments Act of 2024 with respect to veterans in the Freely Associated States

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1077) that would amend section 1724(f)(1) of title 38, United States Code, to provide certain telehealth benefits and mail order pharmacy benefits to veterans in the Freely Associated States.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to provide, no less than monthly, a report to the Committees on Veterans Affairs of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the status of implementation of the provisions of the Compact of Free Association Amendments Act of 2024 (title II of division G of Public Law 118-42) relating to veterans in the Freely Associated States.

We note that section 1724 of title 38, United States Code, authorizes the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to furnish hospital care and medical services to eligible veterans in the Freely Associated States and section 111 of title 38, United States Code, authorizes the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to furnish

beneficiary travel benefits to such veterans. We encourage the Department of Veterans Affairs to use its authority to provide telehealth, mail order pharmacy, and beneficiary travel benefits to eligible veterans in the Freely Associated States, in line with clear congressional intent. Implementation of these services by the Department of Veterans Affairs relates critically to U.S. national interests with respect to global security, the All-Volunteer Force, and veteran success after service.

Sec. 8806 - Disinterment of remains of Fernando V. Cota from Fort Sam Houston National Cemetery, Texas

The agreement includes a provision that would require the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to disinter the remains of Fernando V. Cota from Fort Sam Houston National Cemetery, Texas.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Continued implementation of anti-trafficking programs for children

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1038) that would require the Office for Victims of Crime of the Department of Justice to continue implementing anti-trafficking recommendations contained in the report of the Government Accountability Office entitled "Child Trafficking: Addressing Challenges to Public Awareness and Survivor Support" (GAO-24-106038), published on December 11, 2023.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Eligibility of spouses for services under the disabled veterans' outreach program

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1068) that would amend section 4103A of title 38, United States Code, to make certain spouses eligible for services under the disabled veterans' outreach program.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Second Chance Act Reauthorization

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1070) that would reauthorize the Second Chance Act of 2007 (Public Law No. 110-199).

The House bill contained no similar provision

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Application of leave provisions for members of the Armed Forces to members of the Public Health Service

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1071) that would amend section 221(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 213a(a)) to apply leave provisions for members of the Armed Forces to members of the Public Health Service.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Study of national security risks posed by certain routers and modems

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1072) that would require the Department of Commerce, in consultation with the National Telecommunications and Information Administration, to conduct a study on the national security risks posed by consumer routers and modems and provide the results of the study to Congress.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Commercial Space Activity Advisory Committee

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1074) that would direct the Secretary of Commerce to establish a Commercial Space Activity Advisory Committee.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Review and prohibitions by Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States of certain transactions relating to agriculture

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1075) that would amend section 721 of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4565) to review and prohibit certain transactions relating to agriculture by the Committee on Foreign Investment of the United States.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Finding opportunities for resource exploration

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1076) that would authorize the Secretary of the Interior to enter into a memorandum of understanding with foreign countries to expand cooperation on mapping, assessing, and acquiring mineral resources; authorize the Secretary of State to implement memorandums of understanding entered into by the Secretary of the Interior and support U.S. private sector companies in obtaining access to overseas mineral reserves for development; and require the Secretary of the Interior to notify Congress at least 30 days prior to entering into a memorandum of understanding with foreign countries to expand cooperation on mapping, assessing, and acquiring mineral resources.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Protecting covered information in public records

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1078) that would prohibit U.S. Government agencies from posting or displaying publicly available content that includes covered information of individuals in specified circumstances.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Improving coordination between Federal and State agencies and the Do Not Pay working system

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1079) that would amend section 205(r) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 405(r)), as amended by section 801(a)(7) of title VIII of division FF of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116-260), to improve coordination between Federal and state agencies and the Do Not Pay working system.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Agent membership

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1080) that would amend Section 304(b)(2) of the Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1795c(b)(2)) by striking "all those credit unions" and inserting "any such credit unions".

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Exemption from immigrant visa limit

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1081 Sub. F) that would amend section 201(b)(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1151(b)(1)) to exempt certain aliens from the immigrant visa limit.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Preventing first responder secondary exposure to fentanyl

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1091) that would amend section 3021 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10701) to provide training and resources for first responders on the use of containment devices to prevent secondary exposure to fentanyl and other potentially lethal substances, and to purchase containment devices for use by first responders.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Reauthorizing support and treatment for officers in crisis

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1092) that would amend section 1001 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10261) to extend the Act through 2029.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Strong Communities Program

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1095) that would amend section 1701 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10381) to authorize the Attorney General to make completive grants to local law enforcement agencies for officers and recruits to attend law enforcement training programs.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Retired law enforcement officers continuing service

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1096) that would amend title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10101) to authorize the Attorney General to award grants for the purpose of hiring retired law enforcement personnel for specified purposes.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

FISH Act of 2025

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 1091 through sec. 1099F Sub. I) that would combat illegal, unreported, and unregulated fishing at its sources globally.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Anti-CBDC Surveillance State Act

The House bill contained provisions (sec. 5101 through sec. 5105) that prohibits a Federal Reserve bank from offering products or services directly to an individual, maintaining an account on behalf of an individual, or issuing a central bank digital currency, and prohibits the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System from using a central bank digital currency to implement monetary policy or from testing, studying, creating, or implementing a central bank digital currency, with exceptions as provided by the Act.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provisions.

Table of contents

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6001) that contained the table of contents for Department of State matters.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Taking or transmitting video of defense information prohibited

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6021) that would amend section 793 of title 18, United States Code, to prohibit the taking or transmitting of videos of defense information.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Informational materials under the Foreign Agents Registration Act

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6028) that would amend the definition of information material under the Foreign Agents Registration Act.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Credit monitoring

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6029) that would amend the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.) to expand existing credit-monitoring protections to all members of the Armed Forces regardless of duty status.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Treatment of exemptions under the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6030) that would amend certain Foreign Agents Registration Act exemptions with respect to foreign agents representing countries of concern.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Report on implementation of artificial intelligence into certain anti-money laundering investigations

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6032) that would direct the Director of the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network of the Department of the Treasury, in consultation with the Chair of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve, the Comptroller of the Currency, and the Chair of the National Credit Union Administration, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to submit to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives, a report on implementation of artificial intelligence into certain anti-money laundering investigations.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Keeping drugs out of schools

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6033) that would authorize the Director of the Office of National Drug Control Policy to award grants to eligible schools to implement school-community partnerships for preventing substance use and misuse among youth.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Requirement to testify

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6035) that would amend Section 104(b) of the Community Development Banking and Financial Institutions Act of 1994 (12 U.S.C. 4703(b)).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

CDFI bond guarantee program improvement

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6036) titled the CDFI Bond Guarantee Program Improvement Act of 2025.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Capitalization assistance to enhance liquidity

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6037) that would amend section 113 of the Community Development Banking and Financial Institutions Act of 1994 (12 U.S.C. 4712).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Native CDFI relending program

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6038) that would amend Section 502 of the Housing Act of 1949 (42 U.S.C. 1472).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

DETERRENCE Act

The Senate bill contained provisions (sec. 6071 through sec. 6077) that would authorize sentencing enhancements for certain criminal offenses directed by or coordinated with foreign governments.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

GAIN AI Act of 2025

The Senate bill contained provisions (sec. 6081, sec. 6082, and sec. 6083) that would grant the authority to deny licenses for the export of certain types of advanced artificial

intelligence microchips and to restrict the export of less advanced artificial intelligence chips to foreign entities in countries of concern to the Department of Commerce.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Countering Captagon production and distribution

The Senate bill contained a provision (sec. 6212) that would authorize the Secretary of State to establish a program that provides funding to rehabilitate border crossings in Syria and supports counter-narcotics, counterterrorism, and counter-weapons trafficking, particularly by personnel and ministries linked to the new Government of Syria.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

International Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2025

The Senate bill contains provisions (sec. 6301 through sec. 6332) that would reauthorize programs related to combating human trafficking worldwide and expand oversight of human trafficking reporting.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provisions.

ROAD to Housing Act of 2025

The Senate bill contained a provision (Division I., sec. 5001-5803) titled "Renewing Opportunity in the American Dream to Housing Act of 2025" or the "ROAD to Housing Act of 2025".

The House bill did not contain a similar provision.

The agreement does not include the provision.

COMPLIANCE WITH HOUSE RULE XXI

(Community Project Funding Items)

TITLE	AGENCY	PROJECT NAME	PROJECT LOCATION	AMOUNT (Dollars in Thousands)	MEMBER(S)
4601	Army	Access Control Point	Anniston Army Depot, AL	50,000	Rogers, Mike (AL)
4601	Army	Automated-Aided Instruction Building (Design)	Fort Sill, OK	9,300	Cole, Tom (OK)
4601	Army	Airfield Fire and Rescue Station	Joint Base Lewis-McChord, WA	79,000	Strickland, Marilyn (WA)
4601	Navy	F-35 Aircraft Maintenance Hangar (Design)	Naval Air Station Lemoore, CA	33,490	Fong, Vince (CA)
4601	Navy	Child Development Center (Design)	Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake, CA	8,900	Fong, Vince (CA)
4601	Navy	Communications Center and Infrastructure	Marine Corps Support Facility Blount Island, FL	45,425	Rutherford, John H. (FL)
4601	Navy	Child Development Center (Design)	Naval Air Station Jacksonville, FL	4,575	Rutherford, John H. (FL)
4601	Navy	Multi Aircraft Paint & Strip (Design)	Naval Air Station Jacksonville, FL	26,515	Rutherford, John H. (FL)
4601	Navy	F-35 Aircraft Engine Repair Facility	Naval Air Station Jacksonville, FL	78,117	Rutherford, John H. (FL)
4601	Navy	PDI: Defense Access Roads	Joint Region Marianas, GU	50,000	Moylan, James C. (GU)
4601	Navy	EOD Expeditionary Mine Countermeasures Facility (Design)	Joint Expeditionary Base Little Creek-Fort Story, VA	12,000	Kiggans, Jennifer A. (VA)
4601	Navy	Power Upgrades - Pier 14 (Design)	Naval Station Norfolk, VA	15,000	Kiggans, Jennifer A. (VA)
4601	Navy	Shore Power for Virginia-Class Submarines (Design)	Naval Weapons Station Yorktown, VA	2,200	Wittman, Robert J. (VA)
4601	Air Force	Combat Arms Training & Maintenance Complex	Seymour Johnson Air Force Base, NC	41,000	Davis, Donald (NC)
4601	Air Force	F-35 Canopy Repair Facility (Design)	Hill Air Force Base, UT	2,600	Moore, Blake D. (UT)
4601	Defense-Wide	SOF Joint Intelligence Center (Design)	Fort Bragg, NC	8,100	Hudson, Richard (NC)

4601	Defense-Wide	SOF Forward Operating Base Freedom Upgrades	Fort Bragg, NC	44,700	Hudson, Richard (NC)
4601	Army National Guard	Aircraft Maintenance Hangar	Salisbury Training Center, NC	69,000	Hudson, Richard (NC)
4601	Air National Guard	ADAL Maintenance Hangar Air National Guard/ Shops	Atlantic City Air National Guard Base, NJ	68,000	Van Drew, Jefferson (NJ)
4601	Army Reserve	Aviation Support Facility	Fort Knox, KY	50,000	Guthrie, Brett (KY)
4601	Army Reserve	Army Reserve Center Building (Design)	Camp Bullis, TX	5,000	Gonzales, Tony (TX)
4601	Navy and Marine Corps Reserve	Aircraft Maintenance Hangar Modernization	Naval Air Station Fort Worth, TX	50,000	Ellzey, Jake (TX)
4601	Air Force Reserve	Entry Control Facility (Design)	Dobbins Air Reserve Base, GA	3,200	Loudermilk, Barry (GA)