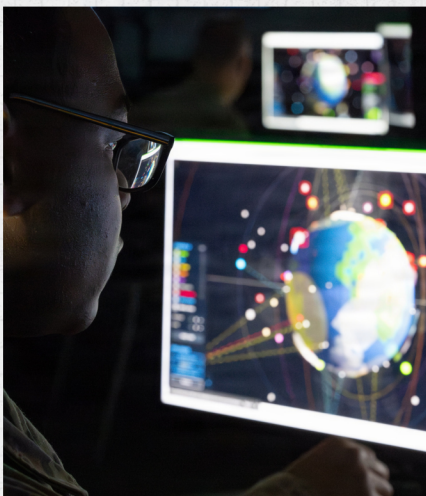


# STRENGTHENING STRATEGIC DETERRENCE, MISSILE DEFENSE, & SPACE CAPABILITIES



## GROWS SPACE CAPABILITIES

- ★ Authorizes a historic budget increase for the Space Force that allows them to bring online the next generation of systems necessary to fight and win in space.
- ★ Gives the Space Force the resources they need to support the new missions the joint force requires.
- ★ Eliminates duplicative bureaucracy that slows down development of new technologies and implements a new positioning, navigation, and timing (PNT) strategy.
- ★ Eliminates redundant space acquisition organizations to support efforts by Congress and the Department to reform acquisition processes and eliminate bureaucracy.
- ★ Improves space launch infrastructure by requiring the creation of a single program to manage the Spaceport of the Future Initiative and provide Congress with a prioritized list of infrastructure needs.



## FY27 NDAA

The FY27 NDAA supports President Trump's Golden Dome for America initiative to defend the nation against hypersonic, ballistic, and cruise missile attacks. It enhances America's nuclear deterrent and accelerates the delivery of space capabilities to deter rapidly expanding Chinese and Russian nuclear arsenals and space capabilities.



## STRENGTHENS NUCLEAR DETERRENCE

- ★ Authorizes full funding to continue modernizing the U.S. nuclear deterrent, including the nuclear command, control, and communications (NC3) architecture.
- ★ Authorizes additional funding to accelerate critical programs like the nuclear sea-launched cruise missile (SLCM-N).
- ★ Modernizes the sea-based leg of the nuclear deterrence triad by procuring the 4th Columbia-class Ballistic Missile Submarine.
- ★ Provides greater acquisition and program management flexibility to modernize the nation's fleet of intercontinental ballistic missiles (ICBMs) and strengthen the associated domestic industrial base.
- ★ Prohibits reducing the nation's fleet of ICBMs below 400, or reducing the alert status and responsiveness of the ICBM force.
- ★ Ensures space launch complex relocation efforts at Cape Canaveral Space Force Station protect U.S. Navy activities related to strategic weapons systems.
- ★ Requires the Air Force to assess whether the B-1B Bomber is capable of carrying nuclear weapons.



# STRENGTHENING STRATEGIC DETERRENCE, MISSILE DEFENSE, & SPACE CAPABILITIES



## IMPROVES THE DOE NUCLEAR SECURITY ENTERPRISE

- ★ Supports the President’s proposed funding increase for the National Nuclear Security Administration (NNSA) to invest in cutting-edge scientific and production capabilities that support our nation’s nuclear deterrent.
- ★ Increases acquisition agility and improves partnerships with nontraditional contractors and small businesses by authorizing NNSA to utilize proven, flexible acquisition tools available to the Department, known as other transaction authorities (OTAs).
- ★ Extends the NNSA’s merit-based employment system.
- ★ Authorizes additional resources and includes a statutory change to accelerate key modernization priorities, including the Uranium Production Facility, the Material Staging Capability and the High Explosive Synthesis, Formulation and Production Facility.
- ★ Updates outdated requirements for plutonium pit production to reflect the long-term needs of a responsive nuclear infrastructure.



## ENHANCES MISSILE DEFENSE

- ★ Refocuses the Missile Defense Agency on pursuing its core mission of researching and developing game-changing technology by authorizing over \$12 billion for Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (RDT&E) – the highest level of such funding ever.
- ★ Authorizes additional resources to accelerate the Glide Phase Interceptor program, which is designed to intercept hypersonic threats, as well as resources for new unmanned sea-based concepts.
- ★ Requires the Department to develop a plan for diversified munitions acquisition to support homeland integrated air and missile defense mission requirements.

